Company registration number: 2575589

JJ&MD Knight Limited

Unaudited financial statements

31 December 2016

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Directors and other information

Director A H G Atkinson

Company number 2575589

Registered office 12 Bridgford Road

West Bridgford Nottingham NG2 6AB

Accountants Brooks Mayfield

12 Bridgford Road West Bridgford Nottingham NG2 6AB

Bankers TSB

High Street Melton Mowbray

Leicester LE13 0TS

Chartered accountants report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of J J & M D Knight Limited Year ended 31 December 2016

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of J J & M D Knight Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the director of J J & M D Knight Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 16 July 2010. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of J J & M D Knight Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than J J & M D Knight Limited and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that J J & M D Knight Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of J J & M D Knight Limited. You consider that J J & M D Knight Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of J J & M D Knight Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Brooks Mayfield
Chartered Accountants

12 Bridgford Road West Bridgford Nottingham NG2 6AB

Date: 27 April 2017

Statement of financial position 31 December 2016

	2016		2015		
	Note	£ .	3	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	901		1,042	
			901		1,042
Current assets			,		
Stocks		155		70	
Debtors:	_	0.004		5.550	
Amounts falling due within one year Cash at bank and in hand	7	8,301 23,917		5,552 11,144	
Substitution in hand					
Creditors: amounts falling due		32,373		16,766	
within one year	8	(13,036)		(15,076)	
Net current assets			19,337		1,690
Total assets less current liabilities			20,238		2,732
Net assets			20,238		2,732
Net assets			====	·	2,752
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			20,236		2,730
Shareholder funds			20,238		2,732
•					$\stackrel{\sim}{=}$

For the year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The shareholder has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 December 2016

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 April 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A H G Atkinson

Director

Company registration number: 2575589

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 December 2016

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	3
At 1 January 2015	2	1,534	1,536
Profit for the year		9,731	9,731
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	9,731	9,731
Dividends paid and payable		(8,535)	(8,535)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		(8,535)	(8,535)
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	2	2,730	2,732
Profit for the year		22,506	22,506
Total comprehensive income for the year		22,506	22,506
Dividends paid and payable		(5,000)	(5,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	•	(5,000)	(5,000)
At 31 December 2016	2	20,236	20,238

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 12 Bridgford Road, West Bridgford, Nottingham, NG2 6AB.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset; less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was 3 (2015: 3).

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2016	2015
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	300	347
		

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

6.	Tangible assets			
		Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost At 1 January 2016 Additions	37,515 159	800	38,315 159
	At 31 December 2016	37,674	800	38,474
	Depreciation At 1 January 2016 Charge for the year	36,998 169	275 131	37,273 300
	At 31 December 2016	37,167	406	37,573
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2016	507	394	901
	At 31 December 2015	517	525	1,042
7.	Debtors			
	Debtors falling due within one year are as follows:		2016	2015
	Trade debtors		£ 8,276	£ 5,527
	Other debtors		8,301	5,552
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2016	2015
			2016 £	2015 £
	Trade creditors		1,426	777
	Corporation tax		5,582	2,422
	Social security and other taxes Other creditors		- 6,028	2,959 8,918
			13,036	15,076

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2016				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		3	£	£	£
A H G Atkinson		(7,406) ———	7,965 ———	(5,000)	<u>(4,441)</u>
	2015				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
A H G Atkinson		(1,104)	698 	(7,000)	(7,406)

10. Controlling party

The controlling interest is held by the Director by way of being the sole shareholder in the company.

11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 January 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.