Report and Financial Statements

52 weeks ended 1 July 2005

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COMPANIES HOUSE
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RICHARDS BUTLER BEAUFORT HOUSE 15 ST. BOTOLPH STREET LONDON EC3A 7EE SOLICITORS

Ref: Eng/0151057

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

K J Fay

(resigned 31 December 2004)

J A Seethoff

A J Baker

K R Dolliver

(appointed 31 December 2004)

SECRETARY

R B Secretarial Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Microsoft Campus Thames Valley Park Reading Berkshire RG6 1WG

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank Plc 12 The High Street Windsor Berkshire SL4 1LQ

Citibank Citibank House 336 Strand London WC2R 1HB

SOLICITORS

Richards Butler Beaufort House 15 Botolph Street London EC3A 7EE

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants And Registered Auditors Reading

TAX ADVISERS

KPMG LLP Arlington Business Park Theale Berkshire RG7 4SD

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 1 July 2005.

ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is property investment.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

During the period the company has continued to operate satisfactorily.

The profit and loss account is shown on page 5.

DIVIDENDS

The directors have not proposed the payment of a dividend for the year (2004 - £2,716,000).

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company is soundly placed to continue its current activities.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the period are listed on page 1.

No director had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company or in any other United Kingdom group companies at any point during the period.

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors. The Company has passed elective resolutions dispensing with the requirement to hold annual general meetings and to re-appoint auditors annually.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A J Baker Director

4 April

2006

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MICROSOFT PROPERTIES UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Microsoft Properties UK Limited for the 52 weeks ended 1 July 2005 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 1 July 2005 and of its profit for the 52 weeks then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985

Delotte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Reading

11 April 2006

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 52 weeks ended 1 July 2005

DE WOORD CRACK I ONLY 2005	Note	52 weeks ended 1 July 2005 £'000	53 weeks ended 2 July 2004 £'000
TURNOVER	2	1,537	1,537
GROSS PROFIT		1,537	1,537
Administrative expenses		(1,160)	(1,152)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	377	385
Interest payable and similar charges Interest receivable and similar income	5 6	68	(24) 46
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	7	445 (368)	407 (374)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	14	77	33
Dividends	8		(2,716)
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		77	(2,683)

There are no recognised gains and losses for the current and preceding financial periods other than as stated in the profit and loss account. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is given.

All amounts derive from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET 1 July 2005

	Note	1 July 2005 £'000	2 July 2004 £'000
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	9	22,928	23,886
		22,928	23,886
CURRENT ASSETS	10	2.242	022
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	2,342 6	823 205
		2,348	1,028
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	11	(699)	(699)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,649	329
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		24,577	24,215
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	12	(626)	(341)
NET ASSETS		23,951	23,874
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13	23,942	23,942
Profit and loss account	14	9	(68)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	23,951	23,874
Attributable to equity shoreholders		59	(10)
Attributable to equity shareholders Attributable to non-equity shareholders		23,892	(18) 23,892
		, -	,

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 4 April 2006 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

A J Baker Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. These have been consistently applied in both the current and preceding financial periods.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The properties do not qualify to be treated as investment properties as defined by SSAP19 and accordingly have not been revalued to market value but are subject to annual depreciation.

Cash flow statement

Under FRS1 "Cash flow statements" the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. Provision is made for permanent diminution in value.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of fixed assets over their expected useful lives at the following rates:

Freehold buildings 20%

Assets in the course of construction Not depreciated

Land Not depreciated

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided in full on material timing differences at the rate of taxation anticipated to apply when these differences crystallise. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

A deferred tax asset is only recognised where it is more likely than not that it will be recoverable in the future. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents royalty income, all deriving from the parent company and arising in the United Kingdom.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

	52 weeks	53 weeks
	ended	ended
	1 July	2 July
	2005	2004
	£'000	£'000
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation	1,160	1,148
•		

The auditors' remuneration has been borne by another group company in both the current and prior periods.

4. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The directors receive their remuneration for services to group companies from Microsoft Corporation. The proportion of this remuneration that is allocated to their services to Microsoft Properties UK Limited is £nil (2004: £nil).

The company had no employees during the 52 week period ended 1 July 2005 (53 weeks ended 2 July 2004: nil).

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

5	2 weeks ended 1 July 2005 £'000	53 weeks ended 2 July 2004 £'000
Interest payable to fellow subsidiary company	<i>x</i> 000	24

6. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	52 weeks ended 1 July 2005 £'000	53 weeks ended 2 July 2004 £'000
Interest receivable from parent company Bank interest	66 2	27 19
	68	46

7. TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	52 weeks ended 1 July 2005 £'000	53 weeks ended 2 July 2004 £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% Adjustment in respect of prior years	126 (43)	(1) (9)
Total current tax Deferred tax	83 285	(10)
	368	374

Reconciliation to current tax charge:

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30%. The actual tax charge for the current and previous years differs from the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation.

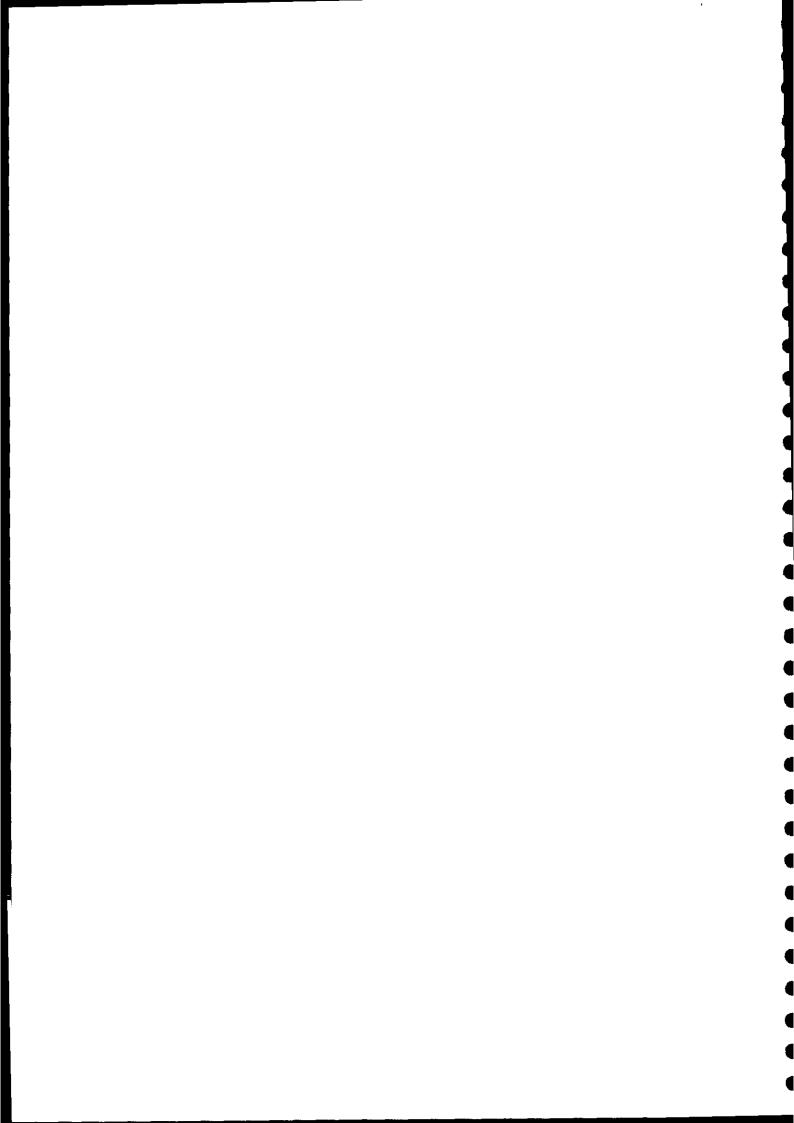
	2005 %	2004 %
Corporation tax at standard rate	30	30
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustment in respect of prior years	59 (60) (10)	(30)
Total current tax charge	19	<u>-</u>

8. DIVIDENDS

	52 weeks	53 weeks
	ended	ended
	1 July	2 July
	2005	2004
	£'000	£'000
Paid – £nil per equity ordinary share (2004 – £54.32)	-	2,716
		

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Buildings £'000	Land £'000	Total £'000
	Cost At 3 July 2004 Additions	17,260 202	8,812 -	26,072 202
	At 1 July 2005	17,462	8,812	26,274
	Depreciation At 3 July 2004 Charge for the period At 1 July 2005	2,186 1,160 3,346	- -	2,186 1,160 3,346
	Net book value At 1 July 2005	14,116	8,812	22,928
	At 2 July 2004	15,074	8,812	23,886
10.	DEBTORS		1 July 2005 £'000	2 July 2004 £'000
	Corporation tax recoverable Due from parent company		68 2,274	76 747
			2,342	823
	All amounts are due within one year.			
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	R		
			1 July 2005 £'000	2 July 2004 £'000
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries		699	699



12. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

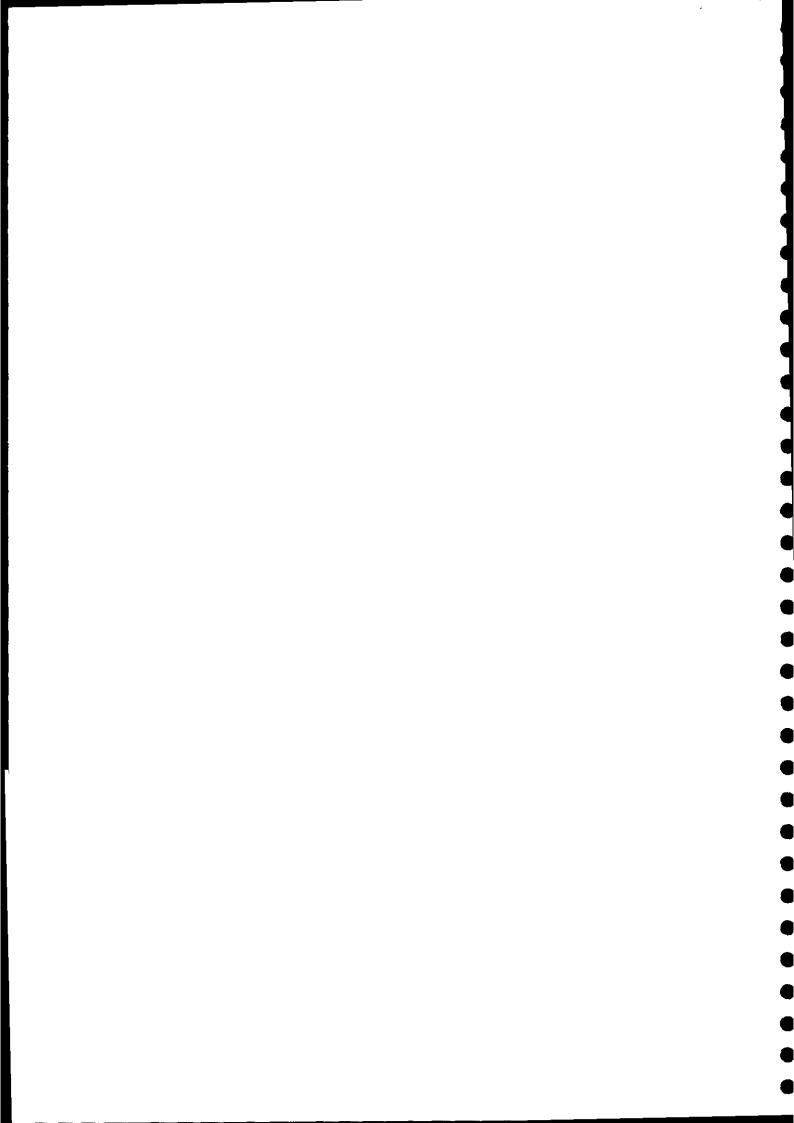
The deferred tax provision consists of the following amounts:

		1 July 2005 £'000	2 July 2004 £'000
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(626)	(341)
			£'000
	Balance at 3 July 2004		(341)
	Charged to the profit and loss in the year		(285)
	Balance at 1 July 2005		(626)
13.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		1 July 2005 £'000	2 July 2004 £'000
	Authorised, called up, allotted and fully paid: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each 23,892,025 redeemable ordinary shares of £1 each	50 23,892	50 23,892
		23,942	23,942

The redeemable ordinary shares are redeemable at par by the company on one month's written notice. In all other respects they rank pari passu with the ordinary shares.

14. COMBINED RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Called up share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total 2005 £'000	Total 2004 £'000
Profit for the financial year Dividends paid	- -	77 	77	(2,716)
Retained profit/(loss) for the period At the beginning of the period	23,942	77 (68)	77 23,874	(2,683) 26,557
At the end of the period	23,942	9	23,951	23,874



15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking of the company, which is also the controlling undertaking, is Microsoft Corporation, a company incorporated in the state of Washington in the United States of America. Microsoft Corporation is the parent of the only group into which the results are consolidated. Copies of Microsoft Corporation's annual report are available on written request from the Investor Relations Department, Microsoft Corporation, 1 Microsoft Way, Redmond, Washington, 98052-6399, USA.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 "Related Party Disclosures", transactions with other group undertakings within, and investee related parties of, the Microsoft Corporation group have not been disclosed in these financial statements.