## **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 02537751**

# CARBON ENGINEERING LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014



# **TOPPING PARTNERSHIP** /

Chartered Accountants
40 Church Street
Leigh
Lancashire
WN7 1BB

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

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#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### **30 SEPTEMBER 2014**

		2014		2013	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		1,025	1,206	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		40		2,213	
Cash at bank and in hand		172,957		161,726	
		172,997		163,939	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		49,539		39,572	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		,	123,458	124,367	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		•	124,483	125,573	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			205	241	
•			124,278	125,332	
CARITAL AND DECEDINES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital	3		•	2	
Profit and loss account	3		124,276	125,330	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			124.278	125,332	
	•				

For the year ended 30 September 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30-01-15 and are signed on their behalf by:

& Barter

MRS F BAXTER Director

Company Registration Number: 02537751

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets includes expenditure incurred in bringing the assets into working condition for their intended use.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

15% reducing balance

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

Ordinary shares of £1 each

2.

· 3.

FIXED ASSETS		
		Tangible Assets £
COST		
At 1 October 2013 and 30 September 2014		9,434
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 October 2013		8,228
Charge for year		181
At 30 September 2014		8,409
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 30 September 2014	•	1,025
At 30 September 2013	·	1,206
SHARE CAPITAL	•	
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	2014	2013

No