Abbreviated Accounts

for the year ended 30 April 2000



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Auditors' Report to Codsall Travel Centre Limited under Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 4 together with the financial statements of Codsall Travel Centre Limited for the year ended 30 April 2000, prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985 in respect of the year ended 30 April 2000, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements based on the going concern basis unless

it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Churchill & Co.

Chartered Accountants and

Registered Auditors

18 High Street

Taunton

Somerset

TA1 3PJ

12 October 2000

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2000

	2000		1999		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets					
Intangible assets	2		2		2
Tangible assets	2		15,457		35,705
			15,459		35,707
Current Assets					
Debtors		15,238		25,466	
Cash at bank and in hand		250,499		200,387	
		265,737		225,853	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(169,625)		(140,404)	
Net Current Assets			06.112		05.130
Act Current Assets			96,112		85,449
Total Assets Less Current					
Liabilities			111,571		121,156
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year			-		(13,151)
Net Assets			111,571		108,005
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital	3		30,000		30,000
Profit and loss account			81,571		78,005
Shareholders' Funds			111,571		108,005

The abbreviated accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 12 October 2000 and signed on its behalf by

P. Fellowes
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 April 2000

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Goodwill

Acquired goodwill has been written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life.

1.4. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold properties

Straight Line over the life of the lease

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment - 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% Straight Line

1.5. Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

1.6. Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

The regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings.

1.7. Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes except to the extent that the directors consider that a liability to taxation is unlikely to materialise.

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 April 2000

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2.	Fixed assets		Tangible		
	- 1.000 1.0001.0	Intangible assets	fixed assets	Total	
		£	£	£	
	Cost				
	At 1 May 1999	15,000	69,798	84,798	
	Additions	-	4,747	4,747	
	Disposals	-	(37,320)	(37,320)	
	At 30 April 2000	15,000	37,225	52,225	
	Depreciation and			<u> </u>	
	Provision for				
	diminution in value				
	At 1 May 1999	14,998	34,093	49,091	
	On disposals	_	(21,937)	(21,937)	
	Charge for year	*	9,612	9,612	
	At 30 April 2000	14,998	21,768	36,766	
	Net book values				
	At 30 April 2000	2	15,457	15,459	
	At 30 April 1999	2	35,705	35,707	
3.	Share capital		2000	1999	
			£	£	
	Authorised				
	30,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		30,000	30,000	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid				
	30,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		30,000	30,000	