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Director's Report and Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 July 2020

Company Number 02583905

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Company Information

Director

G P C Mackay

Company secretary

G P C Mackay

Registered number

02583905

Registered office

6th Floor Design Centre East

Chelsea Harbour

London SW10 0XF

Accountant

BDO LLP

3 Hardman Street Manchester M3 3AT

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Director's Report For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2020.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was to provide finance to related companies and associated treasury services.

Director

The director who served during the year was:

G P C Mackay

Going Concern

The director of the Company has assessed the impact of COVID-19. The situation is evolving and it is not possible at this stage to determine with any certainty the impact on the Company, its customers, employees and suppliers. The director continually reviews his plans and forecasts and believe that the going concern basis is appropriate.

The directors has assessed the going concern status of the company and whilst the company has made a loss, he has concluded there is no material uncertainty over the going concern status of the company. As the main shareholder he will continue to support the entity financially for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these accounts.

Director's responsibilities statement

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Director's Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the director has taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 28 January 2022

and signed on its behalf.

G P C Mackay Director

Chartered Accountant's Report to the Director on the Unaudited Financial Statements of Assettrust Limited For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Assettrust Limited for the year ended 31 July 2020 which comprise of the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position and the related notes from the limited Company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icaew.com/regulation/a-z.

It is your duty to ensure that Assettrust Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Assettrust Limited. You consider that Assettrust Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Assettrust Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Assettrust Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 3 March 2020. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Assettrust Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Assettrust Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Assettrust Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

RDO LLP

BDO LLP
Chartered Accountants
Manchester
M3 3AT
United Kingdom
31 January 2022
BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Administrative expenses	(24,698)	(22,908)
Operating loss	(24,698)	(22,908)
Loss before tax	(24,698)	(22,908)
Tax on loss	•	-
Loss for the financial year	(24,698)	(22,908)

There was no other comprehensive income for 2020 (2019:£NIL).

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Assettrust Limited Registered number:02583905

Statement of Financial Position As at 31 July 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	12,392,155		8,571,964	
		12,392,155		8,571,964	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(8,058,399)		(4,213,510)	
Net current assets			4,333,756		4,358,454
Net assets			4,333,756		4,358,454
Capital and reserves				'	
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			4,333,754		4,358,452
			4,333,756		4,358,454

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on $26\sqrt{3}$

GPCMackay

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

1. General information

Assettrust Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity are set out in the Director's Report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The presentation currency is Pounds Sterling, which is the company's functional currency.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The director of the Company has assessed the impact of COVID-19. The situation is evolving and it is not possible at this stage to determine with any certainty the impact on the Company, its customers, employees and suppliers. The director continually reviews his plans and forecasts and believe that the going concern basis is appropriate.

The directors has assessed the going concern status of the company and whilst the company has made a loss, he has concluded there is no material uncertainty over the going concern status of the company. As the main shareholder he will continue to support the entity financially for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than its legal form.

The company's cash at bank and in hand and other debtors and its trade and other creditors are measured initially at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Recoverability of related party debtors

The recoverability of related party debtors is regularly reviewed in the light of the available economic information specific to each entity and specific provisions are recognised for balances considered to be irrecoverable.

4. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the director (2019 - 0).

5. Debtors

			2020 £	2019 £
Other debtors		· ;	12,392,155	8,571,964

Other debtors are to related parties and the director and are all repayable on demand.

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	5,091	4,845
Other creditors	8,032,765	4,194,269
Accruals	20,543	14,396
	8,058,399	4,213,510

Other creditors are to related parties and are all repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2020

7. Related party transactions

The following loans, included in other debtors and other creditors, were owed by G P C Mackay, the director of the company, and companies in which G P C Mackay is a shareholder and director:

	2020 £	2019 £
G P C Mackay Statuslist Limited GPCM Finco Limited GPCM Holdco Limited Worthearly Limited PXS Limited PXS 3 Limited Bivar Ltd	2,230,292 1,809,413 4,943,726 293,245 511,441 (3,754,560) (4,278,205) 2,604,038	1,520,885 2,750,414 3,830,062 59,685 410,916 (1,421,469) (2,039,173) (733,626)

During the year the company provided £17,304 (2019 - £3,906) against related party loans.

The loans to related parties do not bear any interest.

8. Controlling party

The company is controlled by G P C Mackay by virtue of shareholding.