Form 4.68

**Rule 4.223-CVL** 

The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For	officia	al use
	T	

Company Number

	_	_
Nama	Λf	Company
401116	Q!	COMBANY

- (a) Insert full name of company
- UPE RSHOT

Limited

and address(es)

(b) Insert full name(s) I/We (b) CHRISTOPHER GUY ADAMS

15 CAVENDISH SQUARE LONDON W1M 9DA

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 16 3 95

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

> For Official Use Liquidation Section

Post Room



Form 4.68 contd.

## Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company Supersitor
Company's registered number 2627247
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up creditors of commencement of winding up 17-3-93
Date to which this statement is brought down 16-3-95
Name and address of liquidator

C.G. ADAMS ASSOCIATES
15 CAVENDISH SQUARE
LONDON WIM SDA
071 436 0775

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

#### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
  - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

# Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations						
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount			
17-9-94		Brought forward	NIL			
6-3-95		Carried forward	21			

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

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ate	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amoun
7-9-9	14	Brought forward	£
			7.00
			:
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									101111 4.00 0.
Analysis of balance									
Total realisations Total disbursements						•••		NIL	-
				E	Baland	ce £		NI	L I
The balance is made up as follows—  1. Cash in hands of liquidator  2. Balance at bank  3. Amount in Insolvency Services Accounts	  ınt			•••					
4.* Amounts invested by liquidator Less: the cost of investments realised	 L				£		1		:
Balance				<u></u>			1		į
Total balance as shown a	ibove .					£	-	NIL	<u> </u>
NOTE—Full details of stocks purchased for tatement]	investment a	and an	y rea	alisati	ion o	fther	n sh	ould b	e given in a sepa
The investment or deposit of money by the egulations 1986, and any such investments and paid into the Insolvency Services Accoransfer of which to the control of the Secretal the Regulations.	representing	mone	y ne	d tor	SIX	nont	hs o	rupwa	ards must be rea
he liquidator should also state— ) The amount of the estimated assets and	liabilities at t	he dat	e of	the c	comm	nence	emei	nt of t	he winding up-
									£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged creditors—including the holders of floatin Liabilities—Fixed charge creditors  Floating charge holders	to secured ng charges)					•••			2147
Unsecured creditors		•••					• • •		61217
The total amount of the capital paid up at t	he date of the	com	mend	eme	nt of	the v	vindi	ng	
Paid up in cash Issued as paid up otherwise t	 han for cash								2

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Nu

insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed 6 MONTHS

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is