

Company Registration No. 02789199 (England and Wales)

**ABDATA LTD**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# ABDATA LTD

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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**Director** Mrs Janet Pickard

**Company number** 02789199

**Registered office** 454-458 Chiswick High Road  
Chiswick  
London  
W4 5TT

**Accountants** PK Group Ventures Limited  
22 The Quadrant  
Richmond  
Surrey  
TW9 1BP

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# **ABDATA LTD**

## **CONTENTS**

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	<b>Page</b>
Balance sheet	I
Notes to the financial statements	2 - 5

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# ABDATA LTD

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		1,292		-
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	1,492		2,510	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,799		2,309	
		<u>5,291</u>		<u>4,819</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	<u>(347,655)</u>		<u>(304,512)</u>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(342,364)</u>		<u>(299,693)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u><u>(341,072)</u></u>		<u><u>(299,693)</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			<u>(341,172)</u>		<u>(299,793)</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u><u>(341,072)</u></u>		<u><u>(299,693)</u></u>

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 4 July 2017

Mrs Janet Pickard

**Director**

**Company Registration No. 02789199**

# ABDATA LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017*

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Abdata Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 454-458 Chiswick High Road, Chiswick, London, W4 5TT.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis due to the continuing support of the company's bankers and directors.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	25% straight line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

# ABDATA LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### *Basic financial assets*

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### *Classification of financial liabilities*

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# ABDATA LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was - (2016 - 0).

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2016	4,079	58,127	62,206
Additions	-	1,723	1,723
Disposals	(4,079)	-	(4,079)
	<u>-</u>	<u>59,850</u>	<u>59,850</u>
At 31 March 2017	-	59,850	59,850
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>			
At 1 April 2016	4,079	58,127	62,206
Depreciation charged in the year	-	431	431
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(4,079)	-	(4,079)
	<u>-</u>	<u>58,558</u>	<u>58,558</u>
At 31 March 2017	-	58,558	58,558
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 31 March 2017	-	1,292	1,292
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,292</u>	<u>1,292</u>
At 31 March 2016	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

### 4 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Other debtors	1,492	2,510
	<u>1,492</u>	<u>2,510</u>

## ABDATA LTD

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017*

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**5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Other creditors	347,655	304,512
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

At 31 March 2016 other creditors included an amount of £345,855 (2016: £302,306) due to Mrs J E Pickard.

**6 Called up share capital**

	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Ordinary share capital</b>		
<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>



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