Registered number: 02866502

# **DRUID GROUP LIMITED**

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

Mr D S Ahluwalia

Mr J P Torrie

**COMPANY SECRETARY** 

Mr P A Cashmore

**REGISTERED NUMBER** 

02866502

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

Three Cherry Trees Lane Hemel Hempstead

Hertfordshire

HP2 7AH

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR** 

Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

45 Church Street Birmingham

B3.2RT

**BANKERS** 

Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company continues to be the making and holding of investments in Group companies.

#### **SMALL COMPANIES NOTE**

In preparing this report, the Directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006, including the exemption from producing a strategic report.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who served during the year and to the date of this report were:

Mr D S Ahluwalia Mr J P Torrie

# **QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISIONS**

The Directors have been granted an indemnity from the Company against liability incurred by them in the discharge of the duties of their office. Neither the Company's indemnity nor insurance provides cover in the event that a Director is proved to have acted fraudulently, in knowing breach of trust, or otherwise dishonestly.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

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There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year-end.

#### **AUDITOR**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Mazars LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on 1 August 2018 and signed on its behalf.

Mr P A Cashmore Secretary

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF DRUID GROUP LIMITED

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Druid Group Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF DRUID GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specific by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

# **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF DRUID GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Louis Burns

Louis Burns (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

#### **Mazars LLP**

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 45 Church Street Birmingham B3 2RT

2 August 2018

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	•	•	
	Nata	2017	2016
	Note	£000	£000
Administrative expenses	•		(1)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	•	<u>-</u>	(1)
Income from shares in group undertakings		-	6
Interest receivable and similar income	5	2,493	. 2,599
Interest payable and similar expenses	. 6.	(297)	(309)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		2,196	2,295
Tax on profit	7	(299)	322
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,897	2,617
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:			
Other comprehensive income		 -	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		1 907	2 617
TOTAL CONFRENENSIVE INCOME FOR THE TEAR		1,897 —————	2,617

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2017 or 2016 other than those included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# DRUID GROUP LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:02866502

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	•	2017 £000		2016 £000
FIXED ASSETS	•	•		·	. :
Investments	8		· -		
CURRENT ASSETS			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> '.
Debtors	9	141,682	•	139,187	<i>:</i>
		141,682		139,187	• .
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(17,791)		(598)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(17,791)		(598)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<del>-</del>	123,891		138,589
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		·		(16,595)
NET ASSETS	.•	-	123,891		121,994
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		· .	•	· · · · · ·	
Called up share capital Share premium account Capital redemption reserve Retained earnings	3		7,190 108,231 34 8,436		7,190 108,231 34 6,539
Shareholder's funds	. ·	<del>-</del>	123,891		121,994

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 1 August/2018.

Mr/D S Ahluwalia

Director

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Retained earnings £000	Total equity £000
7,190	108,231	34	3,922	119,377
-	•	-	2,617	2,617
· -			2,617	2,617
7,190	108,231	34	6,539	121,994
٠ -	•	-	1,897	1,897
			1,897	1,897
7,190	108,231	34	8,436	123,891
	share capital £000 7,190	Called up share capital £000         premium account £000           7,190         108,231           -         -           7,190         108,231	Called up share capital share capital £000         premium account reserve £000         £000         £000           7,190         108,231         34           -         -         -           7,190         108,231         34	Called up share capital share capital share capital x 2000         premium redemption reserve earnings £000         Retained earnings £000           7,190         108,231         34         3,922           -         -         -         2,617           7,190         108,231         34         6,539           -         -         -         1,897           -         -         -         1,897

The Capital redemption reserve is a non-distributable reserve, arising from the redemption of the Company's own shares and the issue of ordinary shares to former employees by the employee benefit trust.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Company's functional and presentational currency is Pounds Sterling and amounts are presented in round thousands (£000).

The recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (EU-endorsed IFRSs) have been applied to the financial statements, except for certain disclosure exemptions detailed below and, where necessary, amendments have been made in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and The Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups Regulations 2008/410 ('Regulations').

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 2).

The financial statements contain information about the Company as an individual company and do not contain consolidated information as the parent of a group. The Company is exempt from preparing group accounts under s400 of the Companies Act 2006 as at 31 December 2017, its ultimate parent, Sopra Steria Group S.A., prepares and publishes consolidated accounts which include the results of the Company and are publicly available.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

### 1.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

In preparing these financial statements the Company has taken advantage of all disclosure exemptions conferred by FRS 101 ' Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Therefore these financial statements do not include:

- certain comparative information as otherwise required by EU-endorsed IFRS;
- · certain disclosures regarding the Company's capital;
- · a statement of cash flows;
- · the effect of future accounting standards not yet adopted;
- the disclosure of the remuneration of key management personnel, and
- disclosure of related party transactions with other wholly owned members of the group headed by Sopra Steria Group S.A.

In addition, and in accordance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework', further disclosure exemptions have been adopted because equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of Sopra Steria Group S.A. These financial statements do not include certain disclosures in respect of:

- · Share-based payments;
- Financial Instruments (other than certain disclosures required as a result of recording financial instruments at fair value);
- Fair value measurement (other than certain disclosures required as a result of recording financial instruments at fair value); and
- · Impairment of assets.

The financial statements of Sopra Steria Group S.A can be obtained as described in note 13.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 1.3 Adoption of new and Revised IFRS

The adoption of the following mentioned standards, amendments and interpretations in the current year has not had a material impact on the Company's financial statements:

Amendment to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: Disclosure initiative Amendment to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses
Annual Improvements to IFRSs (2014 - 2016): Clarification of the scope of IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

EU effective date, periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 1 January 2017

1 January 2017

# 1.4 Going concern

The Directors are satisfied that the Company has adequate resources for its foreseeable needs given current budget and forecasts, availability of liquid resources and current loan facilities. For this reason the Directors have concluded that there are no material uncertainties in adopting the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.5 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

# 1.6 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

#### Financial assets

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collected, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

### Opinion

The Company inititally recognises all of its financial liabilities at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the instrument. Such interest-bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried into the Statement of Financial Position.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost include amounts owed to group undertakings, bank borrowings and corporation tax payable.

# 1.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

# 1.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

#### 1.9 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they are incurred.

# 1.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 2. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The Directors consider that there are no areas of significant estimation or uncertainty in these financial statements.

# 3. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For both the current and prior year, the audit fee was borne by Sopra Steria Limited, a fellow Group company.

#### 4. DIRECTORS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

The Directors of the Company are also directors of other Sopra Steria Group companies in the United Kingdom. The Directors received total remuneration from UK Group companies for the year of £1,183,802 (2016: £1,284,678), all of which was paid by Sopra Steria Limited. The Directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as Directors of the Company and their services as Directors of other Sopra Steria Group companies.

The Company had no employees during the year or the prior year. Accordingly there are no staff costs that are required to be disclosed.

#### 5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

		2017 £000	2016 £000
	Interest receivable from group companies	2,493	2,599
		•	•
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2017 £000	2016 £000
	Loans from group companies	297	309

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 7. TAXATION

	2017 £000	2016 £000
CORPORATION TAX		
Current tax on profits for the year	423	458
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	 (124)	(780)
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	 299	(322)

# FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2016: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,196 	2,295
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016: 20%) <b>EFFECTS OF:</b>	423	459
Non-taxable liquidation proceeds	-	(1)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(124)	(780)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	299	(322)

# **FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES**

The Finance Act 2016 provides that the main rate of corporation tax will fall to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. As this legislation had been substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, the impact of this tax rate reduction on the deferred tax balances carried forward has been included in these accounts.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

					. ~		
		3				~	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
At 1 January 2017 Disposals				· .			2,337 (2,337)
At 31 December 2017			· .				-
At 1 January 2017 Impairment on disposals			•				2,337 (2,337)
At 31 December 2017	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						-
At 31 December 2017		· . છ					-
At 31 December 2016			٠				<u> </u>

The opening figures shown above are correct, but do not agree to the closing balances in the 2016 financial statements which failed to take account of the disposal of two subsidiaries. As these subsidiaries were fully written down, there was no effect on profit or loss, nor on the figures shown in the Statement of Financial Position.

# **SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS**

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

•	Class of		Principal		
Name	shares	Holding	activity		
Druid Quest Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Dormant		•
:					

Name Registered office

Druid Quest Limited Three Cherry Trees Lane, Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire, HP2 7AH

Xansa Pte Limited is currently in liquidation and therefore not under the control of the Company, so has not been treated as a subsidiary in the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 9. DEBTORS

	. •	•	2017 £000	2016 £000
DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR			~	•
Amounts owed by group undertakings		•	141,682	139,187
			=======================================	

# 10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

•			2017	2016
		•	£000	£000
Bank overdrafts	·		141	. 141
Amounts owed to group u	ndertakings		17,227	- :
Corporation tax			423	457
	,		17,791	598
·		<b>*.</b>	· <del></del>	

The overdraft arises as the Company holds cash on trust for various fellow subsidiaries, but in accordance with Group policy has pooled this cash with another fellow subsidiary.

The amount owed to group undertakings is interest-bearing at a rate of 1.5% above the Bank of England base rate and is repayable on 31 December 2018.

# 11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

			•	2017 £000	2016 £000
Amounts owed to group unde	rtakings	•		-	16,595
		•		·.	16,595

#### Loan details

The loan is interest-bearing at a rate of 1.5% above the Bank of England base rate and is repayable on 31 December 2018.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 12. SHARE CAPITAL

ONANE DAI TIAL	2017 £000	2016 £000
Authorised	2000,	2000
1,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of 10p each Allotted, called up and fully paid	100,000	100,000
71,891,867 Ordinary shares of 10p each	7,190	7,190

# 13. CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate holding company is Sopra Steria Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate holding company at the end of the reporting period is Sopra Steria Group S.A., a company registered in France and listed on the Euronext stock exchange. Sopra Steria Group S.A. has included the Company and its immediate holding company in its group accounts, copies of which may be obtained from Sopra Steria Group S.A., PAE les Glaisins, 74940 Annecy-le-Vieux, France. They are also available on the Sopra Steria Group website at www.soprasteria.com.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is Sopra Steria Group S.A., a company incorporated in France. In these accounts "Group" refers to the group of companies of which Sopra Steria Group S.A. is the ultimate holding company.