Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2001

Deloitte & Touche Stonecutter Court 1 Stonecutter Street London EC4A 4TR



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Deloitte & Touche

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2001

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2001

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Yang Chao Shi Chuan Ming Xie Yi Qun Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (appointed 17 July 2001)

(resigned 24 July 2001)

Bertram G Hand

Yang Fan Cai Lei Sun Yi He

(appointed 5 March 2002) (appointed 17 July 2001) (appointed 17 July 2001)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Huang Jun Yang Fan (resigned 5 March 2002) (appointed 5 March 2002)

REGISTERED OFFICE

The Communications Building 48 Leicester Square London WC2H 7LT

BANKERS

Bank of China 90 Cannon Street London EC4N 6HA

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Stonecutter Court 1 Stonecutter Street London EC4A 4TR



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2001.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

The company is the holding company for the following operational subsidiaries which together aim to administer and develop general insurance and reinsurance business within the European markets on behalf of the ultimate holding company, China Insurance H.K. (Holdings) Company Ltd.

There are currently five operational subsidiaries all 100% owned by the company whose results are consolidated within these accounts.

The main subsidiaries are detailed below:

China Insurance Company (UK) limited which has been authorised and has been underwriting general and reinsurance business since 1985. The company has developed a well-respected team who enjoys a good reputation in their market particularly among the Chinese community in the UK. Although not directly involved in losses arising from the events of September 11 the company has been able to take advantage of the subsequent changes in the UK market. We have enjoyed a substantial increase both in rating and new business accepted.

The resultant improvement in the technical account to a surplus of £413,143 (2000: £188,072 loss) was unfortunately offset by the requirement to bring unrealised investment losses into the profit and loss account and further substantial transfers to the statutory equalisation provision. Pre tax profits fell to £56,856 (2000: £820,424 profit).

China Insurance Company SA is authorised and registered in Luxembourg where it transacts general insurance and reinsurance business. A branch operation has been established in Rotterdam.

During the year a 42% increase was achieved in net earned premiums of LUF 13,739,324 (2000: LUF 9,648,826) together with a significant improvement in incurred claims. Despite an increase in administrative expenses a profit for the year of LUF 99,804 was achieved (2000: LUF 7,965,216 loss).

CIC (Deutschland) Versicherungs-Aktiengesellschaft is authorised to underwrite general accident, fire and property insurance, third party liabilities and other property insurance together with marine, aviation and marine cargo insurance. The company secured an interest in a major new contract which assisted in a substantial increase in net earned income to €1.584m (2000: €276k). Despite also suffering losses from the disappointing investment markets a significant improvement was achieved with the net loss reduced to €92,215 (2000: €244,914).

CIC Services (Europe) Limited is a non-underwriting company providing a variety of intermediary and administrative services from its London base. A small loss of £5,640 after tax was incurred in the year (2000: £5,836 profit).

All of these companies continue to actively trade and every effort is being made in very competitive markets to improve their profitability.

The company itself made a positive contribution to the group results from its own investment portfolio.

RESULT AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the group for the year ended 31 December 2001 are set out on pages 6 to 23. The retained profit of the group for the year after corporation tax amounted to £104,276 (2000: £568,506).

No interim dividends were paid (2000: £nil) and the directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2000: £nil). The retained profit of the group for the year has been carried forward as a credit balance in the profit and loss account.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The present directors are shown on page 1. Mr. Yang Chao and Mr. Hand served throughout the year. Mr. Shi Chuan Ming replaced Mr. Xie Yi Qun as Chief Executive of China Insurance Company (UK) Ltd. Mr. Xie Yi Qun left to take up a new senior appointment within a group-related company. Mr. Cai Lei from CIC (Deutschland) and Ms. Sun Yi He from China Insurance Company SA were appointed on 17 July 2001.

As at 31 December 2001 none of the directors had any beneficial interests in the ordinary shares of the group, or in any other group-related companies of China Insurance H.K. (Holdings) Company Ltd.

Subsequent to the year end Mr. Yang Fan was appointed to the Board on 5 March 2002.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Subsequent to the year end Mr. Huang Jun resigned as Secretary to the company prior to taking up a position elsewhere. Mr. Yang Fan was appointed on 5 March 2002 to replace Mr. Huang Jun.

ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The ultimate parent of this group is China Insurance H.K. (Holdings) Company Ltd., a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

INVESTMENTS

With the majority of the investment portfolio in fixed interest or bank deposits the 16% fall in the equity content was absorbed and the market value rose by 0.6% to £34.15m.

CREDITORS' PAYMENT POLICY

The group negotiates credit terms with individual suppliers which vary according to the trading relationships with the suppliers concerned, as well as prevailing market conditions. Payment is then made in accordance with the agreed terms.

AUDITORS

A resolution proposing the re-appointment of Deloitte & Touche will be submitted at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors

and signed on behalf of the Board by

Yang Fan

Secretary

9 May 2002



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at the end of the financial year, and of the profit or loss of the group for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and of the group, and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control and for safeguarding the assets of the company and of the group, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board by

Yang Fan Secretary

9 May 2002

Deloitte & Touche Stonecutter Court 1 Stonecutter Street London EC4A 4TR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CIC HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of CIC Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2001 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses, the consolidated balance sheet, the company balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 24. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company and other members of the group is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company and of the group, are consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 31 December 2001, and of the profit of the group for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Volutte 1 jours

9 May 2002



Deloitte & Touche

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTFor the year ended 31 December 2001

TECHNICAL ACCOUNT – GENERAL BUSINESS	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
EARNED PREMIUMS, NET OF REINSURANCE	2,3		
Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums		12,380,322 (3,035,091)	10,387,451 (4,119,118)
Net premiums written		9,345,231	6,268,333
Change in the provision for unearned premiums Gross amounts		(328,947)	(397,014)
Reinsurers' share		(1,021,571)	210,098
Net of reinsurance		(1,350,518)	(186,916)
TOTAL TECHNICAL INCOME		7,994,713	6,081,417
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance Claims paid	4		
Gross amounts		4,998,780	
Reinsurers' share		(1,289,973)	(1,524,207)
Net of reinsurance		3,708,807	3,401,787
Change in the provision for outstanding claims	4		
Gross amounts Reinsurers' share		(5,219,381) 5,754,381	
			
Net of reinsurance		535,000	548,602
CLAIMS INCURRED, NET OF REINSURANCE		4,243,807	3,950,389
Net operating expenses	7,9	3,238,043	2,620,187
Other technical charges, net of reinsurance Increase in equalisation provisions	6	175,000	1,600 123,000
TOTAL TECHNICAL CHARGES		7,656,850	6,695,176
BALANCE ON THE TECHNICAL ACCOUNT FOR GENERAL BUSINESS		337,863	(613,759)

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CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2001

NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
BALANCE ON THE TECHNICAL ACCOUNT FOR GENERAL BUSINESS		337,863	(613,759)
Investment income Realised (losses)/gains on investments Unrealised losses on investments	8	1,837,254 (206,970) (1,296,543)	1,866,719 389,935 (447,747)
Investment expenses and charges Investment returns		240,612	(99,175) 1,709,732
Exchange gains Other income Other charges	9	15,155 29,061 (398,041) (353,825)	128,712 78,218 (529,859) (322,929)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX		224,650	773,044
OPERATING PROFIT Increase in equalisation provisions	6	399,650 (175,000)	896,044 (123,000)
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	12	(120,374)	(204,538)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAX AND RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	104,276	568,506

All the amounts above are in respect of continuing operations.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES For the year ended 31 December 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		104,276	568,506
Exchange (losses) / gains on retranslation of net investment in foreign group companies	17	(125,874)	38,222
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR		(21,598)	606,728

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2001

ASSETS	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
INVESTMENTS			
Other financial investments	13	34,094,204	33,905,998
Deposits with ceding undertakings	13	59,210	39,861
		34,153,414	33,945,859
REINSURERS' SHARE OF TECHNICAL PROVISIONS			
Provision for unearned premiums	3	1,440,066	2,462,324
Provision for outstanding claims	4,5	5,592,162	11,346,159
		7,032,228	13,808,483
DEBTORS			
Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations			
Amounts owed by policyholders		1,635,319	899,913
Amounts owed by intermediaries		1,648,976	860,415
		3,284,295	1,760,328
Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations		1,297,088	1,771,986
Taxation recoverable		60,873	6,658
Other debtors		39,160	345,752
		4,681,416	3,884,724
OTHER ASSETS			
Tangible fixed assets	15	215,591	295,282
Cash at bank and in hand		2,629,318	2,380,894
		2,844,909	2,676,176
PREPAYMENTS AND ACCRUED INCOME			
Accrued interest and rent		234,572	263,608
Deferred acquisition costs	7	1,251,657	945,849
Other prepayments and accrued income		7,476	15,540
		1,493,705	1,224,997
TOTAL ASSETS		50,205,672	55,540,239
IVIAL ASSELS		30,203, 0 72	======

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2001

LIABILITIES	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	16	18,423,747	18,423,747
Capital reserve Profit and loss account	17 17	762,388 9,897,572	762,388 9,919,170
From and loss account	17	7,091,312	9,919,170
Equity shareholders' funds	17	29,083,707	29,105,305
GROSS TECHNICAL PROVISIONS			
Provision for unearned premiums	3	5,901,501	5,574,809
Provision for outstanding claims	4,5	11,536,488	16,760,458
Equalisation provisions	6	808,000	633,000
		18,245,989	22,968,267
PROVISIONS FOR OTHER RISKS AND CHARGES			
Deferred taxation	18	-	291,186
CREDITORS – AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations		247,451	99,620
Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations		1,313,063	2,125,243
United Kingdom corporation tax		188,248	198,107
Other taxation and social security		451,118	3,371
Other creditors		337,568	533,510
		2,537,448	2,959,851
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME			
Deferred reinsurance commissions	7	233,747	122,592
Other accruals and deferred income	·	104,781	93,038
		338,528	215,630
TOTAL LIABILITIES		50,205,672	55,540,239

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 9 May 2002 and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by

Shi Chuan Ming

Director

Bertram Hand Director

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COMPANY BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	15	2,414	1,618
Other financial investments	13	6,337,575	
Investments in group undertakings	14	15,276,552	15,276,552
		21,616,541	21,461,626
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors		5,877	319,060
Cash at bank and in hand		315,321	46,820
		321,198	365,880
CREDITORS – AMOUNTS FALLING			
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		(51,303)	(59,981)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		269,895	305,899
NET ASSETS		21,886,436	21,767,525
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	16	18,423,747	18,423,747
Profit and loss account	17	3,462,689	3,343,778
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17	21,886,436	21,767,525
-			

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 9 May 2002 and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by

Shi Chuan Ming

Director

Bertram Hand Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investments, and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all of its subsidiary undertakings.

The consolidated financial statements of the group are prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out below and comply with the special provisions relating to insurance companies in Section 255A of, and Schedule 9A to, the Companies Act 1985, as amended by the Companies Act 1985 (Insurance Companies Accounts) Regulations 1993. The recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on 'Accounting for Insurance Business' issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 1998 ("ABI SORP") have been adopted.

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. As permitted by section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the profit and loss account of the company is not presented.

(b) Cash flow statement

The group availed itself of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised) on 'Cash Flow Statements' on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking whose immediate parent prepares a group cash flow statement in its financial statements. As such, no consolidated cash flow statement is presented.

(c) Basis of accounting for underwriting activities

The annual basis of accounting has been applied to all classes of business.

(d) Premiums

Written premiums represent total premiums receivable for the whole period of cover - which emanate from contracts incepting during the financial year, together with adjustments arising in the financial year from premiums receivable in respect of business written in previous financial years. These also include pipeline premiums due but not yet reported.

Premiums are stated gross of commissions payable to intermediaries, but exclude insurance premium tax and other duties. Insurance premium tax due by the group, which has not been paid over to the Customs & Excise at the year end, has been included in the balance sheet as a liability under the heading "Other taxation and social security".

Outwards reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same accounting period as the premiums for the related direct or inwards reinsurance business being reinsured.

(e) Unearned premiums

A provision for unearned premiums is made which represents that part of gross premiums written, and reinsurers' share thereof, that is estimated to be earned in the following or subsequent financial years. It is calculated separately for each insurance contract on the 365ths basis where the incidence of risk is the same throughout the contract. Where the incidence of risk varies during the term of the contract, the provision is based on the estimated risk profile of business written.

(f) Claims incurred

Claims incurred comprise all claim payments made in the financial year, and the attributable internal and external claims handling costs; movements in the outstanding claims provision, together with estimates of attributable claims handling costs; movements in the provision for incurred but not reported claims, after netting off all salvage and subrogation recoveries.

Outward reinsurance recoveries are accounted for in the same accounting period as the claims incurred for the related direct or inwards reinsurance business being reinsured.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Claims outstanding

The provision for claims outstanding is made on an individual case basis and is based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims notified but not settled by the balance sheet date, of claims incurred but not reported by that date, and of related internal and external claims handling expenses.

The outstanding claims provision is based on information available at the balance sheet date. Subsequent information and events may result in the ultimate liability being less than, or greater than, the amount provided. Any differences between provisions and subsequent settlements are dealt with in the profit and loss technical account on general business of later years.

(h) Deferred acquisition costs

Acquisition costs comprise commissions and management costs which vary with, and are primarily related to, the acquisition of new insurance contracts and the renewal of existing insurance contracts. These costs are accrued over an equivalent period to that over which the underlying business is written and are charged to the accounting periods in which the related premiums are earned.

Acquisition costs are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the balance sheet date.

(i) Equalisation provisions

Equalisation provisions arise from certain classes of business written in the United Kingdom and are calculated in accordance with the Insurers' Interim Prudential Sourcebook.

The amounts provided are in addition to the provisions required to meet the anticipated ultimate cost of settling outstanding claims at the balance sheet date, and are included within the balance sheet as 'technical provisions' in accordance with the Insurers' Interim Prudential Sourcebook. Movements in the equalisation provision for the period is taken to the profit and loss technical account for general business — notwithstanding that they do not represent a liability at the balance sheet date.

(i) Unexpired risk provisions

Provision is made for unexpired risks when, after taking account of investment income, it is anticipated - on the basis of information available at the year end - that unearned premiums will be insufficient to meet the expected claims and related expenses of business in force at the end of the year.

This provision, where created, is included as a liability within 'provision for outstanding claims' in the balance sheet.

(k) Investment returns

Investment returns comprise investment income, realised and unrealised investment gains and losses, and investment expenses – all of which are recognised in the profit and loss non-technical account.

Investment income is recognised on an accruals basis, as are investment expenses.

Realised investment gains and losses represent the difference between net proceeds on disposal and their purchase price.

Unrealised investment gains and losses represent the difference between the valuation of investments at the balance sheet date and their purchase price. The movement in unrealised gains or losses therefore comprises the increase or decrease in the year in the value of investments held at the balance sheet date, together with the reversal of previously recognised unrealised gains and losses on investments disposed of in the current year.



1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(l) Other financial investments

All investments are stated at current values prevailing at the balance sheet date. For all listed and unlisted investments, current values are taken to be the mid-market values prevailing at the balance sheet date. For deposits with credit institutions, current values represent the amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date.

(m) Investments in group undertakings

In the company's accounts, shares in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provisions for any impairment in value.

(n) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the costs, less estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of tangible fixed assets – at the following rates per annum:

Freehold land and buildings 0%

Office furniture, office and computer equipment 15% to 33% Motor vehicles 20% to 33%

(o) Current and deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on profits for the year and takes into account deferred taxation.

Deferred taxation arises from timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision for this is made under the liability method to the extent that it is probable a liability will crystallise, and calculated at rates at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse in the future.

(p) Basis of foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions, or at the contracted rates of the transactions if covered by forward exchange contracts.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or if appropriate at the contracted forward rates. Exchange differences arising therefrom are recognised in the profit and loss non-technical account, except for those generated by technical provisions, which are recognised in the technical account as part of the change in the provision for outstanding claims.

The financial statements of the foreign subsidiaries are translated into sterling at the closing rates of exchange and the difference arising from the translation of the opening net investment in subsidiaries at the closing rate is taken directly to the reserves.

(q) Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss non-technical account in equal annual instalments over the period of the lease.

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2001

2. SEGMENTAL ANALYSES

SEGMENTAL ANALISES			
Group	Total direct £'000	Rein- surance accepted £'000	Total £'000
2001	2 000	2 000	a 000
Gross premiums written	10,884	1,496	12,380
Gross technical result	3,871	4,612	8,483
Reinsurance balance	(3,322)	(4,648)	(7,970)
Transfer to equalisation provision	(175)		(175)
Net technical result	374	(36)	338
Net technical provisions	8,653	2,561	11,214
Group 2000	Total direct £'000	Rein- surance accepted £'000	Total £'000
Gross premiums written	7,132	3,255	10,387
Gross technical result	819	1,287	2,106
Reinsurance balance	(1,174)	(1,423)	(2,597)
Transfer to equalisation provision	(123)		(123)
Net technical result	(478)	(136)	(614)
Net technical provisions	7,056	2,104	9,160
Group			
Gross written premiums resulted from contracts of insurance concluded in:		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
The United Kingdom Other EU member states		11,057 1,323	9,940 447
	-	12,380	10,387

Net assets are maintained to meet the solvency requirements of the group as a whole and as a consequence a segmental analysis of net assets has not been provided. The group's investment portfolio is managed in such a manner that a meaningful analysis of investment income is not available and therefore no segmental analysis of profit before tax has been provided.



3.	EARNED	PREMIUMS.	NET OF	REINSURANCE
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3.	EARNED PREMIUMS, I	NET OF REI	NSURANCE				
			2001			2000	
	Group	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £
	Written premiums	12,380,322	3,035,091	9,345,231	10,387,451	4,119,118	6,268,333
	Provision for unearned premiums Carried forward Brought forward Exchange differences	(5,901,501) 5,574,809 (2,255)	(1,440,066) 2,462,324 (687)	(4,461,435) 3,112,485	(5,574,809) 5,175,439 2,356	(2,462,324) 2,255,857 (3,631)	(3,112,485) 2,919,582
	(Increase)/ decrease	$\frac{(2,233)}{(328,947)}$	1,021,571	$\frac{(1,568)}{(1,350,518)}$	$\frac{2,336}{(397,014)}$	(210,098)	5,987 (186,916)
	Earned premiums	12,051,375	4,056,662	7,994,713	9,990,437	3,909,020	6,081,417
	CV A IMC INCUMPED IN			=====		=	
4.	CLAIMS INCURRED, N	EI OF KEIN	2001			2000	
	Group	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £
	Claims paid	4,998,780	1,289,973	3,708,807	4,925,994	1,524,207	3,401,787
	Provision for outstanding claims Carried forward Brought forward Exchange differences (Decrease) / increase Claims incurred	11,536,488 (16,760,458) 4,589 (5,219,381) (220,601)	5,592,162 (11,346,159) (384) (5,754,381) (4,464,408)	5,944,326 (5,414,299) 4,973 535,000 4,243,807	16,760,458 (17,332,159) (16,439) (588,140) 4,337,854	11,346,159 (12,478,425) (4,476) (1,136,742) 387,465	5,414,299 (4,853,734) (11,963) 548,602 3,950,389
5.	PROVISION FOR OU	TST A NDING	CLAIMS	=====	=======================================	=======================================	=
5.	r ROVISION FOR OU	ISTANDING	2001			2000	
		Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £
	Notified outstanding claims Unexpired risk provision Provision for claims incurred but not	10,107,247	5,211,515	4,895,732	12,735,703 40,000	8,291,523	4,444,180 40,000
	reported Claims handling expenses	1,261,811 167,430	379,286 1,361	882,525 166,069		3,054,636	753,762 176,357
		11,536,488	5,592,162	5,944,326	16,760,458	11,346,159	5,414,299



6. EQUALISATION PROVISIONS

These provisions, which are in addition to the provisions required to meet the anticipated ultimate cost of settling outstanding claims at the balance sheet date, are required by the Insurers' Interim Prudential Sourcebook to be included within technical provisions in the balance sheet, notwithstanding that they do not represent liabilities at the balance sheet date. After tax relief at 30% (2000 – 30%), this has had the cumulative effect of reducing shareholders' funds by £565,600 (2000 - £443,100).

The movement in equalisation provisions during the year resulted in a decrease in the result on the profit and loss technical account for general business, as well as in the profit before taxation by £175,000 (2000-£123,000).

7. NET OPERATING EXPENSES

8.

		2001			2000	
Group	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £	Gross £	Reinsurance £	Net £
Acquisition costs and commissions	2,926,776	654,296	2,272,480	2,577,058	946,491	1,630,567
Deferred acquisition costs Carried forward Brought forward Exchange difference	(1,251,657) 945,849 (675)	(233,747) 122,592 5,449	(1,017,910) 823,257 (6,124)	(945,849) 732,746 181	(122,592) 101,738	(823,257) 631,008 181
(Increase) / decrease	(306,483)	(105,706)	(200,777)	(212,922)	(20,854)	(192,068)
Incurred acquisition costs	2,620,293	548,590	2,071,703	2,364,136	925,637	1,438,499
Administrative expenses and other charges (Note 9)	1,166,340	<u> </u>	1,166,340	1,181,688	-	1,181,688
Total operating expenses	3,786,633	548,590	3,238,043	3,545,824	925,637	2,620,187
INVESTMENT INCOM	E					
Group					2001 £	2000 £
Interest on bank deposits Income from fixed-income Income from variable-yield Other interest					702,212 767,212 199,848 167,982 	778,245 786,717 198,324 103,433 1,866,719

Deloitte & Touche

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2001

9. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND OTHER CHARGES

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	Group	2001	4000
	Administrative expenses and other charges in both the technical and non-technical accounts include:	2001 £	2000 £
	Directors' emoluments	229,220	172,094
	Auditors' remuneration – Audit services	98,510	82,811
	Auditors' remuneration - Non-audit services	25,424	43,778
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets – Owned assets	98,695	129,969
	Decrease in bad debt provisions	(559)	(24,912)
	Operating lease charge	<u>296,954</u>	297,802 ———
	Company		
		2001	2000
	Administrative expenses charged to the profit and loss account of the company include:	£	£
	Auditors' remuneration – Audit services	25,850	10,105
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - Owned assets	1,168	1,699
10.	STAFF COSTS	2001 £	2000
	Group	T.	£
	All salary costs, including directors' emoluments, comprise:		
	Wages and salaries	1,023,937	1,030,351
	Social security costs	106,237	105,701
	Pension contributions		1,861
		1,130,174	1,137,913
		2001	2000
	The average number of employees, including executive	Number	Number
	directors employed during the year was as follows:		
	Management	7	7
	Management Underwriting	7 14	7 15
	Management Underwriting Claims	14 5	15 6
	Management Underwriting Claims Marketing	14 5 10	15 6 6
	Management Underwriting Claims	14 5	15 6
	Management Underwriting Claims Marketing	14 5 10	15 6 6



11. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Group

	2001	2000
Directors' remuneration consists exclusively of remuneration for services provided as directors, which comprise:	£	£
Emoluments		
Wages and salaries	209,919	155,334
Social security costs	19,301	16,760
	229,220	172,094

No directors (2000 - two) accrued benefits under the defined contribution scheme of the company and its subsidiary, China Insurance Company (U.K.) Limited.

The emoluments paid to the highest paid director amounted to £62,039 for the year.

The Chairman and two directors discharge their duties mainly outside the United Kingdom.

12. TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The group charge for taxation comprises:	2001 £	2000 £
Current taxation		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2000 - 30%)	403,129	430,497
(Under)/Over provision in prior years' tax	8,431	(15,984)
	411,560	414,513
Deferred taxation		
Current year (credit) / charge	(291,186)	(209,975)
	120,374	204,538

13. OTHER FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

	Current value		Historical cost	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Group	£	£	£	£
Shares, other variable yield securities, and units in unit	trusts			
Listed	7,543,387	8,980,720	7,735,537	7,791,315
Unlisted	166,538	172,105	273,405	272,000
Debt securities and other fixed income securities				
Listed	11,025,010	10,158,330	10,474,209	9,547,306
Participation in Pool Re-Insurance Company Limited	-	19,151	-	19,151
Deposits with credit institutions	15,359,269	14,575,692	15,359,491	14,575,692
Deposits with ceding undertakings	59,210	39,861	59,210	39,861
	34,153,414	33,945,859	33,901,852	32,245,325
Company				
Debt securities and other fixed income securities				
Listed	1,008,531	-	993,776	_
Deposits with credit institutions	5,329,044	6,183,456	6,322,820	6,183,456
	6,337,575	6,183,456	7,316,596	6,183,456
				

15.

At 31 December 2000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2001

14.

INVESTMENTS IN GROUP UNDER	RTAKINGS				
Company				2001 £	2000 £
Investments in subsidiary undertakings				15,276,552	15,276,552
Details of major investments in subsi-	diary companies	are as follo	ws:		
Name of company	Country of registration	Shar holdin	e- voting	rtion of g rights es held	Nature of business
China Insurance Company (U.K.) Limited	England and Wales	Ordina shar	•	100%	Insurance company
China Insurance Company SA	Luxembourg	Ordina shar	•	100%	Insurance company
CIC (Deutschland) Versicherungs- Aktiengesellschaft	Germany	Ordina shar	•	100%	Insurance company
CIC Services (Europe) Limited	England and Wales	Ordina shar	•	100%	Service company
CIC Rotterdam Services BV	The Netherlands	Ordina shar	es CIC In	held by surance any SA	Service company
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
Group		Freehold property	Office furniture, office and computer equipment	Motor vehicles £	Total £
At cost At 1 January 2001 Exchange adjustment Additions Disposals		149,991 (12,251)	507,798 (25,348) 30,243 (27,397)	258,192 95 (27,471)	
At 31 December 2001 Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2001 Exchange adjustment Charged during the year Eliminated on disposals		137,740	393,006 (26,048) 82,536 (27,505)	227,693 (110) 16,159 (27,470)	98,695
At 31 December 2001 Net book value At 31 December 2001		137,740	63,307	14,544	215,591

149,991 114,792

295,282

30,499



15. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Company	Office furniture, office and computer equipment	Motor vehicles £	Total £
At cost			
At 1 January 2001	5,643	35,535	41,178
Additions	1,964	-	1,964
Disposals	(3,426)		(3,426)
At 31 December 2001	4,181	35,535	39,716
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2001	4,025	35,535	39,560
Charged during the year	1,168	-	1,168
Eliminated on disposal	(3,426)		(3,426)
At 31 December 2001	1,767	35,535	37,302
Net book value			
At 31 December 2001	2,414	-	2,414
At 31 December 2000	1,618	-	1,618
			

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Group and Company	Au	thorised		ted, called d fully paid
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 £	2000 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each	20,000,000	20,000,000	18,423,747	18,423,747

17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Group	Share capital £	Profit and loss account	Capital reserve £	Total for 2001 £	Total for 2000 £
At 1 January 2001	18,423,747	9,919,170	762,388	29,105,305	28,498,577
Retained profit for the financial year	-	104,276	-	104,276	568,506
Exchange (losses) / gains on retranslation net investment in foreign group comp		(125,874)	-	(125,874)	38,222
At 31 December 2001	18,423,747	9,897,572	762,388	29,083,707	29,105,305
					

Unrealised gains and losses reported in the non-technical account are not considered to be distributable. The profit and loss account balance includes £1,017,047 (2000 - £995,447) relating to the group which are non-distributable.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS (continued) 17.

Company	Share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total for 2001 £	Total for 2000 £
At 1 January 2001 Retained profit for the financial year	18,423,747	3,343,778 118,911	21,767,525 118,911	21,352,984 414,541
At 31 December 2001	18,423,747	3,462,689	21,886,436	21,767,525
DEFERRED TAXATION			2001	2000

18.

Group	2001	2000
	£	£
Movements in the provision for deferred taxation are:		
At 1 January 2001	291,186	501,161
Decrease during the year	(291,186)	(209,975)
At 31 December 2001	-	291,186
		

Amounts of deferred tax liabilities / (assets) provided and unprovided for in the accounts are:

	Provided		Unprovided	
Group	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Unrealised gains on investments	-	339,675	(39,401)	-
Capital allowances in advance of depreciation	-	(48,489)	(48,520)	(5,386)
General provision	-	-	-	-
		291.186	(87,921)	(5,386)
		291,180	(07,921)	(5,580)

AMOUNTS OWED (TO) / FROM GROUP UNDERTAKINGS 19.

Included in the balance sheet are amounts owed (to) / from group-related undertakings external to the immediate group, as set out below:

Group	2001 £	2000 £
Deposits held by ceding undertakings Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations	53,704 316,139 (46,731)	39,861 1,477,684 (66,905)
Company Dividends receivable from subsidiary undertaking		300,000

The names of the transacting related parties and their relationship to the group has not been disclosed as the transactions are not individually material.

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The group has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 on 'Related Party Disclosures' from disclosing transactions between immediate group entities since these have been eliminated on consolidation.

The names of the transacting related parties and their relationship to the group has not been disclosed as the transactions are not individually material.

The group has accepted £433,616 (2000 - £2,790,614) of reinsurance contracts from various group-related and associated companies external to the immediate group. Corresponding reinsurance ceded to these companies during the year amounted to £421,801(2000 - £625,661).

21. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2001, the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases for the following year as set out below:

	Land and buildings	
	2001	2000
	£	£
Operating leases which expire:		
Within five to ten years	252,727	253,671

22. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED ("EAUA")

During the period 1989 to 1992, China Insurance Company (U.K.) Limited participated in the EAUA underwriting pools which ceased underwriting on 23 November 1992. The run-off of the pools is now administered by Participant Run-off Limited.

The ultimate cost to this company of future claims arising from the former EAUA underwriting pools cannot be determined with certainty, and as such, this company has calculated its provisions in respect of such claims using ultimate loss projections produced by independent actuaries based on information currently available.

The ultimate liability may vary as a result of subsequent information and events which may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided for as at 31 December 2001, which were £591,000 (2000 - £591,000).

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

China Insurance Company (U.K.) Limited was previously required under the Policyholders Protection Act 1975 to contribute towards levies raised by the Policyholders Protection Board on UK general insurance business. These responsibilities have now been assumed by the Financial Services Authority with effect from 1 December 2001. Under the terms of the Financial Services Compensations Scheme, a levy based on 0.66% of net relevant premiums was raised and an amount of £37,568 (2000 - £nil) has been charged to the accounts.

24. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2001, the company's and the group's immediate parent undertaking and controlling party is China Insurance H.K. (Holdings) Company Ltd, a company incorporated in Hong Kong - which is ultimately controlled by China Insurance Company Limited, a company incorporated in China.

Copies of China Insurance H.K. (Holdings) Company Ltd's accounts are obtainable from its registered office at 22/F., Ming An Plaza, 8 Sunning Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong.