UL VS United Kingdom Limited Annual report and financial statements Registered Number 2787492 31 December 2016

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# Directors and advisers

## Directors

S Jesudes M A Saltzman G Schjotz

# Registered office

530 - 535 Eskdale Road Winnersh Reading RG41 5TS

## Bankers

JP Morgan Chase Bank 125 London Wall London ECZY 5AJ

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### Strategic report

#### Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their Strategic report on the company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Principal Activity

UL VS United Kingdom Ltd ( UL VS UK Ltd\*) was dormant during 2016.

#### Review of the business

On 1 January 2015, Ut. VS Ltd purchased the trade and assets of UL VS UK Ltd. As such there has been no trade through this legal entity during the period. Dissolution processes have begun

On 30 December 2015, all but £1 of the ordinary share capital was extinguished and the amount by which the share capital was reduced made available for distribution to shareholders.

## Transition to FR9101

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS101)' under the historic cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2008.

#### General

Any matters that are Directors' report disclosure requirements but considered by the directors to be of strategic importance of the company, have been included within this strategic report. (The Director's report includes a cross-reference to the relevant information in the Strategic Report.)

#### Directors' Report

The dissipins present their Directors' report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The review of the business has been included in the Strategic review.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a divident (2015' nil)

The gain for the year is £n8 (year ended 2015: £3,959.801)

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements (except where and called otherwise) were:

G Schlotz

#### Directors Indemnities

The company mantains directors' and officers' liability insurance which gives appropriate cover for any legal action brought agents to directors. The company has also granted indomnities to each of its directors to the extent permitted by law. Qualifying third party indemnity provisions (as defined by section 234 of the Companies Act 2005) were in force during the period unded 37 December 2018 and remain in force, in relation to certain lesses and liabilities which the directors may incur to third parties in the course of ecting as directors.

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the Grandlei statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company like requires the directors to prepare intended statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Direction (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a flux and fay view of the state of addirect of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; it
   make judgements and accounting certinates that are reasonable and phadent;
   state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
   notify its shareholders in withing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS101 used in the preparation of the financial statements; and
   preparation for financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the triancial subminists comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are elso repossible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable sleps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Geing Concern

On 1 January 2015, U., VS Ltd purchased the Yede and assets of UL, VS UK Ltd. As such, Press financial determents have not been propered using the going concern basis of accounting. No additional expenditure will be incurred in relation to this transfer. Any future costs of termination to the business are expected to be immaterial and iteration or provision for these costs has been recognised in these financial statements.

UL VS Unyed Kingdom Ltd is exempt from audit under section 479A of the UK Compenies Act 2006 because UL Seri, the European parent company for the group, hee given a guarantee in respect of all the outstanding liabilities and obligations for this entity as at the year-end date.

By order of the board 

S Jesudas Director

# income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2015

Discontinued operations	Nate	Year ended 31/12/16 £	Year ended 31/12/15 £
Revenue Cost of sales		<u>.</u>	-
Gross profil Administrative expenses		<u>:</u>	3,959,801
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before interest and taxation	4	•	3,959,801
Finance ordine Finance costs Finance costs • net			
Profil/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation income tax on profil/loss) on ordinary activities	6	:	3,959,601
Profit/less from discontinued operations			3.959.801
Total comprehensive income for the year		<del></del>	3.959.801

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position at 31 December 2015

	Note	\$1/12/15 £	31/12/15 £
Fixed Assets			
Properly plant and equipment		•	
renzimente in etpenizarea	9	•	*
			<del></del>
Current assets		-	•
Trade and other receivables		_	
Cash and cesh equivelents		-	
Creditors: amounts fating			
drie Agaitt blie Asst.		•	•
Net owners assets		•	
Total saects less current jubilities		<del></del>	<del></del>
Creditora: amounts falling			
due after more than one year		-	
Providen for Rebillies		•	•
Net aspets	t		
Capital and reserves		-	
Codinary shares	و	•	
Retained earnings	•	m	(1)
		<u>-</u>	
Total staroholders' fution			
total other property (40)63			

For the financed year in question the company was entitled to exemption under rection 479a of the Companies Act 2006. No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts file the year in quastion is accounts with section 478 of the Companies Act 2006. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Fremeronk (FRS101), under the historical cost convention and in econdarce with the Companies Act 2006

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

These financie's statements on pages 4-11 were approved by the board of directors and were signed on its behalf by

3 Jesudas Director

Date 1 : September 2017

Registered Number 2787 492

# Statement of changes in equity as at 31 December 2016

	Nole	Share Capital	Retained Earninus £	Total £
Balance as at 1 January 2015		705,000	(4,864,801)	(3,959.801)
Capital reduction		(704,999)	704.989	-
profit for the year	4		3,959,801	3,969,801
Balance as at 1 January 2016			(1)	
Profit for the year			_	
Balance as at 31 December				
2015		1	(1)	

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1. General information

UL VS UK Ltd is a dormant company following the sale of its trade and assets to UL VS Ltd in 2015

The company is a private company and is incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is:

530 - 535 Eskdela Road RG41 5TS

### 2. Summary of slootficant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Casclosure Framework' (FRS:01). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2008.

The preparation of financial statements in confirmity with FRS101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, it also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement of complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

- The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101;

   Financial Instruments: Disclosures

   Paragraph 38 of IAS1, "Presentation of financial statements' comparative information requirements in respect of:
  (i) paragraph 79 (a) (IAS 18 Property, plant and equipment;

   Paragraph 18 (e) of IAS 38, Intengible assets (reconciliation between the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period.
- the period).

  The following paragraphs of (AS1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
- The following paragraphs of 'AS1, 'Presentation of financial statements';
   10(d) (statement of cash flows)
   10(f) (s statement of cash flows)
   10(f) (s statement of financial position as at the beginning of the proceding period whan an entity applies an accounting policy entropedity of makes a retroapective statement of tierns in its financial statements, or when it reclassities items in its financial statements, and the statements of statements of the statement of compliance with all IFRS)
   10 (statement of compliance with all IFRS)
   38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements)
   38A (additional comparative information)
   40A-D (requirements for a third statement of financial position)
   111 (cash flow statement information) and
   134-136 (capital management disclosures)
   148-7 Statement of cash flows
   148-7 Statement of cash flows

- . IAS 7 Statement of cash flows
- Peregraph 17 of IAS24, 'Related party disclosures' (key management compensation)
   The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more member of a group.

On 1 January 2015, ULVS Ltd purchased the trade and assets of ULVS UK Ltd. As such, these financial statements have not been prepared using the going concern basis of accounting. No additional expanditure will be incurred in relation to this transfer. Any future costs of termination to the business are expected to be immaterial and therefore no provision for these costs has been recognised in these financial statements.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of STR International LLC, of UL Sarl and of their ultimate parent, UL Inc. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of UL Sart which are publically available. Therefore the company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements.

These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

### Foreign currency translation

### Functional and presentational currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates (the functional currency). The financial statements are presented in Pounds Stedling which is also the company's functional currency

### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction , net of tay from the property net of tax, from the proc

## 3 Critical accounting estimates and Judgements

### Exemptions on transition to FRS101

The company has elected to use the previous UK GAAP valuation of investments as the deemed cost on Yanskion to FRS101.

## 31 December 2016

4 Loss on ordinary activ	tiles before taxation		
•		Year ended	Year ended
		31/12/16	31/12/15
		£	3
Profit/lose on ordinary ac	livities before taxation is stated at	ter charging/(crediting	g):
Wages and salaries		•	_
Social security costs			
Other pension costs			
Staff coats			
Reorganisation expense		•	(3,950,801)
Loss on disposal of property	r, plant and machinery		
impairment of trade receiva	ties		
Operating lease charges			
Auditors' remuneration	<ul> <li>audit of these financial</li> </ul>		
	statements	-	-
	- other services	-	
Depreciation and other amo	unts written off tangible fixed assets		
- owned		-	
Foreign exchange toss/(galr	าโ	-	

### 5 Employees

The average monthly number of parsons employed by the company (including executive circulors) during the year, was rul (2015; nil)

#### B income tax

Tax expense included in loss	Year ended 31/12/16 £	Year ended 31/12/15
Current fax	~	-
UK corporation tax on loss for the year	-	-
Foreign tex	•	-
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	•	-
Total current tax Deferred tax:	<del></del>	
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Total deferred tex		
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
=		

The company has the benefit of tax tasses surrendered by other group companies for a total consideration of ril. (2014;

The tex assessed in the period is lower (2015, lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 31/12/16 £	Year ended 31/12/15 £
Profit(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	-	3,959,801
Profitiges on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of		<del></del>
20.25% (2014: 21.5%) Ellects of:	÷	801,660
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	
Accelerated capital allowances	•	•
Movement in short term timing differences		_
Loss cerried forward	-	-
Group relief surrendered for nil payment	•	
Non-laxable intercompany loan release	=	(801,860)
Total tax charge for the year	•	

## Future lax changes

The tax role for the current year is lower than the prior year due to changes in the UK Corporation tax role which decreased from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015.

Changes to the UK corporation tax rates were substantively anacted as part of Finance Bit 2015 (cn 26 October 2015) and Finance Bit 2016 (on 7 September 2016). Thisse include reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 17% from 1 April 2020. Deferred laves at the balance sheet date have been measured using these enacted tax rates and reflected in these financial statements.

#### 7 Disposal

On 1 January 2015, UL VS Ltc purchased the trade and assets of UL VS United Kingdom Ltd,.

The fair value of assets disposed to UL VS Ltd was

	Total
Fixed assets	
Non current assets	1,747,853
Current assets	2,598,677_
Total Assets	4,346,730
Current creditors	(2.455.484)
Non current Creditors	(5,841,947)
Net assets/[liabilities]	(3,959,801)
Satisified by:	
Cash equivalent	(3,959,501)

Intercompany positions were subsequently converted to loans and those loans were written off during 2015

#### 2 Investment

As at 1 January 2015, the directors had provided against the carrying value of invostments in full where they do not believe them to be supported by underlying net assets or future cash flows. On 1 January 2015, the investments were disposed of and no investments were owned at 31 December 2015.

	Year ended 31/12/16 £	Year ended 31/12/15 £
At 1 January Acquisitions Investments At 31 December		
		<del></del>
	Country of incorporation	Class and Percentage of shares
Subsidiery undertakings - disposed of on 1 January 2015		heid
UL South Africa Pty UL Laborateur Hizmetteri A.S.	South Africa Turkey	100% Ordinary shares 0.25% Ordinary Shares

On 1 January 2015, U., VS Ltd purchased the trade and assets of UL VS United Kingdom Ltd. UL VS

January 2015.
As the company's subsidieries are wholly owned within the UL Inc group, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in IAS24 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with these entities.

### 9 Called up share capital

9 Gailed up snare capital	2016 No	2018 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each	,,,	_
Altotted and fully paid		
At 1 January 2016	1	1
Capital reduction		_ <del></del>
At 31 December 2016	1	1

On 30 December 2015, all but £1 of the ordinary share capital was extinguished and the amount by which the share capital was reduced made available for distribution to shareholders.

# 10 Related party transactions

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101. Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS101) under the historic cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2005 Exemption from disclosure of the requirements of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures entered into between two or more interest in his bean taken.

### 11 Controlling parties

The immediate parent undertaking was STR International LLC

The utimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Underwriters Laboratonea (nd, a company incorporated in the United States of America.

Underwinlers Laborationes Inc is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2015.

UL Sait is the parent underteking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements for UL Sait can be obtained from 2 - 8 Avenue Charles de Gaulle, L-1653 Luxembourg.

### 12 Changes in accounting policies

# Adoption of FRS101

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS101)'.

The impact of change in the accounting presention on the financial statements has been taken through the income statement in 2015, as it is considered to have no impact.