The Insolvency Act 1986

**Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Section 192 of
The Insolvency Act 1986**

Form 4.68

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

Name of Company

Ridings 5 Plc

I / We
Edward Christopher Wetton
15 Victoria Road
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
S70 2BB

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986
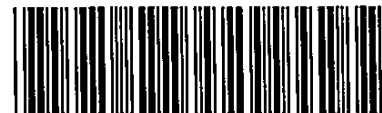
Signed _____   Date _____ **28 JAN 2014** _____

Gibson Booth
15 Victoria Road
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
S70 2BB

Ref   RIDING5/ECW/MJD/ACB/CKD

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	Ridings 5 Plc
Company Registered Number	2864981
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Members
Date of commencement of winding up	26 January 1999
Date to which this statement is brought down	25 January 2014

Name and Address of Liquidator

Edward Christopher Wetton
15 Victoria Road
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
S70 2BB

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms   The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company   The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc , and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories   Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'   Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form   Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements   A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution   However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations   Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature   The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum   The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	6,357,266 59
		Carried Forward	6,357,266 59

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements
which should be carried forward to the next account

Disbursements

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	6,357,266 59
		Carried Forward	6,357,266 59

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

		£
Total realisations		6,357,266 59
Total disbursements		6,357,266 59
	Balance £	0 00

This balance is made up as follows

		£
1	Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00
2	Balance at bank	0 00
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account	0 00

		£	
4	Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
	Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
	Balance		0 00
5	Accrued Items		0 00
	Total Balance as shown above		0 00

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

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The Liquidator should also state -

(1)   The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)	6,160,000 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	145,080 00

(2)   The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	0 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3)   The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4)   Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

BES Scheme - Liquidation cannot be closed until all properties have been sold

(5)   The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

18 months