The Insolvency Act 1986

### Administrator's progress report

2.24B

Name of Company

**Groundwork South West** 

Company Number

02632905

In the

The High Court of Justice, Chancery Division Birmingham District Registry

[full name of court]

Court case number (For court use only)

8242 of 2012

Insert full name(s) and address(es) of the administrator(s)

(b) Insert dates

 $We^{(a)}$ 

Ian J Gould and Christopher Kim Rayment of BDO LLP, 123 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

administrators of the above company attach a progress report for the period

From

11 October 2013

10 April 2014

Signed For the Joint Administrators

Dated  $13 \le 14$ 

**Contact Details** 

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help Companies House to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record

lan J Gould

123 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

Tel 0121 352 6200

DX Number

DX Exchange

16/05/2014 COMBANIES HOUSE

Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ

When you have completed and signed this form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at

DX 33050 Cardiff



Tel +44 (0)121 352 6200 Fax +44 (0)121 352 6222

www bdo co uk

125 Colmore Row Birmingham B3 3SD

Private and Confidential

TO ALL KNOWN CREDITORS AND MEMBERS THE HIGH COURT THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

14 May 2014

Your ref. Our ref: 4022052/KOR/IM

Direct line 0121 265 7220 Email Ilyas multani@bdo co uk

Dear Sirs

Groundwork South West In Administration ("the Company")

Report to creditors on the progress of the administration pursuant to Rules 2.47 of the Insolvency Rules 1986

We write to give you a fourth progress report on the conduct of the Administration for the period from 11 October 2013, being the date after the period covered by my third progress report, to 10 April 2014 ("the Period").

Please note that on 13 December 2013, an order was made by the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Companies Court in London, No. 8808 removing James Stewart-Koster as Joint Administrator of the Company and appointing Christopher Kim Rayment of BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD, as Joint Administrator in his place.

The following schedules are attached to this report:

Appendıx A	Statutory information
Appendix B	Form 2 24B Administrators' progress report
Appendix C	A summary of the Joint Administrators' receipts and payments
	account for the period from 11 October 2013 to 10 April 2014
Appendix D	An analysis of the Joint Administrators' time charged to the
	Administration from 11 October 2013 to 10 April 2014
Appendix E	An analysis of the Joint Administrators' time charged to the
, •	Administration from 11 October 2013, being the date of appointment
	to 10 April 2014
Appendix F	A creditors' guide to administrators' fees

#### 1. General overview

- This is our fourth progress report on the Administration of the Company, prepared and distributed in accordance with Rules 2.47 of The Insolvency Rules 1986 (the "Rules").
- 1 2 This report covers the period from 11 October 2013 (being the day after the period covered by our third progress report) to 10 April 2014 ("the Period").

4022052/RDT/IM/IJG

Details of the authorising bodies of the insolvency appointment takers of BDO LLP are available at <a href="https://www.bdo.co.uk/services/business restructuring/authorising-bodies">www.bdo.co.uk/services/business restructuring/authorising-bodies</a> of insolvency appointment takers

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1.3 This report should be read in conjunction with the Administrators' Proposals ("the Proposals") issued in July 2012, our first progress report issued in December 2012, our second progress report issued in April 2013 and our third progress report issued in October 2013.

#### 2. The Administrators Proposals

- 2.1 Under paragraph 52(1) (b) of Schedule B1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 (the "Act"), a meeting of creditors was not convened due to there being insufficient property to enable a distribution to unsecured creditors.
- 2.2 The Administrators' Proposals were deemed to have been approved without modification on 27 July 2012 as no creditor(s) by value of more than 10% of the Company's total creditors requested a meeting (of creditors). The Administrators' Proposals were.
  - (1) the Joint Administrators do all such things and generally exercise all of their powers as administrators contained in Schedule 1 of the Act, as they in their discretion consider desirable or expedient in order to achieve the purposes of the administration, to protect and preserve the assets of the Company or maximise the realisation of those assets or for any purpose incidental to these proposals.
  - (11) If thought appropriate, a creditors' committee be formed. (No committee was formed.)
  - (111) the Joint Administrators be discharged from liability in accordance with Paragraph 98 of Schedule B1 of the Act, 28 days after filing their final progress report in the Administration.
  - (iv) the Joint Administrators at their sole discretion and at a time they feel is appropriate, either.
  - (v) File the necessary returns at Court and with the Registrar of Companies to place the Company into creditors' voluntary liquidation pursuant to Paragraph 83 of Schedule B1 of the Act 1986 and that Ian James Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster of PKF (UK) LLP (the Joint Administrators) be appointed Joint Liquidators, or any other person(s) be appointed liquidator(s) of the Company in accordance with Paragraph 83(7) of the same,

OR

make application to Court to end the Administration pursuant to Paragraph 79
of Schedule B1 of the Act, following which, the Joint Administrators request



that the Company be compulsorily wound-up and Ian James Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster (the Joint Administrators) may be appointed Joint Liquidators, if they so desire,

OR

• file the necessary return at Court and with the Registrar of Companies to dissolve the Company pursuant to Paragraph 84 of Schedule B1 of the Act.

#### 3. Statutory objectives

- Pursuant to Paragraph 3(1) of Schedule B1 of the Act, the Joint Administrators are required to perform our functions with the objective of:
  - a) rescuing the Company as a going concern, or
  - b) achieving a better result for the Company's creditors as a whole than would be likely if the Company were wound up (without first being in Administration), or
  - c) realising property in order to make a distribution to one or more secured or preferential creditors.
- 3.2 The first statutory objective, 3(1) (a) of Schedule B1 of the Act, cannot be achieved as the level of creditors liabilities meant that it would not be possible to rescue the Company as a going concern.
- 3.3 The amounts realised from the Company's assets have been substantially less than anticipated at the commencement of the Administration and therefore the second statutory objective, 3(1) (b) of Schedule B1 of the Act, will not be achieved.
- 3.4 We consider that the third statutory objective, 3(1) (c) of Schedule B1 of the Act, has been accomplished in that property has been realised in order to make a distribution to the secured creditors.

#### 4. Exit from Administration

- 4 1 Based on present information, there will be insufficient funds available to enable a distribution to the Company's preferential and unsecured creditors
- 4.2 The Administration period was previously extended for a period of twelve months by Order of the Court from 28 May 2013 to 27 May 2014, for the purpose of marketing and achieving a sale of the Company's long leasehold property known as Sandon Court ("the Property"), and to afford time to continue to pursue the Company's debtors
- 4.3 The Sale of the Property completed on 30 January 2014 for a selling price of £265,000.



- 4.4 However, we are in the process of finalising debt collections and anticipate that we will be in position to conclude all matters in the Administration prior to 27 May 2014, being the date the Company will automatically exit the Administration
- 4.5 It is our intention to exit the Administration by way of dissolution of the Company
- 5. Asset realisations
- 5 1 The following assets were realised in the Period

#### Post administration trading

- 5.2 As advised in previous reports, following our appointment, the Company continued to deliver on certain contracts under our supervision. The circumstances surrounding this decision are detailed in the Proposals.
- During the Period, all remaining trading accounts were finalised and the Company suffered a bad debt of £2,358 from the post administration trading period. This has resulted in reducing the overall profit to £22,028 for the Administration as a whole

#### **Book debts**

- During this period, we have been unable to realise any further amounts in respect of book debts. This is mainly due to various disputes that have been raised by the Company's customers giving them entitlement to contractual set-offs for breach of contract.
- However, we have instructed Messrs Shoosmiths LLP to pursue certain debts which we believe to be collectable. We estimate that approximately £5,000 will be received into the Administration estate prior to 27 May 2014, after which we will conclude the Administration and dissolve the Company.

#### Long leasehold property known as Sandon Court

- 5.6 The sale of the Property completed on 30 January 2014 for a selling price of £265,000.
- As advised in previous reports, a portion of the property was occupied by a tenant, GMB Union ("GMB") under the terms of a lease which terminated in September 2021. The lease also contained a break clause which GMB sought to exercise in order to end their tenancy.
- 5.8 With the assistance of our property agents, Colliers International LLP and William Lean (property and development consultant) we entered into negotiations with GMB with a view to allowing GMB to exercise the break clause, pay an appropriate sum to the Company for dilapidations and, allow GMB to remain in the property for a period of six months under a license to occupy agreement.
- As a result, we have made the following realisations during the Period of the report and in the Administration as a whole:



£	Period of Report	From the Date of Appointment to date
Dilapidation	19,150	19,150
Rent	13,644	41,779
Total	32,794	60,929

#### Other realisations

- 5.10 During the Period, the following sundry amounts were received
  - Bank interest of £67.

#### 6. Outstanding matters

As advised earlier in this report, we are in the process of finalising book debt collections, after which, we will seek to finalise the Administration with a view to exiting the Administration by way of dissolution of the Company. This will be prior to 27 May 2014, being the date our term in office as Joint Administrators expires.

#### 7. Investigations

- 7.1 As Joint Administrators, we have a statutory duty to undertake an investigation into the financial affairs of the Company and the conduct of any person we believe to have been a director or shadow director of the Company in the three years prior to the commencement of the Administration. Our findings have been submitted in a confidential report to the Department for Business Innovation and Skills
- 7.2 Creditors are invited to advise us of any matters relating to the Company's affairs which they have not already brought to our attention.

#### 8. Secured Creditors

- According to the records maintained by the Registrar of Companies, the Company's bankers, National Westminster Bank Plc ("NatWest"), has the benefit of a debenture conferring fixed and floating charges over the whole of the Company and its undertaking, created on 11 August 2011 and registered at Companies House on 13 August 2011.
- 8 2 Our legal advisors have confirmed that NatWest hold a valid debenture against the Company
- 8.3 According to Company records, NatWest are owed the sum of approximately £840,000. Daily interest continues to accrue against this sum.
- 8.4 During the Period, a distribution payment of £290,000 has been made to NatWest under its fixed charge debenture. Total Payments to NatWest from the date of Administration equate to £365,000



- 8.5 We anticipate that NatWest will suffer a shortfall in this regard
- 9. Preferential Creditors
- 9.1 As advised in previous reports, the majority of the Company's employees were made redundant on 16 May 2012. Further redundancies were made on the day of our appointment and during the trading period. The claims of the Company's employees are estimated as follows:

Desformation and date of the control	L
Preferential creditor claims	
Employees	11,164
Redundancy Payments Office	96,737
	107,901

- 9.2 Due to insufficient realisations, there will not be a distribution to preferential creditors in this matter
- 10. Unsecured Creditors
- 10.1 According to the directors' statement of affairs the Company's liabilities to non preferential creditors as at the date of appointment totalled £715,103. Claims received to date equate to £495,786.
- 10.2 There are insufficient funds available to enable a distribution to the Company's unsecured creditors.
- 11. Prescribed Part
- 11.1 Section 176A of the Act requires Administrators to set aside a prescribed amount of the Company's "net property" towards the satisfaction of unsecured debts. Net property is the amount of property that would otherwise be available for satisfaction of holders of debentures secured by, or holders of, any floating charge created by the Company on or after 15 September 2003.
- 11.2 A prescribed part calculation will not be required as the amount of net property is finil.
- 12. Administrator's Remuneration and disbursements

#### Pre-appointment costs

- 12.1 As advised in the Proposals, our time costs up to the date of our appointment on 28 May 2012 amount to £31,430 which represents 101 hours at an average hourly rate of £311. To date, no fees have been charged in respect of our pre-appointment costs
- 12.2 The payment of unpaid pre-administration costs as an expense of the administration is subject to approval in accordance with Rule 2 67(A) of the Rules. A request was put to



the relevant creditors with a proposal to cap our pre-appointment fees to the sum of £25,000 as opposed to the value of our time costs. However, this proposal was rejected

12 3 As a result of the aforementioned rejection, we will not be drawing any pre-appointment costs

#### Post Appointment Time costs

- 12.4 In the Administrators' Proposals, we advised that there would be insufficient funds available to enable a distribution to the unsecured non-preferential creditors of the Company. Therefore, approval of our remuneration has been sought from and approved by the secured creditors in accordance with Rule 2.106(5A) of the Rules.
- 12.5 Total post appointment time costs incurred from the date of Administration to 10 April 2014 amounts to £138,683 which represents 809 hours at an average hourly rate of £171.
- Post appointment time costs incurred in the period from 11 October 2013 to 10 April 2014 amount to £15,034 which represents 90 hours at an average hourly rate of £167.
- 12.7 We would advise that the sum of £88,906 has been charged and paid in respect of these time costs of which £11,500 has been charged during the Period of this report. I anticipate our costs will not be recovered in full.
- 12 8 A detailed analysis of the time costs incurred is enclosed and the charge-out rates for the period are summarised as follows:

Staff grade	Average rate (£ per hour)
Partner / Director	461 - 319
Senior Manager / Manager	295 - 230
Supervisor	185
Administrator / Support Staff	156 - 62

- 12.9 These amounts are derived by reference to BDO LLP's normal rates for time properly given by me and my staff in attending to matters arising in this insolvency. Where members of our staff have been employed on this insolvency they have been so based on their experience and abilities in dealing with a case of this nature. Where appropriate, certain staff dealt with a specific area of the Administration due to their specialist skills in that area. We should advise you that our scale rates increase from time to time over the period of the administration of each insolvency.
- 12.10 All staff who have worked on this assignment, including cashiers and secretarial staff, have charged time directly to the assignment and are included in the analysis of time spent. The cost of staff employed in central administration functions is not charged directly to the assignment but is reflected in the general level of charge out rates.



- 12.11 A creditors' guide to fees, which provides information regarding creditors' rights in relation to insolvency practitioners' fees, can be obtained by visiting our website. The relevant guide can be accessed through <a href="https://www.bdo.co.uk/cgtf">www.bdo.co.uk/cgtf</a>. A copy of the guide can be provided upon request by contacting this office.
- 12 12 During the Period, the following costs were incurred (in relation to floating charge realisations unless otherwise stated):
  - Legal fees and Disbursements £5,000
  - Legal fees in connection with the property asset £10,444
  - Selling Agents and Valuers Fees £6,300
  - Property Insurance and Management Costs £2,074
  - Utility Bills £1,936
  - Stationary & Postage £44
  - Storage Costs £218
  - Other property expenses £575
  - Insurance of Assets £1,380
  - Bank charges of £17
- 12.13 For the avoidance of doubt, we do not propose to charge internal disbursements, known as Category 2 disbursements to the Administration estate.
- 12 14 Any secured creditor or unsecured creditor with the concurrence of at least 5% in value of the total unsecured creditors, including the value of their own claim, or with the permission of the Court, may make a formal request in writing to the Administrators for further information about the remuneration or expenses (other than pre-administration costs) set out in this report, pursuant to Rule 2 48A of the Rules as amended. Such request must be made within 21 days of receipt of the progress report
- 12.15 Any secured creditor, or unsecured creditor with either the concurrence of at least 10% in value of the total unsecured creditors, including the value of their own claim or the permission of the Court, may make an application to the Court to challenge the Administrators' remuneration or other expenses pursuant to Rule 2.109 of the Rules as amended. Such an application must be made within 8 weeks of receipt of the progress report which first reports the charging of remuneration or the incurring of expenses in question. Formal notification of the application must be sent to the Administrators at least 14 days before the hearing.

#### **Rights of Creditors**

12.16 The Insolvency Service has established a central gateway for considering complaints in respect of Insolvency practitioners. In the event that you make a complaint to me but are not satisfied with the response from me then you should visit http://www.bis gov.uk/insolvency/contact-us/IP-Complaints-Gateway where you will find further information on how you may pursue the complaint.



#### 13. Final remarks

13.1 We trust the above provides you with sufficient information, but if you require more or have any questions please contact Ilyas Multani on 0121 265 7220

Yours faithfully

lan J Gould and Christoper K Rayment

Joint Administrators



#### APPENDIX A - STATUTORY INFORMATION

Company name

**Groundwork South West** 

Registration number

02632905

Registered office

address

125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

Court details

High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Birmingham District

Registry No. 8242 of 2012

Administrator(s) details

Ian J Gould and Christopher Kim Rayment BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

IP numbers: 7866 and 6775

Appointed 28/05/2012

Court Order: On 13 December 2013, a Court Order, was obtained allowing for Jim-Stewart- Koster to vacate office and Christopher Kim Rayment of BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD to be appointed Joint Administrator in his

place.

Other Resignations: N/A

Function (Schedule B1 para 100(2))

The Joint Administrators are to act jointly and severally in

all matters relating to the administration.

Details of administration extension

The Administration was extended for a period of twelve months from 28 May 2013 to 27 May 2014, via an Order granted by the High Court

As discussed in the body of this report, the Property sale completed on 30 January 2014 and we anticipate that all matters in respect of the Administration will be finalised prior to 27 May 2014. The Company will exit the

Administration via dissolution.

The Insolvency Act 1986

### Administrator's progress report

2.24B

Name of Company Groundwork South West	Company Number 02632905
L. Ali .	
In the	Court case number (For court use only)
The High Court of Justice, Chancery Division Birmingham District Registry	8242 of 2012

Insert full name(s) and address(es) of the administrator(s)

We<sup>(a)</sup>

Ian J Gould and Christopher Kim Rayment of BDO LLP, 123 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

administrators of the above company attach a progress report for the period

Signed For the Joint Administrators

Dated 14/s/14

# Groundwork South West (In Administration) Joint Administrators' Trading Account

Statement of Affairs	From 11/10/2013 To 10/04/2014	From 28/05/2012 To 10/04/2014
POST APPOINTMENT SALES		
Sales	(2,358 33)	40,992 61
Other Income	NIL	30,000 00
	(2,358 33)	70,992 61
OTHER DIRECT COSTS		
Direct Labour	NIL	41,404 04
	NIL	(41,404 04)
TRADING EXPENDITURE		
Indirect Labour	NIL	5,769 24
Rates	NIL	1,712 08
Bank Charges	NIL	78 89
•	NIL	(7,560 21)
TRADING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(2,358 33)	22,028 36

# Groundwork South West (In Administration) Joint Administrators' Abstract of Receipts & Payments

statement of Affairs		From 11/10/2013 To 10/04/2014	From 28/05/2012 To 10/04/2014
	GENERAL FIXED CHARGE		
50,000 00	Sandon Court	265,000 00	265,000 00
10,000 00	Saltash Parkway	NIL	105,995 00
,	Income from Sandon Court	32,794 14	60,929 48
	Rent Deposit Surplus	NIL	273 30
	Legal Fees and Disbursements	(10,444 20)	(17,944 20)
	Selling Agents and Valuers Fees	(6,300 00)	(11,829 71)
	Goodwill	NIL	2 00
	Insurance & Management Costs	(2,074 23)	(12,130 14)
	Other Property Expenses	NIL	(442 28)
	Office Holder's Fee	(7,461 00)	(10,805 00)
	Utility Bills - Sandon Court	(1,935 71)	(4,711 59)
4,225 00)	Amounts due to National Westminster	(290,000 00)	(365,000 00)
,		(20,421 00)	9,336 86
	ASSET REALISATIONS		
	Royal Mail Refund	NIL	19 86
26,000 00	Computer Equipment	NIL NIL	NIL
750 00	Tools & Equipment	NIL	NIL NIL
18,000 00	Fixtures & Fittings	NIL	NIL
10,000 00	Chattel Assets	NIL NIL	46,006 70
5,250 00	Motor Vehicles	NIL NIL	40,000 70 NIL
00,000 00	Book Debts	NIL	97,142 17
30,000 00	Tax Refund	NIL	151 59
	Petty Cash	NIL	167 43
	Bank Interest Net of Tax	67 09	227 24
	Trading Surplus/(Deficit)	(2,358 33)	22,028 36
	Deposit refund	(2,330 39) NIL	180 00
	South West Water Refund	NIL	192 10
	Couli West Water Refund	(2,291 24)	166,115 45
	COST OF REALISATIONS		
	Specific Bond	NIL	120 00
	Preparation of S of A	NIL NIL	5,187 70
	Office Holders Fees	4,039 00	78,100 54
	Key Holder Fee	4,039 00 NIL	150 00
	Payroll Fees	NIL	270 00
	Agents/Valuers Fees	NIL	
	BT - Internet Services	NIL NIL	5,000 00 1,735 92
	Legal Fees	5,000 00	31,511 97
	Utility Bills	5,000 00 NIL	1,449 74
	Non-Reclaimable VAT	NIL	65 00
	Stationery & Postage	43 65	53 65
	Motor & Travel	NIL	656 92
	Storage Costs	218 25	3,522 14
	Statutory Advertising	NIL	149 26
	Rents & Service Charges	NIL	2,957 00
	Other Property Expenses	575 00	670 00
	Insurance of Assets	1,379 59	1,379 59
	Wages & Salaries	1,379 59 NIL	32,633 26
		16 74	32,033 20
	Bank Charges		
		(11,272 23)	(165,651 38)

# Groundwork South West (In Administration) Joint Administrators' Abstract of Receipts & Payments

From 28/05/2012 To 10/04/2014	From 11/10/2013 To 10/04/2014		Statement of Affairs
		UNSECURED CREDITORS	
NIL	NIL	Trade & Expense Creditors	(612,329 00)
NIL	NIL	Income Received in Advance	(429 00)
NIL	NIL	Credit Card	(528 00)
NIL	NIL	HM Revenue & Customs - PAYE/NIC	(5,171 00)
NiL	NiL	Landfill Tax Funds	(13,273 00)
NIL	NIL	HM Revenue & Customs - VAT	(83,373 00)
NIL	NIL		,
9,800.93	(33,984.47)		(519,328 00)
		REPRESENTED BY	
6,931 34		VAT Receivable	
15,624 41		Bank 2 - Current	
573 51		Bank 1 - Current	
(13,800 00)		Trade Creditors	
471 67		VAT Payable	
9,800 93			



APPENDIX D - TIME COSTS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 11 OCTOBER 2013 TO 10 APRIL 2014

Groundwork South West in Administration

Name of assignment

Summary of time charged and rates applicable for the period from 11 October 2013 to 10 April 2014

	PARTNER	KER	MANAGER	GER	ASSISTANT MANAGER	MANAGER	SENIOR ADMINISTRATOR	NISTRATOR	ADMINISTRATOR	RATOR	OTHER STAFF	TAFF	TOTAL	.¥L	AVERAGE
															HOURLY RATE
Description	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value C	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value C	Hours	Value £	£ P/H
A Pre appointment matters	•	•	•	,		,	٠	•	ı		•	•	•		
B Steps on appointment	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	,	•	
C Planning and Strategy		٠	٠	Ď		•		•	0 40	25 20	•	•	0 40	55 20	138 00
D General administration	09 0	276 60	2 30	522 10	1 95	356 85	1 15	197 80	7 10	979 80	5 10	308 50	18 20	2,641 65	145 15
E Asset and realisations/dealing	0 95	437 95	00 6	2,655 00	•			•	36 85	5,085 30		,	46 80	8,178 25	174 75
F Trading related matters	•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	1		ı
G Employee matters		•	•	٠	•	٠	•	,	0 20	27 60	٠		0 20	27 60	138 00
H Creditor claims	•	•	1 90	560 50		•		,	3 80	524 40		•	5 70	1,084 90	190 33
Reporting	1 90	875 90	0 30	88 50	•	•		•	13 60	1,876 80	3 20	204 80	19 00	3,046 00	160 32
J Distrubution and closure	,		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•
K. Other work	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•		•	•
TOTAL	3.45	1,590 45	13 50	3,826 10	1 95	356 85	1 15	197 80	61 95	8,549 10	8 30	513 30	90 30	15,033 60	166 49



APPENDIX E - TIME COSTS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 28 MAY 2012 TO 11 APRIL 2014

Groundwork South West in Administration

Name of assignment

Summary of time charged and rates applicable for the period from 1 June 2013 to 10 April 2014

	PARTNER	NER	MANAGER	GER	ASSISTANT MANAGER	MANAGER	SENIOR ADMINISTRATOR	<b>IISTRATOR</b>	ADMINIS	ADMINISTRATOR	OTHER STAFF	STAFF	TOTAL	'AL	AVERAGE
Description	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value £	Hours	Vatue E	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value £	Hours	Value C	Hours	Value £	HOURLY RATE £ P/H
A Pre appointment matters	٠	•	•	٠		•	,	,	ı	•	•	•	٠	•	
B Steps on appointment		•	,	,		1	•	•	•		•	•	•		٠
C Planning and Strategy		•	0 40	118 00	•	•	•	•	2 00	276 00	0 30	19 20	2 70	413 20	153 04
D General administration	<del>1</del>	645 40	5 25	1,186 95	2 45	448 35	4 35	742 20	13 70	1,892 20	8 60	487 00	35 75	5,402 10	11 121
E Asset and realisations/dealing	0 95	437 95	15 20	4,395 80	•		•	•	68 05	9,390 90	1 60	102 40	85 80	14,327 05	166 98
F Trading related matters		ı		1	•		•	•	6 20	855 60		,	6 20	855 60	138 00
G Employee matters	•	í	•	•	•		•	1	9 9 5	101 85		•	560	101 85	107 21
H Creditor claims	0 20	92 20	11 40	3,312 60	•			'	7 60	1,048 80	•	•	19 20	4,453 60	231 96
Reporting	2 30	1,060 30	0 30	88 50	•		•	•	13 80	1,904 40	3 20	204 80	19 60	3,258 00	166 22
J Distrubution and closure	,	,		,	•		•	,	•		•		•	•	•
K. Other work	•	i	8	245 00	•	•	•	•	2 50	385 00	4 40	277 20	7 90	907 20	114 84
TOTAL	4 85	2,235 85	33 55	9,346 85	2 45	448 35	4 35	742 20	114 80	15,854 75	18 10	1,090 60	178 10	29,718 60	166 86

SIP9 Analysis of OfficeHolders Timecosts For The Period From 28 May 2012 to 31/05/2013 Client: 4022052 Groundwork South West **Groundwork South West** 

Grade	Partner / Director	ctor	Manager		Supervisor / Senior Administrator	nior	Administrator / Assistant	ssistant	Total	
Average Cost per hour:	£322.00	_	£253.00	0	£179.00	_	£128.00		£173.00	0
Tasks	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours
Partner/Senior Manager Review	882 00	2 40	00 0	000	00 0	000	000	00 0	882.00	2.40
Planning & Monitoring	3,132 60	9 40	000	000	179 20	1 00	13 60	0 10	3.325 40	10.50
Time Summanes & Billing	602 30	1 90	00 0	000	000	000	639 20	4 70	1.241 50	9 9
Cashiering Function Generally	3,253 15	9 85	1,598 40	6 35	701 45	3 95	5,585 55	52 31	11.138.55	72 46
Dividends & Distributions	00 0	000	00 0	000	000	000	149 60	1 10	149 60	1.10
Office Holders Tax Liabilities	299 05	0 80	254 00	1 00	181 60	100	522 20	6 20	1,256.85	00 6
CDDA 1986 Work	2,100 30	5 80	00 0	00 0	00 0	000	1,128 80	8 30	3,229 10	14 10
Secured Creditors (reporting/accounting for funds, etc)	3,645 20	11 40	000	000	18 10	0 10	81 60	090	3.744 90	12.10
Partly Secured Creditors (including of lease and HP)	63 40	0.20	00 0	000	000	000	938 40	06 9	1.001 80	7 10
Preferential Creditors	00 0	000	00 09	0 20	00 0	000	000	000	00 09	0.20
Non Preferential Creditors	434 40	1 30	000	000	180 60	1 05	3,158 00	23 30	3,773.00	25.65
Employee Claims	3,175 30	10 10	00 0	000	12,079 60	67 60	8,082 20	61 30	23,337 10	139 00
Fixed Asset Realisation	5,922 30	19 10	00 0	000	000	000	13,711 60	101 20	19,633 90	120 30
Stock Realisations	000	000	000	000	52 50	030	693 60	5 10	746 10	5 40
Book Debt Realisations	2,278 80	7 40	00 0	000	000	00 0	1,006 10	7 90	3,284.90	15 30
Other Asset Realisations	126 80	0 40	00 0	000	000	00 0	108 80	0 80	235.60	1.20
Post Appontment Trading	2,822 60	9 20	00 0	000	00 0	000	8,423 60	62 90	11,246 20	72 10
insurance & Bonding	216 90	0 70	00 0	000	126 70	0 20	1,126 40	8 40	1,470.00	9 80
Legal Correspondence/Litigation	1,486 60	4 80	00 0	000	00 0	000	367 20	2 70	1,853.80	7.50
General Administration	5,028 90	15 50	20 40	0 10	36 20	0 20	2,806 80	28 90	7,892 30	44.70
Statutory Compliance (including CRO returns and lodger	3,374 60	10 30	00 0	00 0	423 20	2 40	5,664 00	42 00	9,461 80	54 70
r 1	38,845 20	120 55	1,932.80	7 65	13,979 15	78 30	54,207 25	424 71	108,964.40	631.21



#### APPENDIX F - A CREDITORS' GUIDE TO ADMINISTRATORS' FEES

## <u>BDO</u>

#### A Creditors' Guide to Administrators' Fees

#### 1 Introduction

1.1 When a company goes into administration the costs of the proceedings are paid out of its assets. The creditors, who hope eventually to recover some of their debts out of the assets, therefore have a direct interest in the level of costs, and in particular the remuneration of the insolvency practitioner appointed to act as administrator. The insolvency legislation recognises this interest by providing mechanisms for creditors to determine the basis of the administrator's fees. This guide is intended to help creditors be aware of their rights under the legislation to approve and monitor fees, explains the basis on which fees are fixed and how creditors can seek information about expenses incurred by the administrator and challenge those they consider to be excessive.

#### 2 The nature of administration

- 2.1 Administration is a procedure which places a company under the control of an insolvency practitioner and the protection of the court with the following objective:
  - · rescuing the company as a going concern, or
  - achieving a better result for the creditors as a whole than would be likely if the company were wound
    up without first being in administration,
  - or, if the administrator thinks neither of these objectives is reasonably practicable
  - realising property in order to make a distribution to secured or preferential creditors.

#### 3 The creditors' committee

3.1 The creditors have the right to appoint a committee with a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 members. One of the functions of the committee is to determine the basis of the administrator's remuneration. The committee is normally established at the meeting of creditors which the administrator is required to hold within a maximum of 10 weeks from the beginning of the administration to consider his proposals. The administrator must call the first meeting of the committee within 6 weeks of its establishment, and subsequent meetings must be held either at specified dates agreed by the committee, or when a member of the committee asks for one, or when the administrator decides he needs to hold one. The committee has power to summon the administrator to attend before it and provide information about the exercise of his functions.

#### 4 Fixing the administrator's remuneration

- 4.1 The basis for fixing the administrator's remuneration is set out in Rule 2.106 of the Insolvency Rules 1986, which states that it shall be fixed:
  - · as a percentage of the value of the property which the administrator has to deal with,
  - by reference to the time properly given by the administrator and his staff in attending to matters arising in the administration, or
  - as a set amount.

Any combination of these bases may be used to fix the remuneration, and different bases may be used for different things done by the administrator. Where the remuneration is fixed as a percentage, different percentages may be used for different things done by the administrator.

It is for the creditors' committee (if there is one) to determine on which of these bases, or combination of bases, the remuneration is to be fixed. Where it is fixed as a percentage, it is for the committee to determine the percentage or percentages to be applied, and where it is a set amount, to determine that amount. Rule 2.106 says that in arriving at its decision the committee shall have regard to the following matters:

- the complexity (or otherwise) of the case;
- any responsibility of an exceptional kind or degree which falls on the administrator;
- the effectiveness with which the administrator appears to be carrying out, or to have carried out, his
  duties:
- the value and nature of the property which the administrator has to deal with.
- 4.2 If there is no creditors' committee, or the committee does not make the requisite determination (and provided the circumstances described in paragraph 4.3 do not apply), the administrator's remuneration may be



#### A Creditors' Guide to Administrators' Fees

fixed by a resolution of a meeting of creditors having regard to the same matters as apply in the case of the committee. If the remuneration is not fixed in any of these ways, it will be fixed by the court on application by the administrator, but the administrator may not make such an application unless he has first tried to get his remuneration fixed by the committee or creditors as described above, and in any case not later than 18 months after his appointment.

- 4.3 There are special rules about creditors' resolutions in cases where the administrator has stated in his proposals that the company has insufficient property to enable a distribution to be made to unsecured creditors except out of the reserved fund which may have to be set aside out of floating charge assets. In this case, if there is no creditors' committee, or the committee does not make the requisite determination, the remuneration may be fixed by the approval of -
  - · each secured creditor of the company; or
  - if the administrator has made or intends to make a distribution to preferential creditors -
  - each secured creditor of the company; and
  - preferential creditors whose debts amount to more than 50% of the preferential debts of the company, disregarding debts of any creditor who does not respond to an invitation to give or withhold approval,

having regard to the same matters as the committee would.

Note that there is no requirement to hold a creditors' meeting in such cases unless a meeting is requisitioned by creditors whose debts amount to at least 10 per cent of the total debts of the company.

4.4 A resolution of creditors may be obtained by correspondence.

#### 5. Review of remuneration

5 1 Where there has been a material and substantial change in circumstances since the basis of the administrator's remuneration was fixed, the administrator may request that it be changed. The request must be made to the same body as initially approved the remuneration, and the same rules apply as to the original approval.

#### 6. Approval of pre-administration costs

- 6.1 Sometimes the administrator may need to seek approval for the payment of costs in connection with preparatory work incurred before the company went into administration but which remain unpaid. Such costs may relate to work done either by the administrator or by another insolvency practitioner. Disclosure of such costs must be included in the administrator's proposals and should follow the principles and standards set out in section 7.
- 6.2 Where there is a creditors' committee, it is for the committee to determine whether, and to what extent, such costs should be approved for payment. If there is no committee or the committee does not make the necessary determination, or if it does but the administrator, or other insolvency practitioner who has incurred pre-administration costs, considers the amount agreed to be insufficient, approval may be given by a meeting of creditors. Where the circumstances described in paragraph 4.3 apply, the determination may be made by the same creditors as approve the administrator's remuneration.
- 6.3 The administrator must convene a meeting of the committee or the creditors for the purposes of approving the payment of pre-administration costs if requested to do so by another insolvency practitioner who has incurred such costs. If there is no determination under these provisions, or if there is but the administrator or other insolvency practitioner considers the amount agreed to be insufficient, the administrator may apply to the court for a determination.

#### 7 What information should be provided by the administrator?

#### 7.1 When fixing bases of remuneration

7.1.1 When seeking agreement for the basis or bases of remuneration, the administrator should provide sufficient supporting information to enable the committee or the creditors to make an informed judgement as to whether the basis sought is appropriate having regard to all the circumstances of the case. The nature and extent of the information provided will depend on the stage during the conduct of the case at which approval is being sought. The appendix to this guide sets out a suggested format for the provision of information.

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#### A Creditors' Guide to Administrators' Fees

7.1.2 if any part of the remuneration is sought on a time costs basis, the administrator should provide details of the minimum time units used and current charge-out rates, split by grades of staff, of those people who have been or who are likely to be involved in the time costs aspects of the case. 7.1.3 The administrator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been or is intended to be sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the administrator or his or her staff.

7.1.4 If work has already been carried out, the administrator should state the proposed charge for the period to date and provide an explanation of what has been achieved in the period and how it was achieved, sufficient to enable the progress of the case to be assessed and whether the proposed charge is reasonable in the circumstances of the case. Where the proposed charge is calculated on a time costs basis, the administrator should disclose the time spent and the average charge-out rates, in larger cases split by grades of staff and analysed by appropriate activity. The administrator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been subcontracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the administrator or his or her staff.

#### 7.2 After the bases of remuneration have been fixed

The administrator is required to send progress reports to creditors at specified intervals (see paragraph 8.1 below). When reporting periodically to creditors, in addition to the matters specified in paragraph 8.1, the administrator should provide an explanation of what has been achieved in the period under review and how it was achieved, sufficient to enable the progress of the case to be assessed. Creditors should be able to understand whether the remuneration charged is reasonable in the circumstances of the case (whilst recognising that the administrator must fulfil certain statutory obligations and regulatory requirements that might be perceived as bringing no added value for the estate). Where any remuneration is on a time costs basis, the administrator should disclose the charge in respect of the period, the time spent and the average charge out rates, in larger cases split by grades of staff and analysed by appropriate activity. If there have been any changes to the charge-out rates during the period under review, rates should be disclosed by grades of staff, split by the periods applicable. The administrator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the administrator or his or her staff.

#### 7.3 Disbursements and other expenses

7.3 1 Costs met by and reimbursed to the administrator in connection with the administration should be appropriate and reasonable. Such costs will fall into two categories:

- Category 1 disbursements: These are costs where there is specific expenditure directly referable both
  to the administration and a payment to an independent third party. These may include, for example,
  advertising, room hire, storage, postage, telephone charges, travel expenses, and equivalent costs
  reimbursed to the administrator or his or her staff.
- Category 2 disbursements: These are costs that are directly referable to the administration but not to
  a payment to an independent third party. They may include shared or allocated costs that can be
  allocated to the administration on a proper and reasonable basis, for example, business mileage.

Category 1 disbursements can be drawn without prior approval, although the administrator should be prepared to disclose information about them in the same way as any other expenses. Category 2 disbursements may be drawn if they have been approved in the same manner as the administrator's remuneration. When seeking approval, the administrator should explain, for each category of expense, the basis on which the charge is being made.

#### 7.3.2 The following are not permissible:

- a charge calculated as a percentage of remuneration;
- an administration fee or charge additional to the administrator's remuneration;
- recovery of basic overhead costs such as office and equipment rental, depreciation and finance charges.

#### 8 Progress reports and requests for further information

- 8.1 The administrator is required to send a progress report to creditors at 6-monthly intervals. The report must include.
  - details of the basis fixed for the remuneration of the administrator (or if not fixed at the date of the report, the steps taken during the period of the report to fix it);



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- if the basis has been fixed, the remuneration charged during the period of the report, irrespective of whether it was actually paid during that period (except where it is fixed as a set amount, in which case it may be shown as that amount without any apportionment for the period of the report);
- if the report is the first to be made after the basis has been fixed, the remuneration charged during
  the periods covered by the previous reports, together with a description of the work done during those
  periods, irrespective of
- whether payment was actually made during the period of the report;
- a statement of the expenses incurred by the administrator during the period of the report, irrespective of whether payment was actually made during that period;
- the date of approval of any pre-administration costs and the amount approved;
- a statement of the creditors' rights to request further information, as explained in paragraph 8.2, and their right to challenge the administrator's remuneration and expenses.
- 8.2 Within 21 days of receipt of a progress report a creditor may request the administrator to provide further information about the remuneration and expenses (other than pre-administration costs) set out in the report. A request must be in writing, and may be made either by a secured creditor, or by an unsecured creditor with the concurrence of at least 5% in value of unsecured creditors (including himself) or the permission of the court.
- 8.3 The administrator must provide the requested information within 14 days, unless he considers that:
  - the time and cost involved in preparing the information would be excessive, or
  - disclosure would be prejudicial to the conduct of the administration or might be expected to lead to violence against any person, or
  - the administrator is subject to an obligation of confidentiality in relation to the information requested,

in which case he must give the reasons for not providing the information.

Any creditor may apply to the court within 21 days of the administrator's refusal to provide the requested information, or the expiry of the 14 days time limit for the provision of the information.

#### 9. Provision of information - additional requirements

The administrator must provide certain information about time spent on a case, free of charge, upon request by any creditor, director or shareholder of the company.

The information which must be provided is -

- the total number of hours spent on the case by the administrator or staff assigned to the case;
- · for each grade of staff, the average hourly rate at which they are charged out;
- · the number of hours spent by each grade of staff in the relevant period.

The period for which the information must be provided is the period from appointment to the end of the most recent period of six months reckoned from the date of the administrator's appointment, or where he has vacated office, the date that he vacated office.

The information must be provided within 28 days of receipt of the request by the administrator, and requests must be made within two years from vacation of office.

#### 10 What if a creditor is dissatisfied?

- 10.1 If a creditor believes that the administrator's remuneration is too high, the basis is inappropriate, or the expenses incurred by the administrator are in all the circumstances excessive he may, provided certain conditions are met, apply to the court.
- 10.2 Application may be made to the court by any secured creditor, or by any unsecured creditor provided at least 10 per cent in value of unsecured creditors (including himself) agree, or he has the permission of the court. Any such application must be made within 8 weeks of the applicant receiving the administrator's progress report in which the charging of the remuneration or incurring of the expenses in question is first reported (see paragraph 8.1 above). If the court does not dismiss the application (which it may if it considers



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that insufficient cause is shown) the applicant must give the administrator a copy of the application and supporting evidence at least 14 days before the hearing.

10.3 If the court considers the application well founded, it may order that the remuneration be reduced, the basis be changed, or the expenses be disallowed or repaid. Unless the court orders otherwise, the costs of the application must be paid by the applicant and not as an expense of the administration.

#### 11 What if the administrator is dissatisfied?

11.1 If the administrator considers that the remuneration fixed by the creditors' committee is insufficient or that the basis used to fix it is inappropriate he may request that the amount or rate be increased, or the basis changed, by resolution of the creditors. If he considers that the remuneration fixed by the committee or the creditors is insufficient or that the basis used to fix it is inappropriate, he may apply to the court for the amount or rate to be increased or the basis changed. If he decides to apply to the court he must give at least 14 days' notice to the members of the creditors' committee and the committee may nominate one or more of its members to appear or be represented on the application. If there is no committee, the administrator's notice of his application must be sent to such of the company's creditors as the court may direct, and they may nominate one or more of their number to appear or be represented. The court may order the costs to be paid as an expense of the administration.

#### 12 Other matters relating to remuneration

- 12.1 Where there are joint administrators it is for them to agree between themselves how the remuneration payable should be apportioned. Any dispute arising between them may be referred to the court, the creditors' committee or a meeting of creditors.
- 12.2 If the administrator is a solicitor and employs his own firm to act on behalf of the company, profit costs may not be paid unless authorised by the creditors' committee, the creditors or the court.
- 12.3 if a new administrator is appointed in place of another, any determination, resolution or court order which was in effect immediately before the replacement continues to have effect in relation to the remuneration of the new administrator until a further determination, resolution or court order is made.
- 12.4 Where the basis of the remuneration is a set amount, and the administrator ceases to act before the time has elapsed or the work has been completed for which the amount was set, application may be made for a determination of the amount that should be paid to the outgoing administrator. The application must be made to the same body as approved the remuneration. Where the outgoing administrator and the incoming administrator are from the same firm, they will usually agree the apportionment between them.

#### 13. Effective date

This guide applies where a company enters administration on or after 1 November 2011.

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#### Appendix

#### Suggested format for the provision of information

Professional guidance issued to insolvency practitioners sets out the following suggested format for the provision of information when seeking approval of remuneration. However, the level of disclosure suggested below may not be appropriate in all cases, and will be subject to considerations of proportionality. In larger or more complex cases the circumstances of each case may dictate the information provided and its format.

#### Narrative overview of the case

In all cases, reports on remuneration should provide a narrative overview of the case. Matters relevant to an overview are:

- · the complexity of the case;
- · any exceptional responsibility falling on the administrator;
- · the administrator's effectiveness;
- the value and nature of the property in question

The information provided will depend upon the basis or bases being sought or reported upon, and the stage at which it is being provided. An overview might include:

- an explanation of the nature, and the administrator's own initial assessment, of the assignment (including the anticipated return to creditors) and the outcome (if known);
- Initial views on how the assignment was to be handled, including decisions on staffing or subcontracting and the appointment of advisers;
- any significant aspects of the case, particularly those that affect the remuneration and cost expended;
- the reasons for subsequent changes in strategy;
- the steps taken to establish the views of creditors, particularly in relation to agreeing the strategy for the assignment, budgeting, and fee drawing;
- any existing agreement about remuneration;
- details of how other professionals, including subcontractors, were chosen, how they were contracted to be paid, and what steps have been taken to review their fees;
- In a larger case, particularly if it involved trading, considerations about staffing and managing the
  assignment and how strategy was set and reviewed;
- · details of work undertaken during the period;
- any additional value brought to the estate during the period, for which the administrator wishes to claim increased remuneration.

#### Time cost basis

Where any part of the remuneration is or is proposed to be calculated on a time costs basis, requests for and reports on remuneration should provide;

- An explanation of the administrator's time charging policy, clearly stating the units of time that have been used, the grades of staff and rates that have been charged to the assignment, and the policy for recovering the cost of support staff. There is an expectation that time will be recorded in units of not greater than 6 minutes.
- A description of work carried out, which might include:
  - details of work undertaken during the period, related to the table of time spent for the period;
  - an explanation of the grades of staff used to undertake the different tasks carried out and the reasons why it was appropriate for those grades to be used,
  - any comments on any figures in the summary of time spent accompanying the request the administrator wishes to make.
- Time spent and charge-out summaries, in an appropriate format.

It is useful to provide time spent and charge-out value information in a tabular form for each of the time periods reported upon, with work classified (and sub-divided) in a way relevant to the circumstances of the case

The following areas of activity are suggested as a basis for the analysis of time spent:

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- Administration and planning
- investigations
- Realisation of assets
- Trading
- Creditors
- Any other case-specific matters

The following categories are suggested as a basis for analysis by grade of staff:

- Partner
- Manager
- Other senior professionals
- Assistants and support staff

The level of disclosure suggested above will not be appropriate in all cases, and considerations of proportionality will apply:

- where cumulative time costs are, and are expected to be, less than £10,000 the administrator should, as a minimum, state the number of hours and average rate per hour and explain any unusual features of the case;
- where cumulative time costs are, or are expected to be, between £10,000 and £50,000, a time and charge-out summary similar to that shown above will usually provide the appropriate level of detail (subject to the explanation of any unusual features);
- where cumulative time costs exceed, or are expected to exceed, £50,000, further and more detailed analysis or explanation will be warranted.