Registered number: 02795130

SHIELD PEST CONTROL (UK) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Shield Pest Control (UK) Limited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

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Shield Pest Control (UK) Limited Balance Sheet As At 31 March 2023

Registered number: 02795130

		202	23	202	22
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		1,824,906		1,861,811
Investments	5		1		1
			1,824,907		1,861,812
CURRENT ASSETS			1,02 1,007		1,001,012
Stocks	6	5,520		4,520	
Debtors	7	187,377		218,927	
Cash at bank and in hand		578,355	_	510,004	
		771,252		733,451	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	8	(213,734)	-	(207,046)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			557,518		526,405
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,382,425		2,388,217
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	9		(392,770)		(438,709)
NET ASSETS			1,989,655		1,949,508
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		:		:	
Called up share capital	10		2		2
Revaluation reserve	12		1,051,131		1,051,131
Profit and Loss Account			938,522		898,375
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,989,655		1,949,508

Shield Pest Control (UK) Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As At 31 March 2023

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Daniel Steward

Director

31 December 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

Shield Pest Control (UK) Limited Registered number 02795130 is a limited by shares company incorporated in England & Wales. The Registered Office is 39 High Street, Orpington, Kent, BR6 0JE.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold 50 years straight line

Leasehold Length of lease from 100 years

Freehold improvements 25% reducing balance Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance

Equipment 20% per annum on reducing balance

2.4. Investment Properties

All investment properties are carried at fair value determined annually and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided for. Changes in fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account.

2.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

2.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.7. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2.8. Registrar Filing Requirements

The company has taken advantage of Companies Act 2006 section 444(1) and opted not to file the profit and loss account, directors report, and notes to the financial statements relating to the profit and loss account.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 25 (2022: 25)

4. Tangible Assets

Tungible Assets	Land &	Property		
	Freehold	Leasehold	Investment Properties	Motor Vehicles
	£	£	£	£
Cost	1 114 200	425.000	410.104	42.460
As at 1 April 2022	1,114,360	425,000	410,104	42,468
As at 31 March 2023	1,114,360	425,000	410,104	42,468
Depreciation As at 1 April 2022	140,924	_	_	19,808
Provided during the period	25,118	-	<u>-</u>	5,665
As at 31 March 2023	166,042	-		25,473
Net Book Value			:	
As at 31 March 2023	948,318	425,000	410,104	16,995
As at 1 April 2022	973,436	425,000	410,104	22,660
			Equipment	Total
			£	£
Cost As at 1 April 2022			59,047	2,050,979
As at 31 March 2023			59,047	2,050,979
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2022			28,436	189,168
Provided during the period			6,122	36,905
As at 31 March 2023			34,558	226,073
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2023			24,489	1,824,906
As at 1 April 2022			30,611	1,861,811
5. Investments				
				Other £
Cost				_
As at 1 April 2022				20,000
As at 31 March 2023				20,000
Provision				10.000
As at 1 April 2022				19,999
As at 31 March 2023				19,999
Net Book Value As at 31 March 2023				1
As at 1 April 2022				1

The investment in Hitech SNT S.A. has been revalued and is now stated at £1. The revaluation was done during the year ended 31 March 2007.

6. Stocks		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Stock	5,520	4,520
	5,520	4,520
7. Debtors		
	2023	2022
Due within and ware	£	£
Due within one year Trade debtors	1 / 6 0 2 0	200 226
Other debtors: CIS receivable	146,838 34,237	200,326
Other taxes and social security	34,237	18,601
Director's loan account	6,302	10,001
Director 5 four decount		
	<u>187,377</u>	218,927
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
_	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	72,844	63,889
Bank loans and overdrafts	42,601	45,818
Corporation tax	34,649	26,077
Other taxes and social security	8,949	-
VAT	40,879	58,560
Net wages	902	-
Other creditors	7,760	7,552
Accruals and deferred income	5,150	5,150
	213,734	207,046
9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans - Barclays Long Term Loan	- 392,770	- 438,709
	392,770	438,709
	=======================================	
10. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
2 Ordinary Shares of £ 1.000 each	2	2
11. Dividends	2023	2022
On equity chares:	£	£
On equity shares: Final dividend paid	118,851	127,668
Tittal dividend paid		
	118,851	127,668

12. Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve
	£
As at 1 April 2022	1,051,131
As at 31 March 2023	1,051,131

13. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr Daniel Steward by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.