



SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

Registered number: 02830131

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	1
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	2
Independent Auditor's Report	3 - 6
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Statement of Financial Position	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10 - 16

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company holds the freehold of the road known as Bank Street and the leasehold of the pavilion decking to the north of the road.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £16,124 (2020 - £220,667).

No dividends have been declared since the balance sheet date (2020 - £nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

A S J Daffern (appointed 6 May 2021)
Sir George Iacobescu CBE (resigned 1 July 2021)
S Z Khan
K J Kingston (appointed 6 May 2021)
R J J Lyons (resigned 21 May 2021)
R J Worthington (appointed 6 May 2021)

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2021 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 29 September 2022 and signed on its behalf.

DocuSigned by:



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A S J Daffern
Director

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements of South Quay Properties Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 13.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

EXTENT TO WHICH THE AUDIT WAS CONSIDERED CAPABLE OF DETECTING IRREGULARITIES, INCLUDING FRAUD

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act, and relevant tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with HMRC.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Nirosha Perera (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
London, United Kingdom
29 September 2022

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		1,000	1,000
GROSS PROFIT		<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Administrative expenses		15,124	219,037
OPERATING PROFIT		<u>16,124</u>	<u>220,037</u>
Interest receivable and similar income	6	-	630
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		<u>16,124</u>	<u>220,667</u>
Tax on profit	7	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>16,124</u>	<u>220,667</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u><u>16,124</u></u>	<u><u>220,667</u></u>

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

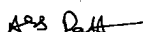
SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 02830131

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment property	8	25,000	25,000
		<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	9,790,460	9,744,252
Cash at bank and in hand		125,486	169,694
		<u>9,915,946</u>	<u>9,913,946</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(13,742,625)	(13,756,749)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(3,826,679)</u>	<u>(3,842,803)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(3,801,679)</u>	<u>(3,817,803)</u>
NET LIABILITIES		<u>(3,801,679)</u>	<u>(3,817,803)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	1	1
Retained earnings		(3,801,680)	(3,817,804)
		<u>(3,801,679)</u>	<u>(3,817,803)</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 29 September 2022.

DocuSigned by:



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A S J Daffern
 Director

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2021	1	(3,817,804)	(3,817,803)
Profit for the year	-	16,124	16,124
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	16,124	16,124
AT 31 DECEMBER 2021	1	(3,801,680)	(3,801,679)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2020	1	(4,038,471)	(4,038,470)
Profit for the year	-	220,667	220,667
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	220,667	220,667
AT 31 DECEMBER 2020	1	(3,817,804)	(3,817,803)

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

South Quay Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year and are summarised below:

2.2 Going concern

At the year end, the company is in a net liability position. Included in this are group creditors of £13,742,425, which to the extent that the company cannot pay, will not be called in for at least a period of 12 months from the signing date of the financial statements.

In addition, as a member of the Canary Wharf Group, the company has access to considerable resources.

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The impact of COVID-19

The UK economy has been significantly impacted by COVID-19 which has caused widespread disruption and economic uncertainty since March 2020. Despite all remaining COVID-19 restrictions being removed in the first half of 2022, the impact of lockdowns, work from home recommendations and other restrictions that were in place at various times from March 2020 to early 2022 continue to have lasting disruption which has contributed to higher inflation, rising interest rates and the resulting knock-on impact to consumer spending. The pandemic has also challenged the status quo of full-time office working which creates uncertainty surrounding future office lettings.

However the business is well positioned to weather those challenges. The crisis did not have material impact on the assets, liabilities or performance of the company during the year or the prior year and it is not expected that there will be a material impact in the coming year.

2.3 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated accounts which are intended to give a true and fair view.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Investment properties

Investment properties, including land and buildings held for development and investment properties under construction, are measured initially at cost including related transaction costs. The finance costs associated with direct expenditure on properties under construction or undergoing refurbishment are capitalised.

Where a property interest is acquired under a lease the investment property and the associated lease liability are initially recognised at the lower of the fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments including any initial premium. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and a reduction in the outstanding obligation for future amounts payable. The total finance charge is allocated to accounting periods over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic charge to the remaining balance of the obligation for each accounting period.

Investment properties are subsequently revalued, at each reporting date, to an amount comprising the fair value of the property interest plus the carrying value of the associated lease liability less separately identified accrued rent, amortised lease incentives and negotiation costs. The gain or loss on remeasurement is recognised in the income statement.

2.5 Revenue

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the Income Statement on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted, including rent free periods, are recognised as an integral part of the net consideration for the use of the property and are therefore also recognised on the same straight line basis. Direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging new leases are also amortised on the same straight line basis. Contingent rents, being those lease payments that are not fixed at the inception of a lease, for example turnover rents, are recorded in the periods in which they are earned.

2.6 Financial instrument

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 1.12c of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose the summary of financial instruments by the categories specified in paragraph 11.41.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

2.7 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Valuation of development properties

The company uses valuations performed by independent valuers as the fair value of its properties. The valuations are based upon assumptions including future rental income, anticipated void costs, the appropriate discount rate or yield and the estimated costs to completion. The valuers also make reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the financial statements of the company did not contain any significant items that required the application of judgements, apart from those involving estimation.

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor's remuneration of £3,500 (2020 - £2,580) for the audit of the company for the year has been borne by another group undertaking.

5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2020 - £NIL).

6. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank interest receivable	-	630
	-	630

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****7. TAXATION**

	2021 £	2020 £
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2020 - 19.0%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £	2020 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	16,124	220,667
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2020 - 19.0%)	3,064	41,927
EFFECTS OF:		
Property rental business	(3,064)	(190)
Non taxable income	-	(41,617)
Group relief	-	(120)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

Enacted in the Finance Act 2021 is a provision for the main rate of corporation tax to increase to 25% from 1 April 2023.

On 23 September 2022, following the year end, the government has indicated their intention to revert to the rate of 19% from 1 April 2023.

The company is a member of a REIT headed by Stork Holdings Limited. As a consequence all qualifying property rental business is exempt from corporation tax. Only income and expenses relating to non-qualifying activities will continue to be taxable.

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****8. INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

	Freehold property £
VALUATION	
At 1 January 2021	25,000
AT 31 DECEMBER 2021	<u>25,000</u>

The company holds the freehold of the road known as Bank Street and the leasehold of the pavilion decking to the north of the road.

The company holds a 999 year lease from the Canal and River Trust in respect of the Pavilion Decking.

At 31 December 2021, the property was valued externally by CB Richard Ellis Limited, qualified valuers with recent experience in properties at Canary Wharf. The fair value was determined in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, using:

- Discounted cash flows based on inputs provided by the company (current rents, terms and conditions of lease agreements) and assumptions and valuation models adopted by the valuers (estimated rental values, terminal values and discount rates).

- Yield methodology based on inputs provided by the company (current rents) and assumptions and valuation models adopted by the valuers (estimated rental values and market capitalisation rates).

The resulting valuations are cross checked against the initial yields and the fair market values per square foot derived from actual market transactions.

No allowance was made for any expenses of realisation nor for any taxation which might arise in the event of disposal.

The fair value has been allocated to the following balance sheet items:

	2021 £	2020 £
Property held for development	25,000	25,000
Fair value	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021****INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)**

The property interest in Heron Quays Pavilion is let to Heron Quays West (Pavilion) Limited at a ground rent of £1,000 per annum. The lease expires on 18 March 3016.

The future minimum rents receivable under non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Within one year	1,000	1,000
In one to five years	4,000	4,000
After more than five years	990,211	991,211
	<u>995,211</u>	<u>996,211</u>

9. DEBTORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	9,790,460	9,744,252
	<u>9,790,460</u>	<u>9,744,252</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	13,742,425	13,741,425
Other creditors	200	200
Accruals and deferred income	-	15,124
	<u>13,742,625</u>	<u>13,756,749</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

11. SHARE CAPITAL

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2020 - 1) Ordinary share of £1.00	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 the company had given fixed charges over certain of its property interests to secure contingent consideration which may become payable to the previous owner of the freehold in the event that the development undertaken exceeds certain thresholds.

The company had given fixed charges over certain other property interests to secure the borrowings of fellow subsidiary undertakings.

13. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Developments Limited, a subsidiary of Canary Wharf Holdings Limited.

As at 31 December 2021, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo LP is registered at 73 Front Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other wholly-owned group companies