Registrar Copy - Please sign or return

REGISTERED NUMBER: 02781375 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

<u>for</u>

Rendlesham Estates Ltd

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Rendlesham Estates Ltd

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

DIRECTORS:

المنافظ المناجع والمحاور المنافر والمناف المعتر والمنافرة

M J Walter

Mrs TJC Webb

SECRETARY:

M J Walter

REGISTERED OFFICE:

5 Eton House School Lane Egham Surrey TW20 9GE

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02781375 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

A C Mole & Sons Chartered Accountants Stafford House

Blackbrook Park Avenue

Taunton Somerset TA1 2PX

SOLICITORS:

Gordons Solicitors LLP Winter Hill House Marlow Reach Station Approach Marlow

Buckinghamshire

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Balance Sheet 31 March 2020

		2020	2020		2019	
	Votes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	2		285,000		285,000	
Investment property	3		6,427,642		6,427,642	
			6,712,642		6,712,642	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	4	670,000		686,400		
Cash at bank		11,951		23,373		
		681,951		709,773		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	5	56,663		52,371		
NET CURRENT ASSETS			625,288		657,402	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT						
LIABILITIES			7,337,930		7,370,044	
CREDITORS					•	
Amounts falling due after more than one year	6		4,795,460		4,795,660	
NET ASSETS			2,542,470		2,574,384	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital			1,208,520		1,208,520	
Share premium			5,632		5,632	
Revaluation reserve			1,620,908		1,620,908	
Retained earnings			(292,590)		(260,676)	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,542,470		2,574,384	
					====	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued 31 March 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 7 October 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

M J Walter - Director

Mrs T J C Webb - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information

Rendlesham Estates Ltd is engaged in providing and maintaining flats and dwelling houses.

The company is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of the registered office is 5 Eton House, School Lane, Egham, Surrey, TW20 9GE.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss and properties which are held at valuation.

Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from ordinary activities and represents the amount of rental income receivable stated after trade discounts, other sales taxes and value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost. Leasehold properties are held at valuation.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Leasehold property - See below

The Leasehold property from which the company operates has been revalued and is not depreciated as it is considered that the residual value of the property is in excess of its cost and therefore, in accordance with FRS102, there is no depreciable amount. Annual impairment reviews are undertaken in respect of this property to ensure its carrying value can be supported.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at fair value, being the most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss in the year of valuation.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

The taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

i) Current Taxation

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

ii) Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the balance sheet date, except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing difference.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial instruments

i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

At the balance sheet date financial assets are assessed for evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The directors are of the opinion that there are no estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

2. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

COST OR VALUATION	Leasehold Property £
At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	285,000
and 51 Major 2020	283,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2020	285,000
At 31 March 2019	285,000
	===
Cost or valuation at 31 March 2020 is represented by:	
	Leasehold Property

Leasehold properties were valued on an open market basis on 31 March 2017 by the following valuer who is independent of the Company:

Valuer Comp

Chris Page Hodders Estate Agents

3. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Valuation in 2017

	Total £
FAIR VALUE	
At 1 April 2019	
and 31 March 2020	6,427,642
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2020	6,427,642
	
At 31 March 2019	6,427,642

The investment properties were professionally valued in March 2017 and March 2015. The directors consider that the valuations provided are a reliable basis for these investment properties at the balance sheet date.

All valuations have been performed by Estate Agents who are independent of the company and have experience of valuing similar properties. The properties have been valued on an open market basis.

The historical cost of investment properties held at fair value is as follows:-

At 31 March 2020: £4,893,643 At 31 March 2019: £4,893,643

Fair value at 31 March 2020 is represented by:

Valuation in 2020 £ 6,427,642

£

285,000

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

4.	DEBTORS	2020	2019
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Joint ventures		66,400
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:	(50 000	(20,000
	Loan notes	670,000	<u>620,000</u>
	Aggregate amounts	670,000	686,400
5.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2020	2019
	A manager and a father construct	£	£
	Amounts owed to joint ventures Taxation and social security	11,408 2,743	2,488
	Other creditors	42,512	49,883
		56,663	52,371
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	. 2	2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	4,795,460	4,795,660
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable otherwise than by instalments		
	Bank loans	4,795,460	4,795,660
7.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	4,795,460	4,795,660

The banks have security by way of a first charge over 23 (2019: 23) properties owned by the company for any advance made to the company by them.

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

9. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Rendlesham Park Properties Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the group accounts can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff.