Rule 4 223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

02475957

Name of Company

Staffordshire Tableware Ltd

I / We Howard Smith 1 The Embankment Neville St Leeds LS1 4DW

Mark Granville Firmin 8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date

12 5 1

KPMG LLP 1 The Embankment Neville St Leeds LS1 4DW

Ref S896440/SPC/LS



Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Staffordshire Tableware Ltd

Company Registered Number

02475957

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

03 May 2002

Date to which this statement is

brought down

02 May 2011

Name and Address of Liquidator

Howard Smith 1 The Embankment Neville St Leeds LS1 4DW Mark Granville Firmin 8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc. and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Real	lisations
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Realisation	•		
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	1,050,509 06
20/12/2010 05/04/2011 11/04/2011	PWC - receivers payment VAT HMRC	Funds from receivers VAT control VAT control	50,000 00 2,534 12 60,338 60
			1
			l L
		Carried Forward	1,163,381 78

Disbursements				
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount	
		Brought Forward	486,821 77	
16/11/2010 16/11/2010 16/11/2010 01/01/2011 10/03/2011 10/03/2011 18/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 23/03/2011 28/04/2011 28/04/2011	The Legal and Public Notices Advert The Legal and Public Notices Advert DTI Payment Fee ISA Banking Fee KPMG LLP KPMG LLP DTI Payment Fee Inland Rev DTI Payment Fee Distribution Distribution Tax Distribution NI Cheque Fee Re Distribution Dividend dividends ISA Banking Fee Iron Mountain (UK) Ltd Iron Mountain (UK) Ltd DTI Payment Fee	Statutory advertising VAT receivable Cheque/Payable order fee Bank charges Liquidator's fees VAT receivable Cheque/Payable order fee Non-preferential NIC Cheque/Payable order fee Trade & expense Redundancy Payments Service re empl Non-preferential NIC Cheque/Payable order fee Pension Scheme Employee balancing claims Bank charges Storage costs VAT receivable Cheque/Payable order fee Cheque/Payable order fee	973,879 05	

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 1,163,381 78 973,879 09
	Balance £	189,502 69
This balance is made up as follows 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 0 00 189,502 69
 4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 0 00 0	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		189,502 69

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

£

1,079,000 00

0 00

0 00

9,907,665 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash 2,083,750 00 Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash 0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

value of assets uncertain

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Finalisation of land overage, surplus from PWC and final dividend to unsecured creditors

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Within 12-18 months