COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02645324

Halon and Refrigerant Services Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 September 2023

Halon and Refrigerant Services Limited Statement of Financial Position

30 September 2023

·		2023		2022
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		1,725,914	1,435,441
Investments	6		970,643	1,280,643
			2,696,557	2,716,084
Current assets				
Stocks		503,467		410,744
Debtors	7	1,177,602		863,824
Cash at bank and in hand		1,351,946		2,153,308
		3,033,015		3,427,876
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	641,961		921,737
Net current assets			2,391,054	2,506,139
Total assets less current liabilities			5,087,611	5,222,223
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			256,478	247,054
Net assets			4,831,133	4,975,169
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			40	60
Capital redemption reserve			(1,199,980)	_
Profit and loss account			6,031,073	4,975,109
Shareholders funds			4,831,133	4,975,169

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 September 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Halon and Refrigerant Services Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 September 2023

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 February 2024, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P J Leadbetter

Director

Company registration number: 02645324

Halon and Refrigerant Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is J Reid Trading Estate, Factory Road, Sandycroft, Deeside, CH5 2QJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Investments

Current asset investments are initially recognised at cost and subsequently accounted for at fair value. Gains and losses in value are shown though the profit and loss account. Unless the fair value cannot be measured reliably without undue cost or effort, in which case it is accounted for at cost.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced for the provision of goods and services to clients during the year.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Tangible assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. Freehold land and buildings are shown at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and Machinery - 20% reducing balance
Fixtures and Fittings - 20% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

The following assets and liabilities within the accounts are classified as financial instruments - trade debtors, trade creditors and directors loans.

Directors loans (being repayable upon demand), trade debtors and trade creditors, are measured at the undiscounted amount of cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If such evidence is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 21 (2022: 18).

5. Tangible assets					
	Land and	Plant and	Fixtures and		
	buildings	machinery	fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 October 2022	625,021	1,738,243	4,280	12,872	2,380,416
Additions	100,000	448,836	221	24,585	573,642
Revaluations	(25,020)	_	-	-	(25,020)
At 30 September 2023	700,001	2,187,079	4,501	37,457	2,929,038
Depreciation					
At 1 October 2022	_	931,576	2,662	10,737	944,975
Charge for the year	_	251,101	368	6,680	258,149
At 30 September 2023		1,182,677 	3,030	17,417 	1,203,124
Carrying amount					
At 30 September 2023	700,001	1,004,402	1,471	20,040	1,725,914
At 30 September 2022	625,021	806,667	1,618	2,135	1,435,441
6. Investments					
					Shares in
					participating
					interests
Cant					£
Cost At 1 October 2022					2 200 642
At 1 October 2022 Disposals					2,280,643 (310,000)
At 30 September 2023					1,970,643
-					
Impairment At 1 October 2022 and 30 S	entember 2023				1,000,000
At 1 Goldbor 2022 and Go G	optombol 2020				
Carrying amount					
At 30 September 2023				970,643	
At 30 September 2022				1,280,643	
7. Debtors					
			2023	3 2022	
			£	£	
Trade debtors			622,845	822,705	
Other debtors			554,757	7 41,119	
			4 477 602		
			1,177,602		
8. Creditors: amounts fallin	g due within one	year			
			2023	3 2022	
			£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts			2,303	_	
Trade creditors			262,540	419,347	

Social security and other taxes	371,560	343,250
Other creditors	5,558	159,140
	641,961	921,737

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

The director operates a current account within the company. The balance is as follows:

		2023
	£	
Opening Balance		452
Closing Balance		452

10. Related party transactions

At 30 September 2023 the company owed £nil to another company that owns a participating interest in Halon & Refrigerant Services Limited (2022 £154,202). No interest has been charged to the company in respect of this loan. The company sold 90 of the 90 ordinary shares in C&D Refurbishing Ltd as at 31st August 2023. At the year end a balance of £500,000 was due from C&D Refurbishing Ltd (2022 £0 was due from an entity which the company had significant influence over). No additional transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 33 other than the operation of a directors' loan account. The balance on this account is disclosed in the notes.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.