Registered number: 02759057

CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

Christopher Harden Ltd

Chartered Accountants

4 Hounslow Road Whitton Twickenham Middlesex TW2 7EX

CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 October 2019

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CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED Abridged Balance Sheet As at 31 October 2019

Registered number: 02759057

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		4,135,347		3,097,943
			4,135,347		3,097,943
CURRENT ASSETS	4	04 510		04.000	
Debtors	4	94,519		84,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		711,989		922,204	
		806,508		1,006,204	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		(2,232,492)		(1,389,537)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(1,425,984)		(383,333)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,709,363		2,714,610
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(431,165)		(431,165)
NET ACCETO			2 272 402		2 202 445
NET ASSETS			2,278,198 ————	:	2,283,445
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		100		100
Revaluation reserve	6		1,085,073		1,085,073
Profit and Loss Account			1,193,025		1,198,272
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,278,198	:	2,283,445

CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED Abridged Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 October 2019

For the year ending 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.
- All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Profit and Loss Account and an Abridged Balance Sheet for the year end 31 October 2019 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board
Mr Barney Curley
Director
29/07/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 October 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

LeaseholdOver period of leasePlant & Machinery255 reducing balanceMotor Vehicles25% reducing balanceComputer Equipment25% reducing balance

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 October 2019

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 2 (2018:)

3. Tangible Assets

		Total
		£
Cost		
As at 1 November 2018		3,268,286
Additions Revaluation		1,044,306
As at 31 October 2019		4,312,592
Depreciation		
As at 1 November 2018		170,343
Provided during the period		6,902
As at 31 October 2019		177,245
Net Book Value		
As at 31 October 2019		4,135,347
As at 1 November 2018		3,097,943
4. Debtors		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due after more than one year		
Other debtors	80,000	80,000
	80,000	80,000
5. Share Capital		
3. Share Capital	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100
6. Reserves		
		Revaluation Reserve
		£
As at 1 November 2018		1,085,073
Surplus on revaluation		
As at 31 October 2019		1,085,073

7. General Information

CURLEY LEISURE LIMITED is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 02759057. The registered office is 4 Hounslow Road, Whitton, Twickenham, Middlesex, TW2 7EX.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and manner of d	elivery under section	1 1072 of the Compar	nes Act 2000.	