Company registration number: 02663024

LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED

Unaudited abridged financial statements

31 December 2017

TAYLOR VINEY & MARLOW Chartered Accountants



COMPANIES HOUSE

Contents

•	Page
Directors and other information	1
Directors report	2
Accountants report	3 ·
Abridged statement of comprehensive income	4 .
Abridged statement of financial position	5 - 6
Statement of changes in equity	7
Notes to the financial statements	8 - 12

Directors and other information

Directors

P D Collins

Mrs E T Collins

Secretary

Mrs E T Collins

Company number

02663024

Registered office

1422/24 London Road

Leigh on Sea

Essex SS9 2UL

Accountants

Taylor Viney & Marlow

1422/24 London Road

Leigh on Sea

Essex SS9 2UL

Directors report Year ended 31st December 2017

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st December 2017.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

P. D Collins Mrs E T Collins

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 16th January 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

P D Collins

Director

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED Year ended 31st December 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED for the year ended 31st December 2017 which comprise the abridged statement of comprehensive income, abridged statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED as a body, in this report in accordance with the ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED. You consider that LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Taylor Viney & Marlow Chartered Accountants

1422/24 London Road Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 2UL

16th January 2018

Abridged statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31st December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Gross profit		169,651	142,347
Administrative expenses		(74,559)	(98,371)
Operating profit		95,092	43,976
Income from other fixed asset investments			2,000
Profit before taxation	5	95,092	45,976
Tax on profit		(21,497)	(14,545)
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		73,595	31,431

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Abridged statement of financial position 31st December 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	76,941		32,295	
·			76,941		32,295
Current assets					
Debtors		317		320	
Cash at bank and in hand		75,012		32,990	
		75,329		33,310	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year		(63,017)		(19,875)	
Net current assets			12,312		13,435
Total assets less current liabilities			89,253		45,730
Provisions for liabilities	7		(305)		(377)
Net assets	,		88,948		45,353
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		999		999
Profit and loss account			87,949		44,354
Shareholders funds	•		88,948		45,353
					

For the year ending 31st December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Abridged statement of financial position (continued) 31st December 2017

All of the members of Leisureworld (GB) Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 31st December 2017 in accordance with Section 444 (2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16th January 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

P D Collins

Director

Company registration number: 02663024

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31st December 2017

		•	
	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1st January 2016	999	32,923	33,922
Profit for the year		31,431	31,431
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	31,431	31,431
Dividends paid and payable		(20,000)	(20,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(20,000)	(20,000)
At 31st December 2016 and 1st January 2017	999	44,354	45,353
Profit for the year		73,595	73,595
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	73,595	73,595
Dividends paid and payable		(30,000)	(30,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
At 31st December 2017	999	87,949	88,948

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31st December 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 1422/24 London Road, Leigh on Sea, Essex, SS9 2UL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31st December 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold land - Nil depreciation
Plant and machinery - over 4 to 8 years
Fittings fixtures and equipment - over 5 to 8 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31st December 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2016
	. £ .	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	354	421

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31st December 2017

6. Tangible assets

			£
	Cost At 1st January 2017 Additions	·	50,229 45,000
	At 31st December 2017		95,229
	Depreciation At 1st January 2017 Charge for the year		17,934 354
	At 31st December 2017		18,288
	Carrying amount At 31st December 2017		76,941
	At 31st December 2016		32,295
7.	At 1st January 2017 Charges against provisions At 31st December 2017	Deferred tax (note 8) £ 377 (72) —305	Total £ 377 (72) 305
8.	Deferred tax		
	The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows	s: 2017	2016
	Included in provisions (note 7)	305	£ 377
	The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in	respect of: 2017 £	2016 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	305	377
			

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31st December 2017

9. Called up share capital

Autho	orised	share	capital
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	2017		2016	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Issued, called up and fully paid	2017		2016	
	2017	_		_
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each	999	999	999	999

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017	Balance brought	Advances /(credits) to	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		forward £	the directors	£	£
P D Collins		(3,465)	(116,730) =====	81,409	(38,786)
	2016	Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
			/(credits) to the directors	repaid £	o/standing
P D Collins		(969)	~	91,596	(3,465)

11. Controlling party

The company is controlled by P D Collins.

Statement of consent to prepare abridged financial statements

All of the members of LEISUREWORLD (GB) LIMITED have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 31st December 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.