Registered number: 02586422

SYSCOM (U.K.) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The Curtis Partnership 1 Tape Street Cheadle Stoke On Trent Staffordshire ST10 1BB

Syscom (U.K.) Limited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

Contents

	Page
Company Information	1
Accountant's Report	2
Statement of Financial Position	3—4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5—9

Syscom (U.K.) Limited Company Information For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

Directors Mrs Angela Charlton

Ms Jenny Charlton

Company Number 02586422

Registered Office 1 Tape Street

Cheadle

Stoke On Trent Staffordshire ST10 1BB

Accountants The Curtis Partnership

1 Tape Street

Cheadle

Stoke On Trent Staffordshire ST10 1BB

Syscom (U.K.) Limited Accountant's Report For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

Report to the directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts of Syscom (U.K.) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023

To assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, I have prepared for your approval the accounts of Syscom (U.K.) Limited which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Financial Position and the related notes, from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html.

This report is made to the directors of Syscom (U.K.) Limited , as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated . Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Syscom (U.K.) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the directors of Syscom (U.K.) Limited , as a body, in this report in accordance with the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Syscom (U.K.) Limited and its directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Syscom (U.K.) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of Syscom (U.K.) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Syscom (U.K.) Limited . For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

Olgilod		

Signed

4th November 2023

The Curtis Partnership 1 Tape Street Cheadle Stoke On Trent Staffordshire ST10 1BB

Syscom (U.K.) Limited Statement of Financial Position As At 30 June 2023

Registered number: 02586422

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	5		157,987		172,402
Investments	6		49		-
			158,036		172,402
CURRENT ASSETS			130,030		172,402
Debtors	8	338,273		345,520	
Cash at bank and in hand		355,152		314,448	
		693,425		659,968	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	9	(52,769)		(146,641)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			640,656		513,327
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			798,692		685,729
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year			(52,127)		(49,661)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				•	
Deferred Taxation	10		(7,059)	_	(9,214)
NET ASSETS			739,506		626,854
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		100		50
Capital redemption reserve			50		50
Income Statement			739,356		626,754
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		,	739,506	,	626,854

Syscom (U.K.) Limited Statement of Financial Position (continued) As At 30 June 2023

For the year ending 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income Statement.

On behalf of the board	
Mrs Angela Charlton	Ms Jenny Charlton
Director	Director
4th November 2023	

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

Syscom (U.K.) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 02586422. The registered office is 1 Tape Street, Cheadle, Stoke On Trent, Staffordshire, ST10 1BB.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Going Concern Disclosure

The directors have not identified any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

2.3. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.4. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to income statement over its estimated economic life of years.

2.5. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold 2% SL Leasehold 2% SL

Plant & Machinery 25% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures & Fittings 25% Reducing Balance
Computer Equipment 25% Reducing Balance

2.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

2.7. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.9. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the income statement in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the income statement. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the income statement over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the income statement over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the income statement are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 2 (2022: 2)

5. Tangible Assets

Land & Property					
	Freehold	Leasehold	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 July 2022	118,252	35,471	72,167	56,035	281,925
Additions	-	-	1,973	-	1,973
Disposals			(2,275)	-	(2,275)
As at 30 June 2023	118,252	35,471	71,865	56,035	281,623
Depreciation					
As at 1 July 2022	30,747	-	64,767	14,009	109,523
Provided during the period	2,365	709	2,192	10,507	15,773
Disposals		<u>-</u>	(1,660)	-	(1,660)
As at 30 June 2023	33,112	709	65,299	24,516	123,636
Net Book Value				_	
As at 30 June 2023	85,140	34,762	6,566	31,519	157,987
As at 1 July 2022	87,505	35,471	7,400	42,026	172,402

6. Investments

	Unlisted
	£
Cost	
As at 1 July 2022	-
Additions	49
As at 30 June 2023	49
Provision	
As at 1 July 2022	<u> </u>
As at 30 June 2023	<u> </u>
Net Book Value	
As at 30 June 2023	49
As at 1 July 2022	-

8. Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	900	900
Prepayments and accrued income	35,324	39,848
Other debtors	50	-
Other taxes and social security	727	-
	37,001	40,748
Due after more than one year		
Other debtors SFFC	301,272	304,772
	301,272	304,772
	338,273	345,520
9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	461	685
Corporation tax	39,132	40,105
VAT	367	27,152
Accruals and deferred income	3,375	2,475
Directors' loan accounts	9,434	76,224
	52,769	146,641
10. Deferred Taxation		
The provision for deferred tax is made up as follows:		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Other timing differences	7,059	9,214
11. Provisions for Liabilities		
	Deferred Tax	Total
	£	£
As at 1 July 2022	9,214	9,214
Deferred taxation	(2,155)	(2,155)
Balance at 30 June 2023	7,059	7,059
		

12. Share Capital

	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	50

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.