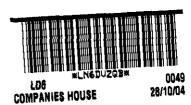
Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

 $\underline{\text{for}}$

METLIFE INVESTMENTS LIMITED



<u>Contents of the Report of the Directors and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2003</u>

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Report of the Independent Auditors	3
Profit and Loss Account	4
Balance Sheet	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

DIRECTORS:

C Symington (resigned 5 April 2004)

D Hawk (resigned 30 June 2004) M Graetz-Ball (appointed 5 April 2004)

W Schmiedeskamp (appointed 5 April 2004)

F Donnantuono

J Hodgman (resigned 5 April 2004) B J LeWand (resigned 5 April 2004) W Takacs (resigned 21 March 2003)

SECRETARY:

W Schmiedeskamp

REGISTERED OFFICE:

1 Angel Court

London EC2R 7HJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

2676407 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Deloitte & Touche LLP

London

Report of the Directors

for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2003.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of providing investment advice to its ultimate parent company.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied with the development of the company's activities during the year and are confident regarding the long term prospects of the company.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends are proposed in respect of the year (2002:£Nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year under review were:

C Symington (resigned 5 April 2004)

D Hawk (resigned 30 June 2004)

W G Takacs (resigned 21 March 2003)

F Donnantuono

J Hodgman (resigned 5 April 2004)

B Lewand (resigned 5 April 2004)

The directors holding office at 31 December 2003 did not hold any beneficial interest in the issued share capital of the company at 1 January 2003 or 31 December 2003.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors consider that applicable accounting standards have been followed in the preparation of these financial statements. The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

Pursuant to section 386 of the Companies Act 1985, an Elective Resolution was passed dispensing with the requirement to appoint auditors annually. On 1 August 2003 Deloitte & Touche transferred their business to Deloitte & Touche LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The Company's consent has been given to treating the appointment of Deloitte & Touche as extending to Deloitte & Touche LLP with effect from 1 August 2003 under the provisions of section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989. The Company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually and, accordingly, Deloitte & Touche LLP shall be deemed to be re-appointed as auditors for a further term under the provisions of section 386(2) of the Companies Act 1985.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

W Schmiedeskamp - COMPANY SECRETARY

Dated: 29 September 2004

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of METLIFE INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of METLIFE INVESTMENTS LIMITED for the year ended 31 December 2003 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 13. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of director's responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Law and Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and the other information contained in the annual report for the above year as described in the contents section and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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London

Dated: 21 October 2004

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

		31.12.03	31.12.02
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		6,523,464	7,298,535
Administrative expenses		(5,930,424)	(6,635,222)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	593,040	663,313
Interest receivable and similar income		57,772	60,657
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIV BEFORE TAXATION	TITIES	650,812	723,970
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(192,332)	(224,438)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL AFTER TAXATION	YEAR	458,480	499,532
Retained profit brought forward		2,404,960	1,905,428
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED	FORWARD	£2,863,440	£2,404,960

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

All of the company's activities are from continuing operations.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the year and the previous year.

Balance Sheet 31 December 2003

		31.12.	.03	31.12.	.02
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS: Tangible assets	5		82,276		77,894
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Debtors Cash at bank	6	1,746,346 2,654,462		2,313,703 2,174,081	
		4,400,808		4,487,784	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,369,544)		(1,910,618)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS:			3,031,264		2,577,166
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES:			£3,113,540		£2,655,060
CAPITAL AND RESERVES: Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8		250,100 2,863,440		250,100 2,404,960
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS:	12		£3,113,540		£2,655,060

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Approved by the Board on 29 September 2004

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below:

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Leasehold Property - 35% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 20% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Statement No.1 the company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as its ultimate parent company, Metlife Inc, prepares a cash flow statement which is publically available.

Turnover

Turnover comprises of the value of charges levied for investment advice. The whole of the company's turnover is attributable to North America.

Pension costs

Payments to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Operating leases

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal amounts over the period of the leases.

2. STAFF COSTS

	31.12.03	31.12.02
	£	£
Wages and salaries (including directors)	3,439,257	4,275,673
Social security costs	184,363	155,879
Pension costs	103,428	108,057
	3,727,048	4,539,609
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
The average montany number of empreyees auxilig the year was as tone we.	31.12.03	31.12.02
Administrative	<u>22</u>	<u>21</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

3. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging:

Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation - owned assets Foreign exchange differences Auditors remuneration - audit fee	31.12.03 £ 25,302 39,420 	31.12.02 £ 19,295 65,212 1282 5,000
Directors' emoluments	1,303,770	1,771,738
The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
Defined benefit schemes	_3	<u>3</u>
Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	31.12.03	31.12.02 £
Emoluments	£ 449,640	733,785
Accrued pension at 31 December 2003 Accrued lump sum at 31 December 2003	162,048 <u>674,768</u>	172,843 291,835
TAXATION		
Analysis of the tax charge The tay charge on the profit or endinger entirities for the year was as follows:		
The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:	31.12.03 £	31.12.02 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	192,141	220,073
Underprovision in previous year	191	4,365
Total current tax	192,332	224,438
Deferred tax: Deferred taxation	-	~
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	192,332	224,438

UK corporation tax has been charged at 30% (2002 - 30%).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

4. TAXATION - continued

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	31.12.03 £ 650,812	31.12.02 £ 723,970
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
in the UK of 30% (2002 - 30%)	195,244	217,191
Effects of:		
Expenses disallowed for tax purposes	-	₩.
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(3,103)	4,454
Underprovision previous year	191	4,365
Underprovision current year	-	(191)
Interest payable		(1,381)
Current tax charge	192,332	224,438

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures				
	Leasehold Property	and fittings	Computer equipment	Totals	
	£	£	£	£	
COST:					
At 1 January 2003	232,327	78,884	257,187	568,398	
Additions	-	2,555	43,635	46,190	
Disposals		_(36,353)	(84,215)	(120,568)	
At 31 December 2003	232,327	45,086	216,607	494,020	
DEPRECIATION:					
At 1 January 2003	232,327	58,988	199,189	490,504	
Charge for year	-	7,983	31,437	39,420	
Eliminated on disposals	<u> </u>	(36,353)	(81,827)	(118,180)	
At 31 December 2003	232,327	30,618	148,799	411,744	
NET BOOK VALUE:					
At 31 December 2003		14,468	<u>67,808</u>	82,276	
At 31 December 2002	-	19,896	57,998	77,894	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING

### DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.00	
Deferred income 1,176,65 Prepayments 179,24 Rent deposits 336,32 Recoverable vat 24,03 Other debtors 11,746,34 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.0. £ Trade creditors 18,55	31.12.02 £
Deferred income 1,176,65 Prepayments 179,24 Rent deposits 336,32 Recoverable vat 24,03 Other debtors 14,61 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Trade creditors 18,55	7 14,207
Prepayments 179,24 Rent deposits 336,32 Recoverable vat 24,03 Other debtors 14,61 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.0 £ 18,55	
Rent deposits 336,32 Recoverable vat 24,03 Other debtors 14,61 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Trade creditors 31.12.0 £ 18,55	
Other debtors 14,61 1,746,34 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.0 £ Trade creditors 18,55	0 356,140
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.0 £ Trade creditors 18,55	8 25,529
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.0. £ Trade creditors 18,55	4 7,758
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 31.12.00 £ 18,55	2,313,703
31.12.0 £ Trade creditors $18,55$	
£ Trade creditors 18,55	
Trade creditors 18,55	
	£
Amount due to parent company 1,21	
Social security and other taxes 113,65	
Other creditors	- 17,105
Taxation 73,12	
Accrued expenses 1,163,00	,
<u>1,369,54</u>	4 1,910,618
CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	
Authorised:	
Number: Class: Nominal 31.12.0	
value: £	£
1,000,000 Ordinary 1 <u>1,000,00</u>	0 1,000,000
Allotted, issued and fully paid:	
Number: Class: Nominal 31.12.00 value: £	3 31.12.02 £
250,100 Ordinary 1 250,10	

9. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes to the cost of a defined contribution scheme for all eligible employees. Three of the directors of the company are members of a defined benefit pension scheme operated by Metlife, Inc. No costs associated with this are borne within Metlife Investments Limited. All contributions are paid for by Metlife, Inc. Metlife Investments Limited is not entitled to any benefits arising from a surplus, nor is it liable for any costs associated with a deficit arising from the operation of the scheme.

10. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company is MetLife Asset Management Corporation, owning 250,099 ordinary shares. 23rd Street Investments Inc owns 1 ordinary share. The ultimate Parent Company and controlling party is Metlife, Inc., which is organised under the laws of the State of Deleware, USA. Copies of the financial statements of the ultimate parent company are publically available and can be obtained from 200 Park Avenue, New York, New York, USA. The largest and smallest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared is Metlife, Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2002

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by FRS8 not to disclose related party transactions with Metlife Inc and its subsidiaries.

12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		31.12.03	31.12.02
	Profit for the financial year	£ 458,480	£ 499,532
	Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	458,480 2,655,060	499,532 2,155,528
	Closing shareholders' funds	3,113,540	2,655,060
	Equity interests	3,113,540	2,655,060
13.	OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS	31.12.03	31.12.02
	The following annual payments are committed to be made:	£	£
	Land and Buildings		
	Expiring in more than five years	340,300	340,300
	Other Leases		
	Expiring in one year	480	480
	Expiring in two to five years	4,560	4,560