## SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

Registered Number: 2830131

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

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## **SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED**

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002**

The directors present herewith the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2002.

#### **ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING**

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Holdings Limited ('CWHL'), a company registered in England and Wales. The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Group plc ('CWG').

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is property investment. At present this activity is focussed on Heron Quays in London's Docklands.

#### **DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES**

The profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2002 is set out on page 6. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2001:Nil) and the retained loss of £7,390 is to be transferred to reserves.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the company throughout the year ended 30 June 2002, except as noted, were:

A P Anderson II

G lacobescu

R Lyons (appointed 9 April 2002)

G Rothman (resigned 8 April 2002)

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The directors have been granted options to subscribe for ordinary shares in CWG. Details of interests and options to subscribe for shares in CWG are disclosed as appropriate in the financial statements of either the intermediate parent companies, CWHL or Canary Wharf Estate Limited, or CWG, the ultimate parent company.

Other than the above, no director had any beneficial interest in the shares of the company, its parent undertaking or any of its subsidiaries at 30 June 2002 or at any time throughout the year then ended.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002**

## **AUDITORS**

On 31 July 2002 Arthur Andersen resigned as auditors and Deloitte & Touche were appointed in their place. In accordance with section 394 of the Companies Act 1985, Arthur Andersen have confirmed that there are no circumstances connected with their ceasing to hold office which they consider should be brought to the attention of the company's members.

Elective resolutions to dispense with holding annual general meetings, the laying of financial statements before the company in general meeting and the appointment of auditors annually are currently in force. The auditors, Deloitte & Touche, will therefore be deemed to have been reappointed at the end of the period of 28 days, beginning the day on which copies of this report and financial statements are sent to members unless a resolution is passed under section 393 of the Companies Act 1985 to the effect that their appointment be brought to an end.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

J R Garwood Company Secretary

11 November 2002

Registered office: 30th Floor One Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5AB

# STATEMENT OF THE DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the results of the company for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2002 which comprise the profit and loss account and the balance sheet, and the related notes 1 to 11. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH QUAY PROPERTIES LIMITED

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloite & Toucho

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

11 November 2002

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

	Notes	Year Ended 30 June 2002	Year Ended 30 June 2001
	_	£	£
Administrative expenses		(7,390)	
OPERATING LOSS	3	(7,390)	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9	(7,390)	-

Movements in reserves are shown in Note 9 of these financial statements.

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses for the year ended 30 June 2002 or the year ended 30 June 2001 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2002**

	Notes	30 June 2002	30 June 2001
	_	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5 _	17,389,212	-
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	6	-	1
ONE YEAR	7	(17,396,601)	-
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	_	(17,396,601)	1
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	=	(7,389)	1
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital Profit and loss account	8 9	(7.200)	1
	_	(7,390)	
SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)/FUNDS	10 =	(7,389)	1

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD ON 11 NOVEMBER 2002 AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY:

R LYONS DIRECTOR

### 1 GOING CONCERN

The company is in a net liability position at the year end. The directors of Canary Wharf Group plc, the ultimate parent undertaking, have agreed to provide or procure adequate financial resources to allow the company to continue its operations, and have also agreed to make available any funds that may be required for the company to meet its obligations as they fall due, for a period of not less than twelve months from the date of the financial statements. For this reason the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### 2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies of the company, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year, is set out below.

## Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

In accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 1 (Revised), a cash flow statement has not been prepared as the company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a body incorporated in the European Union. A consolidated cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of CWG.

## **Development Properties**

Properties held for development are held at cost, subject to provision for diminution in value.

## <u>Debt</u>

Debt instruments are stated immediately after issue at the amount of the net proceeds. The finance costs of such debt instruments are allocated to periods over the term of the debt at a constant rate on the carrying amount. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the reporting period and reduced by payments made in respect of the debt in that period. Finance costs are charged to the profit and loss account, except in the case of development financings where interest and the related financing costs are included as part of the cost of development.

#### 3 OPERATING LOSS

	Year Ended 30 June 2002	Year Ended 30 June 2001
The operating loss is stated after charging:	£	£
Remuneration of the auditors: Audit fees	5,000	<b></b>

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year.

No staff were employed by the company other than the directors.

In the prior year auditors' remuneration was borne by another group undertaking.

#### 4 TAXATION

	Year Ended 30 June 2002	Year Ended 30 June 2001	
Current tax:	£	£	
UK corporation tax (see below)	<u> </u>	-	

No provision for taxation has been made in view of the loss for the year. It is anticipated that these tax losses will impact on future tax charges. There is no unprovided deferred taxation.

#### 5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Land and Buildings
Cost Additions	£ 17,389,212
At 30 June 2002	17,389,212

During the period, the company acquired a freehold and certain subsidiary property interests in a site in London's Docklands for a total consideration of £17,389,212, including the expenses of acquisition.

6	DEBTORS		
		30 June 2002	30 June 2001
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	£	£ 1
		-	1
7	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ON	E YEAR	
		30 June 2002	30 June 2001
	Loans from parent undertaking Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Accruals and deferred income	£ 8,872,106 508,381 8,016,114	£ -
		17,396,601	-
	The loan from the parent undertaking bears interest a certain caps, and is repayable on demand.	t a rate linked to Ll	BOR, subject to
8	CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL	30 June 2002	30 June 2001
	Facility Character	£	£
	Equity Shares Authorised, 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid, 1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
9	RESERVES		
			Profit and Loss Account
	At 4 July 2004		£
	At 1 July 2001 Loss for the financial year		(7,390)
	At 30 June 2002		(7,390)

## 10 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)/FUNDS

	£
Shareholders' funds as at 1 July 2001	1
Loss for the financial year	(7,390)
Shareholders' deficit as at 30 June 2002	(7,389)

#### 11 RELATED PARTIES

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The company's ultimate parent was Canary Wharf Group plc (subsequently renamed Canary Wharf Estate Limited) until 4 December 2001. Following the completion of a group reconstruction on this date the new holding company, New Canary Wharf plc, subsequently renamed Canary Wharf Group plc, a company registered in England and Wales, is considered the company's ultimate parent undertaking.

Canary Wharf Group plc is the parent company of the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group plc may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of FRS8 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies.