Art Pattern Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 2584243 31 March 1999

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1999.

Principal activities

The company is engaged in the manufacture of patterns, press knives, dies, punches, forme cutters, magnetic cutting systems and the sale of reconditioned machinery.

Business review

The result for the year is shown in the profit and loss account on page 5.

Year 2000

The company has experienced no problems as a result of the Year 2000 problem and none are expected in the near future. However, this is a complex problem and progress will continue to be monitored but any issues are expected to be minor.

Market value of land and buildings

In the opinion of the directors the market value of the land and buildings is not significantly different from their value in the accounts.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors, all of whom served throughout the year, together with their share interests in the company are as follows:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	At 31 March	At 31 March
	1999	1998
Mr ET Chapman	30,002	30,002
Mr RR Coleman	18,002	18,002
Mr P Franks	20,000	20,000
Mr MP Langham	20,000	20,000
Mr R Fuller	20,000	20,000

Directors' report (continued)

Directors and directors' interests

According to the register of directors' interests, no rights to subscribe for shares in the company were granted to any of the directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them during the financial year except as indicated below:

	Number of options At start and end of year		Date from which exerciseable	Expiry date
Mr KS Demorais	12,000	£2.20	7.11.1999	7.11.2006

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

ET Chapman

Secretary

Bedford Street Leicester

28 January 2000

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Auditors' report to the members of Art Pattern Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 19.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

28 January 2000

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 March 1999

	Note	1999 £	1998 £
Turnover		6,929,795	7,487,346
Change in stocks of finished goods and work in progress Raw materials and consumables Staff costs Other external charges Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible and intangible fixed assets Other operating charges	4	(82,710) (2,631,954) (2,593,840) (283,675) (118,212) (938,959)	264,831 (3,318,997) (2,708,117) (363,855) (121,665) (1,032,235)
Operating profit		280,445	207,308
Interest payable and similar charges Interest payable Exchange loss on loan to subsidiary undertaking	5	159,118 12,300 (171,418)	(146,012)
Exceptional item	2	(19,400)	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	89,627	61,296
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(20,220)	(48,242)
Retained profit for the year		69,407	109,538

A statement of movement in reserves is set out on page 17.

All activities relate to continuing operations.

Balance sheet at 31 March 1999

	Note	1999		1998	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7		866,221		920.202
Intangible assets	8		27,990		829,392 32,930
Investments	9		198,460		230,160
111.20					
			1,092,671		1,092,482
Current assets					
Stocks	10	656,147		728,971	
Debtors	11	2,099,807		2,250,071	
Cash at bank and in hand		549		312	
		2,756,473		2,979,354	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	12	(2,024,157)		(2,305,088)	
Net current assets	11				
Due within one year	′′ г	717,316	Г	674,266	
Due after more than one year		15,000	732,316	-	674,266
	_		·	J	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,824,987		1,766,748
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	13		(314,480)		(320,148)
Descriptions for Robilities and showers	14				(F. F.O.O.)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	14				(5,500)
Net assets			1,510,507		1,441,100
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		120,004		120,004
Other reserves	16		438,016		438,016
Profit and loss account	16		952,487		883,080
Shareholders funds - equity interests			1,510,507		1,441,100

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 28 January 2000 and signed on its behalf by:

EF Chapman

Director

Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 1999			
	Note	1999 £	1998 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash flow from operating activities			
Operating profit		280,445	207,308
Depreciation and amortisation charges		118,211	121,665
(Profit)/loss on sale of fixed assets		(7,073)	30,483
Decrease/(increase) in stocks		72,824	(289,927)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		150,264	(415,092)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors		(550,800)	704,975
Net cash inflow from operating activities		63,871	359,412
			
Cash flow statement			
Cash flow from operating activities		63,871	359,412
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	20	(166,650)	(149,389)
Taxation		(39,571)	(20,715)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	20	23,991	(96,278)
Cash (outflow)/inflow before financing		(118,359)	93,030
Financing	20	(157,272)	(158,117)
Decrease in cash in the year		(275,631)	(65,087)
The state of the s			
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt	21		
Decrease in cash in the year		(275,631)	(65,087)
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		177,272	158,117
New finance leases		(167,018)	(210,453)
Movement in net debt in the year		(265,377)	(117,423)
Net debt at the start of the year		(907,547)	(790,124)
Net debt at the end of the year		(1,172,924)	(907,547)

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

for the year ended 31 March 1999

	1999	1998
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	69,407	109,538
Other recognised gains relating to the year	-	95,065
Net addition to shareholders' funds	69,407	204,603
Opening shareholders' funds	1,441,100	1,236,497
Closing shareholders' funds	1,510,507	1,441,100
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	1999 £	1998 £
Profit for the financial year Know-how treated as part of cost of investment in subsidiary undertaking Unrealised profit on assets transferred to subsidiary	69,407 - -	109,538 50,000 45,065
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	69,407	204,603

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

The company is exempt by virtue of s248 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group accounts. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of businesses (representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the separate net assets acquired) is written off against reserves. Any excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the fair value of the consideration given (negative goodwill) is credited direct to reserves.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by annual instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings - 2% per annum reducing balance
Plant and machinery - 15% per annum reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 10% per annum reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% per annum reducing balance
Computer software - 33.3% per annum reducing balance

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Design rights - 15% per annum reducing balance

Investments

Investments are started at cost less amounts written off.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leases

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the company.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year, after deduction of value added tax and trade discounts.

Employee share schemes

The cost of awards to employees that take the form of shares or rights to shares are recognised over the period of the employee's related performance. Where there are no performance criteria, the cost is recognised when the employee becomes unconditionally entitled to the shares.

Research and development costs

Expenditure on research and development is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	1999	1998
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated		
after charging		
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit	9,000	9,000
Other services - fees paid to the auditor	11,877	11,762
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible and intangible fixed assets	118,212	121,665
Rent of property under operating lease	87,700	77,700

The exceptional item relates to a provision for diminution in the value of own shares.

3 Remuneration of directors

	1999 £	1998 £
Directors' emoluments	312,080	331,997
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	40,850	40,018
	=====	===

The aggregate of emoluments of the highest paid director were £71,578 (1998: £68,507), and company pension contributions of £5,000 (1998: £5,060) were made to a money purchase scheme on his behalf.

	Number of directo	
	1999	1998
Retirement benefits are accruing to the following number of directors under:		
Moncy purchase schemes	6	6
The number of directors in respect of whose services shares are receivable under long		 _
term incentive schemes is:	1	1
	====	

4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year analysed by category was as follows:

category was as ronows.	1999 Number	1998 Number
Management Sales and administration Design and production	12 11 107	12 14 118
	130	144
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	1999 £	1998 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension and private health costs	2,273,990 214,103 105,747	2,379,355 224,385 104,377
	2,593,840	2,708,117
5 Interest payable and similar charges		
	1999 £	1998 £
On bank loans and overdrafts Debenture interest Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases and hire purchase contracts Exchange loss on loan to subsidiary undertaking	127,404 8,734 22,980 12,300	117,896 2,917 25,199
	171,418	146,012
6 Taxation		
	1999 £	1998 £
UK corporation tax at 21% (1998 : 21%) on the profit for the year on ordinary activities Deferred taxation credit Under provision in previous years	19,000 (2,000) 3,220	8,800 (58,875) 1,833
	20,220	(48,242)

7 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures fittings tools and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£	£
At beginning of year	231,637	707,741	81,569	219,213	1,240,160
Additions	231,037	172,777	61,509	1,500	174,277
Disposals	(616)	(90,347)	(1,278)	(13,650)	(105,275)
•					
At end of year	231,021	790,171	80,291	207,063	1,308,546
Depreciation and diminution in value		<u> </u>			
At beginning of year	30,738	243,999	56,386	79,645	410,768
Charge for year	4,020	72,038	2,556	34,657	113,271
Disposals	(594)	(70,805)	(1,127)	(9,188)	(81,120)
,					
At end of year	34,164	245,232	57,815	105,114	442,325
Net book value					
At 31 March 1999	196,857	544,939	22,476	101,949	866,221
					
At 31 March 1998	200,899	463,742	25,183	139,568	829,392
	•			<u> </u>	
The net book value of land a	and buildings compr	ises·			
The flet book (while of land a		1005.		1999	1998
				£	£
Freehold				196,857	200 074
Short leasehold				190,05/	200,874 25
Short reasonord				-	23
				196,857	200,899

Included in the total net book value of tangible fixed assets is £392,650 (1998: £315,954) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £49,430 (1998: £44,407).

8 Intangible fixed assets

	Design rights £
Cost At 1 April 1998 and 31 March 1999	35,842
Amortisation At 1 April 1998 Charge for year	2,912 4,940
At 31 March 1999	7,852.
Net book value At 31 March 1999	27,990
At 31 March 1998	32,930

9 Investments

	Own shares	Shares in group undertakings £	Loan to group undertaking £	Total £
Cost At beginning of year Exchange adjustment	55,500	88,519	123,000 (12,300)	267,019 (12,300)
At end of year	55,500	88,519	110,700	254,719
Provisions At beginning of year Charge for year	(19,400)	(36,859)	- -	(36,859) (19,400)
At end of year	(19,400)	(36,859)	-	(56,259)
Net book value At 31 March 1999	36,100	51,660	110,700	198,460
At 31 March 1998	55,500	51,660	123,000	230,160
	=			

The company owns the entire share capital of Stanley Press Knives Limited, Magnaflex Systems Limited and Envelope Machines Direct Limited. All companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. None of the companies has traded since acquisition.

The company also owns 69% of the share capital of Art Pattern Kalkman BV which is incorporated and registered in Holland. No accounts are available for the company.

At the end of the year Stanley Press Knives Limited, Magnaflex Systems Limited and Envelope Machines Direct Limited had total share capital and reserves of £23,041, (1998: £23,041), £58,428 (1998: £58,428), and £100 (1998: £100).

Own shares relate to payments to The Art Pattern Employee Benefit Trust relating to the purchase of 12,000 shares which in the future will be distributed to directors under a share option scheme. The nominal value of these shares is £12,000. The provision represents a write down of the difference between the cost of the shares and the exercise option price of £2.20 over the period between the date when the option was granted and the date the option is exerciseable in November 1999.

10 Stocks

	1999 £	1998 £
Raw materials and consumables	243,258	233,372
Work in progress	412,889	495,599
	656,147	728,971
		
11 Debtors	1999 £	1998 £
Trade debtors	2,064,655	2,229,301
Amount owed by subsidiary undertaking	16,428	3,323
Other debtors	6,067	738
Prepayments and accrued income	12,657	16,709
	2,099,807	2,250,071

In 1999 the amount owed by subsidiary undertaking includes a loan of £15,000 (1998: £Nil) relating to Art Pattern Kalkman BV in which Art Pattern Limited has a 69% shareholding. This loan is interest free and has no fixed repayment date, but will not be payable within one year of the balance sheet date.

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	1999	1998
	£	£
Debenture loan	20,000	20,000
Bank loans and overdrafts	749,663	471,559
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	109,300	96,152
Trade creditors	865,689	1,382,531
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking	81,546	81,546
Other creditors including taxation and social security:		
Corporation tax	35,731	47,593
Other taxes and social security	58,049	87,461
Other creditors	7,394	29,520
Accruals and deferred income	96,785	88,726
	2,024,157	2,305,088

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a fixed charge over the company's freehold property and fixed and floating charges over the assets and undertakings of the company.

13 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	1999	1998
	£	£
Debenture loan	40,000	60,000
Bank loans repayable in less than five years	95,105	127,503
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	179,375	132,645
	314,480	320,148
		

The debenture loan is repayable by equal annual instalments of £20,000. Interest is charged at 10% per annum and the debenture is secured by fixed charge on the company's property and fixed and floating charges over the assets and undertakings of the company.

The bank loan is repayable by equal monthly instalments of £3,361 and interest is charged at 2.25% above the bank base rate.

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured upon the assets to which they relate.

14 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Deferred taxation

At beginning of year Credit for the year Overprovided in previous year				5,500 2,000 (3,500)
At end of year				
An analysis is set out below:	1	999	19	98
	Provided £	Unprovided £	Provided £	Unprovided £
Accelerated capital allowances	-	98,000	5,500	85,000

15 Called up share capital

	1999	1998
	£	£
Authorised:		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	250,000	250,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	120,004	120.004
Ordinary shares of 21 each	120,004	120,004

16 Reserves

	Other reserves	Profit and loss account
	£	£
At beginning of year Retained profit for the year	438,016 -	883,080 69,407
At end of year	438,016	952,487

The cumulative amount of goodwill written off against other reserves amount to £115,520 (1998 : £115,520).

The gross negative consolidation adjustment arising on business acquisitions amounts to £398,201 (1998: £398,201).

17 Pension scheme

As explained in the accounting policies set out on page 10, the company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay, contributions being charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the company. The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method.

The charge for the year is £96,104 (1998:£94,942).

18 Commitments

a)	Capital commitments		
		1999	1998
		£	£
	Contracted:		
	Finance leases, the incention of which occurs after the year end	14.000	_

b) Operating lease commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		1999	1998	}
	Land and buildings £	Other £	Land and buildings £	Other £
Operating leases which expire: Within one year	22,500			8,560
Within two to five years	65,200	-	77,700	-
	87,700	-	77,700	8,560
	= 			

19 Related party transactions

During the year Art Pattern Limited traded with its subsidiary undertkaing, Art Pattern Kalkman BV. Turnover amounted to £16,428 (1998: £3,323) and this amount is included in debtors at 31 March 1999.

20 A	nalysis	of cash	ı flows
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	1999 £	1999 £	1998 £	1998
Returns on investment and servicing of finance	x	æ.	r	£
Interest paid Interest element of finance lease and hire	(143,670)		(124,190)	
purchase liabilities	(22,980)		(25,199)	
parenase hashines		(166,650)		(149,389)
Capital expenditure and financial investment				
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(7,259)		(17,419)	
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	-		(35,842)	
Purchase of own shares	-		(55,500)	
Payments to acquire subsidiary undertaking	=		(8,519)	
Sale of plant and machinery	31,250		21,002	
		23,991		(96,278)
Financing				
Repayment of finance leases and hire purchase				
liabilities	(107,140)		(121,793)	
Loan finance repaid	(30,132)		(176,324)	
New bank loan	-		160,000	
Debenture loan repaid	(20,000)		(20,000)	
		(157,272)		(158,117)

21 Analysis of net debt

	At beginning of year	Cash flow	Other non cash changes	At end of year
Code in head of head			~	
Cash in hand, at bank Overdrafts	312 (444,084)	207 (275,838)		519 (719,922)
	(**************************************			(* 123,224)
		(275,631)		
Debt due after one year	(187,503)	22,657	29,741	(135,105)
Debt due within one year	(47,475)	47,475	(29,741)	(29,741)
Finance leases and hire purchase liabilities	(228,797)	107,140	(167,018)	(288,675)
		177,272		
				
Total	(907,547)	(98,359)	(167,018)	(1,172,924)
