FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 1996

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors have presented previously their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1996 which were distributed to members and filed with the Registrar of Companies. The company had taken advantage previously of the exemption, provided to it under Financial Reporting Standard 1 - Cash flow statements (revised 1996) issued by the Accounting Standards Board ("FRS1"), from preparing a cash flow statement as a result of the company being a subsidiary company. Subsequent to issuing such report and financial statements, the directors determined that it would be in the best interests of the company to include a cash flow statement and associated notes in accordance with FRS1 within such financial statements.

Therefore, the directors now present their report together with financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1996 including cash flow information in accordance with FRS1.

### Principal activities

The company operates principally as a residential property developer.

### **Business review**

There was a profit for the year after taxation amounting to £225,885 (1995: loss £373,880). The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend and the profit has therefore been transferred to reserves.

#### Directors

The membership of the Board at 31 December 1996 is set out below. All directors served throughout the year.

D A Cawthorne E A King I S Lyons M G Watling

N Ashley resigned as a director on 1 January 1996. D A Cawthorne resigned with effect from 1 March 1997. G J McCormack was appointed on 1 March 1997.

The interests of the directors who are directors of the parent company are disclosed in that company's financial statements.

Neither I S Lyons nor M G Watling held any shares in the parent undertaking at 31 December 1996 or 31 December 1995. Their interests in options for shares in the parent company are set out in note 11.

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

A E Mantz Secretary

14 September 1998

### REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF

### AMEY HOMES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 4 to 5.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### Explanatory paragraph

We reported on 25 March 1997 on the financial statements prepared by the company which were approved by the directors of the company on 21 March 1997. As explained in note 19, those financial statements did not include a cash flow statement and associated notes in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 1 - Cash flow statements (revised 1996) issued by the Accounting Standards Board ("FRS1") since the company had taken advantage of the exemption available to it under FRS1 as a subsidiary company. As also explained in note 19, the directors have determined that it would be in the best interests of the company to include a cash flow statement and associated notes in accordance with FRS1 within the company's financial statements. Accordingly, the directors have revised the financial statements to include a cash flow statement and associated notes (note numbers 19 to 21).

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1996 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

GRANT THORNTON
REGISTERED AUDITORS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

OXFORD 14 September 1998

#### PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosure of transactions with related parties on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary and the financial statements of its parent company are publicly available.

#### TURNOVER

Turnover and profit are recognised at the date of legal completion of contracts.

#### DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Leasehold improvements
Fixtures and fittings and equipment

Lease term 3 to 4 years

#### WORK IN PROGRESS

Housing developments in progress, representing land and related construction costs, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is the taxation attributable to timing differences between profits or losses computed for taxation purposes and results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is provided for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise and not provided for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will not crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rate at which it is estimated that the tax will be paid when the timing differences reverse.

#### CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION FUNDS

#### Defined benefit scheme

The pension costs charged against profits are based on actuarial methods and assumptions designed to spread the anticipated pension costs over the service lives of the employees in the scheme, so as to ensure that the regular pension cost represents a substantially level percentage of the current and expected future pensionable payroll. Variations from regular cost are spread over the average remaining service lives of current employees in the scheme.

### PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### LEASED ASSETS

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### INTEREST

Interest is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 1996

	Note	1996	1995
		£	£
Turnover	1	9,747,150	3,455,069
Cost of sales		(8,502,802)	(2,919,210)
Gross profit		1,244,348	535,859
Administrative expenses		(614,213)	(634,475)
Operating profit		630,135	(98,616)
Interest payable and similar charges	2	(287,636)	(275,860)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	342,499	(374,476)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(116,614)	596
Profit transferred to reserves	12	225,885	(373,880)

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year.

### BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 1996

	Note	1996	1996	1995	1995
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		16,624		28,472
Current assets					
Stocks	6	5,151,278		9,887,277	
Debtors	7	128,711		81,075	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	815,745		523,224	
Creditors: amounts falling due	_	6,095,734		10,491,576	
within one year	8	(2,123,589)		(7,256,313)	
Net current assets			3,972,145		3,235,263
Total assets less current liabilities		·	3,988,769	•	3,263,735
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	9		(1,592)		(2,443)
			3,987,177		3,261,292
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		4,000,000		3,500,000
Profit and loss account	12		(12,823)		(238,708)
Shareholders' funds	13		3,987,177		3,261,292

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 14 September 1998.

Director

Bustaples,

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

For the year ended 31 December 1996

		·	·——-
	Note	1996 £	1995 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	19	3,824,518	(5,299,376)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest paid		(287,636)	(275,860)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		(287,636)	(275,860)
Taxation		(114)	(2,265)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets		-	(21,716)
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment			(21,716)
Financing Issue of shares Net new borrowings/(repayment of borrowings)		500,000 (3,744,247)	2,500,000 3,237,808
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing		(3,244,247)	5,737,808
Increase in cash	20	292,521	138,591

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

1	TURNOVER AND PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
	The profit on ordinary activities is stated after:	1996 £	1995 £
	Auditors' remuneration	2,500	
	Depreciation and amortisation:	2,300	2,500
	Tangible fixed assets, owned	11,848	10,984
	Hire of plant and machinery	66,684	86,254
	Other operating lease rentals	30,500	25,300
2	NET INTEREST		
		1996	1995
		£	£
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans:		
	Repayable within 5 years, by instalments	251,376	269,441
	Interest payable to group undertakings	36,260	6,419
		287,636	275,860
_			
3	DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
	Staff costs during the year were as follows:	1996 £	1995 £
		•	_
	Wages and salaries	283,472	342,711
	Social security costs	22,929	28,626
	Other pension costs	21,543	27,532
		327,944	398,869
	The average number of employees of the company during the year was 14 (1995: 15).		
	Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows:	1996	1995
		£	£
	Management remuneration	114,901	94,658

The emoluments of the directors, excluding pension contributions, were as follows:

The highest paid director

1995

55,040

£

1996

58,471

£

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

The emoluments of the directors, excluding pension contributions, fell within the following ranges:

			1996 Number	1995 Number
	Nil - £5,000		3	3
	£35,001 - £40,000		-	1
	£45,001 - £50,000 £55,001 - £60,000		1	-
	£33,001 - £60,000		1	1
4	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
	The tax charge is based on the profit for the year and represents:			
			1996 £	1995 £
	7W7 G			
	UK Corporation tax at 33% (1995: 33%) Adjustment in respect of prior periods		116,500 114	(596)
	Adjustment in respect of prior periods			(390)
			116,614	(596)
5	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Leasehold	Fixtures	
		improve- ments	and fittings	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost At 1 January 1996	2,857	40,020	42,877
	Depreciation	286	14,119	14,405
	At 1 January 1996 Provided in the year	285	11,563	11,848
	1101,404 (10 ) (11	571	25,682	26,253
	Net book amount at 31 December 1996	2,286	14,338	16,624
	Net book amount at 31 December 1995	2,571	25,901	28,472

WORK IN PROGRESS

Trade debtors

6

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

		1996 £	1995 £
	Land held for development Housing developments in progress	5,151,278	1,889,914 7,997,363
		5,151,278	9,887,277
7	DEBTORS		
		1996 £	1995 £

Prepayments and accrued income	21,012 95,303	65,260 10,461
	128,711	81,075

### 8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

1996 £	1995 £
1,442,453	5,186,700
393,905	723,333
118,323	1,137,825
116,500	-
770	7,435
51,638	201,020
<u>2,123,589</u>	7,256,313
	£ 1,442,453 393,905 118,323 116,500 770 51,638

The bank loans are secured by a fixed charge over the relevant land under development. Repayment of loans are phased in accordance with plot sales anticipated to occur during 1997. The loans bear interest at 1.5% over Barclays base rate.

### 9 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	1996	1995
	£	£
Other creditors	1,592	2,443

12,396

1,548

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

### 10 SHARE CAPITAL

	1996 £	1995 £
Authorised Ordinary £1 shares	5,000,000	5,000,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary £1 shares	4,000,000	3,500,000

Allotments during the year

The company made an allotment of 500,000 ordinary £1 shares at par to its parent undertaking, Amey plc, on 11 January 1996.

### 11 SHARE OPTIONS

The interests of the directors, who are not also directors of the parent company, in options for shares in the parent company were as follows:

	At 1/1/96	Number of options exercised	At 31/12/96	Exercise price	Date from which exercisable	Expiry date
				£		
I S Lyons	10,302	-	10,302	1.61	9/6/97	8/6/04
I S Lyons	14,870	-	14,870	1.16	26/5/00	25/5/02
M G Watling	3,290	_	3,290	1.61	9/6/97	8/6/04
M G Watling	4,017	-	4,017	1.29	9/6/99	8/6/01
M G Watling	1,487	-	1,487	1.16	26/5/00	25/5/02

### 12 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

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At 1 January 1996 Retained profit for the year	(238,708) 225,885
At 31 December 1996	(12,823)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

### 13 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	1996 £	1995 £
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	225,885	(373,880)
Issue of shares	500,000	2,500,000
Net increase in shareholders' funds	725,885	2,126,120
Shareholders' funds at 1 January 1996	3,261,292	1,135,172
Shareholders' funds at 31 December 1996	3,987,177	3,261,292

#### 14 LEASING COMMITMENTS

Operating lease payments amounting to £30,500 (1995; £30,500) are due within one year. These leases relate to land and buildings and expire between two and five years (1995; two and five years).

### 15 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 1996 or 31 December 1995.

### 16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has entered into a joint and several guarantee for £10 million, with its fellow subsidiaries, to guarantee the bank borrowings of the parent company, Amey plc.

There were no other contingent liabilities at 31 December 1996 or 31 December 1995 except for the provision of guaranteed performance bonds in the normal course of trade.

#### 17 PENSIONS

Defined Benefit Scheme

The company is eligible to participate in a pension scheme operated by the group for the benefit of employees and directors. The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in funds independent from those of the group.

Pension costs in respect of final salary benefits are assessed in accordance with the advice of a qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The most recent valuation was conducted as at 6 April 1996. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are a rate of interest of 9% per annum and a rate of general salary increase of 7% per annum.

The valuation showed that the market value of the scheme's assets at that date amounted to £19,621,000 and the actual actuarial valuation of the scheme's assets of £16,558,000 was sufficient to cover 115% of the benefits that had accrued to members.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

### 18 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by Amey plc, the ultimate parent undertaking, which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the group accounts are available from Amey plc, Sutton Courtenay, Abingdon, Oxon OX14 4PP.

### 19 NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

1996	1995
£	£
630,135	(98,616)
11.848	10,984
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(6,099,556)
, ,	118,163
(1,505,828)	769,649
3,824,518	(5,299,376)
	630,135 11,848 4,735,999 (47,636) (1,505,828)

The company had taken advantage previously of the exemption, provided to it under Financial Reporting Standard 1 - Cash flow statements (revised 1996) issued by the Accounting Standards Board ("FRS1"), from preparing a cash flow statement as a result of the company being a subsidiary company. Subsequent to issuing financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1996, the directors determined that it would be in the best interests of the company to include a cash flow statement and associated notes in accordance with FRS1 within such financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements as presented previously have been revised to include the cash flow statement, as presented on page 8, and notes 19 to 21.

### 20 RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

	1996 £	1995 £
Increase in cash in the year Cash (inflow)/outflow from financing in the year	292,521 3,744,247	138,591 (3,237,808)
Change in net debt resulting from cashflows	4,036,768	(3,099,217)
Movement in net debt in the year Net debt at 1 January 1996	4,036,768 (4,663,476)	(3,099,217) (1,564,259)
Net debt at 31 December 1996	(626,708)	(4,663,476)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

### 21 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1 January 1996 £	Cash flow	At 31 December 1996 £
Cash in hand and at bank Debt	523,224 (5,186,700)	292,521 3,744,247	815,745 (1,442,453)
	(4,663,476)	4,036,768	(626,708)