PRIMEDECK (UK) LIMITED **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 31ST DECEMBER 2003**

A15 COMPANIES HOUSE 21/06/04

PRAVIN MALDE & CO.
Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors 6 Bruce Grove London N17 6RA

PRIMEDECK (UK) LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2003

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE COMPANY

PURSUANT TO SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st December 2003 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

PRAVIN MALDE & CO. Chartered Accountants

Ras: Uldelio

& Registered Auditors

6 Bruce Grove London N17 6RA

14.06.2004

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31ST DECEMBER 2003

		2003		2002	2002	
	Note	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2					
Tangible assets			22,566		24,678	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors		15,550		125,061		
Cash at bank and in hand		88,141		87,508		
		103,691		212,569		
CREDITORS: Amounts falling du	ue					
within one year		35,044		62,318		
NET CURRENT ASSETS			68,647		150,251	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T LIABIL	ITIES	91,213		174,929	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIE	S AND CH	ARGES	400		530	
			90,813		174,399	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called-up equity share capital	3		50,000		50,000	
Profit and loss account			40,813		124,399	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			90,813		174,399	

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on .1.4.:0.6:0.4... and are signed on their behalf by:

MR N SOMJI

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

25% per annum on reducing balance

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2. FIXED ASSETS

3.

				Tangible Assets
COST At 1st January 2003 Additions				80,168 5,408
At 31st December 2003				85,576
DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2003 Charge for year				55,490 7,520
At 31st December 2003				63,010
NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2003 At 31st December 2002				22,566 24,678
. SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised share capital:		2003		2002
100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		£ 100,000		£ 100,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	2003		2002	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 50,000	£ 50,000	No 50,000	£ 50,000

4. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Shallan Investments Limited, a company incorporated in Jersey, Channel Islands.