REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2002

LD7 WLSSEDPNY* 0134
COMPANIES HOUSE 31/10/03

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

PS Ferstendik

K Fox

SECRETARY

K Fox

REGISTERED OFFICE

3 Blackhorse Lane London E17 6DS

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

SOLICITORS

CMS Cameron McKenna Mitre House 160 Aldersgate Street London EC1A 4DD

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank plc Walthamstow Central 204 High Street Walthamstow London E17 7LL

The Royal Bank of Scotland Commercial Services Ltd Smith House PO Box 50 Elmwood Avenue Feltham Middlesex TW13 7QD

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of Proportion London Limited for the year ended 31 December 2002.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was the manufacture and distribution of display busts, mannequins and other display equipment.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors report a loss for the current year but expect to return to profit during 2003 having refocused the business activities.

No payment has been received from Mandora Leathercraft Limited for the benefit of group relieved tax losses transferred.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend due to the loss for the year (2001: £Nil).

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2002:

PS Ferstendik

K Fox

SS Muller

(resigned 31 January 2002)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

The directors held no interests in the shares of the company. The directors' interests in the holding company are disclosed in that company's financial statements.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

K Fox Secretary

10 October 2003

Proportion London Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION

OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PROPORTION LONDON LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 12.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

10 October 2003

BAKER TILLY

Proportion London Limited PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
TURNOVER	1	2,744,252	3,115,005
Cost of sales		(1,477,928)	(1,878,216)
Gross profit		1,266,324	1,236,789
Other operating expenses (net)	2	(1,547,503)	(1,773,818)
		(281,179)	(537,029)
Other operating income	3	-	24,354
OPERATING LOSS		(281,179)	(512,675)
Interest receivable	4	204	1,717
Interest payable	5	(18,072)	(39,694)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	6	(299,047)	(550,652)
Taxation	8	-	147,800
RETAINED LOSS FOR THE YEAR	16	(299,047)	(402,852)

The operating loss for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 December 2002

	2002 £	2001 £
Loss for the financial year	(299,047)	(402,852)
Release of capital redemption reserve	159,167	-
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	(139,880)	(402,852)

Page 5

Proportion London Limited BALANCE SHEET

31 December 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	9	184,593	170,993
Debtors	10	530,007	621,282
Cash at bank and in hand		3,724	4,250
		718,324	796,525
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(689,563)	(846,658)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		28,761	(50,133)
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after one year	12	(527,551)	(149,610)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(498,790)	(199,743)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13	833	833
Share premium account	14	43,109	43,109
Capital redemption reserve	15	-	159,167
Profit and loss account	16	(542,732)	(402,852)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17	(498,790)	(199,743)

Approved by the board on 10 October 2003

K Fox

Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

GOING CONCERN

The company currently has an excess of liabilities over assets which continued during the period.

The directors have taken steps to:

- reduce costs
- · improve the range and styles of the product offerings
- increase income

and expect the company to return to profit within the foreseeable future and remain competitive and profitable thereafter. In the meantime, the ultimate parent company is committed to continuing its financial support to the company.

These financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

STOCK

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

LEASES

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the period of the leases.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

1 TURNOVER AND LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The company's turnover and loss before taxation were all derived from its principal activity. Sales were made in the following geographical markets:

	Sales were made in the following geographical markets:		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Asia	62,834	64,477
	Europe	625,345	1,145,041
	United Kingdom	2,030,102	1,894,723
	United States of America	25,971	10,764
		2,744,252	3,115,005
2	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (NET)	2002	2001
		£	£
	Distribution costs	427,650	552,491
	Administration expenses	1,119,853	1,221,327
		1,547,503	1,773,818
		= *************************************	
3	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2002	2001
		£	£
	Rent receivable	-	24,354
4	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank interest	204	1,717
			•
5	INTEREST PAYABLE	2002	2001
		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	18,072	39,694

Proportion London Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

remuneration.

6	LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2002 £	2001 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation and amounts written off intangible fixed asset Exchange losses/(gains)	(160)	1,066 7,795
	Operating lease rentals: Plant and machinery Auditors' remuneration	7,264 18,250	12,669 13,500
7	EMPLOYEES	2002 No.	2001 No.
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors)		
	employed by the company during the year was: Office and management	10	12
	Manufacturing	30	27
	Distribution	4 -	4
		44	43
		-	
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Staff costs for above persons:	1 001 010	1 105 000
	Wages and salaries	1,001,949	1,127,283
	Social security costs	98,183 14,242	112,210 12,910
	Other pension costs	14,242	12,910
		1,114,374	1,252,403
	In addition, £191,557 of payroll costs were recharged from Mandora £28,910 was capitalised.	Leathercraft	Limited and
		2002 £	2001 £
	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		<u>.</u>
	Emoluments (including benefits in kind)	88,750	94,615
	Payroll costs recharged from Mandora Leathercraft Limited include	ie £88,750 f	or directors'

Proportion London Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

8	TAXATION	2002 £	2001 £
	0	*	£
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on loss of the period Adjustments in respect of previous periods	-	(147,800)
	Total current tax		(147,800)
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities		(147,800)
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	Factors affecting tax charge for period:	2002	2001
	The tay accessed for the maried is higher than the atom dead upto of	£	£
	The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax for small companies (20%) as explained below:		
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(299,047)	(550,652)
	Loss on oldinary activities before tax	(2)),041)	(350,032)
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation		
	tax in the UK 30% (2001: 30%)	(89,714)	(165,196)
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,287	4,757
	Capital allowances less than/(in excess of) depreciation	(97)	(130)
	Loss for the period carried forward	93,818	4,640
	Utilisation of tax losses	-	144,033
	Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods	- (5.204)	(147,800)
	General provision utilisation	(5,294)	11,896
	Current tax charge for period		(147,800)
	current tan charge for period		
9	STOCK	2002	2002
,	STOCK	2002 £	£
	Due within one year:	~	-
	Raw materials and consumables	73,500	67,993
	Finished goods	65,148	86,727
	Work in progress	45,945	16,273
		184,593	170,993
10	DEBTORS	2002	2001
		£	£
	Due within one year:		
	Trade debtors	526 ,113	581,051
	Other debtors	3,894	40,231
		530,007	621,282

Proportion London Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

11 CREDITOR	RS: Amounts falling due within one year	2002 £	2001 £
Trade credit	on and social security	35,220 178,848 91,611 264,895	279,192 25,332 270,876
Accruals and	d deferred income	118,989 689,563	271,258 846,658
	er creditors is included balance due to factoring comp which is secured on the trade debtors.	any of £262,8	65 (2001:
	RS: Amounts falling due after one year	2002 £	2001 £
Amounts ov	wed to parent undertaking	527,551	149,610
13 SHARE CAI	PITAL	2002 £	2001 £
	ary shares of £0.01 each nary A shares of £0.01 each	500 1,500	500 1,500
		2,000	2,000
50,000 ordin	ary shares of £0.01 each ary A shares of £0.01 each	500 333	500 333
		833	833
14 SHARE PR	EMIUM ACCOUNT	2002 £	2001 £
1 January 20	002	43,109	43,109
31 Decembe	er 2002	43,109	43,109
15 CAPITAL R	REDEMPTION RESERVE	2002 £	2001 £
1 January 20 Transfer to p	002 profit and loss account	159,167 (159,167)	159,167 -
31 Decembe	er 2002		159,167

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

16	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	2002 £	2001 £
	1 January 2002 Loss for the financial year Release of capital redemption reserve	(402,852) (299,047) 159,167	(402,852)
	31 December 2002	(542,732)	(402,852)
17	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2002 £	2001 £
	Loss for the financial year	(299,047)	(402,852)
	Net reduction in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(299,047) (199,743)	(402,852) 203,109
		(498,790)	(199,743)
18	COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES		 =
	At 31 December 2002 the company had annual commitments under no leases as follows:	n-cancellable o	perating
	leases as follows.	2002 £	2001 £
	Plant and machinery expiring in the second to fifth year	7,624	12,669
	Land and buildings expiring after five years	81,700	134,000

19 ULTIMATE CONTROL

In the directors' opinion the company's ultimate parent company is Mandora Group Limited, which also has a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. Copies of its accounts are available from the registered office. The controlling party is PS Ferstendik.

89,324

146,669

20 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

With effect from 1 January 2003 the fixed assets owned by the company's immediate parent and used by the company for and in its business were transferred at net book value to the company and the shareholding and indebtedness to the immediate parent company was transferred to Mandora group Limited, the ultimate parent company.

Proportion London Limited DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2002

	2002 £	2001 £
TURNOVER Sales	2,744,252	3,115,005
Opening stock and work in progress Purchases Production wages and salaries	170,993 841,149 661,305	195,003 1,294,320
Production wages and salaries Development costs	4,074	540,611 19,275
Closing stock and work in progress	1,677,521 (199,593)	2,049,209 (170,993)
	1,477,928	1,878,216
GROSS PROFIT	1,266,324	1,236,789
Less: Expenses Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other income	427,650 1,119,853	552,491 1,221,327 (24,354)
	1,547,503	1,749,464
NET LOSS	(281,179)	(512,675)
INTEREST PAYABLE On bank loans and overdrafts	(18,072)	(39,694)
	(299,251)	(552,369)
INTEREST RECEIVABLE Bank deposit interest	204	1,717
LOSS FOR THE YEAR BEFORE TAX	(299,047)	(550,652)

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2002

ANALYSIS OF EXPENSES	2002	2001
	£	£
DISTRIBUTION COSTS		
Wages and salaries	170,094	171,867
Carriage and delivery	106,875	124,625
Motor expenses	14,135	17,665
Packaging costs	31,312	55,116
Entertaining	2,810	4,383
Travel and subsistence	14,091	24,842
Advertising and promotion	43,413	118,840
Sales commissions	44,920	35,153
	427,650	552,491
ADMINISTD ATIME EXPENSES	=======================================	
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Wages and salaries	A A O E C A	587,826
Wages and salaries Rent and rates	448,504 250,941	212,000
	24,719	31,626
Light, heat and power Telephone	18,614	23,090
Printing, postage and stationery	20,752	33,394
Insurance	41,907	28,674
Legal and professional fees	28,353	41,377
Auditors' remuneration	18,250	20,750
Hire of equipment	8,621	12,669
Repairs and renewals	15,621	18,000
Motor expenses	21,788	20,600
Travel costs	3,057	18,627
Cleaning and laundry	20,788	26,344
Bad and doubtful debts	18,750	58,727
Subscriptions	1,050	2,386
Canteen and staff welfare	8,662	8,920
Gain on foreign currency	(160)	7,795
Computer expenses	20,967	11,161
Staff training	680	105
Sundry expenses	7,890	13,252
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	-	1,066
Bank Charges	13,432	22,939
Consultancy	1,667	19,999
Management charges	125,000	-
	<u> </u>	
	1,119,853	1,221,327
		=
OTHER INCOME		
Rents receivable	-	24,354

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements