Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

for

PT Southern Limited

23/09/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

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PT Southern Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

DIRECTORS:

A K C Cheng

N C F Chan

SECRETARIES:

N C F Chan

Cargil Management Services Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Kingsgate House

115 High Holborn

London WC1V 6JJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02884661 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 30 Finsbury Square

London EC2P 2YU

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company carries on the business of property investment, trading and development.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The company's continued objective is to maximise growth in assets from increases in investment property values and from retained earnings from property rental. The company's parent undertaking monitors net assets per share in managing the group's property portfolio.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2014 to the date of this report.

A K C Cheng N C F Chan

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the Company receives notice under section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

N C F Chan - Secretary

16 September 2015

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of PT Southern Limited

We have audited the financial statements of PT Southern Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the principal accounting policies, profit and loss account, balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Paul Flatley (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

30 Finsbury Square

London

EC2P 2YU

16 September 2015

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
TURNOVER	2	774,314	812,963
Other operating charges		(326,068)	(224,978)
GROSS PROFIT		448,246	587,985
Administrative expenses		(298)	(298)
		447,948	587,687
Other operating income		17,458	15,958
OPERATING PROFIT	4	465,406	603,645
Interest receivable and similar income		-	173
		465,406	603,818
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(282,635)	(274,020)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	ES	182,771	329,798 .
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(89,617)	(123,404)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	AR	93,154	206,394

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

	2015 £	2014 £
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	93,154	206,394
Unrealised loss on transfer of certain fixed assets	(235,705)	(301,191)
		-
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES		
RELATING TO THE YEAR	(142,551)	(94,797)

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

The difference between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historical cost basis is not material.

Balance Sheet 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015 ₤	2014 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	8	10,675,000	11,175,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	9	417,130	226,208
Cash at bank		106,294	245,613
		523,424	471,821
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(569,970)	(600,405)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(46,546)	(128,584)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,628,454	11,046,416
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one		(E (DE EDD)	(5.012.500)
year	11	(5,687,500)	(5,812,500)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12	(165,476)	(170,887)
NET ASSETS		4,775,478	5,063,029
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13	1	1
Revaluation reserve	14	4,795,005	5,030,710
Profit and loss account	14	(19,528)	32,318
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18	4,775,478	5,063,029

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 September 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

N C F Chan - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year, and are set out below.

Cash flow

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable from rent recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is not discounted.

Investment properties

Basis of estimation techniques

The primary source of evidence for valuations is recent, comparable market transactions on arms length terms. The current economic environment means that there have been fewer transactions and, consequently, there is a greater degree of uncertainty in respect of the figures reported.

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19, the company's properties held for long term investment are included in the balance sheet at their open market values. The surpluses or deficits on revaluation of such properties are transferred to the revaluation reserve unless a deficit below its original cost, or its reversal, on an individual property is considered to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the period. Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold investment properties. Leasehold investment properties are not amortised where the unexpired term is over twenty years.

This policy represents a departure from statutory accounting principles, which require depreciation to be provided on all fixed assets. The directors consider that this policy is necessary in order that the financial statements may give a true and fair view, because current values and changes in current values are of prime importance rather than the calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover is attributable to the one principal activity of the company and is derived wholly within the UK.

3. STAFF COSTS

There were no staff costs for the year ended 31 March 2015 nor for the year ended 31 March 2014.

4. OPERATING PROFIT

Auditor's remuneration is borne by a fellow group company.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

	2015 £	2014 £
Bank interest	282,635	207,420
Interest payable to group undertakings		66,600
	282,635	274,020

6. TAXATION

7.

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	95,028	135,262
Adjustment in respect of prior years		498
Total current tax	95,028	135,760
Deferred tax	(5,411)	(12,356)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	89,617 ———	123,404

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2015 £ 182,771	2014 £ 329,798
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
in the UK of 21% (2014 - 23%)	38,382	75,854
Effects of: (taxable)/allowable for tax		
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(2,707)	(3,615)
Group relief surrendered	59,353	63,023
Adjustment in respect of prior years	<u>. </u>	498
Current tax charge	95,028	135,760
DIVIDENDS		
	2015	2014
	£	£
Ordinary share of 1	145 000	470.000
Interim	<u>145,000</u>	470,000

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	property £
COST OR VALUATION At 1 April 2014 Transfer	11,175,000 (500,000)
At 31 March 2015	10,675,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2015	10,675,000
At 31 March 2014	11,175,000

The Cheltenham property has been transferred to PT Northern Limited, a fellow group company, at cost.

Valuations of investment properties as at 31 March 2015 were carried out in accordance with the RICS Valuation Standards by the Directors, who have been advised by external professional valuers.

Full independent valuations of investment properties were carried out in accordance with RICS Valuation Standards by Atisreal, an independent firm of professional valuers, on 31 March 2006 and by Colliers International on 11 February 2013.

If the investment property had not been revalued, they would have been included on the historical cost basis at £5,879,995 (2014: £6,144,290).

Cost or valuation at 31 March 2015 is represented by:

	property
	£
Valuation in 2002	634,470
Valuation in 2005	750,000
Valuation in 2006	125,000
Valuation in 2009	2,000,000
Valuation in 2012	1,110,535
Valuation in 2013	175,000
Cost	5,879,995
	10,675,000
9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	
201	5 2014
£	£
Trade debtors 60,4	72 51,635
Amounts owed by group undertakings 277,0	65 59,223
Other debtors 79,5	93 115,350
417,1	30 226,208
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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEA	·K

	2015	2014
•	£	£
Bank loans	125,000	125,000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	20,250	-
Tax	19,155	80,127
Social security and other taxes	37,282	41,097
Other creditors	90,813	108,607
Accruals and deferred income	277,470	245,574
	569,970	600,405
	=	
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
YEAR	2015	2014
	2015	2014
	£	£
Bank loans	5,687,500	5,812,500

The bank loans are secured by a charge on certain freehold investment properties.

The bank loans are repayable in quarterly instalments and the rates of interest payable are 3.1% over LIBOR. Bank loans maturing in more than 5 years are £nil (2014: £nil). Contingent liabilities regarding this loan are detailed in note 15.

The company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement with Lloyds Bank plc to pay interest of 1.345% against 3 month LIBOR on £4.5m reducing by £35,156 per quarter until 28 June 2017.

12. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

11.

13.

Deferred tax			2015 £ 165,476	2014 £ 170,887
Balance at 1 Profit and los movement in	ss account			Deferred tax £ 170,887
Balance at 31 March 2015				165,476
,			2015 £	2014 £
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets			<u>165,476</u>	170,887
CALLED U	P SHARE CAPITAL			
Allotted, issu	ed and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2015 £	2014 £
-1	Ordinary	1	1	· <u>1</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

14. **RESERVES**

	Profit and loss account £	Revaluation reserve	Totals £
At 1 April 2014	32,318	5,030,710	5,063,028
Profit for the year	93,154	•	93,154
Dividends	(145,000)	-	(145,000)
Revaluation on transfer	-	(235,705)	(235,705)
At 31 March 2015	(19,528)	4,795,005	4,775,477

15. **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

A cross guarantee exists between the company, Telford Way Limited, Sternberg Properties Limited and Polmadie Limited, in favour of Lloyds Bank plc. All companies are subsidiaries of PT Holdings Limited.

The total value of guaranteed loan outstanding at 31 March 2015 was £15,250,000 (2014: £15,750,000) of which £5,812,500 (2014: £5,937,500) is reflected in creditors above.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS 16.

The company had no capital commitments at 31 March 2015 or 31 March 2014.

17. **ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY**

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling related party of this company is PT Holdings Limited, which is incorporated under the laws of Bermuda. The largest group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by PT Holdings Limited and the smallest such group of undertakings, including the company, is that headed by The Property Trust Plc which is registered in England and Wales.

As a wholly owned subsidiary of PT Holdings Limited, the company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 8 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by PT Holdings Limited.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 18.

Profit for the financial year Dividends	2015 £ 93,154 (145,000)	2014 £ 206,394 (470,000)
Other recognised gains and losses relating to the year (net)	(51,846) (235,705)	(263,606) (301,191)
Net reduction of shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(287,551) 5,063,029	(564,797) 5,627,826
Closing shareholders' funds	4,775,478	5,063,029