**Lodge Roofing Limited** 

Company No. 02591444

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 March 2017

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# Lodge Roofing Limited Directors Report Registrar

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2017.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was that of roofing contractors.

### Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

P.A. Lodge

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

P.A. Lodge

Director

26 May 2017

# Lodge Roofing Limited Balance Sheet Registrar

at	31	March	2017
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Company No. 02591444	Notes	2017	2016
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	183,800	133,593
	_	183,800	133,593
Current assets			
Stocks	4	27,292	27,576
Debtors	5	483,798	415,963
Cash at bank and in hand		305,681	283,422
•		816,771	726,961
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	(267,571)	(325,793)
Net current assets	_	549,200	401,168
Total assets less current liabilities		733,000	534,761
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	7	(28,999)	(22,823)
Net assets		704,001	511,938
Canital and recovers			•
Capital and reserves		<b>5</b> 0	50
Called up share capital		50	
Capital redemption reserve	8	50	. 50
Profit and loss account	8	703,901	511,838
Total equity	_	704,001	511,938

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 26 May 2017

And signed on its behalf by:

P.A. Lodge

Director 26 May 2017

# Lodge Roofing Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

# for the year ended 31 March 2017

•	Share Capital	Other Reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2015	100	<b>-</b> .	581,058	581,158
Profit for the period			69,180	69,180
Purchase of own shares	(50)	50	(138,400)	(138,400)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	. 50	50	511,838	511,938
Profit for the period			197,063	197,063
Dividends			(5,000)	(5,000)
At 31 March 2017	50	50	703,901	704,001

for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard. The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

When the outcome of a contract can be measured reliably, the entity will recognise both income and costs by reference to the percentage of completion of the contract. If the outcome cannot be reliably measured, all costs are expensed and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that costs are recoverable.

When it is probable that a loss will occur on a contract, this is recognised in full immediately as an onerous contract provision.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery 20% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles 25% on cost

Furniture, fittings and equipment 20% on reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks have been valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell.

In respect of work in progress and finished goods, cost includes a relevant proportion of overheads according to the stage of manufacture/completion.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

#### **Pensions**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

#### 2 Employees

	The average number of persons employed di	uring the year :	2017 Number 37	=	2016 Number 36
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost or revaluation				
	At 1 April 2016	31,201	321,115	8,329	360,645
	Additions	, -	168,093	, -	168,093
	Disposals	-	(137,157)	-	(137,157)
	At 31 March 2017	31,201	352,051	8,329	391,581
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2016	26,156	192,737	8,159	227,052
	Charge for the year	1,009	82,263	34	83,306
	Disposals	• -	(102,577)	-	(102,577)
	At 31 March 2017	27,165	172,423	8,193	207,781
	Net book values				
	At 31 March 2017	4,036	179,628	136	183,800
	At 31 March 2016	5,045	128,378	. 170	133,593
4	Stocks				
	,		2017		2016
	·		£		£
	Raw materials and consumables		27,292		27,576
			27,292	_	27,576

Debtors

5	Deptors			
		2017		2016
		£		£
	Trade debtors	290,023		127,515
	Other debtors	182,340		285,051
	Prepayments and accrued income	11,435		3,397
		483,798		415,963
	Amounts included within Other debtors that fall			
	due after more than one year	34,081		26,870
6	Creditors:			
	amounts falling due within one year			
	•	2017		2016
		£		£
	Trade creditors	181,234		142,612
	Corporation tax	43,515		20,701
	Other taxes and social security	10,304		39,630
	Loans from directors	-		71,870
	Other creditors	-		3,596
	Accruals and deferred income	32,518		47,384
		267,571		325,793
_				
7	Provisions for liabilities			
	Deferred taxation			
		Accelerated		
		capital		
		allowances, losses and		
		other timing		
		differences	Arising from	
			revaluation	Total
		£	£	£
	At 1 April 2016	22,823	-	22,823
	Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	6,176		6,176
	At 31 March 2017	28,999		28,999
		2017		0047
	·	2017		2016
		£		£
	Accelerated capital allowances	28,999		22,823
		28,999		22,823

### 8 Reserves

	Capital	
	redemption	Total other
	reserve	reserves
	£	£
Purchase of own shares	50	50
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	50	50
At 31 March 2017	50	50

Capital redemption reserve - records the nominal value of shares repurchased by the company. Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

#### 9 Dividends

	2017	2016
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	5,000	<u> </u>
	5,000	
Dividends by type:		
Equity dividends	5,000	
	5,000	

## 10 Related party disclosures

Controlling party

Immediate controlling party

- PA Lodge

### 11 Additional information

Lodge Roofing Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales.

Its registered number is:

02591444

Its registered office is:

14a Depot Road

Newmarket

Suffolk

CB8 0AL