Company Registration No. 02706320 (England and Wales)	
ABA INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED	
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020	
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	l	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	3		1,680		5,847
Tangible assets	4		4,650		6,725
Investments	5		4,750		4,750
			11,080		17,322
Current assets					
Debtors	6	145,064		217,212	
Cash at bank and in hand		192,445		91,504	
		337,509		308,716	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	7				
year		(301,255)		(269,336)	
Net current assets			36,254		39,380
Total assets less current liabilities			47,334		56,702
Provisions for liabilities			(884)		(1,207)
Net assets			46,450		55,495
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		32,000		45,500
Capital redemption reserve			13,500		-
Profit and loss reserves			950		9,995
Total equity			46,450		55,495

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 November 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R G Webster **Director**

Company Registration No. 02706320

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

ABA Insurance Services Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Bridgeman House, Salop Street, Bolton, BL2 1DD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents commissions receivable and service charges levied, the former being the gross premiums invoiced to clients less the amounts payable to insurance companies. Revenue is recorded at the point of receipt of the gross premium for commissions and, for levied services charges, once the service is completed.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which varies from 5 - 20 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold alterations 10% straight line per annum Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% reducing balance per annum

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

			2020 Number	2019 Number
	Total		7	5
3	Intangible fixed assets			Goodwill
				£
	Cost At 1 July 2019 and 30 June 2020			67,842
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 July 2019			61,995
	Amortisation charged for the year			4,167
	At 30 June 2020			66,162
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 June 2020			1,680
	At 30 June 2019			5,847
	71 00 30HC 2013			===
4	Tangible fixed assets			
		LeaseholdFix alterations	tures, fittings & equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2019 Additions	18,305	46,176 358	64,481 358
	Additions			
	At 30 June 2020	18,305	46,534	64,839
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 July 2019	17,636	40,120	57,756
	Depreciation charged in the year	669	1,764	2,433
	At 30 June 2020	18,305	41,884	60,189
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 June 2020	-	4,650	4,650
	At 30 June 2019	669	6,056	6,725

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

5	Fixed asset investments		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Investments	4,750	4,750
	Movements in fixed asset investments		
			Investments other than
			loans £
	Cost or valuation		4.750
	At 1 July 2019 & 30 June 2020		4,750 ———
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2020		4,750
	At 30 Julie 2020		
	At 30 June 2019		4,750
_			
6	Debtors	2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	122,422	176,510
	Other debtors	22,642	40,702
		145,064	217,212
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	cround of annual annual and mann one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	145	-
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security	263,611 4,668	256,883 2,727
	Other creditors	32,831	9,726
		301,255	269,336

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

8	Called up share capital		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	16,160 Ordinary shares of £1 each	16,160	16,160
	0 A Ordinary shares (non-voting) of £1 each	-	13,500
	15,840 B Ordinary shares (non-voting) of £1 each	15,840	15,840
		32,000	45,500

All issued Ordinary and A Ordinary shares afford the right to participate in distribution of dividends and capital distributions. On disposal, shares must first be offered for sale to other existing shareholders. Ordinary shares have attached voting rights, where as A Ordinary do not.

B Ordinary shares have the right to receive a dividend and to share in a return of assets upon liquidation. Like A Ordinary shares. B Ordinary shares have no attached voting rights.

During the year, the company bought back 13,500 ordinary A shares, the nominal value of these shares was £13,500. Subsequently these shares have been cancelled.

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2019	2020
£	£
3,622	1,184

10 Directors' transactions

The following loans are unsecured, have no fixed terms of repayment and have no interest charged on them:

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	Closing balance
		£	£
Mrs L Eckersley -	-	1,879	1,879
Mr K R Townson -	-	1,370	1,370
		3,249	3,249

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.