Registered number: 02762340

Pola Minerals Limited

Abbreviated accounts

31 December 2015





Independent auditor's report to Pola Minerals Limited Under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6, together with the financial statements of Pola Minerals Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 6 have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

Andrew Wilson BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of UNW LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants Newcastle upon Tyne

6 June 2016

Abbreviated balance sheet At 31 December 2015

	Note	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		657,372		619,817
Current assets		,		•	
Stocks		1,475,871		1,675,921	
Debtors		850,231		1,061,635	•
Cash at bank and in hand		328,972		329,095	
		2,655,074		3,066,651	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(1,285,621)		(1,420,728)	
Net current assets			1,369,453		1,645,923
Total assets less current liabilities			2,026,825		2,265,740
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(49,014)		(261,859)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax			(19,327)		
Net assets			1,958,484		2,003,881
Capital and reserves			-		_
Called up share capital	5		12,000		12,000
Profit and loss account			1,946,484		1,991,881
Shareholders' funds			1,958,484		2,003,881

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by the sole director on 6 June 2016.

D J Winters Director

Company registered number: 02762340

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 December 2015

Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised at the point of dispatch.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property Leasehold property 5% straight line

improvements

Over the term of the lease

Plant and machinery

- 12.5% - 33.33% straight line

1.4 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. In general, cost is determined on a unit cost basis and includes transport and handling costs.

1.7 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.8 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.9 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

1.10 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 December 2015

2. Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2015	1,004,944
Additions	107,806
At 31 December 2015	1,112,750
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2015	385,127
Charge for the year	70,251
At 31 December 2015	455,378
Net book value	
At 31 December 2015	657,372
At 31 December 2014	619,817
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3. Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

Bank loans and overdrafts amounting to £261,859 (2014: £235,728) and hire purchase agreements amounting to £29,953 (2014: £nil) which are disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company.

4. Creditors:

amounts falling due after more than one year

Bank loans and overdrafts amounting to £nil (2014: £261,859) and hire purchase agreements amounting to £49,014 (2014: £nil) which are disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company.

5. Share capital

	2015 £	2014 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
12,000 Ordinary shares shares of £1 each	12,000	12,000

Notes to the abbreviated accounts Year ended 31 December 2015

6. Transactions with the director

During the year, the company made interest free loans to DJ Winters, the director of the company. There were no amounts outstanding at the year end (2014: £nil).

Loans totalling £280,000 (2014: £280,000) were made by DJ Winters to Pola Minerals Limited. No interest has been charged on the remaining loan (2014: £nil). The balance outstanding at the year end is £209,541 (2014: £145,760).

7. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The director regards Pola Minerals (Holdings) Limited, a company registered in the UK, as the intermediate parent company by virtue of its 100% holding of the equity share capital of the company, and Conceptbalance Limited, a company registered in the UK as the ultimate parent company by virtue of its 100% holding of the equity share capital of Pola Minerals (Holdings) Limited.

The director considers himself to be the ultimate controlling party by virtue of his 100% holding of the equity share capital of Conceptbalance Limited.

Copies of the financial statements of Conceptbalance Limited can be obtained by writing to Ninth Avenue East Team Valley, Gateshead, Tyne and Wear, NE11 0EJ.