Registration number: 02598908

Bluebird Chain & Findings Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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Company Information

Director Gerald Pugh

Registered office Unit 13 Kelvin Business Centre

Kelvin Way, Manor Royal Crawley West Sussex RH10 9SF

Accountants Taxave Accountancy Limited

65 Gales Drive Three Bridges Crawley West Sussex RH10 1QA

(Registration number: 02598908) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	80,000	80,000
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	1,271	1,694
		81,271	81,694
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	101,555	98,000
Debtors	6 <u>7</u>	157,015	132,126
Cash at bank and in hand		67,332	87,188
		325,902	317,314
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(78,446)	(64,915)
Net current assets		247,456	252,399
Net assets		328,727	334,093
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account		328,627	333,993
Shareholders' funds		328,727	334,093

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 15 January 2021

Gerald Pugh Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 13 Kelvin Business Centre Kelvin Way, Manor Royal Crawley West Sussex RH10 9SF

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 15 January 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateMotor vehicles25% reducing balanceFurniture and fittings25% reducing balanceOffice equipment25% reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
None

Amortisation method and rate

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 4 (2019 - 4).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

4 Intangible assets

		Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019	_	80,000	80,000
At 31 March 2020	_	80,000	80,000
Amortisation			
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2020	=	80,000	80,000
At 31 March 2019	=	80,000	80,000
5 Tangible assets			
	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019	20,112	11,578	31,690
At 31 March 2020	20,112	11,578	31,690
Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year	18,871 310	11,125 113	29,996 423
At 31 March 2020	19,181	11,238	30,419
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2020	931	340	1,271
At 31 March 2019	1,241	453	1,694
6 Stocks			
		2020 £	2019 £
Other inventories	=	101,555	98,000

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

7 Debtors			
	Ne	20: ote	20 2019 £ £
Trade debtors		82,64	45 97,809
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in	which the	,	,
company has a participating interest		1,00	1,000
Prepayments		8,84	43 -
Other debtors		64,52	27 33,317
		157,0	132,126
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		20	20 2010
	Ne	20: ote	20 2019 £ £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings			- 16,817
Trade creditors		60,36	64 22,494
Taxation and social security		15,3	75 25,604
Accruals and deferred income		1,19	
Other creditors		1,5	<u>-</u>
		78,44	46 64,915
9 Share capital			
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares			
Amoreca, canca up and rany para shares	2020		2019
	No. £	E No	
Ordinary of £1 each	100 100) 10	0 100

Crawley

withis degument was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the Registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.