arqiva

Arqiva Group Limited

Registered number 05254001

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021



Corporate Information

As at the date of this report (20 September 2021):

Group Board of Directors

Mark Braithwaite

Mike Darcey

Sally Davis

Paul Donovan

(Chief Executive Officer)

Neil King

Peter Adams (alternate)

Nathan Luckey

Batiste Ogier

Mike Parton

Christian Seymour

Max Fieguth (alternate)

Sean West

(Chief Financial Officer)

Company Secretary

Jeremy Mavor

Group website:

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Registered Office

Crawley Court

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Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 1 Embankment Place **Charing Cross** London WC2N 6RH

Company Registration Number

05254001

Cautionary Statement

This annual report contains various forward-looking statements regarding events and trends that are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results and financial position of the Group to differ materially from the information presented herein. When used in this report, the words "estimate", "project", "intend", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to the Group, are intended to identify such forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. Save as otherwise required by any rules or regulations, the Group does not undertake any obligations publicly to release the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The risks and uncertainties referred to above include:

- actions or decisions by governmental and regulatory bodies, or changes in the regulatory framework in which the Group operates, which may impact the ability of the Group to carry on its businesses;
- changes or advances in technology, and availability of resources such as spectrum, necessary to use new or existing technology, or customer and consumer preferences regarding technology;
- the performance of the markets in the UK, the EU and the wider region in which the Group operates;
- the ability of the Group to realise the benefits it expects from existing and future projects and investments it is undertaking or plans to or may undertake;
- the ability of the Group to develop, expand and maintain its broadcast and machine-to-machine infrastructure;
- the ability of the Group to obtain external financing or maintain sufficient capital to fund its existing and future investments and projects;
- the Group's dependency on only a limited number if key customers for a large percentage of its revenue; and
- expectations as to revenues not under contract.

Guidance note to the annual report:

In this document, references to 'Arqiva' and 'the Group' refer to Arqiva Group Limited ('AGL') and its subsidiaries and markets as the context may require. References to the 'Company' refer to the results and performance of Arqiva Group Limited as a standalone entity.

A reference to a year expressed as 2021 is to the financial year ended 30 June 2021. This convention applies similarly to any reference to a previous or subsequent financial year. Additionally, references to 'current year', 'this year' and 'the year' are in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2021. References to the 'prior year' and 'last year' are to the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

Arqiva Group Limited (05254001)
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Arqiva in 2021

ENABLING A SWITCHED-ON WORLD TO FLOW

Who we are

Arqiva is a leading UK communications infrastructure business. We are behind the scenes delivering millions of vital connections to enable millions of people, businesses, and machines to connect wherever they are through TV, radio and machine-to-machine data services, enabling a switched-on world to flow.

Our Infrastructure

c. 1,450 broadcast transmission sites in the UK	1,150 TV transmissions sites
98.5% of the UK population reached through our TV services	275 channels delivered into the UK and Ireland
Market leader for commercial DTT ¹ spectrum owning two of the three main national commercial multiplexes	1,100 TV channels delivered internationally via satellite to 5 continents
99.5% targeted network coverage across the North of England and Scotland on our smart energy networks	c.80 satellite dishes accessing 30+ satellites
12 million premises can connect to our smart meter networks	50 million data points delivered every day on our smart metering networks

 $^{^{1}}$ Refers to Digital Terrestrial Television best known for supporting Freeview

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How we operate

During 2021, following the sale of the Telecoms business, Arqiva has implemented a new single business organisation structure, moving away from the traditional business units and to an integrated structure that will help better serve our customers, their delivery requirements and the products and services that we provide across our Media Distribution and Smart Utilities Networks markets

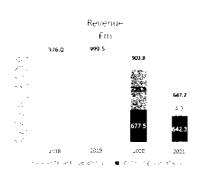
Key Strategic ambitions

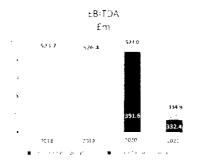
Undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast
Transition global media to cloud solutions
UK's leading smart utilities platform
Innovator of scalable solutions for new

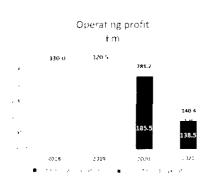
connectivity sectors

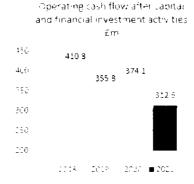
Highlights

Following the sale of the Telecoms business at the beginning of the year, 2021 has continued to see a period of change for Arqiva with expected lower activity on certain major programmes as they reach completion. Whilst core media distribution and smart utilities networks products have remained strong the Group has had decreases on DTT multiplexes and has also seen the planned reduction in project levels related to the completion of the 700 MHz Clearance programme. The Group is now also adapting to focus on key new products for the future sustainability of the business.







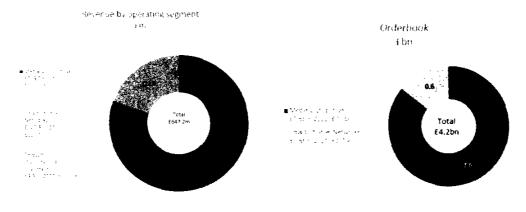


Key financials in the year

- Revenue decrease of 28.3% (5.2% from continuing operations) and EBITDA decrease of 36.0% (15.1% from continuing operations)
- Managed reductions in revenue and EBITDA from the 700MHz clearance programme as the major works on the programme successfully completed in August 2020;
- Decreases due to lower renewal pricing following the end of legacy contracts on the main DTT multiplexes;
- New revenues and EBITDA generated from utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and transitional services following Telecoms sale;
- Continuing the delivery of the core smart energy metering contracts with max network coverage of 99.5% now reached;
- Increase in revenue from ramp up of activity on smart water metering networks and device sales following contract wins in the prior year;
- Disposal of the Group's Telecoms business for consideration of c. £2.0bn. A profit on disposal of £1,038.3m is recognised in the Income statement;

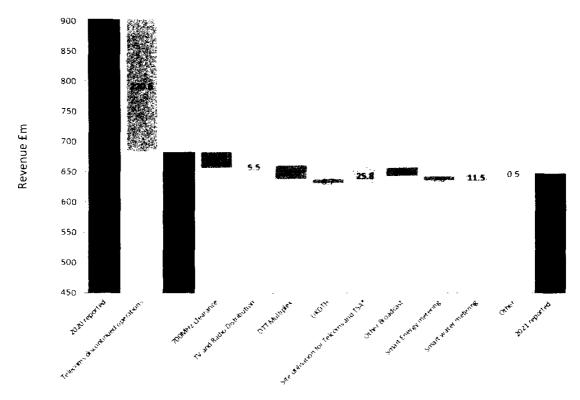
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- Deleveraging of the Group following repayment of debt and swap instruments including £550.0m facilities drawn, £108.0m senior term debt and £563.5m of senior bonds and notes.



Key influences on revenue

Group revenue has decreased 28.3% in total and 5.2% from continuing operations reflective of the change in focus of the business following discontinued operations and the expected wind down of certain areas of the business such as 700 MHz clearance following peak project activity in previous years.



^{*}TSA refers to revenue for Transition Services Agreement following the sale of the Telecoms business

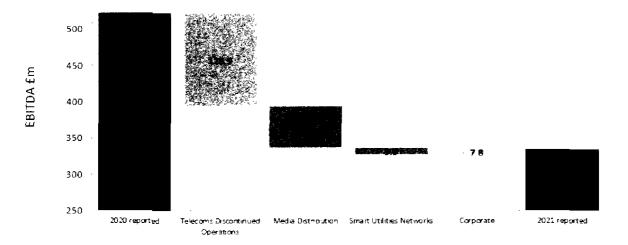


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Key Induences on EBITDA

The following waterfall chart demonstrates the year on year impact of total EBITDA for both continuing and discontinued operations reflecting the key financial factors:

- Discontinued operations: Sale of the Telecoms business, completed on 8 July 2020
- Media Distribution: lower activity on 700MHz clearance programmes, pricing pressures and utilisation on the main DTT multiplexes and increased site costs
- Smart Utilities Networks: Increased activity from water metering device sales
- Corporate: Focus on cost management and reduced staff costs



Chairman's Introduction

2021 Performance

2021 has continued to be a year of challenge and change for the business. Following the sale of the Telecoms business at the beginning of the year, we have continued to invest in our infrastructure and deliver services in our core media distribution and smart utilities networks markets.

Despite the continuing backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have extended our presence in the utilities sector with growing activity in the smart water metering business following contract wins with water companies in the previous year. We have also had further wins in media distribution including new technology opportunities in the Low Earth Orbit Market. These wins are key to the strategic priorities of the Group as we continue to develop our business.

The continuing business has seen a decline in revenue from previous years reflecting the change in our markets. During the year, we have successfully completed the final 2 major activities for the 700MHz Clearance programme in August 2020 with revenues declining as expected now that the main activities have completed. Whilst we have also faced challenges on pricing on DTT multiplexes, utilisation has improved through the year with the launch of new channels including GB News.

Sale of the Telecoms Business

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva completed the sale of its Telecoms infrastructure to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. This transaction included the divestment of circa 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further circa 900 of Arqiva's retained sites across the UK. Relevant staff within the Telecoms business also transferred to Cellnex as part of the transaction. Through the year, Arqiva has continued to support the Cellnex UK business via Transitional Service Agreements (TSAs), the majority of which had successfully completed prior to the year end.

The disposal proceeds were used to repay a portion of Arqiva's debt and related swaps enabling a significant deleveraging of the Group's debt levels.

Business Structure

Following the sale of the Telecoms infrastructure business, Arqiva has adapted and changed how we operate. The Group has undergone a significant restructuring in the year in order to right size and focus on cost management for the smaller remaining business.

A key element of the Group reorganisation is a change in the operational structure. We have moved away from our previous traditional business unit structure and adopted a new integrated operating model. This change will allow the Group to focus on the commercial and operational opportunities for the business in order to better serve our customers in their requirements for our products and services, placing productivity, innovation and sustainability at the heart of what we do.

This restructuring, along with the transformation programme progressing across the business allows Argiva to focus on its key markets with the priorities of becoming the undisputed leader in these sectors as well as expanding the product offerings through innovation to build on our sustainability and continuously improve.

Outlook

Our markets are continuously changing and developing as data is consumed in ever increasing ways. They are dynamic markets with evolving trends in how TV and radio content is delivered and the capabilities of machine-to-machine networks in enabling energy and water companies to meet their sustainability targets. As we look forward and turn our attention to our new strategy for the business, Argiva can continue to build on our leading

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position in these markets and utilise our assets to consolidate this position but also take advantage of the many opportunities that our markets provide for our business to be able to continue to grow.

Finally, on behalf of the Board I would like to thank all of our employees across the business for their continued hard work and dedication to the successful provision of our services particularly through this period of significant change for the business and the continued backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Mike Parton

Chairman

September 2021

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Chief Executive's Statement

Transformation and Restructuring

Arqiva has been transforming since 2018, and 2021 marked the start of the next chapter in this journey with the sale of our towers business; supporting our strategy to become a simpler business that is more focussed and effective.

We have reduced costs and implemented a new integrated operating model, designed to enable us to focus on driving improvements in operational delivery and efficiency. Our focus now moves to the commercial and operational streams in order to give a clearer line of sight, and a shared accountability for customer delivery and achievement of our business objectives. Importantly, this change during the year took a holistic approach to the requirements of our business and customers, and the expertise needed to achieve this. This has resulted in a headcount reduction in Q4, allowing us to start 2022 with a right-sized business as well as investing in new skills aligned to our strategic and growth priorities.

We have also progressed the phased delivery of our Digital Transformation Programme through the year, successfully launching the Service and Finance modules, with the implementation of our new ServiceNow and Oracle ERP platform respectively. Our Digital Transformation Programme will take until early 2022 to be fully complete, but the benefits are already being realised across the business due to the phased roll out approach.

Financial Performance

Our financial results for the year are reflective of the period of change being faced across both our media distribution and smart utilities networks markets. Revenue has decreased 5.2% from continuing operations. This reflects the expected decrease in activity on externally funded major projects such as 700MHz clearance, which peaked in previous years and successfully completed in August 2020. Our TV and radio broadcast products in the media distribution market remain strong and whilst we saw revenues reduce year on year from our DTT multiplexes reflecting a resetting of market pricing, underlying performance was strong with a number of renewals and new contract wins such as GB News and Sky Arts increasing the channel utilisation on our main multiplexes to 97%.

In the Utilities market, the core CSPN energy metering network has shown stable performance. In the water metering markets, we have experienced growth with increased activity following contract wins with Anglian Water in the prior year. Device sales in particular have grown as our customers benefit from increased deployment across all of our smart utilities networks.

Across the board we have focussed on new product development trials that have met with positive customer response and that will drive growth in future years.

Response to COVID-19

Through the year we have continued to maintain the high availability of our services across the country despite the constraints imposed by the COVID-19 pandemic. We have carefully balanced the safety of our employees while allowing our key workers to deliver services for our customers, and were well prepared for the almost overnight changes required to provide alternative working arrangements to support remote working for office-based staff. We have responded and adhered to the government guidelines, ensuring that all our sites fully conformed. In response to the dramatic fall in advertising revenues we stepped in to provide a package of deferred and reduced transmission fees; this enabled many smaller commercial and community radio stations to weather the pressure on cash flows and enable their survival.

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Strategy

We acknowledge the world is changing. Considering this, over the last year we have evaluated market trends and worked closely with our customers and policy makers to establish a new vision, purpose, strategy and operating model. Our enduring purpose is 'Enabling a switched-on world to flow' and this will guide us to build a sustainable future for Argiva. We have four clear ambitions, each with clear strategies:

- To remain the undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast
- To transition our global media portfolio to cloud solutions
- To become the UK's leading smart utilities platform
- To innovate providing of scalable connectivity solutions in new markets

More information on our strategy can be found on page 19.

Outlook

Arqiva enjoys a large number of long-term inflation-linked contracts which provide good visibility of future revenues. However, in order to enable business growth we will continue to evolve our product and service portfolios in both media distribution and smart utilities networks markets.

In our Media Distribution markets this has begun with the development of new solutions using cloud-based IP technology, and in opening new revenue streams in the Low Earth Orbit satellite market, utilising Arqiva's unique infrastructure assets and spectrum to deliver connectivity solutions to this fast growing market segment.

We have also engaged widely with the utility industry to establish a number of proof of concept trials which build on our existing capabilities and infrastructure. These include trials of "hybrid connectivity" services that utilise our satellite and private radio capabilities.

More content is being delivered through more devices and on more channels than ever before. Our markets are looking for seamless access to connectivity and information that continues to meet the speed of technology changes and delivers mission critical data reliably. These new products and services along with our enduring and sustainable strategy are fundamental to how we operate in the future.

Paul Donovan

Chief Executive Officer

September 2021

Business Overview

Enabling a switched-on world to flow

At the heart of media distribution and smart utilities networks in the UK and abroad, Argiva provides critical data, network, and communications services.

Arqiva works in partnership with our customers, in the UK and around the world, building and operating the complex ecosystems and infrastructures through which data and content can move effectively, securely, and sustainably at scale – whether that's through broadcasting and transmission services, or smart networks for energy and water.

Argiva is the only national provider of terrestrial television and radio broadcasting and provides machine-to-machine connectivity for smart metering within the utilities sector. Argiva has invested significantly allowing it to develop its communications infrastructure and technology as markets evolve.

Arqiva earns network access and transmission service revenues from its customers, as well as fees for engineering services and new projects. Arqiva's services tend to be mission-critical for its customers, as well as providing the network coverage necessary for the fulfilment of the universal service obligations ('USOs') for terrestrial broadcast customers as set out in their operating licences from the UK government.

Whilst we have a small overseas presence, Arqiva's assets, operations and markets are predominantly within the UK and our business is driven from this region; therefore, we have minimal exposure to international markets, Brexit impacts or foreign exchange.

Argiva has invested significantly into our capital infrastructure and has £1.4bn of property, plant, and equipment at 30 June 2021. We are financed through a mixture of equity and long-term debt, with an average maturity debt profile of over 4 years. The Group's senior debt has an investment grade (BBB) rating from Standard and Poor's and Fitch and a junior debt rating of B-B1 from Fitch and Moody's.

Attractive UK communications infrastructure market

DTT (Freeview) is the most popular TV platform in the UK covering 98.5% of the population

Smart networks deliver around 50 million data points every day

A market leader

Sole provider of terrestrial television network access (Freeview)

Owner of 2 of the 3 main national commercial multiplexes

Pre-eminent role in radio broadcasting both locally and nationally

High barriers to entry

Owner of critical national UK infrastructure that enables Public Service Broadcasters (PSB's) to meet their government mandated universal coverage obligations

Significant investment would be required to replicate the infrastructure, including planning permissions to erect new masts

Long established relationships with its customers spanning more than 80 years

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Since 1922, Arqiva has been enabling a switched-on world to flow.

We delivered the world's first TV broadcast for the BBC from the tower at London's Alexandra Palace in 1936.

We also developed satellite TV in the 1970's, Teletext, and launched the UK's national DAB radio and digital television networks in the 2000s.

There's no resting on our laurels though. We were the first company in Europe to trial 5G fixed wireless access technology in 2017, and we are currently working with our media distribution partners to develop new ways to reach their viewers and listeners via the Cloud.

Plus, we have moved into new sectors, like Utilities. We won our first contract to deliver gas and electricity metering in the north of England and Scotland in 2013 and followed that in 2015 with a partnership with Thames Water to set up and run the world's largest smart water metering network. More recently we have launched our dual band communications device for further improved connection capabilities.

The Group's technology and infrastructure, combined with our history and experience, enable us to work with everyone from major broadcasters (such as the BBC, ITV, Sky, Turner and Canal+) to independent radio groups and utility companies (such as Thames Water and Anglian Water) to the Data Communications Company (DCC).

Business model

The demand for information, content and entertainment is greater than ever. We all want to be connected 24/7. This is the challenge that our customers are facing, delivering more content on more devices than ever before.

At Argiva we are enablers, applying our knowledge and expertise to technologies in order to unlock new opportunities for our customers. We work in partnership, building and operating the infrastructure through which data and content can flow effectively, securely, and sustainably.

Arqiva seeks to maximise shareholder value by investing in our considerable site portfolio to not just maintain reliability, but also to maximise its potential. Our infrastructure and commercial operations cover the following key sectors:

- Media Distribution
- Smart Utilities Networks

Sale of Telecoms

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva successfully completed the sale of our Telecoms business to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. The transaction comprised the divestment of c. 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further c. 900 sites across the UK. In the execution of the agreement, the Group has sold six subsidiary entities, the largest being Arqiva Services Limited.

Following this disposal, the Group entered a period of evolution launching a new purpose and strategy. There has been a change in the organisational structure of the Group, moving away from the traditional business units and adopting an integrated operating model in order to better serve our customers with their requirements for our products and services.

Media Distribution

The UKs only supplier of national terrestrial television and radio broadcasting services

7 out of 10 UK households receive content for their main TV service through our Satellite and DTT network

Our radio infrastructure supports a range of services across the UK with 300 stations on DAB and 380 stations across FM, AM, and MW

Media distribution services remain incredibly important for viewers and listeners in the UK. Even as viewing habits change, Ofcom reports 85% of people continue to watch broadcast content every week. And 9 out of 10 UK adults listen to over 20 hours of radio each week.

In an intensely competitive world, large media companies are increasingly focused on monetising content that is distributed multi-market, multi-platform and multi-device. This means increased complexity in reaching their audiences, whilst also trying to reduce costs. To achieve a truly global reach, a shift of focus is needed to IP-based delivery through the cloud and we are well positioned as the UK media hub to do this.

Media Distribution at Argiva

The media distribution infrastructure includes sites for the transmission of terrestrial TV and radio, operates the Group's licensed multiplexes, owns and operates teleports at key locations in the UK, as well as international terrestrial fibre distribution network, media facilities, leased satellite capacity and delivers related engineering projects.

The Group utilises a network of 1,150 TV sites to carry Freeview into circa 24 million households every day, making it the UK's most popular TV platform. Argiva's critical national infrastructure provides coverage to 98.5%

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of the UK's population. Within the sector, Arqiva holds a regulated position as the sole provider of network access for terrestrial television broadcasting.

Arqiva is a market leader in commercial DTT spectrum, owning the licences for two of the three main national commercial DTT multiplexes, enabling leading broadcasters such as Sky, UKTV, CBS and Turner to deliver broadcasting content using our channel capacity.

Arqiva also owns the HD-enabled DTT multiplex licences that provide services to Freeview and other DTT-related platforms. Additionally, Arqiva operates more than 1,500 transmission sites for TV and radio, providing coverage to the circa 90% of the UK population that listen to the radio. Arqiva is a shareholder in, and operator for both commercial national DAB radio multiplexes and it is the service provider for the BBC national DAB radio multiplex.

During the year the Group has successfully completed the programme to clear the 700MHz frequency range of television signals.

The Group is also the UK's leading independent owner and operator of teleports and media management facilities, serving many of the world's largest multi-channel broadcast and sports-right organisations, as well as providing data connectivity to the utilities and natural resources sectors.

Arqiva manages the distribution of more than 1,100 international TV channels for high profile customers including Al Jazeera, Discovery, BT Sport, Sky, NBCU, Sony and Turner including coverage of high-profile sporting events. Arqiva's operation of reliable and secure VSAT (Very Small Aperture Terminal) communications networks across the globe utilises a world class satellite and fibre network, providing real-time critical communications to remote locations. Arqiva uses our expertise and experience to enable us to keep pace with rapidly changing dynamics and technology advancements, thereby underpinning the longevity and success of the product base. Arqiva's satellite network delivers content to the UK's major Direct-to-Home (DTH) platforms including Sky and Freesat as well as the increasingly popular IPTV, mobile and web TV platforms. We have also recently engaged with the Low Earth Orbit satellite sector.

Media distribution contributes significant and stable cash flows to the Group with a long-term contracted, substantially RPI-linked order book of £3.6bn (2020: £3.3bn) which includes major contracts running as far as 2050.

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Smart Utilities Networks

Advanced networks support the critical flow of data and content from connected TVs and smart meters for water, gas, and electricity in the utilities sector.

Ambitious environmental and sustainability agendas from regulators are driving change across utility sectors, providing huge opportunity for growth. Today less than 10% of UK premises have a smart water meter, and less than 30% have a smart energy meter. With 20% of water lost through leaks, water authorities are focused on reducing them, and eliminating pollution caused by sewer flooding. Smart meters are providing an opportunity to meet sustainability targets through reducing the UK's overall greenhouse gas emissions.

Smart Utilities Networks at Argiva

Arqiva generates revenues with respect to the build and operation of the smart 'machine-to-machine' networks and other data transmission services applications. With a continuing focus on innovation and market opportunities, Arqiva is embracing the fast-developing machine-to-machine sector, particularly for utilities, for which we utilise our Flex-net network across our smart metering contracts with utility and water companies. The Group has invested in building M2M networks, which support major energy metering contracts spanning 15 years and covering more than 9 million premises, and water metering contracts which will cover 3 million homes.

Arqiva has invested substantially in infrastructure as a result of these contracts which now result in recurring cash flows during the long-term operational phases of the network delivery. The utilities business remains a key part of the Arqiva business and is a key strategic priority for growth with potential to become the UKs leading smart utilities platform.

The smart utilities network has an order book of £0.6bn (2020: £0.7bn), with contracts running as far as 2035.

Corporate

Corporate functions at Arqiva comprise Finance, Legal & Regulatory, Information Technology and People and Culture.

Strategic Overview

PURPOSE

AMBITIONS





in UK TV and radio **Undisputed leader** broadcast

Transition global media to cloud solutions

Innovator of scalable connectivity sectors solutions for new UK's leading smart utilities platform

Innovation and product Customer, industry and operational excellence

development

Products and

(O)

Partnerships

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STRATEGIC FOCUS **ENABLERS**

ୁଦ୍ର People

argiva

Our four strategic ambitions will guide the key focus of the business. Our priorities in how we aim to achieve these ambitions are set out below:

To be the undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast

- Deliver sustainable TV and Radio broadcast, focusing on customer and operational excellence and managing capacity and margins
- Leverage our scale and the cloud, enabling industry efficiency
- Expand services and drive renewals delivering greater value by selling across our portfolio of services, creating long term partnerships while also developing value-added services in new areas

To transition global media to cloud based solutions

- Scaling IP and cloud-based services; investing in building broadcast quality cloud processing and extending our footprint in live and events content
- Becoming the go-to choice for our partners in cloud distribution so they can better manage their global content flows across all formats
- Growing multiplex service, using our infrastructure to provide virtual, cost-effective, and scalable services to TV cable operators outside of the UK

To be the UK's leading smart utilities platform provider

- Leading in connecting UK smart meters, maintaining market leadership, and scaling our operations to drive and accelerate the roll-out of domestic smart meters
- Broadening our product offering, developing new value-added data-driven services in monitoring and control, that reduce energy use, water wastage and pollution
- Diversifying through forging partnerships and widening technology choice, to deliver new hybrid connectivity solutions and real time network monitoring

To be an innovator of scalable solutions for new, high connectivity sectors

- Working with partners, building new solutions for new and emerging sectors that have growing and more complex connectivity needs including those that make the most of our infrastructure, spectrum, and satellite expertise

Business Update

The Group's contracted order book value for continuing operations at 30 June 2021 was £4.2bn (2020: £4.0bn), including £100m of new contracts for DTT and £660m for utilisation of broadcast sites. A significant proportion of the value of this order book relates to medium to long-term contracts which includes DTT and radio transmission and smart energy and water metering, as well as other infrastructure services. The Group remains focused on growth opportunities on targeted core infrastructure areas.

Media Distribution

700 MHz Clearance and DTT spectrum

The final stage auction results of the 700MHz and 3.6-3.8GHz spectrum was announced by Ofcom on 27 April 2021. Ofcom showed the four major operators BT/EE, Three, Telefonica UK (O2) and Vodafone acquired all of the 200MHz available across the 700MHz and 3.6-3.8GHz bands. Subject to the 3 months notice period being triggered by the acquirors, Arqiva will continue to have the right to remain in this spectrum with our DVB-T2 multiplex until June 2022. EE has been awarded the spectrum and stated in its press release that it secured it for long-term strategic reasons and that it acknowledged that there were no handsets currently in the market to support the band.

This will not affect Argiva's main national multiplexes.

The main substantive works on the 700MHz Clearance project completed in August 2020. The final project completion activities continue with a project team until around October 2021. Principal site works include completion of permanent antenna works at Emley Moor, scheduled for Autumn 2021, and the removal of the temporary mast at Emley Moor in 2022. The team size continues to reduce as the project ramps down in accordance with the agreed plan, with efforts focused on commercial and financial close-out.

DTT Multiplex

During the year the Groups signed and renewed a number of contracts which included new contracts with GB News, Sky Arts and UKTV, and renewals with Dave, Yesterday and Dave Ja Vu. These contracts mature/extend — The majority of these contracts have been extended to 2026. DTT multiplex channel utilisation has remained high finishing the year at 97%.

TV viewing on the DTT/Freeview platform has remained strong during the pandemic period as more people stayed at home. TV has provided a vital way of keeping people informed, helping with social isolation and entertainment. The wide reach of the DTT platform has been of vital national importance for delivering news and other information to the whole nation and for supporting society during the current pandemic. TV advertising, an important driver for DTT has also been showing positive trends. Media markets have been recovering and some industry sources expect TV advertising to grow in excess of 10% this year. In May, ITV reported that TV advertising trends have been positive since March and that it forecasts over 20% increase in advertising revenues for the 2021 calendar year compared to 2020.

Government (DCMS) updates

In August 2021 the DCMS published the outcome of its consultation on DTT Multiplex licences. It has allowed all national multiplexes to renew for a further period until 2034 and provides Ofcom with the powers to renew the licences until this date. The decision included a provision for Ofcom to revoke the licences on spectrum management grounds subject to 5 years notice but that this could not come into effect until 2030 at the earliest. The decision and statement demonstrate strong long-term Government support for the DTT platform.

Separately, the Government continues its ongoing strategic review of public service broadcasting. There are a number of strands to this. In June 2021 the DCMS outlined plans to consult on the sale of Channel 4 with the consultation opening in June and running until September 2021. It also announced plans to review the regulation of video on demand platforms. In July 2021 Ofcom published a set of recommendations to the Government on the future of Public Service Media (PSM) as part of its 'Small Screen: Big Debate' review.

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Ofcom's report makes clear the ongoing importance of public service media and the importance of continuing to reach the widest possible audience and deliver universality. The Government is now considering these recommendations and plans to publish a white paper later this year.

Radio

Argiva continues to play an active part in shaping the outcome of the DCMS led Radio and Audio review. It was expected that the final report would be published before Parliament's summer recess but that has now been delayed until the start of the autumn. The review will support the need to protect spectrum for Radio until at least 2030 and states there will be no analogue switch-off within this period. This is consistent with our long-term planning assumptions.

On 22 July 2021 the DCMS published their consultation for National commercial DAB licencing. Arqiva holds an interest in both of the national commercial multiplexes: D1 licence (Arqiva 100% ownership) expiring in November 2023 and SDL (Arqiva has 40% ownership) expiring in March 2028. Arqiva will lobby to secure an automatic licence renewal to 2035.

The pandemic has underlined the public service role of both commercial radio and the BBC. Arqiva continues to deliver the levels of availability and consistency that our broadcast partners expect. The company's role in supporting the radio sector financially during the year has been recognised by Government and key stakeholders.

Customers continued to launch new stations on Arqiva's local DAB digital radio multiplexes across the country. On the Sound Digital national multiplex (a joint venture of Arqiva 40%, Bauer 30% and Wireless Group 30%) a 21st station, Boom Radio, launched in March bringing Sound Digital up to 100% occupancy. On Digital One (the national multiplex wholly owned by Arqiva) some capacity was released by a data service and, following a competitive tender, GB News has announced the launch of a radio station which will run in parallel with its new TV channel. As a result, Digital One also continues to operate at full capacity.

Advertising revenues in both the local and national sectors have continued to improve following the easing of restrictions. With the current trajectory suggesting there will be no more lockdowns and our customer's revenues returning, the right decision was made in March to cease any lockdown discounts and return more to normal business. In addition to this we have launched national station Boom radio and are set to launch another one shortly leaving our national muxes at full capacity again.

Low Earth Orbit Market

Arqiva has been developing opportunities in the Low Earth Orbit market. This is a new technology that relies on a constellation of thousands of small satellites orbiting the earth. By establishing multiple connections to multiple satellites, the technology can for example provide satellite broadband anywhere in the world. Key players are SpaceX, Blue Origin and the recent UK Government investment in OneWeb plus established satellite operators such as Telesat and ViaSat. This opportunity requires groundstations and therefore Arqiva has the capability to serve this market. The Group has now secured two customers.

Smart Utilities Networks

New proof of concepts

Arqiva has engaged with utility customers and industry suppliers as we look to expand our presence in the utilities industry. Building on our established credibility in critical national infrastructure and security we are leveraging our relationships with existing and new utility customers by exploring a number of proof of concepts (PoCs). This includes a trial of "hybrid connectivity" services by utilising our satellite, cellular and private radio solutions. This trial with SGN is on-going. We are also continuing water product trials demonstrating both sewer level monitoring and leakage monitoring as a service. The PoCs will give our utility customers the opportunity to improve the management of their operational networks and achieve their regulatory targets.

Anglian Water

In June 2020, following a competitive procurement process, Arqiva was selected to deliver a smart metering fixed network for Anglian Water. Designed to enhance Anglian's water management capabilities, Arqiva's contract will support them on their mission to achieve leakage and consumption savings and meet Ofwat's water leakage targets for the next five-year period and beyond. During this initial five-year period, Arqiva will deploy the fixed network infrastructure to support the operation of over three-quarters of a million (789,000 target by 2025) smart water meters across 24 planning zones. Arqiva will then operate this network for a further 15 years. Covering both household and non-household properties, the project will support Anglian Water's target planning zones including Norwich, Lincoln, Northampton and Peterborough, among others.

Anglian successfully commenced their meter rollout on 6 July 2020 which was less than one month from contract signature and as at 30 June we were providing services to over 225,000 installed meters.

Thames Water

Since April 2015, Arqiva has delivered a smart metering network that enables the collection, management and transfer of metering data for Thames Water. At 30 June 2021, there were over 540,000 meters installed and well over 12 million meter readings being delivered per day. It is currently the largest smart water metering network in the UK and has high coverage across the Thames Water London region. Recently we have installed network in the Haslemere, Guildford area which is Thames' first smart meter deployment outside London.

In April 2021 Thames Water announced this development and that by using the smart metering data it has helped to detect and prevent leaks on 28,000 customers' private supply pipes which has saved 43 million litres per day. Smart meters have helped Thames Water achieve what it described as the water industry's "biggest reduction in leakage this century" and also having hit its regulatory target.

Northumbrian Water

Following a public competitive procurement, Arqiva has been selected by Northumbrian Water Group to deliver an initial roll-out of a smart metering network in Essex, where it operates as Essex & Suffolk Water. The project will support Northumbrian Water in its commitment to deliver smart metering to customers within the current Asset Management Plan (AMP 2020-2025), as well as meeting the company's target to ensure all domestic meters are smart by 2035.

The five-year contract will see Arqiva build and monitor the fixed-network infrastructure, delivering connectivity to up to 11,000 domestic meters, replacing both meters already installed and installing new meters for unmetered supplies in empty meter chambers which have been identified. Meters are provided by Arqiva's metering partner Sensus, a Xylem brand. The network went live and installations began in May 2021.

Lessons learned from this initial implementation will be used to guide the subsequent smart-meter roll-out over the rest of Northumbrian Water Group's operating regions.

Yorkshire Water

Arqiva was selected by Yorkshire Water to deliver and monitor a smart metering fixed-network trial as part of its plans to revolutionise its leakage detection programme. This two-year exercise will see Arqiva build and monitor the fixed-network infrastructure to facilitate the operation of new smart water meters for non-household customers across 30 of Yorkshire Water's areas. Designed to facilitate real-time monitoring, the collection and presentation of frequent meter reading data provided by the service will allow Yorkshire Water

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to reduce demand for water by rapidly identifying leaks and helping customers understand their usage. Meter installations began in mid-May 2020 and our network went live at the end of June 2020.

Other smart water metering trials

In the Midlands, Argiva has been participating in a multi-vendor, multi-technology smart water metering evaluation trial with a major water company. Over this period, we have again proven the excellent performance of our technology and managed service. We are extending and expanding the trial for a further 12 months, on an exclusive basis, enabling the water company to evaluate fully the benefits and establish a business case for a future full smart metering roll-out.

In May 2021, with Final Determinations announced mid July 2021, under the Government special Green Economic Recovery funding programme, OfWat has allowed significant spend for additional Smart Water Metering Programmes to be completed by April 2025. These awards have been made to Thames Water, Severn Trent Water and South West Water.

Smart energy metering rollout

The Group's smart metering communication network in the North of England and Scotland now covers 99.5% of premises. There are currently over 1 million communications hubs operating on the network representing 20% of the total UK communication hub installations. The customer, Smart DCC Ltd, (DCC), continues to submit change requests that reflect new industry requirements, but at a reduced volume compared to the previous periods.

The Group continues to support the DCC and their users ahead of meter rollout programmes. DCC has reported that there are now c.8.5 million SMETS2 meters on the national network.

Corporate updates

COVID 19

As lockdown eases Arqiva continues to provide essential communications infrastructure for our media distribution and smart utilities networks customers. We have deployed business continuity plans as part of our operational and financial risk mitigation, to ensure the safety of our staff and the ongoing provision of services for our customers.

Measures are still in place across a number of areas including:

- Ensuring workplaces and activities conform to the Government's COVID Secure guidelines;
- Using rapid flow antigen tests for our key workers and encouraging all employees to order their own rapid flow antigen tests;
- Implementing alternative working arrangements and technology to keep our employees and contractors safe;
- Ensuring that we plan and deliver our activities in line with government alert levels;
- Ensuring regular communication with critical suppliers, identifying and managing any risks;
- Ensuring disaster recovery plans can be invoked for critical assets and systems;
- Considering risks to cyber security, which we have reviewed and further strengthened;
- Financial liquidity, which we review continually to ensure a robust position. We benefitted from the Government's VAT deferral scheme but repaid the full amount in December 2020; and
- Following the change in government guidance on 19 July 2021 the measures implemented across workplaces have been relaxed whilst seeking to ensure the safety of employees and contractors.

Management changes

On 1 March 2021, Adrian Twyning joined Arqiva as Chief of Operations. Adrian comes with significant experience of leading large-scale operations, designing systems and leading sizeable business change. Most recently Adrian was Director of Transformation at Dixons Carphone, where he implemented new IT platforms, launched a new service proposition and oversaw a programme of retail rationalisation. Previously Adrian was at British Gas where he led a 4,000 strong Field Operations team and led changes to culture, process and technology. He replaces Neil Taplin, who left the company at the end of March 2021.

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Transformation update

The Transformation Programme continues to deliver to plan with several releases to the business successfully implemented in March, May and July 2021. These deliveries have provided the business with industry-leading applications and integrations across Service Management (Service Now), OSS, Asset Management (Siterra) and Financial Management (ERP) capabilities. In turn, this prepares Arqiva to be more responsive, agile and efficient in its existing day-to-day operations as well as in any future markets where it intends to compete.

Over the remainder of the 2021 calendar year, Transformation continues to deliver incremental enhancements to these applications alongside the conclusion of the Cellnex TSA Exit obligations. Whilst the original 'big 4' components should conclude delivery in the 2021 calendar year, there are further deliveries currently underway within the Utilities and Site management spaces. These are likely to spill over into the first calendar quarter of 2022.

Sale of telecoms business

The sale of the Telecoms business to Cellnex completed in July 2020 and the Group's operational and asset separation has now largely been completed. Operationally, Arqiva has been supporting Cellnex's UK business via Transitional Services Agreements (TSA) originally planned for a period of up to 18 months from the deal completion date. The majority of the TSAs have now completed, we expect the remainder to complete on or before scheduled end dates across the various areas.

Financial review

Financial Performance

For the year ended 30 June 2021, revenue for the Group was £647.2m, a decrease of 28.3% from £902.8m in the prior year on a total reported basis. Revenue from continuing operations for the year of £642.3m is a decrease of 5.2% year on year from £677.5m in 2020. This decrease year on year is reflective of a period of change for the Group and the markets in which we operate.

	Original Committee (Committee) The Committee (Committee) of the Committee (Committee) of the Committee (Committee) of the Committee (Committee)		
	519.5	556.4	(6.6)%
	122.8	121.1	1.4%
	642.3	677.5	(5.2)%
A Company of the Comp	4.0	225.2	(07.0)0/
	4.9	225.3	(97.8)%
San to Take	647.2	902.8	(28.3)%

Revenue from discontinued operations relates to the Group's telecoms infrastructure business and related assets which were sold on 8 July 2020.

Media Distribution

Total Media Distribution revenue has decreased 6.6% from £556.4m to £519.5m year on year. Our core broadcast TV and radio distribution products have remained strong and stable during the year with inflationary increases due to RPI linked long term contracts. This area has been marginally impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic with discounts provided to our independent commercial radio customers to support them through this period.

These increases have however been offset by a decrease in revenue from the 700MHz Clearance programme. This multi-year engineering programme saw completion of major works in August 2020 and expected lower activity levels throughout FY21 as a result. Further decreases are due to reduced revenues on the main DTT multiplexes owing lower renewal pricing following the end of legacy contacts. Utilisation in this area has however increased in the second half of the year due to new contracts and channel launches for example with GB News, Sky Arts and UKTV.

Also included within Media Distribution is £26m of new revenues related to the utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and transitional services provided following the sale of the telecom's towers business to Cellnex.

Smart Utilities Networks

Revenues from Smart Utilities Networks have increased 1.4% year on year from £121.1m to £122.8m. This increase is due to the ramp up of activity on water metering contracts that were won in the prior year, primarily with higher revenue from sale of devices. The core energy metering contracts have increased revenues, although have seen slight decreases in project revenues due to incremental change requests activities which continue but at a lower level than the previous years which benefitted from additional testing services provided to the DCC.

Gross profit was £415.1m, representing a 34.3% decrease from £632.2m in the prior year. Gross profit from continuing operations decreased by 14.6% year on year from £482.4m to £412.2m. The decrease in gross margin is driven by the reductions in revenues described above, particularly the expected reduction from the 700MHz Clearance programme. There have been increases in cost of sales as a result of power and site costs on broadcast sites together with changes in product mix with higher volumes of lower margin device sales within the Smart utilities networks area which has caused the gross profit on continuing operations to decline more than revenues.

Other operating expenses from the continuing business were £79.8m, down 12.1% from £90.8m in the prior year (total Group 2021: £80.2m; 2020: £109.2m). This decrease in operating expenses is largely driven by lower labour costs following the sale of the Telecoms business and the initial savings from the subsequent restructuring of the business. This has been partially offset by increases in other areas such as IT licence and maintenance due to news systems established as part of the Group's digital transformation that has progressed in the year.

EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and refers to 'earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation' and includes add-backs for certain items charged to operating profit that are not considered to reflect the underlying performance of the business. A reconciliation of EBITDA to operating profit is presented on page 28.

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The second secon	327.1	384.2	(14.9)%
and the state of t	41.8	51.7	(19.1)%
	(36.5)	(44.3)	17.6%
	332.4	391.6	(15.1)%
and the state of t			
Secretary and the second	2.5	131.4	(98.1)%
	334.9	523.0	(36.0)%

Total EBITDA was £334.9m, a 36.0% decrease from the prior year of £523.0m and a 15.1% reduction in the continuing business. The decrease in EBITDA from continuing operations has been driven by the reductions in revenue as well as changes in product mix with increases in lower margin areas.

Within the Media Distribution business, EBITDA has reduced by 14.9%, from £384.2m to £327.1m. This has been driven by the lower activity levels on the 700MHz clearance programme as well as lower pricing and channel utilisation on the main DTT multiplexes. EBITDA has also been impacted by increased site costs.

EBITDA for the Group's Smart Utilities Networks business has decreased from £51.7m to £41.8m, a decrease of 19.1%. Whilst revenues in the water metering areas have increased and new contracts won in the prior year have ramped up, this change in product mix impacts margins due to revenues driven by high volumes of low margin device revenues. Further decreases are due to the decrease in the core energy metering contracts.

Other EBITDA comprises costs for the non-revenue generating corporate areas of the business. The decrease in these costs reflects the focus on cost management and transformation following the reorganisation of the business including lower staff costs.

Depreciation has decreased £38.7m in total and £22.9m from the continuing business (2021: £167.9m; 2020: £190.8m). Amortisation has decreased £0.7m in total and £0.6m from continuing operations (2021: £9.7m; 2020: £10.3m). The collective decrease of depreciation and amortisation of 18.1% from continuing operations is driven by a reduction in accelerated depreciation from the prior year period, particularly in connection with assets replaced under the 700MHz clearance programme due to the lower activity in this area as the programme winds down. Accelerated depreciation is expected to further decrease in subsequent years as these programmes and the Group's transformation programme progress.

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Exceptional items charged to operating profit were £25.6m, increased from £15.5m in 2020 in relation to the continuing business. Exceptional costs in the current year predominantly relate to the implementation of changes in the organisational design and structure of the business as well as corporate finance and refinancing costs.

Operating profit has decreased 50.0% (2021: £140.4m; 2020: £281.2m) across the Group and 25.2% in relation to continuing operations (2021: £138.5m; 2020: £185.1m). This decrease is primarily driven by the impacts from the trading performance of the business and increased exceptional expenditure due to projects undertaken in the year, partially offset by the savings in depreciation due to managed lower activity levels on major capital programmes and operating costs savings.

A reconciliation between operating profit and EBITDA is presented below:

Operating profit	140.4	281.2
Exceptional items charged to operating profit	25.6	34.7
Depreciation	168.5	207.2
Amortisation	9.7	10.4
Other Income	(9.3)	(10.5)
Total EBITDA	334.9	523.0
EBITDA from discontinued operations	2.5	131.4
EBITDA from continuing operations	332.4	391.6

Finance costs (net of finance income) were £660.4m, a decrease of 7.6% from £714.9m in 2020. This decrease is predominantly due to the reduced principal debt amounts following the repayment of debt principal and swap portfolio closed out in the year, as well as a reduction in interest on lease obligations following the Telecoms sale. This decrease has been partially offset by the compounding effect of interest on outstanding shareholder loan note principal and accrued interest.

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva successfully completed the sale of its Telecoms business to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. The transaction comprises the divestment of c. 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further c.900 sites across the UK. In the execution of the agreement, the Group has sold six subsidiaries, the largest being Arqiva Services Limited. The Group has recognised a £1,038.3m profit on disposal in exceptional gains for the year. The profit on disposal is recognised net of deferred income generated in relation to future services for TSAs and utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment.

The significant majority of the proceeds have been utilised to repay debt and related recoupon interest rate hedging derivatives. On exit and recouponing of swap arrangements in the year, the Group has recognised £7.6m of losses on the swaps and incurred £55.9m of break costs included in the other gains and losses balance in the income statement. Further losses recognised in the year include £0.8m (2020: £8.1m loss) in relation to foreign exchange movements on foreign denominated debt instruments prior to their settlement in July 2020. A loss of £11.1m (2020: £121.7m gain) is recognised as a result of fair value movements of swaps, principally attributable to the servicing of derivatives and changes in market yields and credit spreads.

Profit before tax for the Group was £442.9m, an increase from a loss of £319.0m in the prior year. From continuing operations, the loss before tax has increased from £400.3m in 2020 to £597.2m in the current year. The profit/loss before tax is reported after non-cash charges of £756.9m (2020: £621.2m) as shown below:

Profit / (loss) before tax	442.9	(319.0)
Depreciation	168.5	207.2
Amortisation	9.7	10.4
Accrued interest on shareholder loan notes	529.8	465.9
Other non-cash financing costs ²	37.0	51.3
Foreign exchange revaluations on financing	0.8	8.1
Fair value movements on derivative financial instruments	11.1	(121.7)
Total non-cash charges	756.9	621.2
Adjusted profit before tax and non-cash charges (including the disposal of the Telecoms business of £1,038.3m)	1,199.8	302.2

Cash Flow

Net cash inflow from operating activities was £398.7m, a 18.5% decrease from £489.0m in 2020. This decrease is driven by the sale of the Telecoms business decreasing total operating profit and related operational cash flows. This has been partially offset by higher working capital inflows. Working capital inflows have increased due to the recognition of one-off deferred income on additional contract liabilities offset by a decrease in accruals following the payment of VAT deferred at 30 June 2020 under the government COVID-19 deferral scheme that has now been fully repaid. Other working capital decreases are due to utilisation of cash received from customers in advance (decreasing deferred income contracts liabilities) and timing of payments.

Capital expenditure on the purchase of tangible and intangible assets has decreased principally owing to decreased expenditure on significant capital projects such as the 700MHz Clearance programme as activity levels continue to wind down following completion of main activities and lower growth capex on towers following the Telecoms disposal. This has been partially offset by increases in maintenance transformation capital expenditure which has increased in the year as the Group continues to deliver its digital transformation across the business.

Net cash inflow from operating activities	398.7	489.0
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets Net capital expenditure and financial investment	(86.1) (86.1)	(115.4) (115.4)
Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment activities	312.6	373.6
Cash Conversion as a % of EBITDA Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment	93.3%	71.4%

² Includes amortisation of debt issues costs, unwinding of discount on provisions, imputed interest and interest on lease liabilities

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Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment activities was £312.6m, a decrease of 16.3% from £373.6m in the prior year. This decrease has been principally driven by the change in the Group's operations following the sale of the telecoms business reducing operating cash flows and working capital movements explained above, partially offset by the reduction in capital expenditure as capital programmes progress. With strong cash conversion levels benefiting from high working capital inflows and continued reductions in capital expenditure following completion of major programmes such as 700MHz Clearance.

The total cash flow for the year was a £133.4m inflow (2020: £89.8m inflow). This increase is owing to the disposal proceeds received on sale of the telecoms business largely offset by the repayment of borrowings and exit of swap arrangements and related costs incurred on deleveraging of the Group, as well as changes in operating cash flows explained above.

Financial Position

Net liabilities were £3,570.3m, representing a decrease of 12.8% from £4,095.1m in the prior year. The net liability position is primarily driven by the capital structure reflecting the shareholder loan notes, borrowings, lease liabilities and derivative financial instruments held, with decreases in these areas as a result of the deleveraging of the Group with the proceeds on the sale of the Telecoms business in July 2020. Our assessment of going concern is set out on page 31.

Financing

The Group established our Whole Business Securitisation ('WBS') structure in February 2013, and since then we have continued to refinance elements of our debt structure further extending our maturity profile.

In July, disposal proceeds from the sale of the Telecoms business were utilised to repay debt and swaps including £550.0m of facilities drawn at the previous year end, £108.0m of senior term debt and £563.5m of senior bonds and notes resulting in a significant deleverage of the Group.

Standard and Poor's and Fitch reconfirmed their rating of Arqiva senior debt at BBB and Fitch and Moody's confirmed the junior rating at B-/B1 respectively.

At 30 June 2021 the Group's debt finance³ comprised:

	< 1 year	1-2years	2-5 years	>5 years	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Facilities drawn	-	-	-	26.1	26.1
Finance lease obligations	21.0	20.7	37.7	27.9	107.3
Senior term debt	-	-	262.0	-	262.0
Senior bonds and notes	56.7	50.1	168.6	488.7	764.1
Junior bonds	~	-	625.0	-	625.0
Shareholder loan notes	-	-	2,148.1	-	2,148.1
Total	77.7	70.8	3,241.4	542.7	3,932.6

Included within the above is £3,351.1m of fixed rate debt and £581.5m of floating rate debt. All debt held at 30 June 2021 is sterling denominated. The Group holds interest rate swaps (including inflation-linked interest rate swaps) to hedge our interest rate exposures. This hedging strategy is employed to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows. The Group does not apply hedge accounting to these swap arrangements.

³ Excluding unamortised debt issue costs and accrued interest

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The Group continues to comply with all financial covenant requirements including the following historic covenant ratio requirements at the senior financing level:

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tile senior financin	g level:	
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To .	- 120	1.55
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To ensure we have sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth the Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements. At 30 June 2021 the Group had a cash balance of £243.5m (2020: £110.1m). The Group carefully manages the credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently spread across a range of major financial institutions, which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The levels of Credit risk are monitored through the Group's on-going risk management processes, which include a regular review of counterparty credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.

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Year end on 9 July 2021, the Group refinanced on over SOMM.	280.0	26.1	250.0
al Facilia		26.1	3.9
in a maturing in 2014 Group refinanced			253,9
"Over some and a commed of	ur hank c		

Post year end on 9 July 2021, the Group refinanced our bank facility and now has access to a £100.0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150.0m Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA between 120 and 130bps. Argiva Financing No.1 Limited (a subsidiary of the Group) is the borrower under these arrangements. Going Concern

The Group meets our day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash generated from our operations. The Group performs a review of going concern through a review of forecasting including cash flow forecasts and considering the requirements of capital expenditure and debt repayments. The Group has sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our current operations, including our contractual and commercial commitments both in terms of capital programmes and financing. For this reason, the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing this financial information.

Following the sale of the Group's Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management has significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they

The Directors have also taken into account the potential implication of the current COVID-19 situation and have determined that given there will continue to be demand for services provided by the Group and the Group has a mixed customer base, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

⁴ 'Cash flow' as defined under the Group's financing common terms agreement, i.e. this is not a GAAP

Key Performance Indicators

The Group uses a combination of financial and non-financial key performance indicators ('KPIs') to measure against our strategic ambitions.

See page 19 for further information on our strategic ambitions:

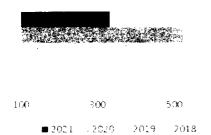
Emancial KPIs

Definition – Revenue is presented as per the financial statements, and in accordance with IFRS 15

Revenue has decreased 28.3% from the prior year for total revenue (2021: £647.2m; 2020: £902.8m) and 5.2% on a continuing operations basis (2021: £642.3m; 2020: £677.5m). Despite revenue growth in the broadcast TV and radio distribution business due to inflation linked contracts, the overall decrease for the year has been driven by the expected reduction throughout the year due to the successful completion of major works on the 700MHz Clearance programme and lower pricing renewals on the main DTT multiplexes. This has been partially offset by new revenues related to use of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and the ramp up of activity on water metering contracts won in the prior year mainly due to the sale of devices.

EBITDA

£m



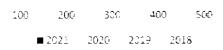
Definition – EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and refers to 'earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation' and includes add-backs for certain items charged to operating profit that do not reflect the underlying business performance. See page 28 for its reconciliation to operating profit.

Total EBITDA has reduced 36.0% and 15.1% from continuing operations (2021: £332.4m; 2020: £391.6m). The reduction in the year has been driven by the decrease in revenues explained above particularly around the 700MHz clearance programme and the product mix with revenue increases driven in lower margin areas. A reduction in corporate costs due to a focus on cost management and transformation including lower staff costs have partially offset the decrease.

Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment

£m





Definition — Operating cash flow after capital investment activities represents the cash generated after spending required to maintain or expand its asset base. This is calculated as the net cash flow from operations minus the net cash flow from capital expenditure and financial investment. See page 29 for its reconciliation to net cash flow from operations.

Cash generated has decreased 16.3% from £373.6m to £312.6m. This has predominantly been driven by the decrease in operations following the sale of the telecom business. The decrease has been partly reduced through a reduction in capital expenditure principally owing to lower expenditure on major capital programmes such as the 700MHz Clearance programme following successful completion of major works partially offset by an increase in expenditure related to the digital transformation programme for the business.

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Non-financial KPIs

700 MHz Clearance Programme

The major activities on the Clearance programme have successfully completed following the completion of the last two clearance events by August 2020

Litilities

The final network milestone for the Smart energy metering contract, BMax (99.5% network coverage), was achieved in December 2020

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	99.99%	99.99%
137 3 347	99.99%	99.98%
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Sw	99.99%	99.99%

Definition – Arqiva strives to provide consistently high service levels and look to manage and monitor the total annual level of network availability across both TV and radio infrastructure as a percentage across all multiplexes

Result – Through careful management Arqiva has consistently been able to achieve excellent levels of network availability

Making Arqiva a great place to work



Definition — The Group takes part in the 'Investors in People' accreditation for which more than 16,000 UK businesses take part.

Result – Arqiva holds an Investor in People Gold award. This is the highest level in the Investors in People Recognition available. The achievement of the Gold award is an outstanding recognition reflecting the commitment and hard work put in by colleagues across the business and commitment to our values, clear focus on individual and team objectives and team objectives aligned with business goals and focus on continuous improvement.

Arqiva has also been awarded an Investors in People 'Health and Wellbeing Good Practice Award' demonstrating our investment in the health and wellbeing of colleagues across the business.

Corporate Responsibility

Doing business the right way and sustainably is vital to Arqiva. Arqiva endeavours to conduct its business in a way that benefits all our stakeholders including customers, suppliers, employees, shareholders and communities in which we operates as well as creating a sustainable future for the business

Our ethics, values and behaviours are weaved through every aspect of what we do.

Charity

Arqiva continues to be a proud supporter of Cancer Research UK (CRUK) recognising them as our national corporate charity. Activities are organised by Charity Champions across our sites with colleagues getting involved in a variety of ways including:

- Participating in an Argiva organised event
- Matched funding if employees participate in any CRUK event
- Taking on a personal challenge

Since the partnership began in 2019, Arqiva and our employees have raised over £60,000 for CRUK. Our partnership also extends beyond just fundraising – it is also about ensuring our colleagues are equipped with the support they may need should they, or their family, be affected by cancer.

Our major corporate sites also provide support to a range of chosen charities in their local communities. These include organisations supporting adults with learning difficulties, homeless people, veterans and local food banks.

We also understand that supporting a charity can be a very personal decision, so our matched funding scheme enables colleagues to fundraise for their chosen local and national charities, from Diabetes UK and the NSPCC to local community projects, children's clubs and sports teams.

Our colleagues are also able to provide support to a charity of their choosing through the 'Give As You Earn' scheme, working in partnership with the Charities Aid Foundation, for which we retained our Bronze Award in 2021. This allows colleagues to get tax relief on donations and the amount provided to charities through this scheme has reached over £100,000 over the past three years.

People - living our purpose

We aim to create a workplace where people feel engaged, energised and respected, where they can do their best, and look after their personal wellbeing, both in and out of work.

Wellbeing

The Group has an ongoing commitment to the health and emotional wellbeing of our people. Argiva runs an annual event focusing on both organisational and personal resilience, which includes wellbeing sessions and training courses. We also have a network of mental health first-aiders, who are equipped to listen without judgement, reassure and respond to colleagues, even in a crisis.

This activity is supplemented by further focused activity aligned with national weeks around mental health and wellness. As well as these specific activities, our colleagues have access to a wealth of support through our Employee Assistance Programme and our partnership with Cancer Research UK.

Health and Safety

Health and safety of individuals is vital, whether in the office or repairing an antenna on a 1,000ft mast. We are committed to complying with applicable health and safety legislation, and to continual improvement in achieving a high standard of health, safety, and welfare in its operations and for all those in the organisation and others

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

who may be affected by its activities. The Group operates a robust integrated management system that is certified to ISO14001, ISO45001, ISO90001 and ISO270001 as well as offering training programmes covering specific skills and general awareness. We have been a driving force in developing the Mast and Tower Safety Group, run our own accredited IOSH Working Safely training scheme for our engineers and we collaborate with the union BECTU on our annual employee safety conference.

Diversity and Inclusion

Valuing diversity and being inclusive is key. Our diversity and inclusion programme ensures we continually focus on what's needed for everyone to feel included and able to perform. We have moved beyond building awareness around unconscious bias and are now supporting colleagues to understand the difference between intent and impact.

Our Diversity Ambassadors have been instrumental in encouraging and engaging other workplace communities. We now have an active Wamen at Argiva network, a Working Families group, and a Neurodiversity network, so we can listen, support and take opportunities to make lasting, tangible changes so our working practices are even more inclusive.

Environment

We continue to be aware of the impact our activities and our infrastructure may have on local communities. We always strive to minimise the impact we make on sites across the country, especially at remote locations with protected wildlife; and we work closely with planning authorities and local communities to find the best acceptable solution for locations of masts and other infrastructure essential to keeping both rural and urban communities connected.

Energy

Given the nature of the Group's activities, Energy consumption is a key area of interest both economically and environmentally. Our energy policy reflects the company's commitments to improving energy efficiency by:

- Reducing energy consumption
- Investing in energy efficient technology; and
- Monitoring carbon emissions

We are always looking at new and innovative ways of driving down our carbon footprint. Responsible management of energy has a key role in minimising environmental impacts and is embedded within Arqiva. We investigate how emerging technologies and ingenious ways of working can help us and our customers become environmentally friendly.

See page 59 in the Directors report for details on our annual emissions.

Waste Management

The nature of our business means that we also have certain responsibilities particular to our industry. For example, as new technologies emerge and legacy equipment is replaced, we look for the most environmentally friendly ways to dispose of redundant hardware. We also consider the environmental risk of every investment made.

Information Security

Due to the critical importance of our sites and systems to the Group, our customers and, in some cases, as Critical National Infrastructure, we take information security very seriously.

We hold certification to ISO/IEC 27001:2013. ISO27001 is an internationally recognised specification for an information security management system (ISMS), a framework of policies and procedures that includes all legal, physical and technical controls involved in an organisation's information risk management processes. This allows us to compete for new business which requires us to demonstrate the robustness of our security controls.

Through independent review and accreditation, supported by internal monthly audits, we continue to confidently demonstrate our commitment to security and secure working practices. We have held this certification since 2013 and recertify every three years with recertification last given in May 2020.

We also hold Cyber Essentials certification. Cyber Essentials is a government-backed, industry-supported scheme to help organisations guard against the most common cyber threats and demonstrate their commitment to security. We have held this certification since 2016 and recertify annually.

Employees

The average number of persons employed by the Group during the year was 1,528 (2020: 1,864). Arqiva recognises the significant contribution of our employees and makes every effort to create a rewarding and engaging work environment.

Our policy is to provide equal opportunities for all employees, irrespective of race, nationality, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, religion or political beliefs, disability or age. Like many engineering-based businesses we recognise that Arqiva has a higher proportion of men than women and we are working to address this with the Employers Network for Equality and Inclusion through our diversity and inclusion programme.

The table below provides a breakdown of the gender of Directors and employees as at 30 June 2021:

Board of Directors	1/8%	11 / 92%
Executive Committee	1 / 14%	6 / 86%
Group Employees	328 / 21%	1,200 / 79%

The Group continues to address training and development requirements for employees at all levels within the organisation. The Board also reviews future management requirements and succession plans on an on-going basis.

The Argiva Employee Board ('AEB') has continued throughout the year. The AEB is a democratically elected Board that acts as a voice for employees across Argiva and provides a clear and direct link between the Group's employees and the Executive Committee. The AEB continues to meet on a monthly basis to discuss key matters such as performance management, or efficiencies and process to develop responsive action plans. Furthermore, the AEB (as well as the Executive Committee) interacts with representatives of BECTU (the Broadcasting, Entertainment, Cinematograph and Theatre Union) regarding employee matters.

The Group's employee forums provide an effective channel for communication and collective consultation across the Group. They play an important role in enabling employees to help the Group manage change effectively. The goals of each forum are to act as the formal consultative body for its part of the business within Arqiva, provide a voice to management on employee issues, initiate and support social activities, and promote consultation and sharing information.

Significant emphasis is placed on employee communication. The Group intranet, 'The Hub', makes information available to employees on all matters including performance, growth, and issues affecting the industry. The embedded values "Ingenious, Straightforward, and Collaborative", continue to form the fundamental basis of all Arqiva business conduct and communication.

Argiva wants all our employees to benefit from our success and growth as a business. The annual bonus scheme recognises the importance of high performance and is designed to reward employees for achieving targets and continuous improvement in overall performance, in line with our values and strategy. The scheme takes into account the targets that have been set by the Group. The Group must achieve a minimum EBITDA and operating cash performance before a bonus becomes payable which is then calculated based on these financial KPIs. The bonus payment for the 2021 financial year is expected to be made in October 2021. In addition, certain members of our senior management participate in a long-term incentive plan which is typically 3 years in duration and is

Annual Report and Financial Statements – Year Ended 30 June 2021

designed to recognise the value of strategic initiatives being undertaken by the Group during the longer-term. As with the annual bonus scheme, the Group must achieve a minimum threshold of financial performance before a bonus becomes payable under the long-term incentive plan which is then calculated based upon the 3-year Group financial KPIs of EBITDA and operating cash performance. All such arrangements are cash-based incentive schemes which operate against documented performance targets and are reviewed at least annually by the Remuneration Committee (which comprises members of the Board of Directors).

Gender Pay Gap

The full annual gender pay gap report is available on the company website. The latest report has shown a mixed picture for the gender pay gap for the reporting period with an improvement in the main but an increase in the median pay gap and includes details on why we have a pay gap, the reasons for the increase in the year and the actions we are taking to address the issue.

Modern Slavery Act

Arqiva is committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in our supply chains or in any part of our business. The supplier Code of Conduct reflects the commitment to acting ethically and with integrity in all business relationships and to implement and enforce effective systems and controls to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place anywhere in our supply chains. The full statement is included on page 40 and is also available on the company website at www.arqiva.com.

Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption

In conjunction with the UK Bribery Act 2010, the Group has adopted a Code of Conduct for employees which incorporates all its anti-corruption policies and procedures. The policies apply to all Arqiva employees employed on both a permanent and temporary basis. The Code of Conduct also sets out the policies and procedures on the giving and receiving of gifts and hospitality.

Taxation

The Group's approach to tax is to ensure compliance with all legal and statutory obligations. Arqiva is committed to maintaining a transparent and constructive working relationship with HM Revenue & Customs and with local tax authorities in the jurisdictions in which we operate. The total contribution to UK tax receipts including business rates and NI paid by both Arqiva and employees, totalled £65.4m for the financial year (2020: £92.6m).

The Arqiva Group is a primarily UK based infrastructure group. There are some trading operations outside of the UK, however these generate less than 1% of operating profit and there are no tax planning activities taken which seek to reduce the Group's UK profits or revenues by transferring revenue or profit out of the UK. The Group's small overseas trading entities deal directly with customers in their area of residence and fulfil their tax requirements in the local jurisdictions.

This report was approved by the Board on XX September 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mike Parton

21 September 2021

Corporate Governance Statement

The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 (the "Regulations"), requires companies that meet certain thresholds to report on the Directors' application of their section 172 duty to promote the success of the Company, as set out in the Companies Act 2006, along with stakeholder and employee engagement.

Section 172 Statement

The Companies Act 2006 sets out a set of general duties owed by directors to a company, including a list of matters to which directors must have regard, which are set out in s.172(1)(a) to (f). During FY21, in continuing to exercise their duties, the Directors have had regard for these matters, as well as other factors, in considering proposals from the Executive Committee and continuing to govern the Company on behalf of our shareholders.

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Stakeholder Engagement Statement

Throughout the year, the Board has continued to ensure engagement with relevant stakeholders both in day to day business and as part of key developments this year such as COVID-19. Examples of the way in which this engagement has taken place are set out in the table below.

Employees	Please see our Employee Engagement Statement below and Corporate
	Responsibility statement (pages 34-37) for full details
Regulatory Bodies	We have good relationships with representatives in all relevant regulatory bodies and engage regularly with Ofcom; the Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS); the Department for Business Enterprise and Industrial Strategy (BEIS), as well as monitoring relevant developments with Ofwat and Ofgem as regulators of customers of our Utilities business, We participate in consultations and consult with government departments and regulators when setting strategy and making decisions that affect industry generally; during the 2021 financial year this has included working closely with regulators during the
	COVID-19 pandemic.
Investors	Quarterly reports to investors are published on our website and available to all; an annual investor call is held, in which we review our annual results and invite questions from investors. We worked closely with our investors in relation to the sale of our Telecoms business to secure their ongoing positions.
Customers	Our relationships with our customers are very important to us, and we maintain regular contact through account managers; Executive Committee members; and

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where appropriate our Chairman. As part of COVID-19 we have sought to understand and support customers who have been affected and ensure

continued delivery of services.

Suppliers Our Procurement team oversees supplier relationship management, with a

category management structure so that employees have relevant expertise for each supplier. We work closely to ensure positive relationships, seeking to agree fair terms and conditions and ensure timely payment, through adherence to and

reporting on the Prompt Payment Code.

Shareholders Shareholder Representatives on the Board report back to shareholders on the

business and take their interests into account when making decisions, while operating in accordance with their Companies Act duties. The Group's corporate governance specifies a number of categories of decision which are Shareholder Reserved Matters, ensuring that the decisions affecting shareholders are subject to necessary regulations of all shareholders. This governance was followed when agreeing and implementing the sale of the Telecoms business and

associated investment decisions.

Stakeholders As part of our infrastructure projects, we engage with planning authorities and

local communities to foster positive relationships. Arqiva's charitable engagement also seeks to support communities local to the areas in which it

operates.

Employee Engagement Statement

1. Information

Regular all company updates are provided to all employees via Arqiva's Hub (intranet) and email updates; Management have conducted company-wide live broadcasts through the year to update employees on performance, strategy and other key developments; with opportunities for employees to ask questions in real time.

2. Consultation

Arqiva has active union representations through the Broadcasting Entertainment Communications and Theatre Union (BECTU); strategic decisions which may affect employees (including business change; pay; and terms and conditions) are discussed with BECTI representatives in advance of action being taken. Similar engagement also takes place with the Arqiva Employee Board (AEB), which is elected by employees, and their feedback and views are taken into account when making decisions affecting the workforce, (for example in setting timescales and the content of communications).

3. Involvement

Employees participate in annual bonus schemes which are based upon performance of the business throughout the year, encouraging employees to contribute to the success of the business. The Group's values of Ingenious and Collaborative encourage new ideas and fostering strong relationships across the organisation, supporting overall performance of the business.

4. Common Awareness

Financial and economic factors affecting the business are described to employees throughout the year during Management broadcasts; regular email communications with business updates and through the Argiva Hub.

Modern Slavery Act: Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement

Overarching Statement

This statement sets out the steps we are implementing to combat slavery and human trafficking. We remain committed to further improving our practices in the future to combat slavery and human trafficking.

Organisation's Structure

We are a communications infrastructure and media services provider, operating at the heart of the broadcast and satellite markets. We're at the forefront of network solutions and services in the digital world. We provide much of the infrastructure behind television, radio and satellite communications in the UK and have a presence in Ireland, mainland Europe, Asia and the USA.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, Arqiva Limited and its subsidiaries, Arqiva Muxco Limited and Arqiva Smart Metering Limited were part of the Arqiva Group with head offices in the UK and over 1,300 employees. We operate in the UK, Europe, Asia and the USA.

Arqiva Limited (including its subsidiaries), Arqiva Muxco Limited and Arqiva Smart Metering Limited each have an annual turnover of in excess of £36 million.

Our Supply Chains

The Arqiva Procurement team works in partnership with our suppliers, ensuring we meet our internal customer needs. The Arqiva values of Ingenious, Straightforward and Collaborative are core to how we interact with suppliers whether a high-volume preferred supplier or one-time only supplier.

We have an exceptionally diverse range of services and goods that are required by the business and sourced by our Procurement team including:

- Transmission Argiva has numerous transmission sites throughout the UK;
- Construction Argiva undertakes a broad range of construction activities from small changes to the construction of new transmission towers;
- Maintenance & Repairs;
- IT software and managed services;
- Satellite Capacity; and
- Corporate facilities (including corporate sites, stationery, recruitment, legal and professional fees).

Our Policies on Slavery and Human Trafficking

We are committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in our supply chains or in any part our business. Suppliers are required to comply with our Supplier Code of Conduct, which reflects our commitment to acting ethically and with integrity in all our business relationships and to implementing and enforcing effective systems and controls to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place anywhere in our supply chains.

Due Diligence Process for Slavery and Human Trafficking

As part of our initiative to identify and mitigate risk we:

- Aim to identify and assess potential risk areas in our own business and our supply chains;
- Try to mitigate the risk of slavery and human trafficking occurring in our business and our supply chains;
- Monitor potential risk areas in our own business and our supply chains;
- Where possible we build long standing relationships with suppliers and make clear our expectations of their business behaviour;
- Expect our suppliers to comply with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and have their own suitable antislavery and human trafficking policies and processes; and
- Encourage the reporting of concerns and support the protection of whistleblowers.

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Supplier Adherence to our Values

We have zero tolerance to slavery and human trafficking. We expect all those in our supply chain to comply with those values and our Supplier Code of Conduct.

Our Procurement team, reporting into our CFO, is responsible for promoting and ensuring compliance with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 as part of our supplier relationships.

Training

To ensure a high level of understanding of the risks of modern slavery and human trafficking in our supply chains and our business, all Directors and members of the Executive Committee have been briefed on the subject and we continue to assess training needs for all relevant members or our staff.

Our Effectiveness in combating Slavery and Human Trafficking

We will use the following key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure how effective we have been to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any part of our business or supply chains:

- Use of robust supplier selection process including supplier questionnaires and compliance with Arqiva's Supplier Code of Conduct; and
- Use of our payroll systems to ensure that purchase orders and payments to suppliers are limited to those who comply with our standards.

Steps taken during the financial year to 30 June 2021

In the past financial year, we have taken the following steps to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in our supply chains, and in any part of our own business:

- a) We have continued to implement a qualification process for all of our suppliers, using our e-procurement system. This process includes background checks and either (a) confirmation of acceptance of the Argiva Supplier Code of Conduct (which covers modern slavery and human trafficking); or (b) demonstration that the Supplier has its own equivalent policies covering modern slavery and human trafficking. Purchase Orders cannot be placed with new suppliers before the confirmation has been given;
- b) The migration to a new version of Oracle financial systems has presented an opportunity to further reduce our number of trading suppliers, and we are working to a pool of approximately 600 suppliers on go-live of the upgraded systems (this figure has reduced from >2,300 in 2018);
- We have introduced a new e-learning system for colleagues, using LinkedIn Learning, which includes content on modern slavery;
- d) We have refreshed our "Speak Up" reporting website and telephone line to enable people to notify concerns. These are overseen by the Internal Audit function and regular updates given to the Group's Audit & Risk Committee.

Statement

This statement is made pursuant to section 54(1) of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and constitutes Argiva Limited, Argiva Muxco Limited and Argiva Smart Metering Limited's slavery and human trafficking statement for the financial year ending 30 June 2021.

Note: The signed statement is available on the Company website at www.arqiva.com

Governance

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Board of Directors and Executive Committee

Ownership

The Company is owned by a consortium of shareholders comprising Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (48%), Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II (25%), plus other Macquarie managed fund (1.5%), Health Super Investments (5.5%), IFM Global Infrastructure Fund (14.8%) and Motor Trades Association of Australia (5.2%). There is no ultimate controlling party of the Company, as defined by (AS 24 'Related parties'.

In accordance with IAS 24, there are two investor companies which are related parties with the Group, by virtue of significant shareholding in the Group:

- Frequency Infrastructure Communications Assets Limited ('FICAL') (48%), a company controlled by Canada Pension Plan Investment Board. The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board is a professional investment management organisation in Toronto which invest the asset of the Canada Pension plan. The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board was incorporated as a federal Crown corporation by an Act of Parliament in December 1997.
- Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II ('MEIF II') (25%), an investment fund managed by the Macquarie Group. Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II is a wholesale investment fund focusing on investments in high-quality infrastructure businesses across Europe. Macquarie Group Limited is listed in Australia (ASX:MQG ADR:MQBKY).

Argiva Board of Directors

The Group's Board of Directors is comprised of ten Directors representing our shareholder consortium as well as two members of the Executive Committee. The following Board members were in office during the year and up to the date of the signing of the annual report and financial statements.

Board Committee Membership

A – Audit and Risk Committee

G – Governance and Nomination Committee

R - Remuneration Committee

O – Operational Resilience

Bold - Committee Chair



Mike Parton, Chairman and Governance and Nomination Committee Chair

Mike brings a wealth of experience from his background in the telecoms and technology industry. Mike started his career as a Chartered Management Accountant, working for a number of UK technology companies including ICL, GEC, STC and Marconi, Mike has held the roles of CEP of Marconi plc. Chairman of Damovo Group and Chairman of Tele2 AB.

In addition to his role at Arqiva, Mike is currently also Chairman of TDC Group and a trustee of a young people's charity, Grit.

A G F



Paul Donovan, Chief Executive Officer

Prior to his appointment to Chief Executive Officer, Paul acted as a non-executive director on the Arqiva Board.

Paul has over 20 years' experience in senior executive roles across the technology, media and telecommunications sectors. Between 2014 and 2016 Paul led the transformation of Europe's leading cinema operator, Odeon and UCI Cinemas Group, ahead of its successful sale to AMC Theatres. Paul's leadership led to innovations in pricing, digital marketing and guest experience which laid the foundations for improvements in business performance and public perception.

Prior to this Paul was CEO of Irish Telecoms Group eir. His background also includes senior executive appointments with a number of significant global organisations including Vodafone, Cable & Wireless, One2One and Optus as well as senior commercial roles at BT, Apple Computers, Coca-Cola and Schweppes Beverages and Mars Inc.



Sean West, Chief Financial Officer

Sean was appointed Chief Financial Officer in September 2019, having joined Arqiva in 2015 as Director of Treasury and Corporate Finance and appointed Interim Chief Financial Officer in May 2019.

Sean has a background in all areas of corporate finance and financing, and as Director of Treasury and Corporate Finance was responsible for all aspects of the Group's capital structure.

Prior to joining Arqiva, Sean held senior corporate finance and treasury positions at the Immediate Capital Group (ICG) and LandSec and brings a wealth of experience across a range of industries and financial markets.

Appointed by IFM Investors and Motor Trades Association of Australia (joint appointment)



Sally Davis, Director and Remuneration Committee Chair

With over 30 years in the TMT sector Sally has held a number of senior product, strategy and chief executive roles including being a former Chief Executive of BT Wholesale, one of four operating divisions of BT. Prior to this, Sally had an early product management career at Mercury Communications before becoming a director at NYNEX during its merger with Bell Atlantic to become Verizon.

Sally is also a Non-Executive Director on the Board of Telenor and is Chairman of Leonard Cheshire.



Appointed by Frequency Infrastructure Communications Assets Limited



Mike Darcey, Director and Operational Resilience Chair

Mike has over 25 years' experience in the technology, media and telecommunications industry with numerous positions held ranging from CEO of News International to COO of British Sky Broadcasting Group. He has also provided strategic advisory services to a range of clients in the media industry.

Mike has served or is currently serving on Boards including Dennis Publishing (UK) Ltd (Chairman), M247 (Chairman), Home Retail Group (Senior Independent Director) and Sky New Zealand (Director). He is also Chairman of British Gymnastics and Senior Expert Advisor to MTM Consulting.

) G



Batiste Ogier, Director

Batiste is a Senior Principal in the Portfolio Value Creation at CPP Investments. He has responsibility for oversight of CPP Investments' global Infrastructure and Power & Renewables portfolios including helping establish each investment's asset management priorities. In his role, Batiste is also a Director on the Board of Renewable Power Capital, a renewable energy investment platform he helped found in 2020 and is Board representative for CPP Investments at Anglian Water. Prior to joining CPP Investments, he was a Director in the Infrastructure team at First State Investments, during which time he was a member of the Supervisory Board of the Coriance Group and a Board representative for FSI at Anglian Water.



Neil King, Director

Neil runs the European infrastructure business at CPP Investment Board. He has over twenty-five years of experience in the infrastructure market, including ten years at 3i as a founding partner in its infrastructure investment business before joining CPPIB in 2015.

Neil is also a Non-Executive director at Interparking S.A., a European car parking business which is in CPPIB's infrastructure investment portfolio.



Peter Adams, Director (alternate)

Peter is a Principal in the Infrastructure group at CPP Investment Board, based in London.

Prior to joining CPP Investment Board in September 2010, Peter was with the Boston Consulting Group, where he advised clients in the U.S., Canada and Europe on strategy and operations.





Nathan Luckey

Nathan was reappointed to the Board on 1 July 2021.

Nathan is a Senior Managing Director in Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets (MIRA), and leads MIRA's Digital Infrastructure team in Europe. Nathan holds a number of non-executive directorship roles for companies within MIRA's investment portfolio. He is a qualified Mechanical Engineer, with expertise across the telecommunications, media, transportation and utilities sectors.



Mark Braithwaite, Director

Mark is a Senior Managing Director in Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets. Mark was previously Chief Financial Officer of Thames Water, the UK's largest water and wastewater services company. Prior to joining Thames Water, Mark was Finance Director of the customer and energy divisions at EDF Energy plc, and before that held a number of senior Finance positions at Seboard plc.

Mark has other non-executive directorship roles for companies within MIRA's investment portfolio and is also a trustee of Leadership through Sport & Business, a UK social mobility and employability charity.

A G F

Appointed by IFM Investors



Christian Seymour, Director

Christian is Head of Infrastructure at IFM Global Infrastructure Fund, responsible for the business expansion in Europe and oversight of IFM's existing European asset portfolio, of which Codan Trust is an investment vehicle.

AGRO



Max Fieguth, Director (alternate)

Max is responsible for asset management of existing investments for IFM Global Infrastructure Fund, as well as supporting the execution of infrastructure transactions. Prior to joining IFM Investors, Max worked as a Consultant in the Operations Practice at McKinsey and prior to that at Bechtel on a number of infrastructure projects. He holds a Masters in Mechanical Engineering from Imperial College London, an MBA from INSEAD and is a Chartered Engineer with the Institution of Mechanical Engineers in the UK.

Independent Board Advisor



Frank Dangeard, Independent Board Advisor and Audit and Risk Committee Chair

Frank Dangeard resigned as a Director on 1 July 2021. He still attends Board and Audit and Risk Committee meetings as an Independent advisor to the Board.

In the telecom, media and technology sector, Frank has held various positions at Thomson S.A., including Chairman & CEO, and was Deputy CEO of France Telecom. He served on the boards of SonaeCom and Orange, and was Deputy Chairman of Telenor. He is currently of NortonLifeLock (ex-Symantec, US) and is on the board of HIS (Cayman). In the financial sector, he was a Managing Director of SG Warburg and Chairman of SG Warburg France. He served on the boards of Crédit Agricole CIB and Home Credit. He is currently on the board of NatWest Group (UK), and Chairman of NatWest Markets (UK). Frank also held board positions at EDF, RPX and various listed and non-listed companies in Europe, the US, India and the Middle-East.

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Executive Committee

(also includes the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer on pages 44)



Shuja Kahn Chief Commercial Officer

- Joined Arqiva in January 2020 as Chief Operating Officer, moving to Chief Commercial Officer role in July 2020.
- 20 years in leadership roles within telecoms, media and broadcasting. Most recently Chief Commercial Officer at Cable and Wireless
- Other senior positions at Liberty Global.



Vivian Leinster Chief People Officer

- Joined **Argiva** in June 2020
- Extensive experience in people, organisation and cultural changes.
- Previous positions including Chief People Officer at MS Amlin and Bupa UK.



Alex Pannell Executive Director, Commercial Broadcast and Utilities

- Joined Arqiva in 2012, appointed to the Executive Committee in 2018 within the Satellite and Media business.
- Previously Director in BT Wholesale.
- Other previous positions at Concert Communications.



Adrian Twyning Chief of Operations

- Joined Arqiva in March 2021 with experience in energy, retail, health construction and professional services.
- Previously Director of Transformation at Dixons Carphone
- Other senior positions at British Gas and Brighton and Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust



Clive White Chief Technology and Transformation Officer

- Joined Arqiva in April 2018.
- Previous transformation positions at RSA, Lloyds Banking Group, Accenture, AT&T Global Network and BSkyB.

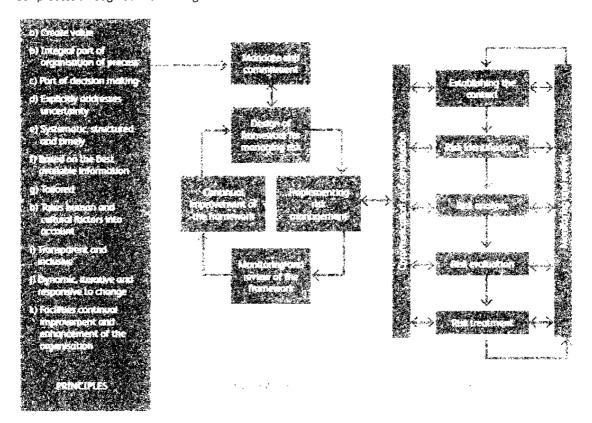
Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Arqiva's approach to risk management is as follows:

- Arqiva recognises that the effective management of risk is essential to achieve our business objectives
- Arqiva adopts an Enterprise Risk Management ('ERM') approach, which is recognised as 'best practice' for top performing companies
- Managing risk is a core responsibility of management at all levels and is a key component of governance and compliance
- Arqiva aims to embed risk management principles into the culture of the organisation

Enterprise wide management of risk is important for Arqiva to meet our corporate objectives and for us to protect future competitive advantage. The strategic importance of risk management is recognised by top performing companies and is an important part of good corporate governance. Arqiva subscribes to the Enterprise Risk Management approach to managing our risk profile.

Arqiva has adopted ISO31000 as its Enterprise Risk Management standard and ISO Guide 73 terminology. Arqiva has also adopted the ISO 27000 series for Information Security including ISO/IEC 27005 for Security Risk Management which operates within the Arqiva ERM Framework. Our statements and principles are linked to our process through our risk management framework.



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The Executive Committee has responsibility for maintaining and updating their line of business risk register which includes utilising the standardised approach to risk assessment and risk monitoring. The Group's centralised Internal Audit and Risk function provides training and support to ensure risks are captured effectively and on a timely basis. The Audit and Risk function works with the Chief Executive Officer to review and consolidate the most significant business risks into a corporate risk register for scrutiny at quarterly Executive Committee and Audit and Risk Committee meetings. The Executive Committee takes recommendations for ensuring the risk management framework remains effective going forward.

Business Management:

First defence is the day to day controls and processes put in place by management to identify risks and develop mitigating actions.

Senior Executive Management

Quarterly review of the corporate risk register to include review of risk management policies, setting of risk appetite, monitoring compliance and reporting of significant risks to the Board of Directors.

Audit and Risk function / Audit

...............................

Independent business assurance provided over the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls and processes, and the effectiveness of the risk management framework.

Management has identified the following risks as the most significant business risks affecting the Group, presented together with identified mitigating actions.

The COVID 19 health pandemic is a risk to demand and operational capabilities

Arqiva maintains regular dialogue with customers and other stakeholders with regard to impact of the pandemic.

Management continue to review the working capital and liquidity facilities available to the Group. Arqiva maintains an operational Resilience team who monitor latest restrictions and guidelines from the Government. Business Continuity Plans are established for each key site and business area.

Discounts to local commercial radio customers have been extended during the year to continue to support these customers through the COVID-19 pandemic.

Financial liquidity is continually monitored and reviewed with regard to available facilities for the Group. Post year end in July 2021, the Group has renegotiated our available facilities with a new £100.0m facility available until 2025.

Business Continuity Plans have continued to be enacted with sites adhering to government COVID secure guidelines. Alternative working arrangements and technology to support these arrangements have been enacted to enable the continued provisions of the Group's services and safe working conditions for employees.

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Carlotte Water	•
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Bad publicity damages Arqiva's reputation and customer and business partner confidence and its ability to do business as a result of:

- A major event or incident impacting ours services;
- Untimely delivery on major projects;
- Repeated unexpected service outages;
- Security breach or cyber attack on networks; or
- Major network or equipment failure or obsolescence or inability to configure to comply with information security standards

Arqiva carefully engages with our customers to ensure that project milestones are carefully managed and management regularly reviews the progress of all projects.

Through continuous measurement of operational KPIs and addressing shortfalls in performance through process excellence the risk around service reliability is carefully managed

The Group has in place a crisis management plan for public relations and external communications to provide support should there be any major events. This is regularly monitored and reviewed. Cyber-attacks and trends in this area are continually monitored.

The Group continues to invest in our infrastructure.

tisk of incident causing teath or serious injury are required on an annual basis for field employees, and rescue kits are provided.

tisk of mental health such such saids are sult of reviews our policy on workplace ignificant organisational hanges

Arqiva maintains and regularly reviews our policy on workplace safety and site security.

Developments in alternative broadcast broadcast technologies, which UK compete against the DTT cort transmission business; or the evolution of DAB variagainst Arqiva's existing adainst Arqiva's existing adainalogue radio sort ransmission business. You Technical refresh in verification were machine-to-machine promarkets impacting togother togot

DTT retains the largest share of broadcast transmission in the UK, and IPTV remains constrained by limited high speed broadband uptake and variable reliability levels. In addition, Arqiva has mitigated some of this risk by investing in YouView TV Limited, a joint venture formed to develop and promote the DTT platform together with involvement in Freeview Play.

Arqiva has continued to achieve our target result for 'network availability', achieving over 99%.

The Group has completed the 700MHz programme during the year ahead of schedule.
The Group maintains ISO27001 certification regarding information security and holds periodic reviews of the security environment and training to employees.

The Business Continuity Group continues to meet regularly and will test and roll out the Disaster Recovery Plan.

There has been continued capital expenditure in the year to improve infrastructure.

The Group has continued with our digital transformation programme with Finance transformation and implementation of a new Oracle ERP system and IT service portal during the year.

Arqiva has maintained compliance with OHSA518001 regarding safety management.

Mental health and wellness continue to be of focus. Arqiva runs annual events focusing on personal resilience including wellbeing sessions and training courses. The Group also has a network of mental health first aiders across the organisation.

Arqiva remains in dialogue with relevant stakeholders for the review into timeframes for full analogue switchover. Upgrades to our DAB network in recent years mean Arqiva continues to be in a strong position to support future switchover.

The new strategic priorities of the Group for the next 10 years put a focus on the sustainable future of the business including the development of solutions for new and emerging sectors to make the

Change in government plans, policy or priorities could lead to unforeseen changes in scope on major engineering programmes and licencing.

Information, networks and

systems infrastructure may

security threats leading to

impacting the operational

infrastructure supporting

key operational processes

The scale and complexity

inherent risk of unforeseen delays through the supply

of Argiva's major

programmes bear an

chain and therefore

challenges to delivery.

be subjected to cyber

a loss or corruption of

data, penalties and

capacity of Argiva.

Critical transmission

could fail leading to

operational outages.

structures or IT

Arqiva maintains regular dialogue with our stakeholders to ensure the delivery of our programmes are efficient, timely and to specification. Where specification changes occur, Arqiva provides a detailed assessment of the potential costs of the scope change and seeks an informed recovery of these costs through mechanisms in our contracts.

Arqiva's assets and operations remain predominantly in the UK and therefore our business has minimal exposure to the changing relationships with international markets.

Additionally, we expect the infrastructure Arqiva provides to continue to be demanded and that these services evolve as markets and consumer tastes evolve.

The Group maintains an ISO270001 certification regarding information security, which includes Cloud Security Services. Employee training on information security is mandatory and quarterly reviews are undertaken by external consultants to examine the robustness of the security environment.

Arqiva ensures data is regularly backed up and Business Continuity Plans have been established for each key site and each business area. A Business Recovery Working Group meets regularly to stress test these plans and continually review the Group's approach to disaster recovery and operational resilience.

Arqiva maintains a robust oversight of the delivery of our major programmes. This includes identifying the key personnel and resources required for delivery and working closely with its suppliers and customers to

most of our infrastructure and expertise.

Arqiva has successfully agreed scope and change requests on our smart energy metering programme with our customer demonstrating the customer's continued focus on network roll out.

Arqiva has continued engagement with Ofcom regarding licensing arrangements.

Debt markets have continued to be monitored for accessibility and open dialogue maintained with ratings agencies. Evolving commercial negotiations are closely monitored.

Arqiva has implemented detection and prevention solutions on networks.

Arqiva has continued to pass our quarterly security reviews and has consequently retained ISO certification.

Communication and training have been maintained with employees to ensure awareness of potential cyber security threats.

Site inspections are completed with a focus on older sites and structural maintenance plans have been implemented.

Business Continuity Plans have been enacted through the COVID-19 pandemic with keyworks on sites able to continue the seamless delivery of our operational services whilst adhering to COVID secure workplace guidelines.

Arqiva has completed the 700MHz Clearance programme during the year in line with contractual milestones.

The Group's smart metering communication network in the North of England and Scotland

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Customer relationships

operations and project

if there were significant

skills and knowledge

competitive position.

unique to Arqiva's

loss of people with critical

delivery could be damaged



ensure that these requirements are sufficiently available.

Arqiva recognises the importance of our people and seeks to make Arqiva a rewarding and enjoyable place to work. The Group operates a competitive annual bonus plan for all employees and a long-term incentive plan for our leadership team. Additionally,

the Group operates formal

retention and succession planning in knowledge-critical

areas of the business.

now covers 99.5% of premises. Arqiva continues to support the DCC on the meter roll out programme.

Arqiva has continued to focus on supporting individuals with increased support and training for new managers and emerging talent.

Regular meetings are held to identify critical issues and ensure timely intervention. Retention plans have continued to be implemented for key individuals particularly through significant organisational changes that have taken place across the workforce in the year.

Details of the financial risks and details of mitigating factors are set out in the Directors' report on pages 61-62.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Arqiva Group Limited ('AGL'), registered company number 05254001, ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") submit the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements ("the financial statements") in respect of the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Company is a holding company with an investment in a group of operating companies, financing companies and other holding companies.

The Directors' report for the Company is set out on page 130.

Wates Corporate Governance Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2021, under The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018, Arqiva has applied the Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies (as published by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) in December 2018 and available on the FRC website).

Companies are able to adopt the Wates principles as an appropriate framework when making a disclosure regarding corporate governance arrangements. We have adopted the disclosure in our 2021 Annual Report and Financial Statements and we set out below how the principles have been applied over the past year.

PRINCIPLE ONE - PURPOSE AND LEADERSHIP – An effective board promotes the purpose of a company, and ensures that its values, strategy and culture dup with that purpose

Purpose/focus and activities during the year.

The divestment of the Group's Telecoms business was successfully completed in early July 2020. Subsequently, the focus of the Board and Executive Committee during the year has been to lead Arqiva through an uncertain Covid 19 period and to re-set the business' purpose with a particular emphasis on its core broadcast, media networks and utilities businesses and its customers. The following items were the key areas of focus during the year:

Item	Summary
Headline purpose and strategy matters	The development of a new and updated purpose for Arqiva – which is "Enabling a switched-on world to flow" – and also the Vision 2031 work which has brought our purpose, our vision and our strategy together has been the focus for building a sustainable future for Arqiva. The Board has overseen these matters alongside the development and adoption of a detailed and robust long-term plan for the business with appropriate cost and investment assumptions which now underpin the business. This was the first long-term plan for the 'new' business, following the divestment of the Telecoms business to Cellnex which was completed in July 2020.
Capital structure	Following the divestment of the Telecoms business to Cennex which was completed in July 2020. Following the divestment of the Telecoms business, the Board has overseen a restructuring of its capital structure through the repayment of a significant portion of its external debt and also the rationalisation of its derivatives positions associated with that debt. An indicative credit upgrade was confirmed by the rating agencies at the end of the year.
Customers	Arqiva is a smaller and less complex business post the Telecoms divestment, and the Board has sought to ensure senior engagement with key customers and stakeholders to cement working relationships, share Arqiva's new purpose and to open up further opportunities for collaboration.
	In addition, a significant customer engagement survey was carried out in May 2021. This provided valuable insights in to Arqiva's performance, what it needs to do to maintain its position in certain areas, and what it needs to do to prepare for the future.

Integrated organisation	The Board has overseen the implementation of an integrated organisational design whose purpose is to more directly and effectively serve our customers and ensure alignment across our functions with the business' purpose and direction.
People & Culture	A particular focus has been on ensuring the right levels of skills and experience amongst our employees which was important to deliver Arqiva's new purpose in the new organisational design. The Board has overseen a company wide restructuring and redundancy programme which was carried out during the year. This resulted in a significant number of changes in the employee mix — with a number of individuals leaving the business, others being successful in being appointed to new roles, and also a significant recruitment exercise to fill vacant roles.
	A new senior leadership group was formed in the summer of 2020. This group has benefitted from significant investment through personal and leadership development activities throughout the year. The leadership group has been key to certain Culture transformation initiatives over the course of the year and bringing to fruition a target culture blueprint for the business.
	In addition, the implementation of our post-pandemic "Work. Life. Smarter." practices has started and will continue to be rolled out. The intention is to enable a migration to a hybrid home/office working model for our people.
Operational performance	The operational performance of the business has been closely monitored by the Board as part of the regular Board meeting agendas. In particular, the impact of Covid 19 on the performance of the business has been considered on a more frequent basis, and the relevant operational risks associated with Covid 19 continue to be carefully managed. In addition, the global component shortage has had an impact on meter supply schedules and this has been frequently considered by the Board and senior management.
Governance	A number of appointments/changes have been made to the Group's executive committee during the year. In addition to the business' new integrated organisational design, a number of improvements and updates have been made to the business' internal governance structures and delegated authorities.
Covid 19	The principal aims of the Board in its response to the ongoing Covid 19 pandemic were to ensure the safety of its employees and assist individuals with the evolving lockdown situations and 'working from home' realities, and also maintain operational capability and delivery to the Group's customers. In addition, the Board continued to oversee the Group's engagement with its most affected and key customers.
Transformation	The Board has continued to oversee the programme to upgrade the Group's IT, systems and processes to enhance operational capability and bring efficiencies to the Group's operations.

Values and culture

Arqiva's values are embedded throughout the organisation, and adherence to them forms part of employees' performance reviews and reward structure. Independent surveys of both employee and customer engagement are undertaken. Engagement with BECTU is described under Principle 6 (Stakeholders) below. The Group's People & Culture team monitors absenteeism rates and processes are also in place to encourage and monitor exit interviews. These form part of matters reported upon to the Operational Resilience Committee, which reports in to the Board.

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PRINCIPLE TWO - BOARD COMPOSITION - Effective board composition requires an effective chair and a balance of skills, backgrounds, experience and knowledge, with individual directors having sufficient capacity to make a valuable contribution. The size of a board should be guided by the scale and complexity of the company.

Chair

The Group's corporate governance structure creates a clear separation between the role of the Chair and that of the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chair (who is independent of the Group's Shareholders) is a highly experienced business executive having held many senior executive roles in the technology and telecoms sectors. The Chair has actively encouraged open debate and discussion in the appropriate forums including main Board meetings which are scheduled to take place at least six times per year, and also at Board sub-committee meetings (those committees being the Audit & Risk Committee, Nominations & Governance Committee, Operational Resilience Committee, Capital Structure Committee and the Remuneration Committee).

Balance and diversity

The Board has deep and relevant experience which has provided invaluable external industry input to assist more effective decision-making in relation to a number of key matters brought before the Board. The Group operates in a number of diverse and complex markets which require the Board to have a detailed understanding of the relevant sector in order to arrive at informed decisions.

Arqiva is actively working with Inclusive Employers in relation to diversity and inclusion. The Group recognises that there is further work to do in this area and continues to promote relevant initiatives. Page 36 of the Annual Report provides a breakdown of the gender of Directors and employees.

Size and structure

The size and structure of the Board remains under periodic review so that it is best organised to meet the needs and challenges of the Group. In terms of Board size, a balance has been struck between ensuring Shareholders are adequately represented via their nominated Directors but also identifying directors with relevant industry experience to be appointed together with the Group's CEO and CFO (see pages 43-47 of the Annual Report for full details of the composition of the Board of Directors and Senior Executive Management). Whilst Frank Dangeard, Mike Darcey and Sally Davis all originally joined Arqiva as independent non-executive directors, each of them were also Shareholder directors representing Macquarie, CPPIB and MTAA/IFM respectively in the year to 30 June 2021.

We acknowledge that there is a relative lack of diversity on the Board. As part of the new appointments to the Senior Leadership groups, improvements have been made to broaden diversity and this will continue in the future.

Effectiveness

The Group undertook an extensive Board effectiveness/evaluation exercise in December 2020 using an external online platform together with relevant diagnostics, and the results of the exercise were considered and discussed at a meeting of the Nominations & Governance Committee and the Board of directors in February 2021. The key action recommendations from the exercise included the following:

- Arqiva's sustainability activities should be an increasing priority that form part of the company's value creation and strategic objectives.
- Diversity & inclusion and sustainability matters will be a more prominent agenda item at relevant committee meetings and also at the Board twice a year from FY22 onwards.
- Succession planning and talent review matters will be regular agenda items for the Nominations & Governance Committee.
- The composition of the Board (and/or the potential for a Board observer or external advisor) would be kept under review to ensure the right breadth of experience and input at the Board.
- An increased focus by the Audit & Risk Committee in appraising strategic risk factors and whistleblowing matters.

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PRINCIPLE THREE - DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES — A notard should have a clear understanding of its accountability and terms of reference. Its policies and procedures should support effective decision-making and independent challenge.

The Board has a programme of six principal meetings every year, with additional meetings arranged for key projects, strategic matters or circumstances such as Covid 19, as may be required.

Accountability

Decisions which are within the remit of the Board or Shareholders are set out in a Shareholders' Agreement (as Board Reserved Matters and Shareholder Reserved Matters). There is a comprehensive Delegation of Authority policy which sets out the responsibilities that are delegated to the Executive and those decisions which must be made at Board or Shareholder level. This policy was updated and a revised policy brought to the June 2021 Board meeting for approval. Typically, Board or Shareholder Reserved Matters are raised at regular Board meetings and written resolutions are obtained where otherwise required.

A Conflicts of Interest paper is maintained and regularly updated with details of Board or Shareholder conflicts. Any conflicts which may compromise independent decision making would be raised by the Company Secretary at the relevant Board meeting; a Director having a conflict is not entitled to discuss or vote on the relevant matter, or to count in the quorum.

Committees

Five Board sub-Committees have been instituted. Pages 63-64 of the Annual Report provides an overview and description of each of the Board sub-Committees comprising: Audit & Risk, Remuneration Committee, Nominations & Governance and Operational Resilience. The Capital Structure Committee was established in summer 2020, principally to oversee and recommend the activities associated with the restructuring of Arqiva's capital structure through the repayment of a significant portion of its external debt and also the rationalisation of its derivatives positions associated with that debt. The Capital Structure remains in place, its core focus being the consideration and optimisation of Arqiva's capital structure. The Board sub-Committees promote effective decision making and greater accountability and focus in relation to each of the areas covered by the respective Board sub-Committees.

Integrity of information

The Board receives regular reports from the Executive and Senior Management on key matters for which the Board has responsibility, including strategic projects; comprehensive financial reporting; key customer and regulatory matters; updates on operational resilience (including physical and cyber security as well as health and safety and environmental issues); details of major bids and performance of key contracts and market issues faced by the Group as well as developments in technology and regulation.

The Group uploads papers to a board portal for ease of review and administration. Other than in exceptional cases papers are submitted in advance and taken as read at Board meetings, allowing any presentations to focus on highlighting key issues, discussion and dealing with questions. The Chairs of each of the Board Committees are aware of the importance of their position and during FY20 they have each met (virtually) with key employees of the Group to build relationships and gain direct access to those dealing with the day to day business of the Group.

PRINCIPLE FOUR - OPPORTUNITY AND RISK — A Board should promote the long-term sustainable success of the company by identifying opportunities to create and preserve value and establishing oversight for the identification and mitigation of risks

Opportunity

The Group's Board maintains a focus on how the Group creates and preserves value over the long-term which is principally achieved through a well-developed strategic and long-term planning process. The Board keeps its strategy under review which provides a forum to present future business opportunities. Appropriate governance mechanisms are in place to ensure that new business opportunities above a certain value are considered and approved by the Board.

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Risk

The Group has a well-developed risk management process in place and continues to utilise its an online risk assessment tool, which is used throughout the business (which is described on pages 49 of the Annual report). The Group's Audit and Risk function works with the Chief Executive Officer to review and consolidate the most significant business risks into a corporate risk register for scrutiny at quarterly Executive Committee and Audit & Risk Committee meetings.

Argiva's key operational risks and mitigations are outlined in detail on pages 51-52 of the Annual Report.

Responsibilities

The Group has adopted the Enterprise Risk Management approach to managing its risk which has been approved by the Group's Audit & Risk Committee. This incorporates an internal control framework clearly defining roles and responsibilities of those involved. Responsibilities include the following:

- The Group's Executive Committee takes recommendations for ensuring the risk management framework remains effective going forward;
- Processes are in place for managing the principal risks and uncertainties;
- The internal control framework (described on page 49 of the Group's annual report) confirms that there is a monitoring and review process in place to evaluate risks at both business unit and Board level.

<u>PRINCIPLE FIVE - REMUNERATION -</u> A hour a should promote executive remuneration structures aligned to the long-term sustainable surcess of a company, taking into account pay and conditions elsewhere in the company.

Remuneration

A consistent approach has been adopted in setting the level and structure of remuneration in relation to each member of the Executive Committee to secure appropriate and fair levels of remuneration. Benchmarking and advice from external remuneration consultants is obtained. Remuneration comprises of a number of elements including base salary, an annual bonus and a long-term incentive plan.

Page 37 of the Group's annual report provides more detail and explains how remuneration is structured to recognise high performance reward for achieving targets in line with the Group's sustainable success and values. This aligns with remuneration arrangements for the remainder of the organisation where every employee's remuneration is made up of a combination of base salary and annual bonus (which, again, is linked to personal performance and achieving financial targets in line with the Group's objectives). Following a review of the Group's remuneration structures by the new Chief People Officer, initiatives in the year to 30 June 2021 have included new approaches to reward and incentives that underpin future cost savings while ensuring transparency and alignment with shareholder objectives.

Policies

The Group has delegated remuneration matters to the Remuneration Committee (which is a committee of the Board). The Remuneration Committee operates in accordance with documented terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee is committed to take into account the pay and employment conditions of the Group's wider workforce when making recommendations in relation to Executive pay.

The Group's bonus and long-term incentive plans are documented in writing and reviewed at least annually by the Remuneration Committee and any payments made operate against documented performance targets.

In addition, the Remuneration Committee considers the company wide annual pay increase on an annual basis. As part of this process, the Remuneration Committee will assess increases against certain criteria including taking into account other comparative pay metrics in the industry, discussions held with BECTU, the existing and future financial capacity of the business, and also aligning with the long term sustainable success of the company. In the year to 30 June 2021, annual pay negotiations were concluded with BECTU with agreement to go to a ballot of its members. This occurred in early July 2021 and agreement was reached on the business' proposals.

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<u>PRINCIPLE SIX - STAKEHOLDERS</u> - A board has a responsibility to oversee meaningful engagement with material stukeholders, including the workforce, and have regard to that discussion when taking decisions. The board has a responsibility to foster good stakeholder relationships hased on the company's purpose.

Stakeholders

The Group's key Stakeholders include its employees; customers; suppliers; debt investors; Shareholders; pensions trustees; and regulatory and government bodies including Ofcom, DCMS and BEIS. Senior Management and the Strategy and Regulatory team work closely with industry and lobby groups and representatives of the various regulatory bodies, and the Board is regularly briefed informally and formally on developments. The value of good relationships with local communities, in the context of planning requirements for example, is understood and focus is given to fostering these relationships. The Group provides reports to investors and creditors as part of its listed debt obligations and conducts regular investor calls which give the opportunity for debt investors to raise questions with the Group. The Group's procurement operations function actively undertakes reviews of its supplier base and to enhance its best practice in this field.

Workforce

Arqiva communicates to its employees through regular email newsletters, updates over email directly from the CEO and local messaging from the Executive Management. The CEO and Executive Management have also conducted small listening groups in person where possible. However, due to the Covid 19 pandemic, the use of live broadcasts and presentations streamed online (rather than roadshows) has continued and this has been well received by employees. This has been done alongside interactive question functionality which enables a live dialogue with the workforce. Individual video interviews with members of the Executive Management have also been published on the Arqiva intranet. During the Covid 19 pandemic in particular, the Executive Management team has been the principal conduit through which the Board has been able to assess workforce considerations and related views for the purposes of their decision making processes.

The Group has active union representation from BECTU, as well as an elected Employee Board, and employee forums throughout the different functions. The People & Culture team work closely with each of these bodies, consulting on any proposed changes to terms; policies and processes; as well as seeking feedback on workplace morale, culture and issues of concern or interest to the workforce. In the year to 30 June 2021, due to the company wide restructuring and redundancy programme, the interaction between Arqiva, its Employee Board and BECTU has been heightened. A constructive and pro-active dialogue was swiftly established between the parties and a constructive relationship has been cemented as a result.

External impacts

The Group's Corporate Responsibility statement sets out, on pages 34-37 of the Directors' Report, a description of the Group's focus areas used to ensure that it acts responsibly, ethically and safely, from a Corporate; Community; Employee; and Business perspective. The statement also includes a summary of the Group's approach to environmental factors.

Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR)

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period 1	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020 (Restated)*	
July 2020 to 30 June 2021	30 Julie 2021	30 Julie 2020 (Nestateu)	
July 2020 to 30 Julie 2021			
Energy consumption used to	222 257 750	200 292 567	
calculate emissions (kWh)	222,357,758	290,282,567	
Energy consumption break down (kWh):			
Gas	2,055,282	2,207,196	
Electricity	215,261,826	279,439,417	
Transport fuel	5,040,650	8,635,954	
Scope 1 emissions in metric tonnes TCO2	Δ		
Gas consumption	376	406	
Owned transport (fleet)	1,120	1,557	
Total Scope 1	1,496	1,963	
Scope 2 emissions in metric tonnes TCO2	<u>e</u>		
Purchased electricity			
Market Based	639		
Location Based	46,471	65,148	
Scope 3 emissions in metric tonnes TCO2	е		
Business travel in employee owned vehicles / hire	129	387	
verneres y time			
Total gross emissions in metric tonnes TC	O2e		
Market Based	2,264	-	
Location Based	48,096	67,498	
ntensity Ratio			
	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
Intensity ratio of Total TCO2e / £m revenue – market-based method	3.49	-	
Intensity ratio of Total TCO2e / £m revenue – location-based method	74.31	74.76	

^{*} Prior year balances have been restated to take into account bills received for the 2020 financial year after the signing date of the prior year financial statements.

Energy Efficiency Action taken

Video conferencing capability has been vastly improved through the introduction of more stable software and efficient technology enabling the opportunity from working from the home environment a more sustainable option negating the need for business travel and personal commuting.

LED lighting has continued to be deployed in both office and meeting room refurbishments across the corporate and technical estate.

A significant proportion of the reduction in electricity consumption is attributable to the sale of the telecoms division to Cellnex, however a number of energy efficiencies were identified during the COVID -19 pandemic in

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particular reducing office heating, lighting and maintenance obligations across the estate reducing business travel.

Argiva continue to purchase over 99% of its energy consumed in the transmission networks and buildings (office and technical) from renewable energy supplies supported by REGO certification

Quantification and Reporting Methodology

Our electricity consumption data for the financial year is taken from billing data received plus an estimate has been made for bills still to be received in respect of the 2021 financial year as at the date of these financial statements

Emissions figures include costs that are passed through to customers but are not disclosed separately within these financial statements.

Our Carbon accounting methodology is based on the following guidance:

- Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard World Resources Institute
- 2021 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.
- Environmental reporting Guidelines 2019 (including streamlined energy and carbon reporting guidance)
 March 2019

Directors Report

Financial Risk Management

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Group have been outlined previously in this report (see pages 48-52). As a result of these, as well as the on-going business activities and strategy of the Group, Arqiva is exposed to variety of financial risks that include financing risk, purchase price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

The key financial risks affecting the Group are set out below, together with a summary of how these risks are managed.

The Group will need to refinance at least part of our debt as it matures and may need additional financing to cover capital expenditure and certain other expenses to support its growth plans. The Group cannot be certain that such financing will be readily available on attractive or historically comparable terms.

The Group mitigates this risk by the strength of the stable long-term investment grade capital structure in place. Our BBB ratings reflect our string ability to service and repay debt from our cash flows over a reasonable period of time, maintaining debt with a variety of medium and long term maturities, so that over time we do not have a significant concentration of debt due for refinancing in any given year, and aiming to refinance debt well in advance of the maturity date.

Breach of debt covenants and/or a downgrade in our rating could impact the availability of finance or the comparability of terms.

With regards to covenants the Group maintains financial covenant monitoring and modelling, both retrospectively and prospectively and maintains regular dialogue with credit ratings agencies.

Energy is a major component of the Group's cost base and is subject to price volatility. A large proportion of this risk is managed via passthrough arrangements to customers. The Group's residual exposure to fluctuations in the electricity price is managed by forward purchasing the majority of power requirements. Key revenue and cost milestones are set on larger projects to ensure the financial risks of volatile market pricing are mitigated.

The Group is exposed to credit risk on customer receivables.

Credit risk is managed through appropriate credit checking procedures prior to taking on new customers; and higher risk customers paying in advance of services being provided. Performance is closely monitored to ensure agreed service levels are maintained reducing the level of queried payments and mitigating the risk of uncollectible debts.

The Group is exposed to counterparty risks in its financing operations.

The Group carefully manages the credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently spread across a range of major financial institutions which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit ratings agencies. The levels of credit risk are monitored through the Group's on-going risk management processes, which include a regular review of the credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.



Ensuring the Group has sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth and funding for the Defined Benefit pension scheme.

The Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements. As at 30 June 2021 the Group had £243.5m cash available and £250.0m of liquidity facilities available to cover senior interest payment if required. This facility was refinanced to a £150m facility shortly after the reporting date together with a £100m working capital facility. The Group also has a £30.0m facility to support 'Comms Hub Receivables Purchasing'. The Board considers the availability and adequacy of working capital funding requirements in conjunction with forming its long-term financial plan for the business.

Exposure to interest rate risk due to borrowing variable rate bank debt.

The Group uses derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to rising interest rates. The Group maintains a hedging policy to manage interest rate risk and to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows and compliance with debt covenants. The derivative contracts held are fixed rate hedging, split between interest rates and inflation-linked swaps. The Group has, however, elected not to apply hedge accounting meaning gains and losses are recognised through the income statement as fair values fluctuate (2021: £11.1m loss: 2020: £121.7m gains). Interest rate swaps convert variable rate interest costs to fixed rate interest costs while inflation-linked swaps convert fixed or floating rate interest costs to RPIlinked costs, which fluctuate in line with the RPI index as do a significant proportion of the Group's revenue contracts.

The Group operates from UK sites and predominantly in the UK market. While some customer and supplier contracts are denominated in other currencies (mainly US Dollars and Euros), the majority of the Group's revenues and costs are sterling based, and accordingly exposure to foreign exchange is limited.

Management regularly monitors the impact of foreign exchange risks and assess the need to put any mitigating financial instruments in place. During the year the Group fully repaid its US Dollar denominated private placements notes and closed out the related cross currency swaps. No foreign currency denominated debt was held at 30 June 2021.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Internal control over financial reporting

The Board of Directors review the effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal control, including risk management systems and financial and operational controls (see page 48).

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee includes representation from the Board of Directors. Frank Dangeard stood down as a non-executive director of Arqiva Group Limited and relevant group companies with effect from 1 July 2021. Frank also stood down from Board committee memberships, including his role as chair of the Audit & Risk Committee. Since 1 July, Frank has been appointed as a board observer and has also conducted oversight responsibilities of the Audit & Risk Committee. The proposal is that this role will continue for an interim period and will be kept under review by the Chair and the Board of Directors. Mike Parton will chair Audit & Risk Committee meetings (or another committee member may be appointed to chair the meetings as required). The Audit & Risk Committee continues to have representation from the Board of Directors.

In addition, it has responsibilities of oversight of risk management procedures, monitoring compliance and regulatory issues (including whistleblowing arrangements) and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and internal audit function.

The Committee is authorised to seek any information it requires from any employee of the Company in order to perform its duties, and to obtain any external legal or other professional counsel it requires.

Meetings of the Committee are attended, at the invitation of the Chairman of the Committee, by the external auditors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and representatives from the business as required.

Internal Audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for reviewing the work undertaken by the Group's internal audit function, assessing the adequacy of the function's resource and the scope of its procedures. The internal audit function agrees its annual audit plan with the Audit and Risk Committee and regularly reports its findings and recommendations. The Group's internal audit plan incorporates an annual rolling review of business activities and incorporates both financial and non-financial controls and procedures.

External Audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the Group's external auditor. The Committee makes an assessment of the auditors' independence and objectivity taking into account the relationship with the auditors as a whole, including the provision of any non-audit services.

PwC were re-appointed as external auditor in 2016 following a competitive tender process.

The auditors have provided certain non-audit services, principally in relation to non-audit assurance. The Audit and Risk Committee considers the acceptability of all non-audit services with the auditors in advance of commencement of work to confirm acceptability and ensures that appropriate safeguards of audit independence are established and applied, such as partner rotation.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee, chaired by Sally Davis, is established to make recommendations to the Board regarding executive remunerations, including pension rights and to recommend and monitor the level and structure of remuneration for each member of the Executive Committee. Additional oversight is extended to setting and monitoring reward and incentive policies, including the Group-wide annual bonus scheme, and reviewing and making recommendations in relation to wider reward policies.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Governance and Nomination Committee

The Governance and Nomination Committee, chaired by Mike Parton, is established to give oversight to the size, structure and composition (including skills, experience, independence, knowledge and diversity) of the Board to ensure that the continued leadership ability is sufficient to allow the business to compete effectively in the market. This also includes oversight of the succession planning for directors (and other senior executives where appropriate).

Operational Resilience Committee

The Operational Resilience Committee, chaired by Mike Darcey, has oversight of the adequacy and effectiveness of the operational resilience strategies and procedures of the Group (including principles, policies and practices adopted in complying with all statutory, and sub-statutory, standards and regulatory requirements in respect of safety, health and environment ('SHE') matters affecting the activities of the Group). This includes consideration and risk management of areas of significant and individual cyber security, physical security, business continuity and SHE risk.

Equal Opportunities policy

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Group continues and the appropriate training arranged. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person, should, as far as possible, be identical to that of a person who does not have a disability. Further information on how Arqiva supports its employees can be found on page 36.

Political Donations

No political donations were made during the year (2020: none).

Charitable donations

The Group has made £0.1m (2020: £0.1m) of charitable donations in the year.

Research and development

The Group performs research and development into new products and technology, the costs of which are capitalised where they meet the criteria for capitalisation in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. The research costs expensed in the year were £2.0m (2020: £5.2m). In addition, the Group carries out research and development as part of its contract bid processes and these costs are expensed as part of the bid costs unless the development expenditure can be capitalised. The bid costs expensed during the year total £1.3m (2020: £4.1m).

Development costs incurred as part of capital expenditure projects, which support customers contracts, are included with the total project spend within property, plant and equipment. The Group's capital expenditure in the year was £104.0m (2020: £247.0m) and includes capitalised labour of £34.4m (2020: £39.3m). Other development costs are capitalised within intangible assets. In the year, new development costs capitalised total £0.3m (2020: £2.7m) with amortisation of £1.6m (2020: £1.6m) charged against such capitalised development costs.

Overseas branches

The Group has trading branches based in the Isle of Mann, the Channel Islands and France.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Events after the reporting date

On 9th July 2021, the Group refinanced its bank facilities and now has access to a £100.0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a 25 year £150.0m Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA of between 120 and 130bps. Arqiva Financing No1 Limited ('AF1') is the borrower under all of these arrangements.

On 10 August 2021 a fire broke out at our Bilsdale transmitter site. Our engineers have worked on a four-stage recovery plan to reinstate services present on the mast. Through phases 1 and 2 of our recovery plan, around 500,000 households have now been returned to a coverage area through utilisation of other sites and radio services (FM and DAB) have also been restored for many. Works have been completed for the improvement of TV coverage from our Eston Nab site and an additional 15metre mast has been installed at a site in Arncliffe Wood in order to extend coverage from this site to achieve this. Phase 3 of the recovery plan involves the erection of a temporary mast at the Bilsdale site which is expected to restore signals to over 90% of affected households. Work began on the temporary mast on 13 September following a legal process to secure access to the new site. Phase 4 of the recovery plan will be to complete the enduring solution. Management are still assessing the financial impact of the incident and the assets damaged by the fire, and have engaged with the Group's insurers.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

Now Digital (East Midlands), a Group company which includes a non-controlling interest, declared a dividend in the year of £0.4m (2020: £0.4m).

The Directors' of the Group have not recommended a dividend in the year (2020: nil).

The consolidated profit for the year of £504.9m (2020: loss of £322.8m) was transferred to reserves.

Going Concern

The Strategic report includes information on the structure of the business, the business environment, financial review for the year and uncertainties facing the Group. Notes 20, 23 and 25 of the consolidated financial statements include information on the Group's cash, borrowings and derivative respectively; and financial risk management information presented within this report.

The Group meets our day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash generated from our operations. The Group performs a review of going concern through a review of forecasting including cash flow forecasts and considering the requirements of capital expenditure and debt repayments. The Group has sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our current operations, including our contractual and commercial commitments both in terms of capital programmes and financing. For this reason, the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing this financial information.

Following the sale of the Group's Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management have significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they fall due.

The Directors have also taken into account the potential implication of the current COVID-19 situation and have determined that given there will continue to be demand for services provided by the Group and the Group has a mixed customer base, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

Future Developments

The Group plans to continue in its commercial and operational business in accordance with its strategy. Further detail is contained within the Strategic report on page 19.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Ownership and Directors

A description of the ownership of the Group and the Board of Directors holding office during the year and up to the date of signing of the financial statements can be found on page 43.

At 30 June 2021, Mike Parton was the Group's independent Chairman. Rachael Whitaker was the Company Secretary at 30 June 2021. Rachael Whitaker resigned the role on 1 July 2021 and Jeremy Mavor was reappointed as the Company Secretary on 1 July 2021.

For details on the background of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee please refer to page 43.

Details of the statutory directors of the Company are shown on page 130.

Directors Indemnities

The Company has provided an indemnity for its Directors and the Company Secretary, which is a qualifying third-party indemnity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force during the full financial year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

Disclosure of information to the Independent Auditors

The Directors of the Group in office at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- So far as the Directors are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditors are unaware; and
- Each Director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditors are aware of that
 information.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Group financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of
 the Companies Act 2006 have been followed for the Group financial statements and United Kingdom
 Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed for the Company financial statements,
 subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's and Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the Board

Mike Parton

Director

21 September 2021

Financial Statements

Group Financial Statements

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Independent auditors' report to the members of Argiva Group Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

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- Notice and the statements and Company financial statements are statements.
 If you are also fair view of the company financial are statements.
 - 30 June 2021 and of the control of the control ows for the year there ended.
- the Group thancial statements have been properly brepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.
- the Company financial statements have been proporty prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally. Accepted Accounting Printing Funities from ted Kingdom Accounting Statements. I ombinish is FRS 101.
- the final crass tatements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

We have audited the final calistate nierts, included within the Annual Report and Financia strong and report of the Corsolidated and Complete state Ments of the archaeuposition as at 30 June 2021, the Corsolidated statement of complete the statement of comprehens violence he the Coursolidated statement of comprehens violence he the Coursolidated statement of comprehens violence he the Coursolidated statement of comprehens violence he are the Consolidated statement of a complete statements of changes in equal, for they year then ended and the notes to the financial statements whatener is which

include a description of the significant accounting policies.

We conducted our audit in

Basis for opinion

accordance with International structures of the North Accordance with International structures of the structure of the have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a plass for our point of

Independence

We remained independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements than are relevant to our audit of the tinancial statements.

Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Our audit approach

Overview

 $A_{+}\alpha(r\sim o_{0})\circ$

• For the Group his shoastatement, we performed alagoit of the complete for your initor mation of three entities. and the consolidation. We also conducted audit procedures on specific tine tems for 13 entities to ensure sufficient roverage The audit work performed gave us rover age of 95 of revenue and 98 of unit reunigiprofit betaile tak, fill a scelin come, ferance costs. othergains and loses and exceptional picome and expenses A lengthes have been andited by the Group team and hence lo composent a la tor has been involved in the alignof the Consolidated to and all

Key audit matters

- Valuation of financial instruments (Group)
- Carrying value of goodwill (Group)
- Recognition and recoverability of deferred tax assets (Gro. p)
- Valuation of defined benefit pension scheme liability (Group)
- Covid-19 impacts (Group and Parent)
- Accounting for game on disposal (Group)

Militer auty

- Overati Group materiality £8,300,000 based on approximately 2.5% of Adjusted ERITDA
- Overall Company materiality £230,271 bused or approximately 2 not Net Assets
- Performance materiality £6,225,000 (Group) and £172,704 (Company)

The scope of our audit

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assession the risks of material masstatement in the maneral statement.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters. judgement, were of most significance inthe and tof the financial statements of the current behad and mulade the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not dive to fraud) dentified by the evoltors including those which had the greatest effect on the overal and tistrategy the allocation of resources in the and to and directing the efforts of the e igage, entreain. These matters, and any comments we make on the results of our procedures thereon, were andressed in the context of our alla flot the timal claistate mentulas a

whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opin on on these matters

This is not a complete list of all risks identified by our aid:

Accounting for gain on disposal (Group) is a new key audit matter this year. Revenue and profit recognition on complex contracts (Group), IERS 16 implementation

(Group), Classification, presentation and discressive of discontinued operations (Group) and also investment in subsidiaries (Parent) which were key audit matters last year lare no longer included because of the following reasons. In relation to revenue and profit recognition on complex contracts, the matters giving rise to the complexities have been completed. Discontinued operations in the current year were

conted, with the exception aligain on disposal or discontinued operations being included as a new key additional tenter this year. The implementation of IERS 16 was applicable only in the first year of adoption of the standard. The investment in subsidiaries were fully impaired in the prior year. Otherwise, the key audit matters below are consistent with last year.

Key audit matter

Valuation of financial instruments (Group)

The Group holds a number of derivative fitancial instruments comprising interest rate and inflation linked swaps, in relation to the financing of the Group. These decivative financial instruments are significantly out of the money on a net portfolio basis. The Group accounts for the valuations of these instruments using valuations provided by the counterparty institutions with adjustments made by management for counterparty credit risk. Whilst there has been settlement of several derivatives during the year, this continues to be a key audit matter due to the complexity of the valuations and the quantum of palances involved, amounting to £326.3m derivative financial lostrument liab littes.

Refer to page 87 and page 117 (note 3-3 gnificant accounting policies - financial costruments and total 25 - Francial instruments and risk management).

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We engaged PwC valuations experts to assist with the audit of the counterparty valuations of each interest rate swap and inflation linked swap, and

risk of those instruments. Our experts recalculated the fair value using the internal PwC valuation model for a sample of instruments, which was then compared to the amount recognised in the financial statements.

We also obtained independent confirmations or the swap arrangements and associated year end talvalues and no material differences were identified. We have also understood and tested the impact or derivatives from the repayment, during the year, actuding acrounting for the preak costs on early debt replayments and derivatives of ESS 9m which have been appropriately relogitised and disclosed within the financial statements.

As a result of our work performed no material differences were untriblin respect of the valuation of financial institutions.

Carrying value of goodwill (Group)

to prepare annual impairment reviews in respect of the part of the control of the programment reviews performed over goodwill include a number of assumptions which are subject to management judgement and estimates.

Refer to page 92 and page 104 (note 4 critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation incertainty. Impairment of goodwal and note 14 goodwall)

We obtained an understanding of the allocation of the control of the control of the control of the allocation of the control o

We tested the imphirment model assessing its mathematical accuracy, the arcuracy of inputs to the model and the reasonableness of the assumptions applied by management in assessing the valuation of goodwill for each cash generating unit. These included the assumptions for revenue and costiglowth, capital expenditure and the discount rate used.

We rested the cash flows and agreed these to Board approvals and performed a look back test to assess accuracy of forecasting.

M 1100000000000000000000000000000000000	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
	We involved our PwC varuations experts to evaluate the discount rate used to calculate the present value of the cash flows and confirmed this was calculated using an acceptable methodology and concluded that the discount rate is materially in line with what we would expect.
	performed our own sensitivity analysis considering various reasonably possible scenarios i moacting key assumptions, including forecast cash flows, technical growth rate and discount rates. Based on this testing, we considered whether the carrying value of the goodwill balances was adequately supported by the value in-use impairment model prepared by management, and found there to be a significant level of headroon.
	Our testing did not identity aby imaterial differences for the position reflected in the financial statements.
Recognition and recoverability of deferred tax assets (Group) Following the introduction of legislation in previous years which restricts interest disductions the Group recognised alugn futant defeired tax asset at that time. At year end, a deferred tax asset of £230 I mis capitalised on the balance sheet with a further £394 I mild potential defeired tax assets not percognised on the basis that they are not considered to be recoverable. There is indge ment involved in the determination of the element for the defeired tax asset to recognise and thin value of this recognise has able profits. Refer to page 92 and page 110 more 4 initial accounting judge pents and key so mes of extimation incortainty in determination for 19 indefeired tax incortainty in determinations and note 19 indefeired tax incortainty.	set out the various elements of the deferred tax asset for consisted and ussessed the appropriateness of this in consult on with our taxation specialists. To tax iosses and the evidence invaluable to subport the terographic of osles arising in various entities, including consideration of whether specific steps are required in order to enable the value of the losses to entitle of the cover. Profits and agreed those to the approved long termination and a spagned these to be consistent with the forecasts used for the goodwill impairment assessment. The carculations of the rorecast taxable profits were reviewed, and an analysis of the sensitivity of the riched. As a result of our work portonned not nater all.
	As a result or our work performed not later a particle ces were loted in respect of the amount of deferred tax asset recognised in the training of at a temests at 30 June 2021.
Valuation of defined penefit pension scheme liability (Group)	
The Group observes one Defined Select rights where it has a surplus at the pearlend of £47.1%.	We involved or nactual ansper a bits and reviewed the key about notions used to derive the per sion benefit object to the total our monotonic objects.

obligation to levess whether they alt within our

The valuation of the pian habilities (£248.8m) includes a high level of estimation uncertainty, comprising several different key assumptions. There is a risk that an error within one or a combination of those assumptions could lead to a material misstatement in the financial statements.

Refer to page 121 (note 29) iret rement benefits).

acceptable ranges based on market data and can conclude that all of the key assumptions do sit within our acceptable ranges.

We also tested the key inputs to supporting evidence with no exceptions noted

We reviewed the articanal report and enquired of management addresses in the 20% of the modelling accuracy and the controls in place for the modelling and performed our own data validation checks. We also be formed risk assessment analytical procedures on both the financial and demographic assumptions.

As a result of our work performed no materiar differences were noted in respect of the pension benefit colligation recognised in the chancial statements at 30 June 2021.

: Covid-19 impacts (Group and Parent)

Since early 2020, the Covid 19 painternic has impacted the globe, creating considerable uncertainty for economies and markets.

Despite some chailenges. Arqiva, as a critical national infrastructione business, have continued to operate throughout the pandemic and have continued to maintain services providing rominium, afrons and proadcast capabilities across the cointry and management meretore consider the impact of Covid-19 to be limited.

UK commercial radio has been impacted by Covid-19 with some reduction to revenue seed us many pusinesses temporarily out advertiging pudgets as a result of the lockdowns in the UK.

Key programmes such as the 700MHz Clearance programme and the Smart metering rodout have also been impacted due to access to the sites being limited however this has not had a material impact on the business, and no additional provisions have been considered necessary. FY22 budgets have been revisited by management to ensure that any necessary revisions are made to take into account any known and expected impacts of Covid-19. These have a seessment

Refer to page 31. Going concern.

We discussed the impact of Covid 19 in each key meeting held with management at multiple levels across the Group. We considered the impact of Covid 19 as part of our going concern procedures, including considering the appared FY22 budget, and extent of sensitivities applied to include severe but plausible downside scenarios, and we concur with the impact concern, with Covid 19 not have a impact editor.

going concern, with Covid 19 not having impacted the conclusion

We also considered the impact of Covid 19 is part of our impairment work by incorporating the expected impact on future cashflow choted above. As part of this work we challenged key assumptions as well as performing future sensitivity testing for reasonably possible change in assumptions, concluding that the impact of Covid 19 has not changed the conclusions reached in relation to the carrying value of Goodwill

We audited provisions associated with the delays experienced on key programmes and concluded that these are materially appropriate.

And the second of the second o

the disclosures in the financial statements are adequate and consistent with our audit work and understanding of the business and how it has been impacted by the pandenic.

Accounting for gain on disposal (Group)

On 8 July the Group completed the sale of its Telecoms infrastructure and related assets at a value of £1,820 4m. A gain of £1,032.6 m was recognised within the FY21 financial statements.

On account of the quantum of the gain on disposal and the significant impact this item has had or statutory profit, we have included this as a key audit matter.

Refer to page 77, page 99 and page 111 (Consolidated income statement, note 7. Exceptional dems and note 21. Discontinued operations and disposal group held for sale)

We obtained the final sale documents and other supporting evidence including agreement to bank statements to agree the sales proceeds received.

We audited management's calculations of the amount to be freated as deferred revenue rather than sale consideration in relation to future services to be provided. We involved our valuations specialists to agree the reasonableness of the discount rate applied to the deferred revenue element and performed testing over the inputs to the calculation.

We performed substantive testing over the Group's direct costs of the sale which were deducted when arriving at the profit on disposa-

We also agreed the net asset value disposed to the trial be acres of the related businesses which were audited at the prior year endiadjusted for the profit for the eight days in the current financial year prior to sale.

We agreed the calculation of the gain based on the relevant inplies including assessing whether the tax treatment of the gain was compliant.

Not issues were noted as a result of our work performed.

We considered the related disclosures within the thrancial statements, with no material exceptions poted from our procedures.

How we tailored the audit scope

We tallored the scope of our all ditrolers are that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial statements as a whore taking into account the structure of the Group and the Company in elacounting processes bill dicolors and the industry in which they operate.

We hardoned the scope or our ruld titolensure that we perform edienough work to be able to give en opin har on the financial state hents as a whole taking into account the structure of the Group and the Conipany the

Acousting processes and controls and the industry in which they would be industry in which they would be industry in a single principal frading subsidiary, aligned into two cristomer-facing business units. Media Distribution and Smart Otilities Networks.

Tunctions in additions there are a number of entities which provide financing to the operations.

Materiality

The should of our audit was influenced by our abblication of materiality. We set cental cliant tative thresholds for materiality. These together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, to ning and extent of our audit procedures on the individual transcript statement the items and discloss resiand in evaluating the effect or misstatements, both and vidually and in aggregate on the financial statements as alwhore.

Based on our professional guigement, we determ then materiality for the filteric a statements as a whole as to lower.

	Financial statements - Group	Financial statements - Company
Overall materiality	F8.300 000	£230,271.
How we determined it	approximately 2.5% of Adjusted EBITDA	approximately 2% of Net Assets
Rationale for benchmark applied	Based on our professional jurgement adjusted EBITDA is an appropriate adjusted measure to assess the performance of the Group, which	Based on our professional judgement, net assets is an appropriate measure to assess the performance of the Company and is a generativial repted auditing bu supmark. A rule of thimb of
	focuses on the underlying trading results	- approximately 21 is appropriate given that the life entity itself is not a PIF.

For each component in the scope of our Group and this east than our overall Group materiality. The range of materiality an ocited across component awas between 20.1m and £7.9m. Cottain components were audited to a local statutory audit materiality that was also less than our overall Group materiality.

We use performance materiality to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected. misstatements exceeds overail materiality. Specifically, we use performance materiality in a determining the scope of our alluit. and the nature and extent of our testing of account balances, classes, of transactions and disclosures, for example in determining sample sizés. Our performance materiality was: 75 unificveral) materiality. amounting to £6,225,000 for the Group financial statements and £172,704 for the Company financial statements.

In determining the performance materiality, we considered a number of factors in the history or mistatements in risk assessment and aggregation risk and the effective less of controls, and concluded that an amount at the upper end of our normal range was appropriate.

We agreed with those charged with governance that we would report to them inisitate ments identified during our audit above £400,000.

(Group audit) and £11,000 (Company audit) as well as misstatements below those amounts that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively may cast algorithmic doubt on the Group's and into the conditions that algorithmic form the period of at least twelve profits from when the financial statements are outnotised to issue.

In a lorting tile rinancial statements we have concluded that the solutions of accounting in the preparation of the following.

However, because not a ricture events or conditions can be predicted, this contribion is not a guarantee as to the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all or the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statement. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our coincident the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form; of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the tinancial statements, our responsibility is to read the other. information and, in doing so. consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent. with the financial statements or or knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially. misstated. If we identify an apparent materia- inconsistency or materia. missratement, we are required to pertorin procedures to conclude: whether there is a naterial. misstatement of the financial statements or a material. misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude: that there o a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these. responsibilities

With respect to the Strategic Report

considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires its also to report certain opinions and inafters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Stralling on the course of the Port of the year ended 30 June 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and hall been prepared in accordance with appeniable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and Company, and their environment obtained in the collise of the audit, we did not identify any material missrate herits in the Strategic environment.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained, more for a notice $\hat{\gamma}_{a}$, with the $\hat{\gamma}_{a}$, with

responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable that new give a true and fairly lew. The Directors are also responsible for such interests and as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material insitatement, whether due to trail or error.

to preparing the financial statements, the Director, are responsible for

going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in essitne. Directors either interior to riquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic afternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are tree from material misstatement whether due to haud orientor, and to

moudes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit rond inted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when the kits. Misstatements can arise from traudioi error and are considered material if, it dividually our the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the pass of these financial statements.

Integralanties, a cluding fraud, are instances of lio acompliance with have and regulation. We design procedures in the withour responsibilities, outlined above to detect inaterial injustatements in respect of linegilianties, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are Japan's of detecting ricegilianties. Including fraud, is detailed priop.

Based on our understanding of the Group and industry, we identified that the proposal risks of non-compliance with law and regulations related to the Commission extensions. Act 2003 and UK Taxifaw, and we non-dered the extension which to non-phance might have a material effect on the filliancial statements. We also to as deced those laws and regulations that have a direct impatting attentions that have a direct impatting

on the rinarcial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We $\| v(s)\|_{L^{2}(\mathbb{R}^{N})} \leq \| s(0) - s(0) - s(0) \| e^{-st} \|$ and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements line uding the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to management's manipulation of key performance neasures such as earnings before taxation, interest, depreciation, and amortisation (EBITDA). We have determined EBITDA is the key metric for stakeholders, such as the Group's Ultimate parents and lender 15 is therefore the most likely for management manipulation through the posting of manual journals and adgements over significant accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagementitea bilocilided.

- Discussions with Management and Directors, molitiong consideration of known or suspected instances of noncompliance with Hws and regulations aild fraud.
- Challenging assumptions and ogements made by Management and considering risk of inunagement bias in their algoriticant accounting estimates as disclosed in Note 4 of the financial statements.
- Identitying and texting journal entries in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account compositions or journals posted by suexpected users
- Reviewing minimus of ineetings of those charged with governance.
- Reviewing financial statement discrosures in adeloy management in their significant accounting estimates and adgement cash disclosed in Note 4 of the financial statements
- As required by ISA 240, neorbor thealan element of unpredictability into but such testing.

These are innerent in that ons in the audit procedures described above. Ale are less like , to become awale.

of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material mustatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate conceaument by, for example, to gery or intentional inserpreses fations, or through collusion.

Our audit testing might include testing complete populations of certain transactions and barances, possibly using data auditing techniques. However, it typically involves be ecting a limited number of items for testing, rather than testing complete populations. We will often seek to target particular tems for testing based on their size or lisk characteristics. In other cases we will use audit sampling to enable us to draw a conclusion about the population from which the sample is selected.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the 170 control of the 17

Use of this report

This report including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the line of the line of the line of the line of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not in giving thinse opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other purpose on to any other person to whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to yourf, in our opinion

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- adequate acrounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from pranches not visited by us, or
- remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- the Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

N. Coulle

Nigel Comello (Senior Statutory Auditor) to: a: dion behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

21 September 2021

Consolidated income statement

			Year ended 3	0 June 2021		Year ended 3	0 June 20 2 0
	7, *			fotal Em			Total fm
No. 2	1	F42 1	4	917	571.	<u> </u>	6 <u>i</u> s
A ST ST		125000	<u>:</u>	10011	11.47	0.7%	1,100
Gross profit		412.2	2.9	415.1	482.4	149.8	632.2
1.00	14	(162.3)	-161	(168.5)	(190.8)	$\ell_{I \circ . \cdot I_I}$	(207.2)
A = e(x, t, x)	1.5	(9.7)	-	19.7!	(10 3)	i() 1)	(10.4)
Constituted States 122 conse	-	(25.6)		125.6)	i 15.5j	(19.2)	(34,7)
Section energy against		179 31	(9.4)	(80.2)	(90.8)	(18.4)	(109 2)
$(\overline{\gamma}, \overline{\gamma}, \gamma$		12 K 1 1	1.5	1, 31	.32 -	1.11	+ 161 **
Desire of the					10.5		1 7
Operating profit	~	138.5	1.9	140.4	185.5	95.7	281.2
		_ 1		٠,		=	-
English &	1	1.32	: •		1. 3.5.	1, 50	. ** ., *
$\frac{d^{2}C_{2}}{d^{2}C_{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1$: •	(· 2			
$z^{CS} = z_0 + z_0 C^{CS} = z$		101		, 2.3	1		٠.,.
Complete to Algebra Highway		٠.		* 4	1.2		
(Loss) / profit before tax		(597.2)	1,040.1	442.9	(400.3)	81.3	(319.0)
T.,					*4 2	ι.,	3. *
(Eoss) / profit for the year		(529.5)	1,034.4	504.9	(390.5)	67.7	(322.8)
te server							
The work of the second				. · ·			. 1
$(X_{k+1}, \dots, X_{k+1}, \dots, X_{k+1}, X_{k+1}, \dots, X_{k+1$,
				504 9			(322.8)

Firstlife (comments or coaso) dated to ome statement in each have proceeded in the hories to their cancal statements,

in the second of the second of

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Note	·	, 11
Profit / (loss) for the year		504.9	(322.8)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Contract Contract of the State	23	_ 1	1.7
$(K^{1})_{*}(\Phi)_{*}$, where $(\Phi)_{*}$ is the continuous point of a respective section		Q*	-
		19.8	(9.6)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
$(4\sqrt{a})_{2}(2a)_{3}(a)_{3}(a)_{4}(a)_{5}(a$		<u>-</u>	
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		20.0	(9.6)
Total comprehensive income / {loss}		524.9	(332.4)
New South Early			
Charles the Cherry		24 Ú	3 3 7,
And the second of the second		•	, 9
		524.9	(332.4)

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Consolidated statement of financial position

		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Note	£m	£m
Non-current assets			
Company of the Compan	1-4	7,427.1	1.511
Company of the Control of the Contro	2.5	1	2i - j
Contract of the Contract of th	!•	x+2 .	1,175
Survey of the	1.3	2.1	155
Contract State (1) 1 Secret Sec.	2.5	¥ 7 1	*-, 1
Prince of a secretary and order orders.	: -		•
on the first of the second of	<u>_</u> r.	2	
		3,174 2	3,164.1
Current assets			
Trajenta menerala di salah	ţ.	· 1 =	: +*
The transfer	* *	· * .	, 1
to managed and the second		· - •	
		432 7	313.8
Algorithm of the angle			***
		432.7	1,500 2
Total assets		3,606.9	4,664.3
Current liabilities			
The product of the product of	: 5	1 1	
property of the property of th	1	=	9.7
* + V = §		15.02	2 7 1 2
	<u>*</u>	× .	_ :
		(2,555.6)	(2,592.4
San Texas Control of the With the exists of the Care	:	,	12.
	·	(2,555.6)	(3.022.0
Net current liabilities		(2,122.9)	(1,521 8
Non-current liabilities			
to the respective	-	, ↑ ₹	· .
And the second		支持 。	:
Love with the arms of second	13		1- 1
or a second	25		7a '
		(4.521.6)	(5,737.4
Total liabilities		(7,177 2)	(8,759.4)
Net liabilities		(3.570 3)	(4,095-1)
	and the second s		

the contract of the contract o

Consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Equity		
$S_{ij}(t) = N_{ij}(t)$	s [∓] . (5.0
through the same	817	14.4
Note that are properties to		1.15
To display the services	 .	7
Tinguisquity into higher his hour issue to the execution	6.0 Oct.	$1 > \{i,j\}$
Note that the grown as	1.4	
Total equity	(3,570.3)	(4,095.1)

Mike Parton I : :

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

						Total Equity		
						attributable to	Non	
		Share	Sh tre		Leanslation	owners of the	rootroHing	rutal
	Vote	Cabital.	premium	Accumulated losses	reserve	Parent	interests	equity
		٠m	£m	£m	£m	£ (1)	£m	;m
Balance at 1 July 2019		653.9	315.6	(4,732.4)	(0.7)	(3,763.6)	1.0	(3,762.6)
and the first of the second		****		* ***	, ,	,_2)		. 225
Street important successive						. ,		
FAMILY STATE OF SECTIONS				10.17		332 70	•	. 11
olimbaria (0 .	: '
Balance at 30 June 2020		653.9	315.6	(5,065.1)	(0.7)	(4,096.3)	1.2	(4,095.1)
Andrews of State				· <u>4</u> -		794	•	7 .1 0
Service of the Control of				* * *	2			•
Total				+_ 1 1		214		.21
DW Security								1
Balance at 30 June 2021		6539	315.6	(4,540.7)	(0.5)	(3,571.7)	1 1	(3.570.3)

The control of the co

Consolidated cash flow statement

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2021 £m	Year ended 30 June 2020 £m
Net cash inflow from operating activities	27	398.7	489.0
Investing activities			
			:
Curry or instruction and sets	=+**	50.0	.1
e a Este of cital discompatible	١.,	는 H	7.34
Taken some formation of the configuration of the sound of	**************************************	-2 -	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities		1.734 3	(115.0)
Financing activities			
the countries of the control of the	-		7249
epinear tisteragin with		10.042 0	(* ~
May a server of ways		11.50	÷,
Committee of the Commit		: · · = <u>3</u>	
The Control of the Artist Control of the Control of	2.4	. 1w	:
The same with the equation to the contract of	25	· 1 ,	1 = - %,
Particle of Caracatan Contracting			· *1
Provide the Common State of the State of the Common State of the State			
Constitution of the processing the consequence		71,24	•
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(1,999.6)	(284.2)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		133.4	89 8
Taken and the control of the second of the s		110.1	20.3
gash while as was in wearn served to	-:	243 5	110.1

Notes to the Group financial statements

1 General information, authorisation of financial statements and Statement of Compliance

Into the Companies of the Court of the Companies of the England, in the United Kingdom (UK) under the Companies Act 2006 under registration number 05254001. The address of the registered office is Crawley Court. Winchester, Hampshire, England SO21 2QA.

These consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30. I me 2021 complise the Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group").

and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 12 to 52

Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the UK, interpretation of the IFRS Interpretations. Committee (IFRS IC) and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. At the point of exit by the UK from the European Union on

31 December 2020, the accounting standards followed changed from EU-adopted standards to UK-adopted standards. As at 30 June 2021 there were no differences between the two interpretations and therefore no impact on either the current or prior year figures presented.

The Company has elected to prepare its Financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. These are presented on pages 130 to 140.

2 Adoption of new and revised Standards

New and revised Standards

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current year. The hadoption has not had any significant impaction the amounts imported in these financial statements.

A hendered site As 1 and (AS 3) A hypothesists (CRS 3) Amendments to (CRS 4) As 39 and (PRS 7) Amendments to (CRS 4)

Amendan, atsity (PRS) to Amend into interpretate to PRS Standards (2018 - 2020 CVC) Definition of Material Coffinition of a Business interest Rate Beochmark Rate in Look 19 Related Rent in Geschool Visious dandards

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group has not applied the following dewiar direvised. IFRS Standards that have been issued bid arc not yet effective.

Amendments to (ASI)
Amendments to (FRSI)
Amendments to ASI to

Amilingments to 148-31 Anoun morpolitists to 1783-31 Anoun morpolitists to 1783-81 and aids 2018-0021 more.

Consideration of Jean literally Correction Non-Eurlieht.
Reference to the Conceptual France and

Property Plant and Equipment . Property perfore one health $\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$

Castroux Contracts Incost on Huthling a Contract

Alneade entsito (PPS 1 Perintary Adoption of international elegan) a Reporting Standards (FPS 9 forancial instruments (FPS 16 gease), and 665 41 eg. notice.)

3 Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial framework which now applies to entitles preparing financial statements in accordance with legislation, regulation or accounting standards applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland is ERS 100. Application of Financial Reporting Reducements, which was issued in November 2012.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Einancial Reporting Standards (IERS) as adopted by the UK, interpretation of the IERS Interpretations. Committee (IERS IC) and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IERS.

At the point of exit by the UK from the European Union on 31 December 2020, the accounting standards followed changed from EU adopted standards to UK adopted standards As at 30 June 2021 there were no differences between the two interpretations and therefore no impact on either the current or prior year figures presented.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. except for the valuation of financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair. value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently across the comparative financial. periods and idea within these tinancial statements.

have been prepared under ERS 101 and in accordance with the Componies Act 2006 and are

included in this report—see page. 130.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its prosidiaries, together the Group) made up to 30 June 2021.

Control is achieved when the Company:

- has demonstrable power over the relevant activities of the investee
- is exposed or has rights, to variable return from its involvement with the investee, and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls a univested if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Combany obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Combany loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, the results of subsidiary sucquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Combany ceases to control the subsidiary.

intra-group profits have open eliminated. Undertakings, other than subsidiary indertakings, in which the Group has an investment representing not less than 20% of the voting rights and over which it exerts significant influence are treated as associated undertakings. Where the Group has an investment that has joint control, this is treated as a joint venture. Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting in accordance.

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Going concern

Historically the Group has reported. losses and has a significant net itability position on the Statement of Financial Position, caused primarity by debt and the related financing costs. However, the Group has continued to generate strong operating cashflows. The Group meets its day to day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash. generated from its operations. The Group has acress to sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of Equidity to find its current operations, including its contractual and commercial. commitments as set out in note 28.

The Group responded to the COVID-19 bandemic by taking deferrals on VAT payments which have since been repaid in full during December 2020, and also by offering discounts to commercial radio custon ets severely impacted by the economic implications of the bandemic through loss of advertising revenues a sufficient and the fact many of the contracts in place are long ton the contracts, we do not anticipate a long lasting impact on the business as a result of the pandemic.

Caralle grade of the English

Telecoms intrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management has significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they fall one.

In addition, forecast covenant compliance remains strong. For this reason the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foresee able future.

Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the gross inflow of economic benefit for services and other, and the same communications infrastructure, completion of significant engineering projects and the sale of communications equipment. Revenue is stated net of value added tax. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

On reception of a contract. performance obligations are identified for each of the distinct. goods or services that have been promised to be provided to the customer. The consideration. specified in the contract is adocated. to each performance obligation dentified based on their relative standsone selling prices and is recognised as revenue as they are satisfied. Determining the standaione selling price often requires judgement and may be derived from regulated prices is st prices, a cost plus nerived price, or the price of similar product, when sold on a standalone basis by Arciva. or a competitor in some cases it in avhe appropriate to use the contract bride when this represents a bespuke. price that would be the same for a sim lancustomenin als muuc directions table

Cash received or involves raised in advance as eitaken to deformed income and secognised as contract sabilities, and subsequently recognised as revenue when the services are provided. Where consideration received in advance is discounted, reflecting alsignificant future inglocing components, it is reflected within revenue and interest payable and similar charges on a gross basis.

Reventue recognised in advance of carmine had received on an involce being raised is recognised as accrued acome with in contract assets and subsequently reclassified to receivables once an invoice is raised invoices are issued in line with contract terms.

The Group recognises deferred income within contract liabilities which relates to cash received in relation to filture services for TSAs and the utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment as a result of the sale of the Telecoms business. This contract liability is expected to be released over the next 35 years.

The Group does not have any material obligations in respect of returns, refunds or wal runties.

The following summarises the performance obligations we have identified, and provides information on the filling of when they are satisfied and the related revenue recognition policy. The levenue expected to be recognised in future periods for contracts in place at 30 June 2021 that contain undatisfied performance obligations is included in pote 5.

Rendering of services

Performance obligations under contract of or the rendering of services are identified for each distinct service or deliverable for which their istomethas contracted and are considered to be satisfied. over the time behoot that the services or deliverables are del vered. Revenue is recognised. over time in line with the service provision over the contractual period. and appropriately reflects the pattern by which the performance obligation is satisfied. Such revenues: include television and radio transiniss on services, med a service, and marning to-mathine COShectivity

For long term services contracts revenue is recognised on a straight. The basis over the terms of the contract. However of the performal ce pattern is other than straight line, revenue wirecognised as

services are provided, usually on an output or network coverage basis. Such revenues include Smart metering network build and service operation.

Pre-contract costs incurred in the initial set up phase of a contract are deferred. These costs are then recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual term, unless the pattern of service delivery. indicates a different profile is: appropriate. These costs are directly attributable to specific contracts. relate to future activity, will generate. future economic benefits and are assessed for recoverability on a regular basis. Costs related to delivering services under long-term. contractual air angements are expensed as included.

Delivery of engineering projects.

Argiva provides support to its customers by undertaking various. engineering projects. Contracts for the delivery of engineering projects: are split into specific performance. obligations. Performance obligations. relating to services are satisfied over the time benod that services are delivered, performance obligations. relating to the provision of assets are: satisfied at the point in time that control passes to the customer. Reverse from such projects, which are tollig term (greater trian 12) months) contractual arrangements sirenognised based on satisfaction of the identified performance obligations using the percentage of completion method. The stage of completion is based on the portion of costs incorred as a percentage of total nosts. Profit is recognised if the final outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty, by including revenue and retated rosts in the income statement as confract antivity progresses

A loss on a fixed price contract is religin sed immediately when it becomes probable that the contract cost will exceed the total contract revenue.

Sale of communications equipment Performance obligations from the sale of communications easi prinent provided as part of customer. confracts are satisfied and revenue is recognised at the point suiting that control passes to the customer. which is typically upon delivery and i acceptance by the distorrer Its same cases, payment is not received in full. at the sone of the sillo, and a contract a viet is recognised for the auroun, due flom the cistomer that will be recovered over the upiltract. period. Revenue to be recognised is calculated by reture ice to the relative standa one selling price of the equipment,

Business combinations, including goodwill

Acquisitions of subsidiar es and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition date find varies of assets transferred by the Group, is pittles inclined by the Group to the formel lowners of the auguinee and the equity interest issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are recognised in protif or lass as incurred Goodwill is: measured as the sum of the consideration transferred it e amount of any port-confrolling interests in the arguidee, and the fair cause of the acquirer's previously. he diegarty interest in the arguiree.

(trany) less the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the Tablisties assumed. Goodwill sinot amortised but is reviewed for impartment at least annually or where there is indication of impartment Ondisposal of a seasidiary the attributable amount of goodwill is accuded in the determination of the proteion ossion disposal.

Intangible assets

Intangible issets are initially recognised at cost and are subscipliently calined at cost less accumulated amort satio-land any accumulated amort satio-land any ment osses. Amort sation is charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the estimated useful ate or the asset, on the following bases.

Asset Description

Licences
Development costs
Arcessinglits
Software

Expenditure or resourch activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally generated intaligible assectationg from development (or from the development phase of an internal project its recognised it, and only if, an of the following conditions have been denion trated.

- the ferbalical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale.
- the inbention to complete the intangiole asset and use or sellit,
- the abouty rouse or selither intangible asset
- how the intangiple asset will generate probable future economic penetits.
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sellthe intensible asset and

Estimated Useful Life

Leagth of the lineace period (no more to an 20 years). 10 years. Leagth of the agree ment (no more than 20 years). 5-10 years.

 the ability to measure reliably the expend fune attributable rothe intangine asset during its development.

The amount untially recognised for externally generated intaligative assets is the sum of the experienting and red from the date when the intaligate asset first meets the recognition or terialisted above. Where no internally-generated latting die asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the benod in which it is notined.

Silps of the same properties of the same reported at cost less accumulated a nort sation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as interpreted.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposar, or when no future

economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arong from percenogration of as a tangible asset interesting of disposal proceeds and the carrying on ocot of the asset are recognised in protifical asset, are recognised in protificings, when the asset is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property ip ant and equipment and stated at historical purchase cost (which includes costs directly attributable to bringing the assets into working condition), being factually for languale assets accurred on acquisition, less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Assets in the course of construction for production is apply or administrative purposes, are carried at cost less any recognised amount neat loss. The cost of self-roastructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour. Labour cost, are capitalised with a

the rost of an asset to the extent that they are directly attributible to the construction of the asset. The value capitalised captures as elements of employee benefits as defined by IAS 19.

Cost includes professional fees and for qualifying assets, borrowing costs

capitalised in accordance with the $\mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{R}$. The top \mathbb{R} ,

Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of

assets (other than freehold rand and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight line method on the following bases:

Asset Description

Freehold buildings leasehold buildings Plant and equipment

- Communications infrastructure network
- Network computer equipment Motor venicles

Estimated Useful Life

20 80 years

Length of lease (typically between 20-80 years).

- 8 80 years
- 3 20 years
- 3 Syears

The estimated useful lives, residual varies and depreciation internod are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of acts of inges in estimate accounted for our alphospective page.

Ellgenelid land is not depreciated.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of their rask term and their expedied useful (vesitorithe same basic as owned assets).

As item of property, praint and end principles to side recognised sides on the depote to the economic benefit, are expected to alise from the continued like of the potent. The gail on loss arising on the disposal of an asket is determined as the outered cenetween the sales processes and the carrying amount of the asket is dispressed in the income statement.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting period date, the Group review indicarry, agains a fis of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any now atom that those assets trave suffered in impairment ross. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the isset is estimated to determine the extent of the inpairment loss of any imprecious properties as any imprecious action above the asset of generate rash.

tions, that are independent from other assets the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of abouation can be dentified corporate assets are also anocated to individual cash generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and tons stential or at onloasis can be identified.

An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life, such as good will is fested for impairment at least so maky and whe reventioned is an indivation that the asset may be impaired.

As coverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell, and value in use, the assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their plesent value using a pre-tax discount rate that effects outrent market assessments or the time value of inoney and the tisks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash tiows have liot been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset on cash generating in this estimated to be less than it is earlying a nountine earlying amount of the asset or cash generating in this reduced to this recoverable amount. An

impairment loss is recognised. immediately in profit or loss Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying almount of the asset (or cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying almo, in that would have neer determined had no impairment as abeen recognised to the asset inc cash generating on thin prior years. A reversal of an impalignent loss is: recognised immediately in profit on loss unless the impairment relates to goodwill in which safe it cannot be.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the liabilities are recognised in the liabilities of the position when the Group becomes a party to the contractural provisions of the listninger.

Fill and at assets and financial nabuties are intially ineasured at tan value. Transant on costs that are directly attribution to be to the acquisition or issue of the ancial assets and financial assets on financial call about established to mittel tail value of the financial assets on financial capities, as appropriate, on initial recognition

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial habilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or account of the cost of the cos

All financial assets are recognised and delecognised on a hade date where the pulmase of sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose ferms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned.

The profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified with the following specified with the profinancial specified by the profinancial specified by the profinancial specified by the profinancial specified by the profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified by the profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified by the profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified by the profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified by the profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified by the profinancial assets are crassified into the following specified by the profinancial assets are crassified by the profinan

Title inheasured at amortised in the control of the

The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Other tipancial assets measured at amortised cost are non-derivative. financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Those are: initially recognised at fair value all disubsequently can led at almost sed. cost using the effective interest. method. They are included in clarent. assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as nonlen kişti Tuliya i financıai assets measured at amortised cost. comprise trade and other receivables. and cash and cash equivalents

Trade receivables

Trade receivables coinor can, any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts impairment of irrecoverable amounts is based on an expected credit loss model, the Group's policy is to also consider specific provisions for trade, eclevables outstanding for

more than 30 days beyond the agreed terms, or where the business environment indicates a specific risk. Management makes all assessment of the level of provision required and addistments to the calculated evel of provision are made accordingly.

Contract assets

Contract assets are amounts owed for future services from signed contracts. Revenue is measured at the amount receivable under the contract. It is discounted to present varie it deferred payments have been agreed and the impact of discounting is naterial.

Cash and cash eduvalents. Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and riemand deposits and other short term is griving...d investments that are readily convertible to a known a mount of cash and are subject to an usignificant risk of change in value.

in the contractual managements

Borrowinas

entered into

Interest penning bank loant and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct same costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption, and direct issue costs are accounted for on an accruals basis to the income statement using the effective interest method, and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the perion in which they arise.

Trade and other payables. Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are initially recorded at factivatue and.

subsequently measured at amortised rost using the effective interest method. They are included in come it liabilities except for matter the greater than 12 months after the reporting date, which are classified as non-current hap times.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is propable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and a rehable estimate can be made of the amount of the polication.

The smount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration recognised to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the provent obligation its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is inated as)

When some or all of the economic benefits, equired to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is renognised as an asset if it is writingly certain that reimbursement with the receivable can be measured reliably.

Decommissioning provisions are recognised within provisions for liabrities and charges and included within property, plant and equipment where the costs of dismantling assets are considered material. The an outify recognised within property, plant and equipment are dedicated over the useful economic life of the asset. The provisions are discounted to reflect the time value of money where material.

When the probability that the Group. will be required to settle an obligation or a reliable estimate. cannot be made of the a nount of the obligation the Group discroses a contingent liability in the notes to the financial information.

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate. and foreign exchange rate risk, including foreign excharge forward. contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps

Derivative financial lists, henry are recognised at thir value at the distethe derivative contract is exitered. into and are invalued at factival letar each palance sheet date. The tain value of these instruments is: determined from hile experted. tuture cash flows discourted at a nak adrusted rate. The timble cash flows are estimated based on

I interest/inflations exchange, cates observable from lates and yield. courses at the and of the reporting period, and contract rate. The difference between the facility at least the risk ad i stadicate and the tail we be at the risk free rate in usen to determine the debit valuation. addustnie i and/orsker tya isto. adjustment to these lists, ments. The Group does not lobby range seed. Thing principles

Aldervisive is presented to allign content asset on a non-current. mability in the relationary of the instrument is mole than 12. manths and it is not experted to be realized prisettled with in 12 nontris Otherwise decivatives aleipresented as correct assets on one to labor ex Where demostives have a co amortis repopulé sustra la leint the element in a the not on a or ac patienationable es within 12 months is presented as a correct asset on content is body. The Group nacoffsetti हु का कहना ents i place in the form of crossic in Ξ is about to in tigate exchange rate his. These denviative varietors sented on a net 33345

Fair value measurement

#FRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a hability in an orderly transaction between marker participants at the imeas trement date, regardless of whether that price is directly. observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inestimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the character stics of the a set or liability it market. participants would take those. characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fall value for preasonament and or disclosure. pimprises a these final call statements is determined on such a basis. Exceptions to this principle. have been made for measurements that are approximations to fair value but are not fair value, such as value 12 Jan 10 145 36 In addition to the ancial (400 tog)

purboses tail value niedsurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3. bised on the degree to which the mounts to the fact carble meas i rements are on tervanin and the significance of the induits to the tau latue measuren ent in tik entinety, which are described to to-loads

- Lève 1 abuts aré duoteu prices. manadinstention active morketic tanide than a sets or fetalities that the entity can access at the meatine monthque
- Leve 2 mosts are notits other than gooted prices and ided within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or ability, either directly or princeut villand
- Leve 3 mouts are incoservable ibuts for the lesset or habity.

Disposal group held for sale, discontinued operations and gain on disposal of discontinued operations

Disposar groups are classified as herd. to take fitter arry reamount wil be recovered on it bally through a vale transaction, lather than through coltrulg se malasaes considered righty bilingship within

the next 12 months. They are measured at the lower of their can ving amount and fair value less. costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets anslogfrom employee benefits and financial assets that are carried at fair value.

An implairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the disposal group to fair value. tess costs to self. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair. value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impaliment loss. previously recognised. Algain or loss 10', prévio-15 y recognised by the date of the sale of the disposal group is recognised at the date of derecagn tran-

Not interest assets that are part of a disposal group are not depreciated. or amortised while they are classified as helid for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the habilities of a disposar group. classified is held for safe confinue to perregosared The assets of a disposal alono class fied as held for sale are. presented separately from the other assets in the baldings at eet. The apitit esigt a dispolar gloub classified as beld for sale are presented seal-rately from other lab liftle . I to a halfance shoot

a discontinued operation is a to compete of the entity tright but. prien disposed of an a classified as riuld to, sale and that represents a separate major the of business on geographical area of operations is: part of a single no ordinated blan to mapo e of kuch a inclofoda rela or area of operations, on is a sub, idian, Augusted erch bive www.dif allewith reselfe. The lies littlight discordingert. operations are presented separation. it the income Statement.

Algae o lost or disposal in dishorbinged paerations is ranogrased within the consolidated income statement representing the consideration received less the Section Losts and the carrying

value of the disposal group heid for sale, and deferred income generated in relation to fitting services.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and defended tax.

Consenctor

The tax currently, phyable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable brofit differs from not profit as reported in the income statement occause if excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and if further excludes items that are never that are n

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying. amounts of assets and liabilities in the tinancial information and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and so accounted for using the balance. sheet lability method. Deferred tax Haphities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available. against which deduct-ble temporary. intifferences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that surficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Determining a calculated at the fux rates that are expected to apply in the period when the hability is settled on the asset is realised based on tax laws and rates that have been enacted or substantively epacted at the balance sneet date. Deferred fax is charged or credited in the arcome state pent except when it relates to

items charged or credited in other conforehers we income in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income.

Deterred tax assets and flabilities on offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax habilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intend, to softle its current tax assets and babilities on a her basis.

Retirement benefits

Defined contribution schemes. For defined contribution schemes, the emount charged to the income statement in respect of pension rosts and other post retrement benefits is the contribution payable in the year. Differences netween contributions payable for the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the statement of this mean position.

Defined benefit schemes. Defined her et tischemes are tunded with the assets of the scheme hield separately from those of the Group, in separate trustee administered tunds. Person scheme assets are the asset of tar value and luthibles are moisured on an actuar all basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of returnion a high quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and terms to the kineme.

The Plan closed to future accrual of benefits on 31 January 2016. Prior to closing the scheme to future accrual, the Group presented correct and past service costs within cost of sales as diadministrative expenses (see note 29) in its consolidated income statement. Curtailments gains and fosses are accounted for as a past-service cost.

Net interest expense or income is recognised within thrance income (see note 9).

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the deficit or surplus in the total and reflection of surplus in the total and reflection is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of reflends from the schemes or reductions in future; continuations to the schemes.

A liability for a term nation benefit is ecognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restrictioning costs.

Leases

The Group as lesses. When the Group enters into a leave a control of the leased demiand a lease hability is recognised for any future lease payments due at the lease commencement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost being the present value of the lease payments paid or payable, plus any initial direct costs, in united in entering the lease.

Right-of use assets any depreciated on a straight line bit in from the commissivement date to the camer of the end of the asset suseful if eight the or the end of the lease form. The lease term is the non-candidate being on of the lease plus any periods for which is a second of the lease plus any periods for which is a second of the lease plus any periods for which is a second of the lease plus any periods for which is a second of the lease plus any periods for which is a second of the lease plus any extension option.

The useful if the of the asset is determined in a man, er consistent to that for owned property, plant and equipment. If agot of use assets are considered to be impaired, the carrying value is reduced accordingly.

Lease liabilities are in traily measured at the value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date and are usually discounted using the incremental porrowing rates of the applicable Group entity. Lease playments included in the lease Lability include both fixed payments and in

substance tixed payments during the term of the lease.

After initial recognition, the lease hability is recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate (e.g., an inflation related increase), a renegotiation of the lease forms or if the Group's assessment of the lease term changes; any change in the lease liability as a lesuit of these changes also results in a corresponding change in the recorded right-or-usings.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group live in onely with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants which eceived.

Government grants are recognised in brofit or ross on a systematic basis over the priceds in which the Gloud recognises as expenses the relate the costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically given mentigrants whose printary concernor is that the Graud should

purchase, construction otherwise acquere non-current assets are recoglised as deferred revenue in the consolidated statement of thancial position, and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Operating profit and exceptional items

Operating profit is stared after

exceptional delps, including restricturing costs, impairment and after the share of results of associates out before finance income and final recosts Exceptional tems are those that are considered to be a re-off, nonrecurring in nature or material estner by magnitilide or nature, that the Directors believe that they require reparate discinsure to avoid. the distortion of underlying performance, for example one off in pairment in reducidancy programmes restruct iming and costs. related to significant corporate Finance activities. The Directors nelleve the resulting FBITDA. represents a libertying performance excluding sign tream one-off and non recurring events, that more factly represents the onligourgitizating. nodig in anceloting business. These

items are therefore presented separately on the face of the income statement.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate rusing at the date of the transaction, except in the case of certain financing transactions where nedging arrangements are in place and transactions are recorded at the contracted rate Monetary assets and liabilities. denoted in foreign currencies alleretranslated at the exchange rate. ruling at the parance sheet date on the contracted rate if applicable. Any exchange differences arbing are: taken to the income statement Transactions in the income

Exchange differences on that station of overseas subadimes are recognised through the statement of contineillens on income in the

statement of overseas operations are

tripistated using an average

exchange rate.

4 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judgements estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and rapid estimates that are not ready esparant from other somes.

The adgements, estimates and associated assumptions are pased in stoncal experience and other tacrors that are considered to be relevant. Act, afres lits may differ this emessionage her this estimate, and assumptions.

The rudgements lest nates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an origoing basis. Revision liare

recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty in sopiving the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical edge ments and those involving estimations that the Directors have in adel in the process of abolying the consistency of sample of the amolitist recognised in the adolphic to the amolitist recognised in the adolphic parameters.

the amounts recognised in thank a knowness transport of the analysis expected to the design and the second of the

Revenue recognition

Critical accounting judgen ents

recognition policy, as set out in note.
3. judgements are made in inspect of certain areas including.

- date panet on of distinct contract component cand performance obligations
- the recognition of a significant fuller intercomponent

The aforement or edit, dgeine insign consistently, applied across similar contracts.

Kez estimations

rerognition bolicy as Jet autiliariote

3 warm is to is a lemmade to respect of certain areas including

- neasurement of variable consideration;
- the application of the percentage of completion.
 approach to long term contraction estimates or total expected contractive energy and costs, as well as response or pages and the ascrement of the originals.

Key estimates are regularly nion tored thi bughout the relevant contractual periods with reference to the stage of completion and any applicable custoine, milestone, acceptance. This is particularly relevant to the approach for significant engineering projects, such as the 700MHz creatance programme, which typically coutsing a programme build by assigned a tong. term operational phase. See note 5. for the total engineering revenue. The impact of a change in estimate. related to engineering projects is: considered to not be material goods forward.

Deferred tax

Critical accounting judge nents

As disclosed in note 19, the Group has a significant unlecognised deformed tax asset, pulmarily in respect of deformed interest expenses and tax losses, bridgement is required in determining whether these assets can be accessed considering the lestrictions of relevant tax legislation and expectations of future profits within particular group entities.

Only assets that are expected to be available to the Group have been recognised but the judgement relating to these concognised assets will remain under review and reassessed as the Group's consistances and relevant tax egislation evolves.

Useful lives for property, plant and equipment and intangibles

Critical accounting judgements

Depreciation or amortisation is charged to the income statement based about the user allives selected. This assessment regimes estimation of the period over which the Group will derive benefit from these assers.

Management monitor and assess the appropriateness of useful economic ives, such lives may also be inpacted by external inalket changes in the event that such a change were to result in a revision of useful erodo hicleves this could. result in a change to the annual depreciation charge going follwards In the theoletical scenario whereby medium and longiterin useful economy, was of property, plant and equipment were to be reduced by one year the estimated impaction. the depreciation charge for the year is approximately £12m (2020). approximately ti18mi, with a reduction in depreciation in later уев к

The Group manages its property, biant and equipment on a portionor basis the brian a central estates team. This team contains qualified surveyors who make a wealth of expensive working for the Group and with the industry us a whole.

The C4 rying values of intaligibles are discored in note 15, and those for property, plant and aquipment are discored in note 16.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Critical accounting addressers.

As discressed in note 26 million provisions principally relate to obligations arising from contractual obligations, restructuring and property remediation plans and decominissioning on ignitions.

The identification of sich obligations in the context of daily operations which require provisions to be made requires judgement.

Judgement is also required to distinguish between provisions and contingent dabilities.

Management also exercises judgement in measuring the exposures to contingent liabilities (see note 28) through assessing the likelihood that a potential claim or liability will alse, and in quantity native possible range of financial outcomes.

Key estimations

Estimates have been made in respect of the probable future obligations of the Group. These estimates are reviewed a miliarly to reflect current economic conditions and strategic plans.

The decommissioning provisions are reviewed aim largy and are calculated based upon expected costs and past costs incuried on similar sites as determined by site and project management, as well as assessments made by internal expects (see note 26).

Management in a sestimated the impact of reducing the decominissioning timetable by one-year to be a 0.2m (2020 ± 0.5m) in relation to the unwinding of provision discounting or in admite decomme adming was recognised to the with potential earlier exist at organizes, a sensitivity of up to £10-15m across the portfolio as a whose Such movement in any pile fin includiveness not cool dered likely.

Impairment of goodwill

Critical accounting judgements

goodwill is reviewed at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is any and call on or impairment, in accounting policies.

Judgement is used to identify indicators of impairment and their impact upon the goodwill balances. An assessment of impair next is performed each year as detailed in note 14.

Leases

For most contracts there is limited judgement in determining whether an agreement contains a lease. IFRS 16 distinguishes between leases and service contracts on the basis of whether the use of an identified usset is controlled by the lessee. Controlles considered to exist if the curtomer has

- The right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of a hidenfified asset, and
- The right to direct the use of that asser

Judgement is sometimes required to determine whether the Group controls the asset and has a lease and offers.

Cotical accounting juagements

Some leave contracts include elements of consideration which are tiked and variable. For these northacts ladgement is required to determine to what extent any of the Lamable consideration sinds lost sed consideration according to IFRS 16. Where variable consideration is in substance tiked consideration in the season fed for in the variation of the lease liability and light of its ease!

Lease tellors uniter IFRS 16 orași exceed the anomal, a clease per oc

and include optional lease periods where it is reasonably certain that an extension option for other contractual rights) will be exercised or that a terminal on option will not on exercised by the Group.

Significant judgement is required in determining whether options periods should be included in the lease term taking into account the purpose and potential for replacement and any place for future use of the asset.

The lease term sitor and and buildings, subject to the non-carce libbe period and rights and notions in each individual contract are generally indiged to be the longer of the rolling minimum case term and between 2 and 10 years, with terms at the top ennior this range of the lease relates to assets that are intight to the delivery of in Lo customer cointracts.

Actuarial assumptions used to determine the carrying amount of the Gloup's defined benefit plan liabilities

Cotical accounting addinagers

very films are discolinated at a liste set by reful lenke to market sie disaritore.

end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds. Significant judgement is required when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. The most significant criteria considered for the selection of bonds include the issue size of the corporate poinds, duality of the bonds and the identification of outliers which are excluded. The Group selects these assumptions in consultation with an exterial qualified actuary.

sevestimations

Est motos are used in determining the prosent value of the scheme hard tries, which depend on such factors to the life expertancy of the members, the salary progression of duringment employees and price of at on.

Management has considered the estimated about or adjusting the assumptions used to determine the the present value of the scheme. Not only which are summarised in note 29.

5 Revenue and segmental information

The Croillo derives invitation to every deriving at serving a least reening projects, and the sale of convincionations equipment. See note 3 for the accounting only estadopted.

The following tables a saggregate revenue from contracts with distance kipy our major service, mes-

Year ended 30 June 2021	Media Distribution Em	Smart Utilities Networks £m	Total continuing operations Em	Total discontinued operations	Total £m
Approximation of the contract	N	· :		. :	
ty the country of the	-		:: _	-	
			*:		• -
Revenue	519.5	122.8	642.3	19	647.2

Year ended 30 June 2020	Media Distribution £in	Smart Utilities Networks Em	Total continuing operations	Total discontinued operations	Total £m
The factors of the Action	× { 3	117.1	1 1	1918	K.2
A graduate to the state of the	11		•	74.7	"!
a exit					1
Revenue	556 4	121.1	677.5	225.3	902 8

Revenue expecting to be secognised in fative periods, included in our order book, for performance obligations that are not complete (or are partially complete) as at 30 June 2021 is f4.143.5m (2020). £4.019 bm. The anticipated timing of recognition of this revenue is as follows.

	< 1 year	1-2 years	2 5 years	5-10 years	> 10 years	Total
Year ended 30 June 2021	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
				•		–
Facilities to the control	4	124	1 183	1	70,000	53 - 1
20 (10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	•	!:				. :
**	= 7,	1 -	11.7	2.5%		0.0%
Revenue	531 3	468.5	1.148.1	1,229 3	766.3	4.143.5

Year ended 30 June 2020	< 1 year	1 2 years	2 5 years	5-10 years	> 10 years	Total
	€m	£m	£m	£m	£ım	£m
Remarks to the second	,1 "	41, 4	1,45 +		,	٠,٠
2020 (1997)		= 1				12 -
a Programme		F - +	1 .	2 -	1	15.1
Revenue	567.5	527.6	1,277./	1,286.7	360.1	1,019.6

Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has recognised the following assets and liabilities in relation to contracts with clistomers

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Contract assets		
rised 5	• •	
Contract liabilities		
Type of	. •	e -
ty was	, .	- 4 · 1
	455.0	329.5

695 2m of the contract (ab invine cognised at 30 June 2020 was recognised as revenue during the year (2020) £178 2m Junoa chient losses of £0 2m (2020) £0 3m) were recognised on contract assets during the year.

Other than businessias issuar movements there were noting inficant changes in contract asset and liability parances during the year. In addition to the contract parances.

discrosed above the Group has also recognised an asset in relation to the prepayment of costs to furth a contract. This is presented with a other receivables in the balance sheet and totalled £1.0m (2020 £2.0m). Amortisation recognised as a cost of providing services during the year was £0.1m (2020 £0.2m).

Reporting by markets

During the year the Group continued to focus its commercial and operational resources across the Media Distribution and Smart Utilities Networks inarkets of the refers to our corporate activities which are non-revenue generating.

Information regarding the nature or these business areas is contained on pages 16 to 18 within the Strategic report.

Year ended 30 June 2021	Media Distribution	Smart Utilities Networks	Other	Discontinued Operations	Consolidated
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Revenue	519 5	122.8		1.9	647 2
Segment result* (EBITDA)	327 1	41.8	(36.5)	2.5	334.9
en la					1.52
					10.
Cherry 1					
The state of the s					
Operating profit from continuing operations					138.5
φ_{-1} , φ_{-1}					
The second section is a second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the section of					
25 100 100 100 100					- 1
Loss before tax from continuing operations					(597.2)

Segment is set a defined as formable stragalout but all the others set but by lea-

Year ended 30 June 2020	Media	Smart Utilities	Other	Discontinued	Consolidated
	Distribution	Networks		Operations	
	£m	£171	£m	£m	£m
Revenue	556.4	121.1	-	225.3	902.8
Segment result* (EBITDA)	384.2	51 7	(44-3)	131.4	523.0
ing production of the second					; -
in the second second					: ~
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -					1.7
The second section of the second second					٠, -
Operating profit from continuing operations					185.5
A Professional Control					
1 + 21 - 2 - 2 + 4					1.17
Loss before tax from continuing operations					(400.3)

Togghier times at a dot and as to the importance who the percent percent power in such as the $\pm \alpha$

95 Argula Group Limited inclination, regions 201001,

PBITDA II. I was the second of the second of the second of the second operating provides provided below

		Year ended	Year ended	
		30 June 2021	30 June 202 0	
		£m	£m	
Desperation of the second	e e	! •	· ·	
a diamen	19	1 5 5	3 * * =	
Action profession	1.4	. ·	1 .	
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Algeria - T	I * +	£ =	
Description of the second	and the second			
20070		e to the	+ (a) = +	
EBITDA		334.9	523.0	

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the first of the same as described in note 3.

Segmental result represents the EBITDA enried by each segment without allocation of the central administration costs. To also the second of the second of

CODM for the purpose of resource a location and assessment of segment be formance.

For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating.

resources between segments, the CODM monitors the capital expenditure of property, plant and educine we also tail intendion assets (presented on a cash basis) planned at dict. Ged by each segment, an analysis of which is shown below.

	Media Distribution	Smart Utilities Networks	Other*	Consolidated
	£m	£m	£m	€m
Capital expenditure:				
$= \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbf{r}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}) + \mathbf{r}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}) + \mathbf{r}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}) + \mathbf{r}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}) \right] + \mathbf{r}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r})$	1 5	` 3 =	٠.	86 1
The first of the second	, ,	•	:	115 4

Tind lides maintenance capex which is managed centrary and not allocated to individual business settinents.

Note the above is presented on a cash basis at distretione cannot be agreed directly to the capital additions presented in notes 15 and 16. The total patience comprises property, plant and equipment of £56.6 m (2020, £113.3 m), and intangible assets of £2.1 m (2020, £2.1 m) as referred to in the cash flow statement.

called the market operators of the control of the c

Geographical information

Though the UK. The geographic analysis of revenue is on the basis of the country of origin in which the customer is invoiced.

The following reveale was generated from external customers:

	essant som for t	+ 4 4 × 2 × 2 × 2	Year ended	5 x 5 1-20	5 - 41 ast 15 1	Year ended
		$i, r \geq 2 + 1$	30 June 2021	. 2 :		30 June 2020
	5.4.4	$j(m,j)^{\mathrm{ext}}(n-\ell_{k})$		Part of the	1.0	
		2012	Total	or or only	2010/2020	Total
	t	± 1	£m		2.33	£m
	17		639.6	·		894.9
Responsible to the second of t	. 1		6.4			6.1
e of the of the contract	1 .		1.2	ē		1.8
., . ,						

The Group holds non-current assets (excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assetu and persion surpris) in the following geographical locations:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
	. > -	2 4 5 5 5
$(S(\mathcal{C}^{-1}(\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{A}})) \cap (\mathcal{C}^{-1}(\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{A}})) \cap (\mathcal{C}^{-1}(\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{A}})) \cap (\mathcal{C}^{-1}(\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{A}})))$	4	*
$\phi \in \mathcal{C}^{\infty}(X,X,Y)$		
	2,889.7	2,979.0

Information about major customers

and rated in the revenues and any from Media Distribution are revenues of £446.3 m (2020) £446.3 mb which mose from sales to a major customer and Smart Unities Networks revenues include £81.7 m (2020) £88.8 mb from a major customer.

in the prior vest the Groun received ϵ 45 fm of reversion relating to Telecoms discontinued operations from a major customer.

No other single sustainers continuited 10 clothore to the Discourse of the Society of Society of the Area of Society of the So

6 Operating profit

Operating profit for the year has been acrived at latter charging interediting).

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Applit for all the control of the co		•
Leading the end of the control of significant	•	-
In a later of a later by supplied to		
The entropy	3.50	17.
	`.;	* 1
respectively. The transfer of the Copy of the transfer of the Satisfactory of the Copy of	r 1	2
Amount on the Control of	*1 ***	1 1
5 + t < -n	1.22.9	(a)
And the second of the second o		٠, ٠,

Services provided by the Group's Auditors and network firms

During the year the Group optamed the hours of a solution of the solution of t

	Group Year ended 30 June 2021	Group Year ended 30 Iune 2020
	£m	£m
Tour layer with the Dariu Melant out the Country of Albert Country of Country to the Country of Cou		
Drawn street		
Non-audit services		
of the second	•	
The parties connected by the form from a first	0 9	

7 Exceptional items

The Group recognises exceptional items with are considered to be one-off and non-recurring in nature or in tems which required scionare by virtual of their size or incidence for the financial statements to give a true and rais view. Further information is disclosed in like 3.

Profit/floss) before tax is stated after (charging), crediting.

		All Salar Salar All Salar Sala	Year ended 30 June 2021			Year ended 30 June 2020
	. A	Lot of the	Total	1900 100	A Common Service	Total
	1	2.0	£m	÷ ·	-	£m
Operating expenses						
Region of the feetings	21.3		(21.8)	*		(6.8)
10 per 15 5 5 5 10 per 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	-		(3.8)	¥ 7	• :	(27.9)
	. =		(25.6)		1+2	(34.7)
Other exceptional items						
enser i de la companya de la company			1 .			
		· · ·	1,038.3			
Total exceptional items	-	•	1,012 7		174	(34.7)

Reorganisation and severance expenses include costs resulting to changes in the organisation aidesig and restrict in agontine business aims.

transformation programme, as wellcomsses on that alments in relation to the defined benefit pension plan-

This is a pine off multi-year transform mondon program mondout with a Arquia stream in telepromissor, modernise IT systems and achieve significant cost efficiencies and savings.

Corporate finance activities figures materio costs and accruals associated with orle off projects, and corporate transactions foculd by retnancing activities.

The gard on disposal of discontinued operations relates to the sall of the continued assets on \$4, 5, 2020 as disclosed in note 21.

The amounts included within exceptional operalling expension above are deductible for the purpose of taxation.

The gain on disposition the discontinued operation is not subject to UK Corporation that is, it is exemption dentine Subjects that Silvienors is kemption.

8 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (representing a line of the control of the

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Number	Number
	* 4 +	* \$ - r
		21
Total employees	1.528	1,864

	Year ended 30 june 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Number	Number
North State		* * * 1
$(\underline{x}, \underline{x}, \underline{y}, y$		
The first of a first of the second	(Pr	
Total employees	1,528	1,864

Their aggregate remoneration comprised

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
		٠.,	
National Programs			
THE STORY OF THE S	1.5	i.	
processors and set	1	× -	
Company of	· ·	*= 1	
$ \mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{w}^{(i)} = \epsilon^{-1} (1 + \epsilon^{(i)})$		7.5	
Income statement expense	82.9	88.1	

. . .

9 Finance income

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			2 v 34 34 4 2 v 34 34 21	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Iner Link	2 () () () () () () () () () (F I	·	Lisa employeest Lisa employeest	<u>. </u>
			Total £m		: 1	Total £m
$A = \{0, x^* \}$			-			0 3
That is a second of the second			-		* **	0.2
to and the analysis of			2 7			2.7
Total finance income	. 7		2.7		, <u>2</u>	3.2

Of the β natural assets income includes £0.3m (2020) £0.6m) in rolation to net fill abre income on the defined benefit people is scheme.

10 Finance costs

30 June 2021 3 Fotal Em	a de la composition della comp	State 2 State and discon- strate at	30 June 2020 Total
Fotal	, ** I* - i	ARCHTO AT	Total
(Otal			Total
Em	÷. ·		
		• •	£m
	-		
20.6			86.3
75.6			114.6
96.2	- ' '		200 9
4.0	:		4.3
7.5	+ 2	1.	23.8
529 8	1 ,		465.9
20 1	-		16 3
657 ь	+ 1	\$ -	711.2
5.5			6.9
		12	718 1
	5.5 . 663.1		

The shaller of durigan notes carry fixed interest rates of hot ween 13.0 and 14.6 militaryment of which can bridge redistitle option of the Group subject to her all nond to is in information of which are subject to brian huarireview (see note 23).

11 Other gains and losses

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
		£m	£m
September 1980 and the second		400 g	180
supplied to the control of the transfer of the second	*	2 %	! " "
and the analysis of the property of the artists of the control of		57	
Other (losses) / gains		(67 8)	113.6
and the second of the second o	<u>:</u> -		
The state of the s		1.	
Exceptional other (losses) / gains		(7.6)	1.1
Total other gains and losses		(75.4)	1147

annough until July 2020 the Group economically hedged these instruments with closs currency swaps. In July 2020 the entire cross currency swap portfolio was exited as detailed in note 25 at the same time the Group repaid its US no far denominated dept (see note 23).

All other gains and losses, in the year ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 rd, the to continuing operation (

12 Tax

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
en e		
$\sigma = - \frac{\alpha \alpha}{4} \sigma_0$		-
The grant of	7	•
Control of the Contro		
- Charles and a construction of the constructi	11	4
and the sign of the state of the sign of t	1 - N	
 Adjust the first skip of the skip graph 	Fa. My	₹
 A part of rate to out. 		2 %
A constant of the		1 .
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62 0)	3.8
income tax expense is attributable to:		
-2.0000 - 0.0000 + 0.00000	. • •	0.4.2
mmus to the street of the second second	-, ,	
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3 8

UK corporation tax is calcumfed at a rate of $19.0 \pm (2020; 19.0 \%)$ of the faxable profit for the year. Taxation for other period ctions is calculated at the rate prevailing in the respective curisdictions.

The fukic edit) / charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax in the income statement as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
		—	
Same and the same of the same	142 (+ (1)	
The extremely recommendate the second that the second the second the second that the second the second the second the second that the second the second the second that the second the second the second the second that the second the second the second that	× , '		
Tax more progressive more in tax for experience of a gracement of the	·*	ч. н,	
The object of the experience of the state of	1311		
Cherp in a common defensation cases	23%	1	
of the control of the	इः		
Lead of the discount of systems, each	e ×	* \$	
Source of the experience	l_:	208	
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3 8	

The road rate of UK corporation tax was 19 0 ridging the year, to the Finance Act 2021 it was enacted that the main rate of Uk corporation fax. would be increased to 25 8% from 1. Apr., 2023, UK deferred tax has been varued at either 19% or 25 d in 30% Time 2019, 19.0 Straebending on the period it is forecast to linwind as this is the rate substantively on icreditor. These beholds

- THE Expenses that are not deductible in Italia Change in intracognised defended in determining taxable profit. principally relate to interest. payable on shareholded load. notes
- (b) Income not taxable principally. relates to the profit and rigid time. sale of Argiva Services (thin The gam ansing is not taxable as it. falls within the Substantian Spareno ding Exemption to Sales. of trading our nesses.
- tax assets prizonally relatos to ideferred interest expenses isee rote 191

Tax in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

There is a tax charge of £6 5m (2020) credit of #3 3m; in respect of the actuarial indigement of £26.4m (2019) £11.9 mills the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

13 Dividends

		Year ended 30 June 2021		Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£ per share	£m	£ per share	£m	
Note that the second of the second			-		
Total dividends payable to minority interests		0.1		0.1	

The above almostis represe in dividends unclared to non-control use attenest stateholders by companies within the AGL Group

No dividends were decished on paid to AGI shareholders during the year (2020) En.).

14 Goodwill

£mı
1,978.8
*
1,457 8
0.4
1,457.4
,,

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated at acquisition, to the cash generating their effiction that business combination. The CGUs that have associated goodwill are Media Distribution and Smart Otilities.

These are the smallest identifiable groups of asset, that generate cash if ow, that it is argely independent of the cash intows from other groups of assets, and to workh goodwill is allocated.

As part of the sale of the Telecoins operations: ES21.0 in of the goodwill.

oneviously classified as held for vale as at 30 June 2020 was subsequently disposed when the salar obsoleted in July 2020.

The carrying value of goodwill as at the plicance speet date by the principal CGUs is shown as todows.

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
•		
$\nabla C = (C + C)^{-1}$		
ench techniques	• ,	• - •.
Total	1,457.4	1.457-4

The Group tests good will annually for impairment, or more trequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from values in some control of the co

The key assumptions for the NIU calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to cash flows during the year for which management has detailed brains.

Management estimates discount rates of ing preitax rates that retrect current market assessments of the time value of indirect of the CGUs. Growth rates are based on internal and external

growth to lecasts. Changes to cash rlows are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

Projected cash flows and the

The value in use of each CGU is determined from the cash flow forecasts our yed from the most recent financial forecasts approved by the Board for the next five years. They want to be a second to the post five years. They reven is, EBITDA growth, capital expenditure and working capital based on past experience and future expectations of performance.

Discount rate

The promas discount rate appried to the case flow rock asts are derived using the capital asset ordering model for comparable pusinesses.

The assumptions used are hence, marked to externally available data. The pre-flax discount rate used for the Group is 8.11 (2020 / 7.1). This oscount rate does not represent the weighted average rost of capital (WACC) for Airpiva, but instead is an ordistry and comparative compactly bised inpital asset pricing model (CAPM) derived discount rate, utilising current spot rates at the time of calcivation.

Terminal growth rates
The terminal growth rate is determined based on the long term growth rates of the marketulli which the CGU operates (2021) 2.1 — 2020 1.1 m). The growth rate has been

benchmarked against externally available data. This rate does not exceed the avorage long-term growth aterfor the relevant markets.

Sensitivities
There is needroom in all CGUs. No reasonably possible change in the key assumptions would cause the carrying amount of the goodwill by CGU to exceed the recoverable amount based upon the NIU.

15 Other intangible assets

	Licences	Development costs	Access rights	Software	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost					
15 to 62	:	-	1	4.4	1.5
$\sum_{i=1}^{n} F_{i,i}(x_{i-1})$		1 7			
the property of the second	**	:		-	•
$(\chi_{\mathcal{A}}(s), s) = (s, s) \cdot $				+ 1	
Market Control	: "	•	5.1	1 1	
Victoria,					
$(2a+2b+2a+2b) = 2ab^{2}$					
		. *			1 -
At 30 June 2021	13 7	22 5	15.4	104 /	156.3
Accumulated amortisation					
19 1 p 1	٠.	•	,	-	
$A_{ij} = A_{ij} A_{ij}$					
				•	
Associated and the second of the second	•			0	"
	7.1	2.5	*	• -	
				-	
		-			-
At 30 June 2021	8.2	11.2	15.4	81.2	116.0
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2021	5.5	11 3		23 5	40.3
46 (6 (5 1) 1)		-		-	1 1

Development costs in respect of products in diservices that are being developed by the Globblare being capital sed in accordance with IASIB. These are automated over the respectance of the operative product or service has been commercially incomes.

Other sitting new Assets are relican sed at income amont sed puer these continued collections ex-

16 Property, plant and equipment

and buildings	Leasehold buildings	equipment	Assets under the course of construction (AUC)	Total
£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
11.5	,_ :	2 1 4	••	, ,,
	1 1 1			111-
Δ_		'	Ç =	
			, Å .	. :
1.00		1 _ 1		****
1 -	<u>,</u> -,			
. •				
	.: :		₹	5 3 2
322.0	145.8	1,786 6	103 1	2,357 5
			~ 1	+1 4
	. =	4 .	7. 7.	
	× *	:	+ 13	
326.5	149.7	1,821.8	128.8	2,426 8
1 m =	1.	in 1		* . •
4. *	_ 1 ~	1.84		, -
		š`.		
4.5.1	, 1 2,			
		1 to 1		, 1.
57.1	40.9	784.1	-	882.1
\$ · '	11.4	11 7		2003
. *	1	' = '		. **
58.9	57.4	918.5		1.034.8
26 7.6	92.3	903 3	128.8	1,392.0
- N., .	1 1	9		:: :
	326.5 326.5 57.1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1112	Em Em Em 1 1 1 1 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

Freehold land included above but not depreciated amounts to E156 lm restated 2020 $\pm 1.57~\mathrm{Om}$). The $\rho \sim e^{-2}$ year figure has been restated from . ±179 Om to remove the impact of neighfor sale items previously included in-

The second of the second assets have been biedged as seconty.

detit facilities isee note 231 in addition. the second of the second

the leased assets, which have a carrying in into contractual commitments for the amount of £5.1m (2020, £5.9m) clipted within leasehold buildings

The carrying value of lapitalised interest included with niproperty, plant. and equipment was £17 In (2020) £17.3mi

At 30 June 2021, the Group had entered acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounting to £23 lm (2020) £15 Smill see note 28 for further details

17 Interest in associates and joint ventures

In addition to the subsidiary undertakings (see note 4 to the Company financial statements on page 135) the Group holds the following interests in associates and joint ventures:

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Registered office	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
Joint ventures					
Souther Light & Linkshop	_ *#*X ***	Coversion and special resources of Coversion (Coversion) and the second coversion of the co	Moral Plana Courses in Light Backward Course to Alliest Operation (2010) and Rena Course 2 and Alliest Course Course Alliest A	1, 14	1
King the Sifty of the property of the state	19 6 C V 12 C	ON TO AN ACCUSED. May Charles and Marketine and Marketin	The wind Charle of sections: The control of person		14 minute active topologic
Associate undertakings.					
7 ·	week and	eta esta especialista escentia exceeding	Steeling to see that the second of the secon		
e to the second second	2000 000 000	7 3 1 18 18 18	Lawrence to the term of term of term of the term of the term of te	215	=
Tanga ya Kar	2 (1)		action of Providing Company SWI Company of the Company Company		35 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
dΣ, y op op de	ge water een soon	Francisco de la companya de la comp	State of the state		1 (17) (1) (1) (2) (1) (1)
18 27 18 41 2 19	to the green	disconding to the second of th	NASATANAS ASTRONOS AS ASTRONOS TRANS	21.5	. •

Shalle of resilits of appleiates and i joint vesture (was tight 2020) En littor in contines that are considered in the year with the interest in associates and only verticellibelig. EG 1m (2020 EO 1m)

The Group exited its absolute undertaknigs with Digital UK Emited. and DTV Services contred in the year. There was no injuried at financial impact as a result of these exisThere are no other is wiclates or joint in that the carrying visities of the material lether individually or h Jerfannance.

The Directors consider the carrying and the second second an annual basis, or more frequently should indicators have, and believe

in vestinents are supported by the underlying trade all direct assets.

the lactions with issociates and omit ventures in the vehicline envilosed in rote 30

18 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Trade and other receivables		
Transaction of	e e	7 .
20 cm of the control	No.	
Charles to		s,
	128.0	139.1
Contract assets accrued income	61.2	64 6

The second of the AS is a linet trade receivable, which are past due but where no indication of non-recoverability has been ignortified is as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	 £m	£m	
	 -		
Martin Contact Carrier	•	\$ 1	
2. Comment (4.3) (2) (20)	<u> </u>		
rative of a 11 may be dis-	1	-	
Markey for the garage	* .		
	7.4	15.2	

Trade race vables and contract assets are stated after deducting allowances for doubtful debts, as follows

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	
All contracts of the		٠.
Associations of	1)	1
Programme of the great	•	4
Allowance at 30 June	. 4.5	6.5

expected credit losses using a lifetime in characteristics to the trade expected credit loss provision for in receivables for similar types of trade receivables and contract assets in contracts.

To ineasure expected credit rosses on. The expected loss rates are based on ... a collective mass, trade (e. esvable) and contract assets are glouped

. The control Onada boll ad hard, and whether the shade and

The Group applies the IFRS 9 based on similar credit risk aging. The prior to the period end. The historical simplified approach to measuring contract assets have similar risk loss rates are then considered for current and forward looking. information on macroecone mic factors are the first sections customers. No adjustments were made to the expected loss rates. applied for the current year.

The Fig. 1 expected joss rate for rene vables is 0.4% (2020) 0.4% (At 30 June 2021 the Retime expected loss provision for trade receivables and contract assets is as follows:

	Current	Up to 30 days overdue	Up to 90 days overdue	Between 91 and 150 days overdue	More than 150 days overdue	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
e Costo e duar es		. :	_ :	**		
English State	: :					65.1
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	:					+ 1
2.8 20 20 1 25 (25)					/ <	:
	i			ì		, :

+0.2m (2020) £0.3 m of the £4.5 m 12020, £6.5mLiterine expected loss. provision relates to the contract. Asstalls

In addition to the experted creations. consider a specific browson for trade. receivables outstanding for more than . In determining the lecoverability of $\hat{\tau}$

where the pilkings, a tympoment indicates a specific risk Management. will make an assessment of the level of urby sion based on the Group policy. Adjustments to the calculated. revel of provision will be made. accordingly.

30 days beyond the agreed ferms, or in trade receivable the Group considers.

any change in the credit quality of the trane receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses acexternal credit scoring system to quality. For further information on:

how the Grono manages creditinss.

19 Deferred tax

The parance of deterred tax recognised at 30 June 2021 is £230 Im (2020) if 169.0m). The movement in deterred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

Deferred tax assets	Tax losses	Fixed asset temporary differences	Derivative financial instruments	Other temporary differences	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
entral control	15 +	_ 1	t = .	•	9 a
Company of the Company of the Company of the Company	. ~	11.	45		
Control of the State of the Sta		, , ,			_4 *.
ATT TO A	~ i) e	1.2.1	+.7	: 7.
procedure of a process of a state of the	21 m	e 2	7	. 1	*
At 30 June 2021	41.4	77.5	74.6	48 3	241.8

Deferred tax liabilities	Retirement benefits	
	£n	a £m
Here was	-	
Transport for the state of the		1
e to a transported in improve in the income		
W		
Introduction was a solution to	_ 1	2 -
Contract to the dental to the experience of the experience	; .	

Deferred tax has been ineasured at a the Uk corporation hix rate at which it is anticipated to recense, 19.0 is forthe period to 31 March 2023 and 257 from 1 April 2023 (2020: 19.0%). these are the rate substantively. enacted at the palance sheet date at which the deferred tax is expected to reverse. The computation tax rate with increased to 25 a from 19 a effective. from 1 April 2023, the deterred tax asset is anticipated to reverse both in the perious prior to and after 1 April. 2023 and therefore the deferred tax. asset has been recognised at the relevant tax rate. The impact of this case change on the iaroine. statement is shown in Note 12

At 30 June 2021

Temporary date ences and a ginconnection with unrematted earnings of overself subsidiance and interest, in associates are assign figure.

There is an unrecogn and deferred tax asset of : 394.1 m (2020) £272.9 m). This is on respect of tax losses of £76.3 m (2020) £72.4 m, and deferred interest expenses £317.5 m (2020) £200.5 m). These deferred tax assets may be carried forwind indefinitely. These assets have not been recognised nince it is not probable to at these assets will be able to be influed against future taxable profits of the Group. The forecasts used for deformed tax asset recognition are the same as those testing.

The Group continues to recognise the deferred tax asket based on forecast taxable profits that will acke based upon the long-term forecast results prepared for the Group

. . 11.7

11.7

The Group continues to recognise its deferred tax assets as supported by the same, ongiterm group profit. forecasts that are used for goodwillimpairment festing (see note 14). No attributes have a nine expiry and these forecasts show the deferred. tax assets reversing to a net liability position by 30 June 2030. Due to the long term stable nature of the business, with significant long term. contracts, the recognised deterred. tax asset is not considered to be materially exponed to the performance of the Group based or reasonably possible trading forecasts

20 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	 £m	£m
IN THE REPORT OF	15 :	* 1
entropy of the section	214.1	
Total cash and cash equivalents	243 5	110.1

21 Discontinued operations and disposal group held for sale

On 8 July 2020, the Groip sold its Telecoms infrastructure and related asset including its 100 contaces in Arciva Services atdiand its subsidianes. The profit on the disposal of the discontinued operation is not subject to UK Collobration tax as it is exempt under the Substantial Shareholding Exemption.

The post-tax gain on disposal of discontinued operations was determined as follows:

	30 June 2021
	£m
	<u>-</u>
The second section is a second second	e v
A Committee of the Comm	
Control of the Contro	
A common will be one of the property of	1,820 4
$\Delta_{\Gamma}(t) = t_{\sigma}(t) + \epsilon_{\Gamma}(t) + \epsilon_{\Gamma}(t)$ (1) $\Delta_{\Gamma}(t) = \epsilon_{\Gamma}(t)$	
90.0	
tarati ya wit	
graduate state of the control of the	
and and the entry of the	
g Brand of the co	٠.
$a^{*}N = a^{*} \wedge a^{*}$	2.3
Transfer transfer to	e e
Suite March 1997 Commence of the Commence of t	
	782.1
to be a fine or the state of the state of	
Commence of the second of the	1.038 3

Result of discontinued operations

Theires lits or the discolith decipierations are disclosed in the himnie Statement

Statement of cash flows

The statement or cash flows includes the following amounts relating to discontinued operations

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	 £m	£m
21.37m (2.5.7.2.2)	-	1.7.1
	-	\ \frac{1}{2}
en de la companya de La companya de la co		, e e e
en North and the second of the	2.5	35.2

Assets and liabilities of disposal group held for sale

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
	-	
1.44		_
Project and intelligences		
A NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PART		
The wile port will be only		5.200
The transfer of the second sec		. :
Section of the control of the contro		
i general de la companya de la com		
Assets held for sale		1,186.4
$+0$, -0.01 ± 3		÷ =
The section of the se		• 7 :
Color active		. 2 +
		•
Liabilities held for sale		(429.6)

22 Trade and other payables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2 020
	Em	£m
Current		
Trade and other payables		
$\tilde{\gamma} = (D_{i_1} N_{i_2} N_{i_3} N_{i$	12	4
Control of the control of the	to a	1.5
Section of the sectio	Ē	•
$N_{\rm eff}$ (· 5	2.00
	120.0	277 6
Contract liabilities deferred income	99.5	96 6
Non-current		
Contract liabilities deferred income	355.5	232.9

23 Borrowings

	Denominated currency	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	£m
-			
Within current habilities:			
Longitude (Astronomy)	213	2	24.7
50 - 40			
Children and	S10 - 4		7.5
63 (1) 2,	Starting		₹ .
some restriction of the state o	817 79		72
	18 2 80 i		le '
$\Delta_{1}=\{s,0,\cdots,\omega_{p},\ldots,s_{q},s_{p},s_{p}\}\cup\{s,s_{p},\ldots,s$	STORY S	**	r
with a first time of the state	Storative	20.40	. 1.13
Borrowings due within one year		2,332.9	2,215.8
Within non-current liabilities:			
4		287.6	396.2
• 1	N. 1. 1. 1.		
	51 14	•	
e service i	5.	28 1	
and the second second	87 1.00		200.0
		1.324.4	1.861.6
and the second of the second o	51 - 11	• • 1	2.31
			1
	*		, .=
, · · ·	**	· ·	
and the second second	»·	2,148 1	2,148 1
Service of the Control of the	·_ · · ·	86.3	101.2
Borrowings due after more than one year		3,846 4	4,707.
Analysis of total borrowings by currency:			
			-
-2			
Total borrowings		6,179.3	6,922.9

Included within the $6.6179.3 \times (2020)$ fn 922.9 m are depth sque costs of $68.5 \times (2020) \times 12.0 \times 1$. Total borrowings excluding these appoints are $6.687.8 \times (2020) \times 66.934.9 m$. Which is included in the table below.

to provide the figure of a control of the state of the st

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Borrowings falling due within:		
Discipline	* s = <u></u>	253
Chart his year	9- 1 · 1	
Making they are	The property of	** x =
Total	6,179.3	6,934.9

The weighted average interest rate of porrowings fexchading shareholder interest as described above) is 5,44 ft (2020) 6,42 h).

Bank loans to mip an or the (x, y) senior debt. Other loans comprise that (x, y) senior bonds and notes and junior bonds

Als unmany of the movement in porrowings during the financial year is given below.

Borrowings.	Reference	At 1 July 2020	Lease movements	Amounts repaid	At 30 June 2021
		£m .	£m	£m	£ m
where $\hat{\chi}(x,y) = \hat{\varphi}_{x}(x,y) + \hat{\chi}(x,y) + \hat{\chi}(y) $		7		5	
percent dieght in mynthyl in the inneren	•	150			
so the first of a series of the first of		:		• •	1.7
the stop of	Ç!	25.0		* *.	* ·
several end of the end of court places and		7 5		1 -	7611
e Roman		,		-	*
Total bank loans and private placements		2,940.0	-	(1,262.8)	1,677.2
Property of the Control of the Contr	i - i	i •			. •
Solver of Sacrament Co.		* 1 * *			1.1.
Total borrowings excluding accrued interest		S, 211 .0	(15.6)	(1,262.8)	3,932.6

the table above incorporate

(a) capital expenditure and working capital facilities (2021) for lioutstanding 2020 £550 0mi, or which £350 On had an expected maturity date of March 2021. The remaining £300 Omload maturity. dates over a period to March 2025 however following the fullrepayment of the capital expenditure. facility, this could no longer be redrawn. These facilities were all fully repaid during July and August. 2020 using proceeds from the sale of And the second pusiness unit. All three facilities were floating rate in pature with a marginiover LIBOR of between 145 and 180. bps.

On 9 July 2021, the Group retinanced its bank facility and now has access to u £100.0m. Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150.0m. Equiparty fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA of between £20 and £30bps. Argiva Financing No.1.

The Group has ti250 0m (2020, E250 0m) or undrawn senior debt facilities available which were refinanced oil 9 July 2021. These facilities are at floating interest rates for further inforeignt on on the consequence of the see note 25.

(b) an institutional terror oan (2021) £90 0m o instancia gi 2020; £180 0m, with an expected mat intry date of December 2023. Using proceeds

Te ecommunication; busitest unit, 190.0m of this loan was repaid in Jay 2020.

- (c) a loan from the European Investment Bank (2021, £172,0m) outstanding, 2020, £190,0m) with an expected maturity date of June 2024. Using proceeds from the sale of the 100 mess unit, £18,0m of this load was repaid in July, 2020.
- (d) Financing factories to Argiva Smith Financing Emitted in Group company i established in December 2013 that

metering contracts by financing the placehase of communication habs. This £30m facility matures in June 2028 and £26.1m was drawn at the end of June 2021 iJ me 2020 £27.2m). The remaining £3.9m commitment was cancelled on 27th November 2020. This loan is

amortising over time with the final

miaturity in June 2028.

Calculate Communication of the Communication of the

There was also an associated £1.6m fee facility that instured in June 2021 which was £0.8m drawn as at June 2020, and £ inly repaid prior to 30. June 2021. These loans have floating rates of interest with margins, ranging from LiBOR = 1.20% to 2.50%.

(e) a complication of publicly listed bonds and US or viste placement notes.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group has £470 7m (2020) £497 3m sizering denominated bonds outstanding with fixed interest rates ranging between 4.88 Land 5.34 Li 2020 4.041 and 5.341 j. These bonds are repayable netween December 2021 and December 2032 and are risted on the London Stock Exchinger, Arqisia Financing Pro-sitnelissuer of all the

The remaining sector librar refer to an umber of US private place, sent issues in storting with to aring interest rates. The Giroupinas + 293,4m (2020) £478,5 milliofistering recommated to ating rate US or vate placements that are amonts right hardness with repayments die petiween December 2021, and December 2029. These into intents may allow an argument EIROR or between 210 and 220 dos.

Prior to being fully lebaid in Liv 2020, the Group herd tiked late US orivate pracements (2021) End, 2020: £391,2m) in sterling and US dohar denominated notes. At the nedged rate these are valued at £00 (2020): £342.7m). These notes had fixed prierest rates which ranging between 4.10 × and 4.42° × Argiva PP

And the second of the second of

From the proceeds of the sale of the animal Telecommunications business unit the Group repaid the remaining £251 0m of tixed rate US collar denominated notes, as well as the remaining £140.2 It of fixed rate thering denominated notes in July 2020, as well as a partial repayment of £172.3m of floating rate stering notes in August 2020.

The fair value of the quoted senior bonds based upon observable market prices (fair value therap by level 1) was £561.7 m (2020 ±581.8 m) whilst mer carrying value was £470.7 m (2020 ±497.3 m)

The fair value of fixed interprivately based senor debt determined from observable market bildes for quoted instruments as a proxy measure (fair value hierarchy level 2) was finil (2020) 6445 600 whils the nonrying value was En. (2020) 6391 25

The remaining ri293 1m (2026) £178 5mH or senior dept relates to other unquoted borrowings

The directors consider the fair value of all other in culoted porrowings to be all ose abbroximate to their parrying amount.

(f) Junior bolid vot £625 0m represent amb untural sed from the assuable of notes by Ardiva Broadcist Europe Ric. These notes have altised interest rate of 6.75 and prenewayable in September.

2023. These notes are listed on the Luxempourg Market

The Group continues to comply with all covenant requirements. The fair value of the quoted junior bonds based upon observable market brices (fair value hierarchy level 1) was £643 0m (2020 £650 2 m) whist their carry legislate was £625 0m (2020 £625 0m).

(g) Opligations under leases are as defined within note 24

(h) Shareholder to an notes which are absecured, are listed on the Channel. Islands Stock Exchange lare repayab e between September 2021 and September 2025, and cannot be called upon early. The shareholder pan notes carry a fixed rate of intorest ranging between 13% and 14 applicable to the capital and im-paid interest which can be nater-led at the option of the Group subject to certain conditions. qualification of which are subject to bliannial review lappicable to the capital and unpaid it terest. The Groupinas exercised this option to deter interest payments hade 2009.

and the second second second second

nce struct leed within a Whole Business Serum to allon backage (WBS). These is struments have cover a misiatranned formulp a war interest and debtisers de cover ratio and a debtileverage ratio. The Group contraces to no no wiwith all cover and regulacines.

There have been no breaches of the reams of the loan agreement adulting the current or previous year. The value of the interest deterred on the spareno derioan yotes at 30 June 2021 was 62 244 Cur (2020) £1 714 3 n.1.

24 Leases

Leases as lessee (IFRS 16)

The Group holds lease an angements primarily relating to land and buildings, circuit contracts and vehicles.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets to ated to leaven properties and faint lother than investment property) are presented as a anti-and equipment. Plant and equipment leases relate to the use of fibre lother fixed telecommunications lines, and IT equipment.

	Leasehold buildings Eni	Plant and equipment	Total
		£n;	£m
A Section 2016	· -	. 2	٠.
A recommendation of the second	1.3	1.30	•
Association with the control of	e f		-
the grant of the spirit of the spirit of the	(-1)	•	
Control Cartin Street Street Assists	•		!
Appendix of the contraction of t	4+		1.46
At 30 June 2020	68.3	51 0	119 3
$(\mathbf{c}_{i,j}) = (\mathbf{c}_{i,j}) \cdot (c$		11	_ 1 =
A compare of the property	•	1 .	v =
$(\pm \theta + \theta + \theta + \pm \phi + \phi + \phi + \phi + \phi + \phi + \phi)$		•	-
Control of the second second	1.	• •	
Balance at 30 June 2021	64 6	35.3	99.9

Amounts recognised in the Income Statement

Leases under IFRS 16	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m 	£m.
ing in Konstanding year at All-All-All-All-All-All-All-All-All-All		
er en	1.4	-

Amounts recognised in the Cashflow Statement

		Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
The control of the way of the way	45.1	

the control of the c

25 Financial instruments and risk management

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entitles in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the deor and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (as set out in note 27) see note 20 for cash and cash equivalents and note 23 for borrowings) and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital and share premium leserves, retained earnings and agricontrolling interests).

Levers of dopt are maintained on an ongoing pasis to ensure that no breaches occur and repayments can be and are in ide as necessary with refinancing calined out as required.

Significant accounting policies

Details of significant accounting policies and inclines inflotted uncluding enter a for recognition, the basis of measurement and the piece for recognition of income and expenses for each class of that call asset and financial rapidly are disclosed to further note 3.

nate list at ordering the new control of the first at ordering the measured on a fair value conduction by the new property and loss and the major and the new property and act as a lightest decounting property and applies are not appried. This means that the loss conducted fair value is considered the new additional and the new additional addi

state her trwithing the control of the country and index index the cross correct, and index index swaps) are reported as a component of the pack and other loan interest within finance rosts.

Financial risk management

tracine is increasury function provides services to the business, co-orderates access to domestic and internation eltimatical markets, monitors and manages the timulcial tisks relating to the operations of the Group using moancial instrument, wherever it is appropriate to do so.

The treasury function reports into the Group Finance Director and the marker of Risk Consolittee, an independent function, with a scope that includes front ording the risks and policies implemented to intigate hisk exposures. The main risks addressed by this rola instruments are independently after isk and foreign our relievable pending these states is and foreign our relievable pending these fisks remain our charged the original in the year.

The Globblenters into a variety of ner variety financial instruent disconnance its to manage its exposure to fole groundle ovand interest rate risk incurrency and interest rate risk.

- Interest rate swaps and along intrations linked swaps, to intrate the risk or movement in iterest rates
- Chase currency swaps to initiaate the risk of currency exposines or foreign denoishment approximas i and

 Forward foreign exchange contracts to manage exchange haks arising from transactional toreign exchange exposures

The Group does not enter to or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

Foreign currency risk management

The Group principally operates from UK sites and predom annity in the UK market, but has some overseas tubsidiaries and transactions denominated in foreign runnercles. While some cristonic land subbiller rontracts are delso in pated in other contracts are delso in pated in other and Euro), the majority of the

Sterning based and accordingly exposure to to leight exchange risk is. I mitted:

Foreign currency exchange risk can be subovided into two components, transaction of risk and transaction rusk.

Transactional risk: The Group's colory is to hedge material transactional currency exposities via the invest to ward to region exchange contracts. The measurement and cuntool of this risk is monitored on a Group, wide oracs.

Translation risk: The Group to ensistes oversees resolvent and let ensets in accordance with the accounting policy in note 3. Given the Group predom runtivioperates in the UK, there is a relative visin all exposule with overseasient ties accounting for only 0.1 (2020, 0.3) (or operating profit and 0.1) (2020, 0.1) (of total assets for the Group.

Labilities (excluding hedged currency and US dollar-denominated borcowings) at the year end were as follows.

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Monetary assets:		
e de Bolick	:	
		:11
The community of Duff	* * *	
Total	26.5	17.9
Monetary liabilities.		
+ 1.00 P		2
	•	* *
Total	(8.2)	(8.3)

The Grono previously held USD cross currency swaps to fix the Stering cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations relating to the US dollar denominated private placement issue at an exchange rate of 1.52. As at 30 June 2021 the command is a like nero in such swaps was find (2020 USD 307 9m) to fix the exchange rate of US dollar-denominated senior notes.

This provided an effective economic hedge of the foreign currency implict on the Sterling cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations and as such, there were no material sensitivities on these hedged amounts.

The entire cross-currency swap portfolio was exited in July 2020 with the fair value at time of disposal being £51.8m.

The remaining unhedged currency amounts do not expose the Group to material residual exposure to exchange rates. According vilno sensitivity in a ysis his been presented.

Interest rate risk management

The Group has variable rate bank and US private placement debt and uses the inflational control of the Group maintains a nedging policy to manage interest rate risk.

and to enside the cell antivior future interest cash flows. The Group has fixed rate hedging is on between IRS and IcS IRS convertival lable rate interest costs for fixed rate interest costs while ILS convertifixed or variable rate interest costs while ILS convertifixed on variable rate interest costs for RPI index as do in portion of the interest costs which fluctuate in the with the RPI index as do in portion of the interest costs while the RPI index as do in portion of the instrument fluctuate interest the debt instrument they necess and therefore act as an effective economic hedge.

As the Gloup uses hedaing to maintain fixed interest nates on the majority of its material burrowings texchid he revolving facilities), there is minimal exposure on the interest expense to interest nite movements. A rise or fall in interest nates would therefore not materially impact the interest expense payable by the Group.

Liquidity risk management

To ensure it has sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and platned growth, the Group maintains cast reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements.

Credit risk management

The Group carefully manages the counterparty credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with palances currently

spread across a range of major financial institutions, which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The levels of credit risk are consoling risk management processes which include a regular review of counterparty credit ratings. Risk in this area is imited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.

The Group is exposed to credit risk. on customer receivables, which is managed through credit-checking procedures prior to taking on new distomers and higher risk distances. paying in advance of services being. provided. Performance 3 closely. monitored to ensure agreed service. levels are maintained, reducing the level of queried payments and mitigating the risk of uncollectable. debts. Expected impairment for trade receivables are calculated. based on historical default rates. Details of this provision are shown in-Pote 18

The Group is due to repay or refinance if 3 point debt in the next 5 years to 30 June 2026. Regular reviews are performed to assess headroom between interest and capital repayments against forecast cash flows, thus monitoring the correpay the debt.

The following tables set out the control of the con

The amounts presented in respect of the non-derivative financial babilities.

represent the gross contractual cash flows on an un-discounted basis. Accordingly, these amounts may not reconcile directly with the amounts disclosed in the statement of financial position.

The amounts presented in respect of the Gradual control of the creation of the control of the creation of the control of the c

		Am	ounts falling du	е				
30 June 2021	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Total	Effect of discounting	Interest to be incurred in future periods	Total financial liability per statement of financial position
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	Em	£m
That I have a	1				:- :			43.9
Mary Commence	. 2	, τ		2.4.5				89.4
10.70%		•		.1 ~				3,825 3
	103.8	56.8	3,209 7	638.6	4,008.9	(50.3)		3,958.6
Let the Control of	- •	-		***				107 3
terms of weath	7) - 5	, 7	. 1	12.5	;		1 - 7	11.0
$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right)$			1-					2.244 2
$f : \mathcal{O}(f \cap 1_{\mathcal{C}} \to \mathcal{H}(G))$;							(6.8)
at the contract of social safe.	~, ·	51	141	;°				333.1
Total swaps	78.9	53.1	181 0	43.7	356.7	(30.4)		326.3
Total financial liability	280.3	207.3	5,766.0	784.8	7,038.4	(80 7)	(310 3)	6.647.4

in a process of the second The second of the

		Am	ounts falling d	ue				
30 June 2020	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Total	Effect of discounting	Interest to be incurred in future periods	Total financial liability per statement of financial position
	£m	£m	£m .	£m	£m	£m	. Em	£m.
Carrenary Cl	* 1				11 -			11 9
100 g 100	_ 1	:	1.5	;	-	•. •		81.1
·	,	•	9 0	7 :	500			5,088 1
	514.5	154.6	3,775.0	895 7	5,339 8	(128.7)	-	5,211.1
January B. Dr. S.	2. 7	1	ų.	* *	1			122 9
	: :.	· :	175 -	:	.== :		}	9.6
ne de la completa del completa de la completa del completa de la completa del completa de la completa del completa de la completa del la completa della comp			:7:		1711.			1,714.3
Later of the swife of	51.1	f	1 1 *	5	17.4	1		261.5
. Strong on the sector for a first λ , λ	:5 1		211	· " · .	147.1	to r		507 8
En against passes	.1.3	:	: 2		·=_ s,	1.		(50.6)
Total swaps	89 6	115.6	335.2	230.0	770.4	(51.7)		718.7
Total financial liability	728.0	385.7	6,048.8	1.260.8	8,423.3	(180.4)	(466 3)	7,776 6

Burngaras as provincing as a minimal community of the second community was the community of the community and the second community of the second commu the value of a conserve of the conserve were interesting of the medicine of the medicine of the conserve of the George that the conserve of th

The table below outlines the had tropal financing facilities available to the Group.

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Enı	£m
Section (Chartest Care Section)		
= Same of the pr		5.5. +4
$\phi = A + \omega A + B + B + C$	- ·	<u> </u>
Total	250.0	0.008

As debt was retinanced the Group also restrictured the associated. swaps to reflect the new maturity. prof⊒e

Financial instruments

With the exception of derivative financial instruments (which are recognised and measured at fair value through profit and loss the Grand American Labilities are recognised and l measured following the financial. assets measured at a nortised rost recognition category.

The weighted average interesticate. of fixed rate financial nabilities at 30. Julie 2021 for the next 12 months was 6.1% (2020, 5.6) and the weighted average period of funding was 4.3 years (2020, 4.7 years). $\mathcal{L}_{ij} = \{ (1, 1, \dots, n) \mid i \in \mathcal{I}_{ij} \in \mathcal{I}_{ij} \}$, where $\mathcal{L}_{ij} \in \mathcal{L}_{ij}$ were borrowings of £6.173 0m. (2020) £6,922 9) (see note 23), which octudes £581.5m (2020-£1,426.6.m) with floating rate interest and the remainder with fixed rate interest. (prior to the hedging an angements) described previousiy)

The English State of the State of meas ared at amortised cost comprise Lash and cash equivalents of £243.5m (2020, £110.1m) and other tinancial assets of £128 0m $(2020 \pm 141.9 \, \mathrm{m})$ as presented in notes 20 and 18 respectively.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group seeks to inapage the exposines of its debt payment. obligations through as ombination of index it iked, interest rate and cross currency swaps

At the year end, the Group held interest rate swaps with notional amounts of £444 6m (2021): £818.5m) which hedge the interest

rate dept. The average fixed rate on these instruments is 0.2% (2020 to Sicil). The swap contracts have termination dates that match the nationals of the underlying floating rate dept instruments (see note 23).

Between July and September 2020 the Group exited or recouponed a number of interest rate swap arrangements reducing the notional holdings of interest rate swaps by £395.1 m, whist recognising losses upon exit for thing £3.7c.

The Group has also entered hito index inked swaps (incline) as an outrus of £681 8m in 2021, 2020 £1 062 7m; where the Group receives floating and pays fixed. Toked to inflation interest obligations to an average rate of 2.9% indexed.

with RPI. The notional amounts of these swaps increase with RPI and these accretion amounts are cash settled annually, most recently in Jine 2021 (£14.5m, 2020) £48.8m).

All of these instruments have a marchity date of April 2027. These instruments were established to the fixed rate US Private Placement issues) and in order to ensure that the cash flow characteristics aign with these instruments, the Group has entered into £657.1m (2020 £1,062,7 m of fixed to finding rate interest rate swaps to match the cash flows on both the fixed rate cebt instruments and the index inked swaps so to habove.

In July and August 2020, following the control of the fixed rate US private placement sterling and US do an depoint lated notes and ti350 hip-holin bond.

maturing in June 2020, the Group exited or recouponed a number of index linked swap arrangements, reducing the notional holdings of index linked swaps by £630.7m, whist recognising iosses upon exit totalling £3.9m.

The Group previously rield USD cross currency swaps (Line 2020) USD 307 9m) to fix the Sterling cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations relating to the US dolar denominated private placement issue at an exchange rate of 1.52. The entire closs currency swap portfolio was exited in July 2020 with the fair value at time of disposal peing EST 8m.

The fair value of the interest rate and inflation larked swaps at 30 J. ne. 2021 is a Fabricy of £325 3 m (2020 £718 7 m). This fair value is calculated using air skiladjusted discount rate.

The following funie details the ray is at the ancial instruments, ecognised on the statement of treancial position

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Within non current assets		
	٠.	
	7.2	
Within non-current liabilities		
The Company of the Co	1	-
the contract of the second of		7 7 ×
2000 000 000		τ
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,57
Total:	(326.3)	(718.7)
The property of the second of		
and the second of the second o	0.5	12.1
and the property of the second of the second		_ 7
Total (loss) / gain recognised in the income statement	(11.1)	121.7
grander with the company of the first of the company		14.5
and the second of the second o		-
Detailed the second of the sec		-
But the second of the second o		
the following of the second of		
Total change in fair value	392.3	283.1

. ----- . .

Where possible, the Group seeks to match the maturity of any derivative contracts with that of dept instruments that it has issued in maturities that it has issued in maturities and for obtaining the large maturities. The fair value of all other finances asset, and cabilities is considered to be a close approximation to their carrying amount.

Fair value hierarchy

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to line a recognition at fair value are grouped.

inro levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Leve 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair varie
 measurements are those
 derived from inputs other than
 quoted prices included within
 Level 1 that are observable for
 the asset or liability, either
 directly (i.e. as prices) or
 indirectly (i.e. actived from
 prices), and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation.

techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (Hipobservable inputs).

Interest rate swaps, inflation rate swaps and cross-currency swaps fas disclosed above; alle all classed as level 2 on the fair value hierarchy. In each case the items are valued based upon discounted cash flow. Future clash flows are estimated based on torward interest, inflation/ exchange) rates observable from rates and yield curves at the end of the reporting period, and contract rates discounted at a risk adjusted rate.

26 Provisions

	Decommissioning	Restructuring	Remediation	Onerous Contracts	Other	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	fin	£m
Act 2 1					1,	£1.
The state of the state of				,	1 ~	
 Althornoomer products and continued and conti						
Contract of the second	x =		-			₹.
10 × 45	1		•			. 9
1. Const.	0.11	15.3	٠.			8.3
At 30 June 2021	71.5	1.9	5.1	3 7	7.2	89.4

	30 June 2021	30 June 202 0
	£m	£m
Analysed as:		
7 pro 86		2 +
Note that the second	$\phi_{i,j}$	5.
	89.4	81 1

Provisions are made for decommissioning costs where the Group has all obligation to restore sites and the cost of restoration is not recoverable from third pacties.

The decominissioning provisions are reviewed annually and calculated using expected costs as determined by site and project management. The provision is in relation to assets of

which the remaining useful economic if erranges up to 20 years, with rine majority of the provision relating to TV and Radio products for which there is no material decoministioning expected before 2040.

The restructiving provision relates to the costs of exceptional activities to reorganise the Group

The remediation provision represents the cost of works. Identified as being required across a continuous across across a continuous across a

Other provisions depresent a variety of smaller items which are expected to be utilised over the next our to ten years.

27 Notes to the cash flow statement

Reconclustion from operating profit to net cash from operating activities:

	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m .	€m	
Over the control of t	. 1	250.2	
24-9-9			
The King of the Specific and Specific and	*ns *	_ + * _1	
Security and the Asset	. 7	; 4	
a Secretable Carolination of the Carolina Caroli	1.1	`	
$\mathfrak{D}(\alpha) = \mathbb{I}_{\alpha}(\alpha)$	the second	135.	
Constitution of with the constitution will be a solution	:	120	
Control of the second of the s	• [•	1.	
The second of th	7.7	100 m	
Burney of the state of the stat	-	5:	
There exists the design are settled as the second			
Cash generated from operating activities	400 2	488.9	
*respective continues and	+ -	+ :	
Net cash from operating activities	398.7	489.0	

Analysis of changes in the about life pilities

	At 1 July 2020	Changes in financing cash flows (Cash)	Changes in foreign exchange (Non-cash)	Changes in fair value (Non cash)	Other changes including accrued interest (Non cash)	At 30 June 2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
resetting of the Santa Comment		1			- , -	
the second second			5		-	v = 7.4°°
en e	:				7 1	11.5
A Committee of the State of the	÷					
. We have the set of the set of $\Delta (p, p) = 2\pi$	•••	· ·			. '	٠.
Total	11 -	(1,921.2)	0.8	11.0	781.9	6,514.1

The move perits above do not wouldouslie costs associated μ to entering the borrowing arrangement, is seniote 23.

28 Financial commitments and contingent liabilities

Financing commitments

Green the monotonic Europe extends of introduced on Automorphic Control of Superintarity all of its assets by way of a Whole Business Securitisation structure.

Capital commitments

Commitments for the acquestion of plant and edistinent contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as a Haplity are payable as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
State of the second		. 1
$\nabla u(x) \nabla u(x) = \nabla u(x) \nabla u(x)$		
otal capital commitments	23.1	15.6

There are no supital conduit heats payable in more than tive years.

29 Retirement benefits

Defined contribution scheme

Argiva Limited has operated a Defined Contribution Scheme during the year for those employees who are not die in the interval of the interval of the scheme for the year were £6.8m (2020) £8.5m). The asiots of the Scheme are held outside of the Group

An amount of £1.2m (2020, £3.2m) is included in accruals being the

outstanding contributions to the Defined Contribution Scheme

Defined benefit plan

In the year to 30 Jone 2021, the Group operated one Defined Benefit Plan sponsored by Ardiva Limited. The Defined Benefit Plan is administered by a separate entity that is legally separated from the Group, and rherefore the Plan assets are neld separately from those of Ardiva Limited. The Trustees of the Plan are

required by law to act in the interests of the Plan and of all relevant stakeholders in the Plan. The Thistees are responsible for the investment policy with legands the assets of the Plan.

The Plan typical yiexposes the Group to risks sum as investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk, and safary risk.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit Plan hability for (AS19 burbose) is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to high quality corporate bond yields, which is different follow the Plan assets are invested. Currently the Plan has a relatively balanced investment in equity securities, debt instruments and real estate. Due to the long-term nature of the Plan habities, the thistees of the Plan consider it appropriate that a reasonable portion of the Plan assets should be invested in equity securities to leverage the experted return generated by the Plan assets.
Interest risk	but this we be a fixed to x_0 and x_0 are a particles on a street, and the fixed of the fixed but the fixed to x_0 and x_0 but this we be a fixed to x_0 and x_0 but the fixed of x_0 but the f
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit Plan liability is calculated by reference to a pest estimate of the nortality of Plan participants both during and after their retilement. An expense of the law of the participants of the law of the la
Salary risk	The present value of the defined bonetif Plan aubility is calculated by reference to the future salaries of Plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the Plan participants of the Plan participants.

penefits on 31 January 2016. The weighted average duration of the expected benefit payments from the Prants around 17 years

30 June 2020, whilst unapproved, has been used for the purposes of measuring the plan assets and the presentiva be of the defined benefit. liability. This was carried out by an independent from of consulting actuaries. The present value of the

The Plan closed to the future accord of . The thermal valuation carried out as at . IAS19 defined benefit liability, and the related current service cost and past service cost, have been measured. using the projected unit credit method based on roll forward updates to the latest triennia: valuation figures.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuanal valuations were as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Key assumptions		
List participate	1 4 1	13,
the Callettan on B	;	2.3%
g to experience, of a material term at eager is a more point survival.	20.00 28.00	120 28 M
$(\underline{x} + \underline{x} + \underline{x} + \underline{x}) = (x + \underline{x}) + (x + \underline{x} + \underline$	** (1)	in the second
Other linked assumptions		
romative of	-	_ `-
The control of the co	•	
$(((x,y,y),(x,y),y),(x,y,y),(y,y,y),(y,y,y)) \in \mathcal{C}_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_{p_$	8.1	~
$-50 \mathrm{cm}_{\mathrm{eff}} \cdot N_{\mathrm{eff}}$	1.1	1

Ambiers incognised to the consolidated coopie statement in respect of the defined benefit plan were as follows

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
gar in the grown to the entry of participation and		**
with the control	1.1	
	(0.8)	0 6

The actinities of tein above risk back included with of trance income (kee note 9). The re-mean remert of the het defined penefit labary is included in the statement in comprehensive income. The loss on contailments incomed during the Jean has been included within exceptional continued note 70.

A nounts recognised in the statement of comprehe is veintoine in respect of the defined benefit plant were as follows:

	Year ended Year end 30 June 2021 30 June 2	
	£m	£m
Bergus States Might Bergger Steller	: 1	14
and the state of t	-	
	26.4	(11.9)

the control of the property of the section of the control of the c penefit plan was as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
the second of the state of the second of the	5.5%	287.4
$\alpha = (1 + 1) $	228.84	$\mathcal{J} \leftarrow S_0$
Surplus at 30 June	47.1	16.1

The Group has the control of the first of the control of the contr s inplus in its elitinety.

The reconciliation of the statement of financial position over the year is as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Strategie Commence	÷ !	/
and the second control of the second control	$\rho = - M_{\rm col}$	
Control of the Contro	. 1	1
Control of the Contro	- 1	
Surplus at 30 June	47.1	16 1

The precept value of the plan rapidities has moved over the year as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	30 June 2021 Em	30 June 2020 £m	
1900	* 1 *	+ j = 7 1.	
$x^{-1/2}\left(\left(t^{2}(0) \times \left(y + 0\right) , \left(x \right) \right) \right)$	÷.	. 1	
energy sw		1.7	
(6.42)\$3.001	J	- 1	
	٠.	`:	
And the equation of the substitution of the experience of the expe	* *	.1.1	
Activation of the management of the capability of the order.	**		
some adjustment	1.0		
30 June	(248.8)	(266.8)	

The fair value of the plan assets has moved over the year as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
***		1
Approximately and the second of the second o	1	<u>:</u>
Property of the American States of the American	; :	*
Continue of Allerians	1.	.1
I what is yet on, es	•	1
800 118 UT		7 1
30 June	295.9	282.9

The imajor categories and fair values of Plan assets at the end of the reporting year for each category are as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
4 to the text	2.3	77 .	
expected to Michigan	· ·	100	
in the state of th	· ·	* •	
State of the state	_ ;	- 1	
The Committee of	-	•1 •	
to All Control of the Park	· ·		
Total	295 9	282.9	

A instruments have quoted prices in active markers.

The Prancincludes holdings of girts and corporate points, which are interded to partially riedge the financial risk from hapinty valuation movements associated with changes in gift and corporate bolding elds. IAS19 Laberty movements from changes in the discount rate will also be partially anding.

Molabourns within the factorice of the Praciassets are in respect of the will all instruments or any property manapied by, or assets usen by the Group

Following completion of the failding valuation as at 30 June 2017. Ardiva Linited agreed to day deticit controllinos of £3 Junin Ontober 2018 (£5 Junin July 2019, with a timber £5 Junin et by 31 Juny 2020) it is a riticipared toat a revised Schedule of Couth but ons will be agreed.

between the Trustees and the Company as part of the trie i has actuarial valuation as correctly owing undertaken is at 30 June 2020.

Sensitivity Analysis

The assumptions considered to he rhe most significant are the discount rate adopted in flation represented by RPI and the longevity assumptions.

The sensitivity of the 2021 year end results to change tin the three key assumptions is shown below

Funding Position	Discount rate decrease of 0.1%	RPI increase of 0.1%	Longevity assumption increase of 1 year
r comment of the	. .	+ -	· 1 - 74

The sensitivity of the 2020 year endiresults to changes in the three key assumptions is shown below.

Funding Position	Discount rate decrease of 0.1%	RPI increase of 0.1%	Longevity assumption increase of 1 year
the comment of the comment	1 .	: *	: 1:

This sensitivity analysis may not be representative of the autilial change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that it extrange in a pumptions would occur in solar or one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

30 Related party transactions

Balances, and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

scheme are disclosed in note 29. Transactions between the Group and

ts associates, joint ventures and entit es under com non influence are. disc-ased below.

The disclosure of transactions with related parties reflects the periods of which the related party relation knows exist. The dividosure of amounts. outstanding toy from related parties at the reporting date refrects related. party relationships at that date.

Trading transactions

Duling the year ended 30 June 2021 the Group entered into the following: trail sactions with retailed parties who are not members of the Group.

Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and serv				
Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
£m	£m	£m	£m	
•		-	=	
20.7	5.4	5.6	8.1	
	Year ended 30 June 2021 Em	30 June 2021 30 June 2020 £m £m	Year ended Year ended Year ended 30 June 2021 30 June 2020 30 June 2021 Em Em Em Em Em	

All transactions are on third party. ter haland all olitstanding barances, are interest tree, cosed and are not subject to any financial guarantee by either party

As at 30 I hie 2021, the amoint receivable from associates was £0.2 % (2020) £0.5 mi and the amount pay ible to associates was foll (2020, £0.4m).

As at 30 June 2021 the aimpoint. payable to leint ventures was £0.3m. 32020 £0.9 %r

As at 30 June 2021, the amount receivable floorine it it es under common influence was £5.0 mi2029.

Remuneration of Directors and key management personnel

The remover than of the Directors and key management bersolmel of the Group is set out below in aggregate for each of the categories specified in IAS. 24 Perated Party Disclosures.

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
State of the State of	4	* 1
the second control	-	,
and the second of the second o		, -
	5.9 	6.6

There are no one object of the Directors. and key management personner (2020). one) who are the second second defined benefit pension scheideltsee. -ote 291

The members of the Directors and key in anagement personael hac no material transactions with the Group doining the year, other than inconnection with their service. agreements

Further information in respect of the statutory Directors, including the highest paid Director, has been provided on page 134.

Investor transactions

There are two investor companies, FICAL and MEIE II which are related. paymes with the Group in accordance. with IAs 24, by virtue of significant. shareholding in the Giloup, Refer to the Directors, report for further details of these investor companies.

30 June 2021	MGIF II *	MEIFII +	Macquarie Prism *	FICAL +
	£m	£in	£m	£m
514 (915) 1 1 158	.23	m je ini		1 _ % 4
ASIL STORES OF THE CONTRACT OF STORES	<u>.</u> 7	1820	4 -	1.0
 a deletino gran dichi a certagi 	• •	ļ. ·	- * 7	44 L
The state of the s				

The end denotes a set when because the ϕ_{22} of A , which is project and A , which is project, and A is the A project and A and A is the A project and A and A and A is the A project and A are the A and A and A and A are the A and A and A are the A are the A and A are the A are the A are the A and A are the A are the A are the A and A are the A are the A are the A and A are the A are the A are the A and A are the A are the A and A are the A and A are the A are the A are the A are the A and A are the A are the

30 June 2020	MGIF II *	MEIF II +	Macquarie Prism *	FICAL +	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Section of Section 1975	12.8	1_11		1244	
second of a project of the track.		.* ~	1	. 21.1	
The state of the s	• :	•	23.1	•• ,	

31 Events after the reporting period

On 9th July 2021, the Group. refinanced its bank facilities and now in has access to a £100 0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a 500,000 households have now had TV. 23 year £150 0 h Liquidity Fund. These in services restored to rollight to sit on of facilities are froating rate in installer with a margin over SONIA of netween 120 and 1305bs. Ardiva for anding No.1.

al of these arrangements.

On 10 Aug ist 2021 at the Droke out at: out 8 Israle transmitters to Our is as tween the evolving in a folial stage of this iPhase 3 of the recovery plant

religionary plan to reinstate survive. coresent on the most. Through on uses 1 is mast at the Billsdaie site which is: and 2 of our recovery plant around other atter and radional vices of Miland in DAB) have also been restored for many. Works have been completed for the in provenient of Tylcoverage from . eul Euton Napikite and alk additions 15m mast has been installed at asite in accelerte Wood in order to extendi coverage from this site to accesse.

in two lives the election of a temporary expected to restorn the vast majority of TV services. The legal process for is securing site access to build the temporary most simplogress inhase 4 of the recovery plan, who be tocomplete the enduring solution. Management are still assessing the financial impact of the incident and the assets damaged by the tire, and have

32 Controlling parties

Fire Company is awned by re callso trum of shareholders including . Callada Peris o tallan rovest henti-Bound Macquare Eleopean

Infrastructure Filed II, other Macquario . The largest and ϵ hallest group in managed funds and involvings.

which the results of the Company are consolidated is triatineaded by Arqiva Gas o Limited

Consider the state of the state

Directors' report for Arqiva Group Limited ('the Company')

The Directors of Argiva Group Limited, registered company number (x,y) = (x,y) + (y,y) = (y,y) + (y,y

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the final dal statements as explained in the Statement of the statement of page 67.

Business review and principal activities

The Company acts as an ultimate holding company of the Arq va Group Line 1911 companies

The Company has made a loss for the financial year of ±0 Sm (2020 f127 1m) and has net habilities of f11.5 m | 2020 f10.7 m)

Principal risks and uncertainties and key performance indicators ('KPIs')

From the perspective of the Company, the orthopal risks and uncertainties arraing from its activities assentegrated with the principal risks and uncertainties of the Group and archiot managed separately. As cordingly, the principal risks as diuncertainties of the Group, which include those of the Company, are discussed on pages 48 to 52.

Given the straightforwal dinative of the 17 miles of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The KPIs of the Group are discussed on pages 32 and 34.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

The Directors do not propose to phy a dividend (2020) in i). The loss for the financial year of £0.8m (2020) £127 Initiwas changed to reserve.

Financial risk management

Die to the straightforward nature of sexposed to imited financial risks. The sexposed to imited financial risks. The sexposed a mine of detailed on page 49.

Future developments and going concern

It is the intention of the Company to company to the first service of the company of the company

The Company adopts the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements on the basis of the future profit, cash flows airdivariable resource of the Group which lead the Directors of the Company to be contident that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Directors

The tollowing held office as directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report.

- Milke Parton
- Mark Brairnwarte
- Christian Seymour
- Peter Adams (alternate).
- Saly Davis
- Nei King
- Martin Healey (esigned 12 January, 2021)
- Frank Dangeard fresigned 1 July 2021)
- Michael Darcey
- Maximilian Fleguth (alternate)
- Batiste Ogier (appointed 12 January 2021)
- Nathan Luckey (appointed 1 July 2021)

Jereiny Mavor was reappointed as the Company Secretary on 1 July 2021 (previously Rachael Whitaker between 31 March 2021 and 1 July 2021, and Jeremy Mavor poor to 31 March 2021)

Directors' indemnities

The Company has provided as indemints to. Its Directors and the Company Secretary, which is a quarifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes or the Companies Act 2006. This was in place toroughout the year ended 30 June 2021 and up to the date the financial state nents are signed.

Disclosure of information to the independent auditors

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of approval of this report confirm that

- so far as the Directors are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditors are unaware, and
- each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himse?
 aware of any relevant auch information and to establish that the control of that information.

On per a tight the Boland

Mike Parton - Director 21 September 2021

Company statement of financial position

	Note	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	£m
Non-current assets			
Experimentally	· ·		
case treints	:		
John Alleyton C	-	1.3	` ~
		1.4	0.8
Current assets			
Other Council is	₹	i a	1
Contains which		4.0	3.9
Current liabilities			
The working	•	(2.5)	+1.1 (5)
Net current liabilities		(12.9)	{11.5}
Net liabilities		(11.5)	(10.7)
Equity			
3 () () () ()		N 1	5. •
$s_{ij}(z) = \mathcal{Q}_{ij}(z)(z),$		+ <u>+</u> +1	~ ;
Killy to grow the transfer		45 1	(3.12)
Fotal equity		(11.5)	(10.7)

The accounting bolicies and notes on page 133 formipalt of these financial statements

The result for the financiar year for the Cologan, was allow of £0.8m (2020, £127, for loss).

During the year the Company, not listed a company ment charge of the (2020-£128 0m) relating to the investment in aid rectified gry of the Company, August Friancing No. 3 Ptc. as disclosed in note 0 to the financial statements.

These financial statements on pages 131 to 140 were approved by the Board of Dilectors on 21 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by

Mike Parton Director

Company statement of changes in equity

	Share capital*	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Balance at 1 July 2019	653.9	315.6	(853.1)	116.4
Liver to the transparence			* 1	1.,,
Balance at 30 June 2020	653 9	315.6	(980.2)	{10 7}
Constitution of Cartain South			. ^	, : -
Balance at 30 June 2021	653.9	315.6	(981.0)	(11.5)

^{. . .}

to the process of the

Notes to the Company financial statements

Argiva Group Limited accounting policies and other information

As used in these financial statements and associated notes, the termi-States and the second of Lorited

Argiva Group Limited is a private company limited by shares. Incorporated in United Kingdom. The registered address of the Company is Crawley Court, Winchester Hampshire, SO21 2QA

The Financial Statements of the Compliny have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting

Standard 101. Reduced Disclosure Framework (IFRS 101), The financial state her ts have been prepared on a gaing concein basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act. さん ちょうしん しんかばん (Argiva Grosp Limited and its subsidiaries) are available online at MWW BLOVALCOIT

The requirements have been applied in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. As permitted ny Section 408(3) of the Companies

statement has not been presented Accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout

New and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current year, a list of which can be found in note 2 of the Group financial. statements. There is no material impact on the Company. The following discrosure exemptions, as permitted by paragraph 8 of FRS 101, have been taken in these Company Chancia. statements and obtas.

EU-adopted IFRS Relevant disclosure exemptions IAS I Presentation of

The requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B to 0, 40A to 0, 111 and 134 to financial statements IAS 7 Statement of Caso.

All disclosure requirements

The requirements of paragraph 17, the requirement to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a Group, provided that any alibaidiany party to the transaction is wholly owned by such aline ribea

. ._ . .

Accounting policies

Disclosures

Investments. investments in subsidiaries and associates are shown at cost has provision for impairment

IAS 24 Related Polity

Cash and cash equite enga-Cash includes cash at bank and chin and and bank deposits repayable on de maiko

Other payables.

Other payables are not interest bearing and are recorded at fair value They are included in current trapicties. except for maturines greater than 12. proofths after the reporting date, which are classified as non clarent 130 if ex

Divide raid stributions are recognised. as aliablet, intrelyear manchine divide tids are approved by this.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as

Other information

Employees

The Company had no employees dinng the year (2020) pone). None of the Directors (2020) Ironer were remonerated by the Company

Their individual remuneration reflects the services they provide to the Company its subsidiar es and a number of other ell titles outside of the Group it is therefore not possible to make an accurate apportionment of re muneration is respect of their service to the

Company except where sums are paid to third parties in respect of their services. There were no luich sums bald in the year (2020) nonet.

And thees

The audit fee in respect of the Company and fees payable to Pricewaterno seúpoper LELP for son audit services were not specific to the Company and are disclosed in the notes to the Group financial Statements used note 6).

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

No catical accounting extimates of magements have been used in the preparation of these forancial state, helits

2 Directors' remuneration

The aggregate of the amount baid to the Directors in respect of their services as a Director of the Group are set out below

	Year ended 30 June 202 1	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
toring the control of	-	-	
Taylor the second of the control of the many of the control of the		, 	
An Oracle at the Control of the Cont	0.5	(0.1)	

Certain of the Directors were:

shareholders and the richdividual removeration reflects the services they provide to the Company, its subsidiar estand a number of other entities outside of the Group. It is not possible to make an accurate apport or ment of each in accurate apport or ment of each in accurate apport or ment of each

their services to the Company and the Group algebra where sights allegated to third parties in respect of their services, of which there were Enti (2020, for) in relation to the Company, Accordingly, notice in their in only respect of these. Directors is lecognised in the Company.

There are no directors to whole retirement benefits accrued to respect or qualifying services (2020) in one:

Highest paid director

Included in the above is re-duneration in respect of the highest paid Director of

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Annual state of the second of	1 p	
And the second of the second o		
Company of the Compan	0.3	(0.5)

3 Deferred tax

The parameter of deferred tax recognised at 30 June 2021 is £mir(2020, £mil). The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction was £mil.

4 Investments

the property of the property of the second o

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
ABH_ Isrrel_ what	Er Selk gross	rodang caman y	51 ³ g g ²	1 3
Note: English and a Emiliana	State Cons	ending on all	***I*	2.3
ARHONIST CONTRACTOR	1112121	J 1994 T 1997 W 7	5 1 4	$\epsilon_{\rm e} = \epsilon_{\rm e}$
Mountain tel		Manufacture services	200	• •
Months of subjects ($f_{ij} = \partial_i f_{ij} + \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} d_i f_{ij} = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} d_i f_{ij} + \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} d_i f_{ij} = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} d_i f_{ij} + \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} d_i f_{ij} = \int_{R$	Market State of Control of	5	1.0
And the American Compared to the	2.12.13	Notice of the American	1 20	the design of
$\lambda_{\rm GSC, T} = \mathbb{R} \left[- \left(\partial_{t} \cdot \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}^{-1} \right) \cdot \partial_{t} \cdot \partial_{t} \right]$	er ergele	For Experience	* - 4	21
Nagrande of the control of the control of	14,500	931 C . M.		100
$\Delta c_{4} = (\Xi_{c} \circ \omega_{c})_{\alpha\beta} c_{\beta} = 0$ (6.2)	1012 (1857)	Commence of the second		
Vigorial encoderates to more than	Post 4 (2003)	77 1 W 1 1 W		* 1
Napolitica e este especiale	2 - 5 - 3 × 3 - 6 × 5 × 5	Commercial Science	- , .	151
Republican Contract Communication Contractions	10 to 5 25 m	- Susceptible and a second		•
$\Lambda_{\rm eff} (p, r, \omega_{\rm eff}) = 0$	promote the following	English April 1980 - 199	35.	10
- and the second	1	constraint of the constraint o	.*	1.0
Supplement grade California	1 - 2 - 2 4 - 2	H . (1)	·	1 -
Algueta esplando para en	1.00	5. 15 S. W.	5 , *	Y
$A_{t,p}(x, x) = -e^{-\frac{1}{2}} X_{t,p}(x, x) dx$	** 7* * * 1 * *	1 1 2 2 2 0	1	and the second of
Algebra de C	rant in the	to a series of		2 0
Apple 2 more than 2 month	. **** . * **	00 (10 to 10		;
A subject of the second second	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	F 1 2		* .
Burgas January Commission Commission	_ **** ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	er structure and		1 -
All James Comment	2000 1 1 1	entra mark	, .*	
Argonal r	.2	ata mama, , , , , , and ,		!
Algorithm to the Algorithm of the	1000000	madre job mu	4*	1
Alaski sita	16.15	The things of the second		1
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Anges + Milennic Contradi	in the foliation	production and		1.5
Manager to the contract of the contract of	2 1 1 2 1	, * 5 * *		•
and JaMin Helphine	. =+++= :1 +	grand and the second	-	- 1
A GUNNER OF LEARING	4. (•
en variancia e e e e e	, *			•
ach ya Nilo () in taka		I frank e.g.		
era et Monta et		· in a way is	· .	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.1	F-10-1-12
5	1	Section of the section		19 (******
and the second second	2 12 12 11		1, 12.6	-
Appendict Control	2 50 24	For the second		1 -

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
age of section	2.084.00%	Saturda Marketta, interest of	200	*
arguments and a metal and are	Chr. 150 mm	Control (1988)	3 4	1 '
$x_{i} \downarrow x_{i} = X_{i}$	Trans. +	Section of the second	r in f	1 1:
All processing and a	, the state of the	gasea as a sign		1 ,
Angles Some Free Algebras	_ ***** _ f **	Transfer Land	5 5 '	
Constant Constant	20 5 20 X 17 17 W	Transfer Survey		1 1 1 1 5 1 5 1 5 1
Angle of the control of the control of	6 to 8 4 to 5 to 6	4 1 3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Nuclear Resident Countries	J 1 1K 921 +	es that or pury	4.5.2	* 7
Berginson and Standard Standard	23323 (0235)	gradin etgenhation of a single	2 2 3 2	*
Compression of the second	100 000 010	erit y syst	11.	. "
Service St.	it _{el} ,	\$30 = 0.50 Post of 150 S	1.	D.
and the second of the second	$t = (t_1, \dots, t_{k-1}) + (t_k)$	Indiana sa kacamatan	1	1-116-14
skrage for a superior superior of the superior	Emiliar Communication	Distribution (Sec.)	$\sigma = 0$	1000 8000 200
with the Table of the Control of the	professional and the	F 3 1 00, 00		1
Conversa on Science Williams	et segen	Simple Control		1.
$\{(x,y,y,x): (x,y,y) \in \{(x,y,y) \in \mathbb{N} \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \mid x \in \mathbb{N}\}$, the property of	Source of grant	. ,	1
Argua Arton Kumber	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Same Comme		•
The Sold of the So	1 1	Comments	150	¥.
Introduction of the second of	port to so of the	process of the second		26.6
To set this medication	1.1555	Entransfer of Basis	٠.	* Yr
All States	-1 = 4 k (12)	Sea to the second	5.00	1
Carte Alexandres	protection and	The state of the second	t j	100
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or the first state of	Employed Branch	and the state of the state of		ı
and the companies of the control of	200-1-50-20	2 (0) (1) (1) (1)	2' 21	
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Marine Service of the	2000	Entropy of	* ***	
Sold of the Fred Mediand Campus	Children Contra	Transfer to the second	32.20	*
$\Sigma_{t} \circ S \subseteq (\omega, t, 0) \cap \mathbb{C}(S^{2}(n), 0) \subseteq (-1, -1)$	gradult king to the	the second second	· ·	i .
Note: (Litalication Representation)	المحيفة المحاصلات	The second section is	3.1.3	ĺ
Now begind a more dead.	Community (1970)	$(1) \triangleq (s + c_1 s) \in Y - (Cs)$	30 miles	, 1.1
Note: State of the property of the	granta na ma	en in the strong plants of	17- 11	:
Control of the Contro	July + Congress	Demonstrate v	E TV H	The Paris Control
gradient state of the state of	· Put- sale King	Detect) Leve	1*	1 "
Solve the second of the second second	, markty 199	South Company	V 15 at	•
$\varphi = \varphi \left((g_{0}, \nabla^{2} (x) \varphi) \cdot f \right) + \varphi \left((x + y) \cdot f \right)$	$\exists r t \exists c \forall r x_{i,o} \cdots$	property of the market of	50 (4.7)	5
John Augustus Hamilton	John Williamskip (n)	The single marketine	201-125	no e
Level of the Market Control of the State of	ender steins s	Comment of the		;
gradient falls Store	5 m (e)	Charge and Charles A	r.	; "
Superior Control of the Control	rotation of expenses	er all the way		1.1

With the to: owing exceptions, the registered office of each of the subsidiary companies listed was Crawley Court Winchester, Hampshire, \$021,2QA.

Company	Registered office
Act + 5	in a Pre- page that its Touri Companie. En uneath on Friedrich in the Professional Williams grant (2015) and page the company of the company
Acata Povicinaren	s Name of Chick Committee (Many Composition (S. Denne 113) stept apple
31 (2 - 54)	France (1994–2014) read to some one of personner of the challing a consequent
\$r	portable serious School of Calabria CC Range (1999)
Artist Company (1987)	Lint (A) in the ground has a ground are a expensive to the control of a control of
was something the	Mathematical contributions of a first section of the specific of 2.2 ± 0.2

In addition to the subsidiary undertakings the Company indirectly holds the following inferests in associates and joint ventures.

Сотрану	Country of incorporation	Principal activities Registered office		Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
Joint ventures					
will altered to the	100 m	Divinish of Alexander of Section 1997	Administration of the property of the second	d e	t.
Allow Althought	garter digital	and the way of the state of the	Section Server To Parent Comments of the Comments	dVe	7, 0 0 66 - 0 - 1 5 an 6 - 2 1
Associate undertakings					
V.s	energy Aller m	$\begin{array}{lll} (x,y) & (x,y) & (x,y) & (x,y) \\ (x,y) & (x,y) & (x,y) & (x,y) \end{array}$	 Description of the property of th	`	.:-
And the second s	Sold Cent.		in two districts of the residence gaves on the second seco	18.0	ja e
provident fact	2 f 3	transmitten (in the great	The Thirth September 2000 And Control of the September 2000 And Control of September 2000 And Co	·15	17 m v t + t + : 28 7 m v t = 21
. That the second state	um fed fill a	Company of the second of the second	on in charle year over Hilly (1995). On Hilly (1995) (1995). Oder (1995)	11.77%	27
Kilota Sabilitati	_ *= 1	Victoria Vitaden Navenira	The solution of street solutions.	1:1:	•

The following companies with in the Group will adopt the Department for Business. Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) addit exemption for the year ended 30 June 2021. As the ultimate parent company, AGL has guaranteed the debts and habilities held within these companies as required under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

Company	Company registration number
Angle a Children and Angle	5.15.3.
$N(a_{i},\phi^{*})_{i=0} \Rightarrow \log_{A_{i}}(\varphi) \Rightarrow \phi$	6.3227 m.4
Accessor of Sylmon Sylmony	32 (4)
Applied to a superior of the state of the st	1 (55)
All one in a decreases	$\zeta^{(1)}(i_1) = \zeta^{(1)}(i_1)$
A PRODUCT OF A PROPERTY.	0.0045
Men graph Form on the	v Marin
Control of the	Section 19
New Cortis Line (4)	164-11
Note as the scattering as to the	1. 1.4 × 1.
Moral row on Court I	$a_{ij} = -a_{ij}$
Algorithm at the History London	J81 J21
$\Delta_{\rm coloring} \sim \sqrt{2} \sigma_{\rm coloring} \approx 600 \ {\rm ft}$	8.2m f
An examination system to a	k7. 321
which should be included to	8721413
And State Control	.2., 426
Security of the Line of	41 164
Negligibles and other out to unities	++ s tt

The following domaint companies within the Group will take thir exemption from preparing and filing financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 (by virtue of \$394A and \$448A of Con.palies Act 2006) espectively. As the ultimate parent company IAGL has guaranteed the various debts and liabilities no diwithin these companies as required under section 394C of the Companies Act 2006.

Company		Company registration number
Aller Matheway Society	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7, 818,8
All Company Department		\$ * * * * *
Skin, killinger i Sarety Lendon.		31.25
All with half as content		#1.37 s
A procedure of standard to		.928 57
An Large Worlden		1 1 m 1 m
$\Delta = \chi^{-1} + \varepsilon = \pm i e^{\frac{\pi}{2} - i}$		1000
And the second		× 1:1
Supplied to the supplied of th		280 8 0
Arg. (China) Laterest		. (7)
Artikon, Dispersion		1.107)
2001 No. 11 (2000)		F-9-174
Algorithm of the		21.15
Name to the second of the seco		35.01.7142
ActiveSwireErrort		711-121
A confirmation of the Conf		1 19 22
$A_{ij}(x,\lambda) \cdot \operatorname{dec}(x,y) \cdot e^{-ixy}$		25 × 11

Company	Company registration number
California prined	58502172
Joseph Company to the control of	(3) (3) (2)
for an Turnship	074.3875
Content Took intantic protest	\$14,850
ering Districts in my Heater Comment	+1275FL1.
ensulation of the among contra	+ 5 ₀ + (7 - † 2
September of the many many	As 42(2)
TMG Lorent	7029 Mic 1
Various of the control	95401765
Compression Compression	(7) Grant
Sanda di anno di and	12,500712
sterolers facts and Dicts described with Limite C	0.5
and settletters (b)	e ninekn
Destroy of the five on Links	And the second s
NW SU business of the	947.11
Specification of the control of the	(111.55)

The Company held the following investments in subsidiaries:

				Total
				 £m
Cost				
V4 (12.2)				* *,
1 3 7 2 2				.25
$(\Delta t, d_{t+1}, s_{t+1}, h_{t+1}, h_{t+1}, h_{t+1}, h_{t+1}) = (\Delta t)$				-
Carrying value				
At 30 June 2021				
$\mathcal{M} = \{x \in \mathbb{N}^2 : x \leq 2^{-\alpha}\}$				
	100		+ + 1	*

triegriently should indicators arise.

During the orion year the Company incurred are impairment charge of £128 0m relating to an investment in a direct subsectary of the Company. Argiva Enancing No.3 Plc. This carcination is considered to be a critical accounting estimate, as the example of the company in each of the example of the accompany operations of Argiva Group Limited. Their vestment is now fully impaired.

5 Other receivables

With the exception of 60 8m (2020) £0 8m (due from Argiva Holdings Ltd whith Juny interest at 9.5% per annumblal amounts receivable are due from other Group entities and are unsecured interestiffied and lepayable on demand. During the year interagement has performed a review of intercompany receivable balances which has resulted in the remassification of some financial statement tems between current and non-current. The remassification of balances was based on whether there is an expectation friet, will be repaid in 12 months.

6 Other payables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
An energy of the Contract Contract Contract	y	:1 -
Total	15.5	14.6

To eligompany has no payables railing due after more than one year. Amounts payable to other Group entities are assecuted interest flee, and repayable on demand.

7 Related parties

The Company has applied the provisions within FRS 101 to be exempt from the risclosure of transactions entered into, and balances putstanding, with a Group entity which is wholly-owned by another Group entity.

8 Controlling parties

The Company is owned by a consortium of spaceholders including Capada Pens on Plan lovestment Board. Macditarie European Infrastructure Find J. other Macquade inaviaged funds and misophites.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consordated is that headed by Argiva Group. Emitted