# MOLECULAR DEVICES LIMITED

Report and Accounts
31 December 2000

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COMPANIES HOUSE 11/02/02

Registered No. 2807736

### **DIRECTORS**

J Keegan T Harkness J Novi

(appointed 3 September 2001)

### **SECRETARY**

D A Harrison

### **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young LLP Rolls House 7 Rolls Buildings Fetter Lane London EC4A 1NH

### **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank PLC International Branch 68 Knightsbridge London SWIX 7NT

Bank of America London Branch 1 Alie Street London E1 8DE

### **SOLICITORS**

Baker & McKenzie 100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

## REGISTERED OFFICE

135, Wharfedale Road Winnersh Triangle Winnersh Wokingham Berkshire RG41 5RB

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 2000.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

The company sells and performs repairs and servicing of proprietary, high-performance bioanalytical measurement systems and associated consumable reagents that are developed by the parent undertaking, Molecular Devices Corporation, a company that is incorporated in the United States of America. The products are used in many aspects of the therapeutic development process, from drug discovery and clinical research through manufacturing and quality control.

### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year after tax amounted to £215,479 (1999 - profit £213,914).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The company continues to sell and perform repairs and servicing on its specialist equipment and anticipates that it will make a significant contribution to the turnover and profit before tax of the group.

During the period the parent company acquired LJL BioSystems Inc. From 1 January 2001 the UK trade and assets of LJL BioSystems Limited, the UK registered subsidiary of LJL BioSystems Inc., was transferred to Molecular Devices Limited. This will allow the company to sell high-throughput screening solutions that are complimentary to its own.

### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company at the beginning or end of the year.

Richard Graham who served as a director during the year resigned on 11 October 2001.

### **AUDITORS**

On 28 June 2001, Ernst & Young, the company's auditor, transferred its entire business to Ernst & Young LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The directors consented to treating the appointment of Ernst & Young as extending to Ernst & Young LLP with effect from 28 June 2001. A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as the company's auditor will be put to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

deborah Variston 31.1.2002

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS to the members of Molecular Devices Limited

We have audited the company's accounts for the year ended 31 December 2000, which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 15. These accounts have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2000 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst Houng LLP

08/02/02

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor London

# Molecular Devices Limited

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	5,212,047 3,759,568	4,624,208 3,263,282
Gross profit Administrative expenses		1,452,479 1,742,060	1,360,926 1,094,784
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT Bank interest receivable	3	(289,581) 28,517	266,142 20,882
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Taxation	5	(261,067) 49,659	287,024 (73,110)
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	12	(211,405) =====	213,914

### RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

There are no recognised gains or losses other than as shown above.

# BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 2000

		2000	1999
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	6	107,278	55,635
CURRENT ASSETS		<del></del>	
Stocks	7	509,754	309,549
Debtors	8	2,013,192	1,563,555
Cash at bank and in hand	_	659,370	1,054,496
		3,182,316	2,927,600
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	9	2,040,644	1,527,954
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,141,672	1,399,646
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,248,950	1,455,281
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	10	5,074	-
		1,243,876	1,455,281
		=======================================	<del></del>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	11	10.000	10.000
Called up share capital	11	10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account	12	1,233,876	1,445,281
Equity shareholders' funds	12	1,243,876	1,455,281
			-

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at 31 December 2000

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

### Depreciation

The cost of tangible fixed assets is written off by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives at the following annual rates:

Leasehold improvements - over the term of the lease

Computer equipment and software - 33%
Office furniture and equipment - 20%
Laboratory equipment - 20%

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Demonstration equipment which is available for resale is included within stock and written down by the greater of 20% of cost per annum or the reduction to net realisable value.

### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

### Leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences which are expected to reverse in the future without being replaced, calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse.

### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 1 (revised) from producing a statement of cash flows on the grounds that its parent undertaking produces publicly available group accounts.

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## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 2000

### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties. Turnover is all in respect of continuing activities.

	2000	1999
	£	£
	4 452 225	4.070.700
Sales of instruments, parts and consumables Repairs and servicing	4,453,225 758,822	4,079,738 544,470
repuile and our reing		
	5,212,047	4,624,208
	======	
UK	4,029,600	4,072,410
Europe	1,179,307	550,430
Outside Europe	3,140	1,368
	5,212,047	4,624,208
	-,	
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		
This is stated after charging:		
	2000	1999
	£	£
	20.402	10.274
Depreciation Auditors' remuneration	30,403 8,600	19,374 7,100
Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	56,608	25,603
- land and buildings	84,028	12,067
Exchange loss	146,221	12,421
2.0	=====	====
STAFF COSTS		
	2000	1999
	£	£
Wages and salaries	652,496	447,134
Social security costs	90,203	46,360
·		
	742,699	493,494
	======	<del>====</del>
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
•	2000	1999
	No.	No.
Calan	2	4
Sales Service	6	4 2
Applications	1	1
Finance	2	ī
Sales administration	1	1
		9
	13	9
	<del> </del>	

None of the directors of the company received any emoluments during the year.

at 31 December 2000

	5.	TAXATION					2000	1999
							£	£
		Based on the (loss)/profit Corporation tax (credit)/cl Deferred tax Underprovision in prior ye	narge				(78,611) 5,074 23,878	73,110
		Onderprovision in prior ye	zai s				23,878	
							(49,659)	73,110
	6.	TANGIBLE FIXED AS	SETS				===	
				Office				
				furniture				
			Leasehold	and	Laboratory	Computer	Computer	
		imp	rovements £	equipment £	equipment £	equipment £	software £	Total £
		Cost:	L	2.	L	ı.	J.	£
		At 1 January 2000 Additions	12,966 21,269	30,876 1,493	40,055 48,634	91,263 10,650	25,633 -	200,793 82,046
5		At 31 December 2000	34,235	32,369	88,689	101,913	25,633	282,839
		Depreciation: At 1 January 2000 Charge for the year	12,966 296	15,800 3,680	19,132 15,450	71,627 10,977	25,633	145,158 30,403
7		At 31 December 2000	13,262	19,480	34,582	82,604	25,633	175,561
1		Net book value: At 31 December 2000	20,973	12,889	54,107	19,309	-	107,278
		At 1 January 2000	-	15,076	20,923	19,636	-	55,635
	7.	STOCKS					2000	1999
							£	£
		Finished goods Demonstration equipme	nt				80,460 429,294	118,710 190,839
	•	D.C.D.C.O.D.C.					509,754	309,549
	8.	DEBTORS					2000	1999
							£	£
		Trade debtors					1,647,140	1,481,606
		Amounts due from ultin Amounts due from fello					74,581 32,188	19,450 9,205
		Other debtors	ow substitutally	ı			32,186 137,061	19,724
		Prepayments Corporation tax					43,611 78,611	33,570
							2,013,192	1,563,555

at 31 December 2000

9.	CREDITORS: amou	nts falling due within one year
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				£	£
		Trade creditors Amounts due to ultimate parent undertaking		69,844 1,425,503	40,103 1,010,115 60,933
		Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs		16,439	18,647
		Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		528,858	6,000 392,156
			•	2,040,644	1,527,954
1	0.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES Deferred taxation	:		
				2000	1999
				£	£
		At 1 January Charge for the year in respect of accelerated capital allowances		5,074	-
		At 31 December		5,074	
	•	CYLA TOTO CA YOUTHAN		====	=====
i	1.	SHARE CAPITAL			Allotted, called up
			Authorised	an	d fully paid
		2000	1999	2000	1999
		£	£	£	£
		£1 ordinary shares 10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
	12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER	S' FUNDS		
			Share	Profit and	
			capital	loss account	Total
			£	£	£
		At 31 December 1998 Profit for the year	10,000	1,231,367 213,914	1,241,367 213,914
		At 31 December 1999 Loss for the year	10,000	1,445,281 (211,405)	1,455,281 (211,405)
		At 31 December 2000	10,000	1,233,876	1,243,876
			=====		

## 13. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

During the period the parent company acquired LJL BioSystems Inc. From 1 January 2001 the UK trade and assets of LJL BioSystems Limited, the UK registered subsidiary of LJL BioSystems Inc., was transferred to Molecular Devices Limited. This will allow the company to sell high-throughput screening solutions that are complimentary to its own.

2000

1999

at 31 December 2000

### 14. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2000 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

		Land and		
	buildings			Other
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
within one year	-	-	4,783	23,512
in two to five years	-	-	23,962	31,716
in over five years	81,466	81,466	-	-
	81,466	81,466	28,745	55,228
	<del></del>			=====

### 15. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Molecular Devices Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA. Copies of Molecular Devices Corporation's group accounts, which include the company, can be obtained from 1311 Orleans Drive, Sunnyvale, California 94089-1136, USA.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with related parties that are part of the Molecular Devices Corporation group.