

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments

Pursuant to section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

--	--	--

Company Number

02863966

Name of Company

(a) Insert full
name of company

Design & Engineering Services (Fabrication) Limited

(b) Insert full
name(s) and
address(es)

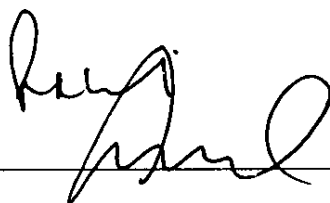
I/We

Peter Kubik
UHY Hacker Young
LLP
Quadrant House
4 Thomas More Square
London
E1W 1YW

Andrew Andronikou
UHY Hacker Young
LLP
Quadrant House
4 Thomas More Square
London
E1W 1YW

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts
and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date

06.08.13.

Presenter's name,
address and
reference
(if any)

UHY Hacker Young LLP
Quadrant House
4 Thomas More Square
London
E1W 1YW

D140

For Official Use

Liquidatio

WEDNESDAY



A31

A2EAFNST

07/08/2013

#205

COMPANIES HOUSE

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company	Design & Engineering Services (Fabrication) Limited
Company's registered number	02863966
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	30 July 2009
Date to which this statement is brought down	29 July 2013
Name and address of liquidator	UHY Hacker Young LLP Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW
Peter Kubik Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW	Andrew Andronikou Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

**Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought forward	68,115 22
23/05/2013	UHY Hacker Young LLP 21 05 13	Funding (for dividend purposes)	3,316 94
		Carried forward	71,432 16

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	67,395 75
15/04/2013	J G Collections	Storage Costs	31 20
15/04/2013	J G Collections	Vat Receivable	6 24
28/05/2013	Kay Engineering	Omitted unsecured creditors	31 28
28/05/2013	National Insurance Fund	Omitted unsecured creditors	3,139 16
28/05/2013	Mark Bevins	Omitted unsecured creditors	146 50
19/07/2013	J G Collections	Storage Costs	31 20
19/07/2013	J G Collections	Vat Receivable	6 24
		Carried forward	70,787 57

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

Total Realisations		£	71,432 16
Total Disbursements			70,787 57
	Balance £		644 59
This balance is made up as follows			
1 Cash in hands of liquidator			0 00
2 Balance at Bank			644 59
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account			0 00
4 Amounts invested by liquidator			
Less the cost of investments realised	£	0 00	
Balance		0 00	
5 Accrued Items			0 00
Total Balance as shown above			644 59

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state –

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors –including the holders of floating charges)	56,373 40
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	1 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	3,773 44
Unsecured creditors	64,126 70

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash	4,000 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	4,000 00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Final Meetings to be convened

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

4 Months