COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 2757991

5 STAR CASES LTD

Abbreviated Accounts

For the Year Ended 30 April 2009

FRIDAY



PC1

31/07/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

956

WHITING & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers
12/13 The Crescent
Wisbech
Cambs
PE13 1EH

Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2009

Contents	Pages
Abbreviated Balance Sheet	1 to 2
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	3 to 6

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

30 April 2009

	Note	2009	£	2008 £	£
Fixed Assets	2	_			
Intangible assets			4,900		7,350
Tangible assets			107,757		140,838
			112,657		148,188
Current Assets Stocks		196,460		226,210	
		190,400			
Debts factored without recourse: Gross debts (after providing for credit protection fee and					
accrued interest)		298,449		504,622	
		298,449		504,622	
Other debtors		193,141		189,610	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,485		35,443	
Total Current Assets		699,535		955,885	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within One Year	3	608,719		866,229	
Net Current Assets			90,816		89,656
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	s		203,473		237,844
Creditors: Amounts Falling due afte More than One Year	er		20,663		69,446
Provisions for Liabilities			6,787		9,774
			176,023		158,624
Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	5		1,000		1,000
Share premium account Profit and loss account			36,072 138,951		36,072 121,552
Shareholders' Funds			<u>176,023</u>		158,624

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Abbreviated Balance Sheet (continued)

30 April 2009

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 29 July 2009.

K R Sykes Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2009

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Revenue

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of goods sold and work done during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10% per annum straight line

Fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets includes only expenditure directly incurred in bringing the assets into working condition for their intended use.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2009

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Improvements to property

- over the term of the lease

Office Equipment

- 25% per annum straight line

Motor Vehicles

25% per annum reducing balance

Computer Equipment

- 33.33% per annum straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Provisions

Provisions are set up only where it is probable that a present obligation (legal or constructive) exists as a result of an event prior to the balance sheet date and that a payment will be required in settlement that can be estimated reliably. Provisions are not discounted.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2009

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Fixed Assets

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 May 2008 Additions	24,500	405,870 5,094	430,370 5,094
At 30 April 2009	24,500	410,964	435,464
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2008	17,150	265,032	282,182
Charge for year	2,450	38,175	40,625
At 30 April 2009	19,600	303,207	322,807
Net Book Value			
At 30 April 2009	4,900	107,757	112,657
At 30 April 2008	7,350	140,838	148,188

3. Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within One Year

Bank Trust Account/Overdraft

At the Balance Sheet date the amounts drawn down from the trust account are secured against the book debts of the company under an invoice discounting arrangement. Additionally the Bank holds a floating charge over the other assets of the company.

In addition there is a cross guarantee in place with 5 Star Group Holdings Ltd

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 April 2009

4. Related Party Transactions

The company was under the control of its director who is also its shareholder throughout the year.

The balance due from its parent company 5 Star Group Holdings Ltd at the Balance Sheet date amounted to £153,420.

K Sykes is a director and sole shareholder of 5 Star Group Holdings Ltd

5. Share Capital

Authorised share capital:

10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2009 £ 10,000			2008 £ 10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2009		2008	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 1,000	£ 1,000	No 1,000	£ 1,000

6. Ultimate Parent Company

The Company is a 95% owned subsidiary of 5 Star Group Holdings Limited, a Company incorporated in the United Kingdom and regarded by the Director as the ultimate Parent Undertaking.