BRITISH SILVERWARE LIMITED REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

31 December 2000

Registered number: 2767919



HLB KIDSONS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS MANCHESTER



ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2000

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COMPANY INFORMATION

31 December 2000

DIRECTORS

P J Tear M Rathbone

SECRETARY

JES Dunn, FCA

REGISTERED OFFICE

Royds Mills Windsor Street Sheffield S4 7WB

BANKERS

Barclays Bank plc Fitzalan Square PO Box 43

14 Commercial Street

Sheffield S1 1NG

AUDITORS

HLB Kidsons

Chartered Accountants Devonshire House 36 George Street Manchester M1 4HA

SOLICITORS

Nabarro Nathanson 1 South Quay Victoria Quays Wharf Street Sheffield S2 5SY

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31 December 2000

The directors present their report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 2000.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is the manufacture of silverware, holloware and cutlery.

Result and dividends

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 6. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Financial position

The company's balance sheet is detailed on page 7. The company is technically insolvent and reliant upon the support of the other group companies.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the period were as follows:

P J Tear M Rathbone

None of the directors hold an interest in the share capital of the company. The interest of Mr P J Tear in the share capital of the ultimate holding company is shown in the accounts of that company.

Fixed Assets

The movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31 December 2000 (continued)

Auditors

HLB Kidsons have agreed to offer themselves for re-election as auditors of the company.

Signed by order of the directors

JES Dunn Secretary

Registered Office: Royds Mills Windsor Street Sheffield S4 7WB

Approved by the directors on 11 September 2001

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

31 December 2000

Statement of directors' responsibilities

We are required under company law to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company, and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these accounts we are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and give details of any departures; and
- prepare the accounts on a going concern basis unless in our view the company will be unable to continue in business.

We are also responsible for:

- keeping proper accounting records;
- safeguarding the company's assets; and
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud.

Signed by order of the directors

JE S Dunn Secretary

Registered Office: Royds Mills Windsor Street Sheffield S4 7WB

Approved by the directors on 11 September 2001

AUDITORS' REPORT

to the members of British Silverware Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 6 to 13, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 4, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

HLB Kidsons Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants

Devonshire House 36 George Street Manchester M1 4HA

12 September 2001

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2000

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Turnover	2	1,900,998	1,804,026
Cost of sales		(1,564,173)	(1,686,337)
Gross profit		336,825	117,689
Net operating expenses Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(83,609) (539,926) ————————————————————————————————————	(75,440) (532,057) (489,808)
Other operating income		63,277	55,274
Operating loss	3	(223,433)	(434,534)
Interest payable	5	(221)	(809)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(223,654)	(435,343)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	78,770	158,000
Loss for the financial year		(144,884)	(277,343)
Retained loss brought forward		(734,244)	(456,901)
Retained loss carried forward		(879,128)	(734,244)

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 December 2000

	Note		2000		1999
Fixed assets		£	£	£	£
Intangible assets	7		950		1,000
Tangible assets	8		534,608		567,276
		-	535,558	_	568,276
Current assets					
Stocks	9	865,295		813,962	
Debts factored without recourse:					
Gross debts		439,361		409,018	
Less: non returnable proceeds		-		(10,907)	
Factored debts	10	439,361	-	398,111	
Other debtors	10	119,493		201,328	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	15,232		262	
Cash at Dank and in hand			_		
		1,439,381		1,413,663	
Creditors: amounts falling due		, ,			
within one year	11	(1,485,045)		(1,337,281)	
Net current assets			(45,664)		76,382
Total assets less current liabilities			489,894		644,658
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	11		(1,350,000)		(1,350,000)
Provision for liabilities and charges	12		(19,020)		(28,900)
Net liabilities		-	(879,126)	-	(734,242)
		=		<u> </u>	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		2		2
Profit and loss account			(879,128)		(734,244)
Equity shareholders' funds	13	-	(879,126)	_	(734,242)
		=		=	

The accounts on pages 6 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 11 September 2001.

P J Tear
The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these accounts.

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BRITISH SILVERWARE LIMITED

NOTES ON ACCOUNTS 31 December 2000

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Fundamental accounting concept

The accounts have been prepared on the basis that the company is a going concern. The company has received written confirmation from its parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings that they will continue to provide financial support to the company, to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts using the going concern concept.

Group accounts

The company is not required to prepare group accounts according to the exemption under Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 on the grounds that the company is itself a wholly owned subsidiary.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales is stated as all those costs directly incurred by the company, including depreciation and an appropriate proportion of overheads, in order to bring each product sold to its saleable condition and to provide the services to customers.

Amortisation

The company provides for amortisation on its intangible assets in equal instalments over its estimated useful life at the following rates:-

Trademarks

5% straight line

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land which is not depreciated, in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:-

Freehold buildings
Long leasehold
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings

2% straight line 2% straight line 10% straight line

15% straight line

Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost, including an appropriate proportion of production overheads, and net realisable value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method, on all timing differences between the result computed for taxation purposes and the result stated in the accounts to the extent that it is probable the liability will crystallise.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. All exchange differences arising are included in the profit and loss account for the year.

NOTES ON ACCOUNTS 31 December 2000 (continued)

1 Principal accounting policies (cont'd)

Going Concern

British Silverware Limited is technically insolvent and reliant upon the support of the other companies in the group. The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis as the other companies in the group have indicated that they will continue to support the company in the foreseeable future.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 on the grounds that it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a parent undertaking which publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing transactions with entities that are part of the group qualifying as related parties conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 on the grounds that the consolidated financial statements of the group, in which the subsidiary is included, are publicly available.

2 Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value, excluding value added tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers. All activities are classed as continuing. There were no acquisitions or disposals of operations during the period nor during the previous period. 3.6% (1999: 4.8%) of turnover is attributable to geographical markets outside the United Kingdom.

3 Operating (loss)/profit

	Ope	rating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:	2000	1999
	-		£	£
	Depa	reciation	36,988	37,744
		ortisation	50	
		tors' remuneration	6,940	3,550
		ating lease rentals - plant and machinery	35,000	35,000
	and	after crediting:		
	Rent	s from properties	63,277	55,274
4	Direc	tors and employees		
	(a)	The average number of persons, including directors, employed by	2000	1999
	.,	the company during the year was:	No.	No.
		Production and sales staff	45	52
		Management and administration	10	10
			55	62

NOTES ON ACCOUNTS 31 December 2000 (continued)

4	Directors	and employees	(cont'd)
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(b)	Staff costs:	2000 £	1999 £
` '	Wages and salaries	642,277	784,563
	Social security costs	67,113	81,987
		709,390	866,550

The directors are remunerated for their services to the company (and fellow subsidiary and parent undertakings) through a fellow subsidiary company. It is not practicable to estimate the amount of remuneration paid to the directors for their specific services to this company.

5	Factoring discount	2000 £ 221	1 999 £ 809
6	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities		
•		2000	1999
		£	£
	UK corporation tax at XX % (1999: 30%)	-	(27,362)
	Over-provision in respect of previous year	(3,286)	-
	Group relief	(65,604)	(131,838)
	Deferred tax	(9,880)	1,200
		(78,770)	(158,000)
		 	

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Intangible fixed assets	Trademarks £
Cost 1 January 2000 and 31 December 2000	1,000
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2000	-
Charge for year	50
31 December 2000	50
Net book amount	
31 December 2000	950
31 December 1999	1,000
•	

NOTES ON ACCOUNTS 31 December 2000 (continued)

8 Tangible fixed assets

		Freehold land and buildings	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant, fixtures and equipment	Total
	Cost	£	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2000 Additions	394,028	6,000	292,896 4,320	692,924 4,320
	31 December 2000	394,028	6,000	297,216	697,244
	Depreciation				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	At 1 January 2000	54,314	830	70,504	125,648
	Charge for year	7,881	120	28,987	36,988
	31 December 2000	62,195	950	99,491	162,636
	Net book amount 31 December 2000	331,833	5,050	197,725	534,608
	31 December 2000	331,633	3,030	197,723	234,006
	31 December 1999	339,714	5,170	222,392	567,276
9	Stocks		_		
				2000 £	1999 £
	Raw materials, work in progress and finish	ned goods		865,295	813,962
10	Debtors				
			2000		1999
	Debts factored without recourse:	£	£	£	£
	Gross debts	439,361		409,018	
	Less: non returnable proceeds	· -		(10,907)	
	Factored debtors	=	439,361		398,111
	Trade debtors		50,479		67,926
	Other debtors		83		120 241
	Amounts owed by group companies		64,849		129,341
	Prepayments and accrued income		4,082		4,061
		_	558,854	-	599,439
				-	

NOTES ON ACCOUNTS 31 December 2000 (continued)

11 Creditors

	Amounts falling due within one year		du	ounts falling e after more han one year
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	228,129	232,841	-	-
Amounts owed to other group companies	1,192,803	1,008,068	1,350,000	1,350,000
Corporation tax	•	5,485	-	-
Other taxes and social security costs	22,156	16,853	-	-
Other creditors	34,128	66,760	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	7,829	7,274	-	-
	1,485,045	1,337,281	1,350,000	1,350,000
				

Included in the amounts due in more than one year is a loan of £950,000 owed to Solpro Finance Limited. Solpro Finance Limited has a charge over the assets of the company dated February 1993.

A letter of waiver has been signed by the directors which subordinates this security to that given to the company's bankers referred to in note 15.

12 Provisions for liabilities and charges

		2000	1999
		£	£
	As at 1 January 2000	28,900	27,700
	Charged to profit and loss account	(9,880)	1,200
	As at 31 December 2000	19,020	28,900
13	Reconciliation of shareholders' funds	2000	1999
		£	£
	Loss for the financial year	(144,884)	(277,343)
	Net reduction shareholders' funds	(144,884)	(277,343)
	Opening shareholders' funds	(734,242)	(456,899)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(879,126)	(734,242)

NOTES ON ACCOUNTS 31 December 2000 (continued)

14 Called up share capital

Caned up snare capital	Authorised		Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	2000 No.	1999 No.	2000 No.	1999 No.
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	2	2

15 Contingent liabilities

- (a) The company is party to a composite accounting guarantee in respect of the bank overdrafts and loans of other group companies. At 31 December 2000 the contingent liability under this guarantee was £253,993 (1999: £347,087).
- (b) The composite accounting guarantee is secured by a charge over, amongst other assets, the company's freehold property at Sheaf Bank Works, Prospect Road, Sheffield.

16 Subsidiary company

The undermentioned is a subsidiary company incorporated in the United Kingdom:

James Dixon & Sons Limited

Shareholding

100% ordinary shares

Nature of business

non trading

17 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Solpro Manufacturing Limited, a company incorporated in England.

Mr P J Tear is the ultimate controlling party.