Annual Report and Financial Statements Year Ended 31 January 2017

Registration number: 02599839

WEDNESDAY



A19

02/08/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE #235

Contents

Company Information	,
Directors' Report	2
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4 to 5
Profit and Loss Account	6
Balance Sheet	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8 to 12

Company Information

Directors

Ms E Marsden

Ms J Edwards

Ms J Swain

Mr C Varcoe

Mr C Vallance

Mr J Wood

Registered office

Lidn Park

Quarry Crescent Pennygillam Industrial Estate

Launceston Cornwall PL15 7PF

Auditors

PKF Francis Clark

Vantage Point Woodwater Park

Pynes Hill Exeter EX2 5FD

Directors' Report

Year Ended 31 January 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2017.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Ms E Marsden

Ms J Edwards

Ms J Swain

Mr C Varcoe

Mr C Vallance

Mr J Wood (appointed 21 April 2016)

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to operate the commercial activities at Wheal Martyn Trust

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 291617... and signed on its behalf by:

Ms J Edwards

Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Wheal Martyn Enterprises Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Wheal Martyn Enterprises Limited for the year ended 31 January 2017, set out on pages 6 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 3), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors to the financial statements, including "APB Ethical Standard - Provisions Available for Small Entities (Revised)".

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2017 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to smaller entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Wheal Martyn Enterprises Limited

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

SEAN GRINSTED (Senior Statutory Auditor)
PKF Francis Clark, Statutory Auditor

Vantage Point Woodwater Park Pynes Hill Exeter EX2 5FD

Date: 24-7-17

Profit and Loss Account

Year Ended 31 January 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	136,551	123,776
Cost of sales	(49,685)	(44,951)
Gross profit	86,866	78,825
Administrative expenses	(82,432)	(77,905)
Operating profit Gift aid	4,434 (4,434)	920 (920)
Profit/(loss) before tax		
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		-

Balance Sheet

31 January 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	8,220	3,393
Current assets			
Stocks	5	20,736	20,646
Debtors	6	2,528	1,654
Cash at bank and in hand		17,767	32,857
		41,031	55,157
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(30,593)	(39,892)
Net current assets		10,438	15,265
Net assets		18,658	18,658
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		18,558	18,558
Total equity		18,658	18,658

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 2015... and signed on its behalf by:

Ms E Marsden

Director

Company Registration Number: 02599839

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 January 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Lidn Park Quarry Crescent Pennygillam Industrial Estate Launceston Cornwall PL15 7PF

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Change in basis of accounting

The company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS102 - the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The company has transferred from previously extant UK GAAP to FRS102 as at 1 January 2014. There is no material impact on the reported financial position and financial performance.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 January 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Furniture, fittings & equipment
Other property, plant & equipment

Depreciation method and rate

10 - 20% Straight Line 12 - 33% Straight Line

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended 31 January 2017

Financial instruments

Classification

The company holds the following financial instruments:

- · Short term trade and other debtors and creditors;
- · Cash and bank balances.

All financial instruments are classified as basic.

Recognition and measurement

The company has chosen to apply the recognition and measurement principles in FRS102.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognised when in the case of assets, the contractual rights to cash flows from the assets expire or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or in the case of liabilities, when the company's obligations are discharged, expire or are cancelled.

Such instruments are initially measured at transaction price, including transaction costs, and are subsequently carried at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, after taking account of impairment adjustments.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 8 (2016 - 6).

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended 31 January 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 February 2016 Additions	5,929	8,465 6,579	14,394 6,579
At 31 January 2017	5,929	15,044	20,973
Depreciation At 1 February 2016 Charge for the year	4,041 456	6,960 1,296	11,001 1,752
`At 31 January 2017	4,497	8,256	12,753
Carrying amount)
At 31 January 2017	1,432	6,788	8,220
At 31 January 2016	1,886	1,507	3,393
5 Stocks		2017	2016
Other inventories		2017 £ 20,736	2016 £ 20,646
6 Debtors		2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors Prepayments		2,007 521	1,453 201
		2,528	1,654

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended 31 January 2017

7 Creditors

(Note	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year	•			
Trade creditors	•	·.	4,779	5,012
Amounts due to group undertakings			21,482	29,765
Accrued expenses			4,332	5,115
			30,593	39,892

8 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Wheal Martyn Trust, incorporated in England & Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is South West Lakes Trust, a company limited by guarantee which is registered in England & Wales. A copy of its financial statements can be obtained from its registered office.