# 2783507

#### **REVELL LEISURE LIMITED**





•	<u>NOTE</u>	1997 £	£	1998 £	£
FIXED ASSETS		~		*	2
Tangible Assets	6		2308		3708
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	7	27567		32775	
Debtors	8	191		2312	
Cash at Bank		<u>1167</u>		<u>680</u>	
•		<u> 28925</u>		<u>35767</u>	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due					
within one year	9	30828		38096	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1903)		(2329)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES £405				£1379	
CAPITALS AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital (Authorised: 1000 Ordinary share	10 es of £1		100		100
Profit and Loss Account	~ <del> ~-</del>		305		1279
We confirm the following:		<i>'</i> .	£405		£1379
We confirm the following:-					

- a) For the year ended 31January 1998, the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by subsection 1 of section 249 of the Companies Act, 1985.
- b) No notice has been deposited under subsection 2 of section 249B of the Companies Act, 1985 in relation to its accounts for the financial year.
- c) The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for (i) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Companies Act, 1985 and (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226 and which otherwise comply with requirements of the Act relating to accounts so far as is applicable to the company.

Advantage has been taken of the exemptions conferred by Section A of part 111 of schedule 8, and in the opinion of the directors, the company is entitled to those exemptions on the basis that it qualifies as a small company.

These accounts have been prepared on the historical cost basis of acc	ounting.	
	-	
For and on behalf of the board. When	5.6.	1998

# TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 1998

	note	1997		<u>1998</u>	r
SALES		£	£ 45405	£	£ 45664
Deduct COST OF SALES	1		30773		25786
GROSS PROFIT			14632		<u>19878</u>
Deduct					
ESTABLISHMENT CHARGI	Ξ 2	2450		152	
SELLING EXPENSES	3 .				
FINANCE	4	2813		2372	
OFFICE EXPENSES	5	437		397	
GENERAL EXPENSES	6	8777		15329	
DEPRECIATION PER FIXED	O ASSETS 6	470		654	
·			14947		<u>18904</u>
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FOR Y	EAR		£(315)		£974

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AT 31 JANUARY 1998

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Accounting

These accounts have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation of the company's tangible fixed assets is based on their estimated useful life and has been calculated on their net cost using the following methods and annual rates:-

#### Shop Fittings 15% Reducing Balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value in the normal course of business, less provision for obsolescence and deterioration where appropriate.

#### **Deferred Taxation**

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method at the current tax rate for all timing differences except those which are not expected to reverse in the foreseeable future. No provision is necessary in respect of the year under review.

#### **Cash Flow Statement**

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No.1 from producing a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

#### Leasing and Hire Purchase Commitments

Tangible fixed assets if and when acquired under hire purchase contracts would be capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The interest element of such contracts would be charged to profit and loss account over the period of the contracts, representing a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income as incurred. The amount of hire rentals charged in the accompanying profit and loss account is NIL (1997 NIL)

#### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover is attributable to one activity, that of the supply of golf equipment and clothing and represents the amount of takings stated net of value added tax in respect of goods sold.

3.	EMPLOYEES Staff cost consists of:-		3	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>
	Wages and Salaries	-	Staff	1750	907
	•	-	Golf Pro Retainer		
			Directors	5000	12000
	Social Security	-	Staff		
	•	-	Directors	510	1394
				£7260	£14301

The average weekly number of employees, including the director, during the year was as follows:-

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AT 31 JANUARY 1998

4.	OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	1997	1998					
••	OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)  There were no charges in respect of auditors' remuneration during the year or the previous							
	year.							
	Depreciation of Tangible Fixed Assets	£470 ====	£654					
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE							
	On bank loans wholly due for repayment within five	years:-						
	Bank business loan Bank charges and similar charges Directors loan	2 511 <u>2300</u> £2813	522 1850 £2372					
6.	TANGIBLE ASSETS	Shop Fittings						
	COST At 31 January 1997	£4648						
	Additions during year	2054						
	At 31 January 1998	£6702						
	DEPRECIATION At 31 January 1997	2340						
	Charge for year	654						
	At 31 January 1998	£2994						
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 1997	£2308						
	At 31 January 1998	£3708	•					
7.	<u>STOCKS</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>					
	Stock in Trade	£27567	£32775					
8.	DEBTORS							
	Trade Debtors Taxes and Social Security	 <u>191</u> <u>191</u>	2312  2312					

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AT 31 JANUARY 1998

9.	CREDITORS		<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>
	Amounts falling due within one year			
	Trade Creditors		1863	4124
	Other Taxes and Social Security		822	805
	Directors Loan Account		26573	31898
	Accruals			1269
•	Bank loan for shop fittings		320	
	Pension fund liability		1250	
•			£30828	£38096
10.	SHARE CAPITAL	Authorised	Allotted, Called Up and Fully Paid	
	ě			
	Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000	100 (199 <b>7 -</b> 100)	
	·		•	

### 11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments at 31 January 1998.

### 12. TAX ON PROFITS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

There is no corporation tax charge based on the results for the year. The company will have corporation tax losses to carry forward and set off against future profits.