# JOHN BRAY LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

# COMPANIES HOUSE



# **JOHN BRAY LIMITED**

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### JOHN BRAY LIMITED

### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2009**

	Notes	20	009	2	800
		£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Stocks		232,241		222,880	
Debtors		39,135		34,066	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,973,111		1,819,298	
		2,244,487		2,076,244	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year		(208,637)		(286,454)	
Total assets less current liabilities			2,035,850		1,789,790
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	2		100		100
Profit and loss account			2,035,750		1,789,690
Shareholders' funds			2,035,850		1,789,790
					<del></del>

In preparing these financial statements:

- (a) The director is of the opinion that the company is entitled to the exemption from audit conferred by Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985;
- (b) No notice has been deposited under Section 249B(2) of the Companies Act 1985, and
- (c) The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:
  - (i) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221 of the Companies Act 1985, and
  - (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of Section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 11 November 2009

J L Bray Director

### JOHN BRAY LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

### 1 Accounting policies

### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

### 1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

### 1.4 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

### 1.5 Deferred taxation

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 19 'Accounting for deferred tax', deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Provision is made at the rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse.

Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in taxable profits in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

2	2 Share capital	2009	2008
		£	£
	Authorised		
	100,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Atlotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100