COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02709942

Abdullah & Sons Co. Limited
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
30th April 2017



JAVED & CO
Chartered accountant

Chartered accountant
109 Hagley Road
Birmingham
B16 8LA

AVED&CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Financial Statements

Year Ended 30th April 2017

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

Mr Adam Paul Yafai

Mr Hashed Abdul Galil Assyied

Mr Abdul Galil Yafai

Registered office

3 Taunton Road Sparkbrook Birmingham B12 8QQ

Accountants

Javed & Co

Chartered accountant 109 Hagley Road Birmingham B16 8LA

Bankers

HSBC Bank Plc 96 High Street Kings Heath Birmingham B14 7LD

Statement of Financial Position

30th April 2017

| | | 201 | 2016 | |
|--|------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 7 | | _ | 114 |
| Tangible assets | . 8 | | 137,888 | 146,203 |
| | | | 137,888 | 146,317 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Stocks | | 364,415 | | 370,550 |
| Debtors | 9 | 30,891 | | 51,614 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 219,410 | | 188,308 |
| | | 614,716 | | 610,472 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 10 | 442,480 | | 521,148 |
| Net current assets | | | 172,236 | 89,324 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 310,124 | 235,641 |
| Provisions | | | | |
| Taxation including deferred tax | | | 4,378 | 4,819 |
| Net assets | | | 305,746 | 230,822 |

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30th April 2017

| | | 20 | 17 | 2016 |
|----------------------------|------|----|---------|---------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ |
| Capital and reserves | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 11 | | 60,000 | 60,000 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 12 | • | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Profit and loss account | 12 | | 225,746 | 150,822 |
| Members funds | | | 305,746 | 230,822 |

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30th April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
 - The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23rd January 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Hashed Abdul Galil Assyied

Director

Mr Abdul Galil Yafai

A.G.YAFAI

Director

Company registration number: 02709942

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 30th April 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 3 Taunton Road, Sparkbrook, Birmingham, B12 8QQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1st May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 15.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the Profit and Loss Account represents amounts derived from ordinary activities and is recognised at the point of sale. The turnover is stated after deduction of trade discounts and is net of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 10 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

Amortised over a maximum of 10 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short leasehold property
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Motor Vehicles
- 5% reducing balance
- 15% reducing balance
- 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 17 (2016: 17).

5. Tax on profit

Major components of tax expense

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|------------------------|--------|--------|
| | £ | £ |
| Current tax: | | |
| UK current tax expense | 49,053 | 49,907 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

5. Tax on profit (continued)

| 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------|----------------|
| £ | £ |
| | |
| <u>(441)</u> | (898) |
| 48,612 | 49,009 |
| | £ (441) 48,612 |

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is the same as (2016: the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.90% (2016: 20%).

| · | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | £ | £ |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | 228,536 | 235,501 |
| Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax | 48,612 | 49,009 |

6. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| | £ | £ |
| Equity dividends on ordinary shares | 105,000 | 75,000 |
| | | |

7. Intangible assets

| | Goodwill £ |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Cost | |
| At 1 May 2016 and 30 Apr 2017 | 23,200 |
| Amortisation | |
| At 1st May 2016 | 23,086 |
| Charge for the year | 114 |
| At 30th April 2017 | 23,200 |
| Carrying amount | |
| At 30th April 2017 | _ |
| At 30th April 2016 | 114 |
| | |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

8. Tangible assets

| | | Short leasehold property £ | Plant and F machinery £ | Fixtures and fittings | Motor vehicles £ | Total £ |
|-----|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| | Cost At 1 May 2016 Additions | 346,822 | 22,700 - | 60,772 1,830 | 8,500 - | 438,794 1,830 |
| | At 30 April 2017 | 346,822 | 22,700 | 62,602 | 8,500 | 440,624 |
| | Depreciation At 1 May 2016 Charge for the year | 224,714 6,105 | 12,627 1,511 | 48,263 2,151 | 6,987 378 | 292,591 10,145 |
| | At 30 April 2017 | 230,819 | 14,138 | 50,414 | 7,365 | 302,736 |
| | Carrying amount At 30 April 2017 | 116,003 | 8,562 | 12,188 | 1,135 | 137,888 |
| | At 30 April 2016 | 122,108 | 10,073 | 12,509 | 1,513 | 146,203 |
| 9. | Debtors | | | | | |
| | Trade debtors Prepayments | | | | 2017 £ 23,762 7,129 30,891 | 2016 £ 44,553 7,061 51,614 |
| 10. | Creditors: amounts fa | lling due wit | hin one year | | | |
| | Trade creditors Corporation tax Social security and other Director's loan account Accruals Pension Contributions Other creditors | | | | 2017 £ 209,221 49,041 62,295 87,028 28,981 217 5,697 442,480 | 2016 £ 264,758 49,907 81,229 91,116 27,942 - 6,196 521,148 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

11. Called up share capital

Authorised share capital

| | 2017 | | 2016 | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | No. 100,000 | £ 100,000 | No. 100,000 | £ 100,000 |
| Issued, called up and fully paid | | | | |
| | 201 | 7 | 2016 | 5 |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | No. 60,000 | £ 60,000 | No. 60,000 | £ 60,000 |

12. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

13. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

The director's loan account was not over drawn this year or last year.

14. Related party transactions

Controlling party

The company was under the control of Mr Abdul Galil Yafai, Mr Hashied Abdul Galil Assyied and Mr Adam Paul Yafai.

Dividends paid to directors

Dividends paid to Mr A G Yafai during the year - £35,000 (2016 - £25,000). Dividends paid to Mr H A G Assyied during the year - £35,000 (2016 - £25,000). Dividends paid to Mr A P Yafai during the year - £35,000 (2016 - £25,000).

Others

The following related party transactions took place:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|--------|--------|
| | £ | £ |
| Rent charged by the directors | NIL | NIL |
| Rent charged by Abdullah & Sons Limited | | |
| Retirement Benefit Scheme (ASLRBS) | 13,330 | 13,330 |
| Amounts due from ASLRBS | (30) | (30) |

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year Ended 30th April 2017

15. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102 section 1A for small companies. The company transitioned to FRS 102 section 1A for small companies on 1st May 2015.