Registration number: 02581304

Midchem Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 30 April 2014

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HW Leicester LLP Chartered Accountants Hamilton Office Park 31 High View Close Leicester LE4 9LJ

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(Registration number: 02581304)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 30 April 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets		64,348	66,539
Current assets			
Stocks		9,955	7,209
Debtors		27,350	13,418
Cash at bank and in hand		39,022	2,686
		76,327	23,313
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(37,380)	(18,400)
Net current assets		38,947	4,913
Total assets less current liabilities		103,295	71,452
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(29,133)	(23,233)
Provisions for liabilities		(5,889)	(5,889)
Net assets		68,273	42,330
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		67,273	41,330
Shareholders' funds		68,273	42,330

For the year ending 30 April 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the Board on 18 July 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

(Registration number: 02581304)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 30 April 2014

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Mr H S No

Director

Mrs J K Neer Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 30 April 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehilcles
Freehold Land & Buildings

Depreciation method and rate

15% reducing balance basis 15% reducing balance basis 25% reducing balance basis not provided

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 30 April 2014

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Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 May 2013	194,402	194,402
Additions	3,483	3,483
At 30 April 2014	197,885	197,885
Depreciation		
At 1 May 2013	127,863	127,863
Charge for the year	5,674	5,674
At 30 April 2014	133,537	133,537
Net book value		
At 30 April 2014	64,348	64,348
At 30 April 2013	66,539	66,539

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2014		20	2013	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	