Company registration number 02584848 (England and Wales)	
CASTLE HYDRAULICS & PNEUMATICS LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Director** Mr C M Harbidge

Secretary Mr C M Harbidge

Company number 02584848

Registered office Unit 3

Amherst Business Centre Budbrooke Industrial Estate

Warwick CV34 5WE

Accountants The Ollis Partnership Limited

Nelson House 2 Hamilton Terrace Leamington Spa Warwickshire CV32 4LY

Business address Unit 3

Amherst Business Centre Budbrooke Industrial Estate

Warwick CV34 5WE

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# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CASTLE HYDRAULICS & PNEUMATICS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023 set out on pages 2 to 6 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 3 March 2015. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited and its board of directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited. You consider that Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

The Ollis Partnership Limited

1 September 2023

**Chartered Accountants** 

Nelson House 2 Hamilton Terrace Learnington Spa Warwickshire CV32 4LY

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## **AS AT 30 JUNE 2023**

		2023	3	2022	<u>:</u>
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		13,388		17,214
Current assets					
Stocks		230,655		215,401	
Debtors	5	319,003		288,144	
Cash at bank and in hand		433,693		260,806	
		983,351		764,351	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(162,609)		(141,299)	
Net current assets			820,742		623,052
Total assets less current liabilities			834,130		640,266
Provisions for liabilities			(3,347)		(4,303)
Net assets			830,783		635,963
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			56		56
Capital redemption reserve			44		44
Profit and loss reserves			830,683		635,863
Total equity			830,783		635,963

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 1 September 2023

Mr C M Harbidge

Director

Company Registration No. 02584848

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Castle Hydraulics & Pneumatics Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 3, Amherst Business Centre, Budbrooke Industrial Estate, Warwick, CV34 5WE.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

## 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements10% Straight LinePlant and machinery25% reducing balanceFixtures, fittings & equipment25% reducing balanceMotor vehicles25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

## 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### Basic financial assets and liabilities

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transactional price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tay

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

## 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

## 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 7 (2022 - 5).

			2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total		7	5
4	Tangible fixed assets	Land and buildingsma	Plant and achinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	3,180	109,986	113,166
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 July 2022	-	95,952	95,952
	Depreciation charged in the year	318	3,508	3,826
	At 30 June 2023	318	99,460	99,778
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 June 2023	2,862	10,526	13,388
	At 30 June 2022	3,180	14,034	17,214

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

[	Debtors	0000	0000
,	Amounts falling due within one year:	2023 £	2022 £
7	Trade debtors	315,117	284,560
(	Other debtors	3,886	3,584
		319,003	288,144
(	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2023 £	2022 £
7	Trade creditors	74,210	73,930
	Trade creditors Corporation tax	74,210 53,207	73,930 37,625
(		'	
(	Corporation tax	53,207	37,625

# 7 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Within one year	24,400	15,450
Between two and five years	44,425	11,200
In over five years	9,167	-
	77,992	26,650

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.