REGISTERED NUMBER: 02455347 (England and Wales)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022
FOR
ST CLEMENTS SERVICES LIMITED

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COMPANY INFORMATION For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

DIRECTORS:

P L Babb

O Boumat J M Rubina L J Dawson

SECRETARIES:

R D Edmunds

L J Rowley

REGISTERED OFFICE:

4-6 Church Walk

Daventry

Northamptonshire

NN11 4BL

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02455347 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Fortus Audit LLP 1 Rushmills Bedford Road

Northampton Northamptonshire

NN4 7YB

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2022.

This Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies in accordance with section 415(A) of the Companies Act 2006. The directors have also taken advantage of the small companies' exemption from preparing a Strategic Report, provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is the development and support of software systems to assist suppliers and generators with managing wholesale electricity purchases, together with the development and support of other electricity industry related software systems, primarily for Distribution Network Operators (DNOs). The products and services are provided to a number of major electricity supply companies who are the shareholders of the company and to a broader constituency of electricity supply and distribution companies within Great Britain (GB).

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

In the year to 31 March 2022, the company achieved revenues of £4.2m (2022: £4.9m) and a pre-tax profit of £590k (2021: £1.4m).

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 March 2022.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2021 to the date of this report.

P L Babb O Bournat J M Rubina

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

D J Basterfield - resigned 22 July 2021 L J Dawson - appointed 23 July 2021

GOING CONCERN

The company's business activities are set out above and these are expected to continue for the foreseeable future. The company currently has good cash reserves, zero borrowing and does not anticipate the need for commercial borrowing facilities in the short-medium term. Due to the nature of the company's business and shareholding, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue its operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Fortus Audit LLP, are deemed to be re-appointed under Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director

e. 01/12/2022

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ST CLEMENTS SERVICES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of St Clements Services Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ST CLEMENTS SERVICES LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our gualit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ST CLEMENTS SERVICES LIMITED

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant frameworks which are directly relevant so specific assertions in the financial statements are those that relate to the reporting framework (UK GAAP and the Companies Act 2006) and the relevant tax compliance regulations in the UK.

We understood how the company is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of management and those responsible for legal and compliance procedures. We corroborated our enquiries through review of board minutes and discussions with those charged with governance.

We assess the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by discussion with management from various parts of the business to understand where they considered there was a susceptibility to fraud. We considered the procedures and controls that the company has established to prevent and detect fraud, and how these are monitored by management, and also any enhanced risk factors such as performance targets.

Based on our understanding, we designed our audit procedures to identify any non-compliance with laws and regulations identified in the paragraphs above.

We also performed audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Gary Woodhall

Gary Woodhall ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Fortus Audit LLP 1 Rushmills Bedford Road Northampton Northamptonshire NN4 7YB

Date: 1st December 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 £	` 2021 £
TURNOVER	3 '	4,158,093	4,948,867
Cost of sales		1,084,756	1,028,448
GROSS PROFIT		3,073,337	3,920,419
Administrative expenses		2,485,076	2.501,666
		588,261	1,418,753
Interest receivable and similar inc	ome	1,327	9,345
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	5	589,588	1,428,098
Tax on profit	6	110,961	271,852
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		478.627	1,156,246
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-	<u> </u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME F	FOR THE	478,627	1,156,246

ST CLEMENTS SERVICES LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 02455347)

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2022

		202		202	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	_				
Tangiblé assets	7		46,876		56,146
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	707,541		989,671	
Investments	9	3,150,744		2,900,704	
Cash at bank and in hand	•	2,483,435		2,101,442	
Cash at Dark and III hard		2,400,400		2,101,442	
	•	6,341,720		5,991,817	
CREDITORS		0,0 ,. = 0		0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Amounts falling due within one year	10	1,675,183		1,811,742	
•					
NET CURRENT ASSETS			4,666,537		4,180,075
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,713,413		4,236,221
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12		7,420		8,855
NET ASSETS			4,705,993		4,227,366
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	13		40		40
Special reserve	14		188.529		177.523
Retained earnings	14		4,517,424		4,049,803
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,705,993		4,227,366

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Special reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2020	40	2,900,467	170,613	3,071,120
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	 , .	1,149,336	6,910	1,156,246
Balance at 31 March 2021	40	4,049,803	177,523	4,227,366
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	, 	467,621	11,006	478,627
Balance at 31 March 2022	40	4,517,424	188,529	4,705,993

CASH FLOW STATEMENT For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 ₤	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities			-
Cash generated from operations Tax paid	18	921,567 (272,291)	1,382,475 <u>(99,975</u>)
Net cash from operating activities		649,276.	1,282,500
Cash flows from investing activities		•	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(18,570)	(32,166)
Management of liquid resources		(250,040)	(850,264)
Interest received		1,327	9,345
Net cash from investing activities		(267,283)	(873,085)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginnin	_	381,993	409,415
of year	19	2,101,442	1,692,027
		<u> </u>	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	19	2,483,435	2,101,442

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

St Clements Services Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

There were no material departures from the standard.

Significant Judgements and estimates

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The directors do not consider that there are any estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Turnove

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Improvements to property

- 10% on cost

Computer equipment

- 33% on cost and 10% on cost

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in period different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered based on suitable taxable profits from which future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balances sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - confinued For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Liquid resources

All amounts held on deposit of one year or less at investment date are treated as liquid resources and recognised within current asset investments.

Going concern

The company's business activities, together with factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Directors' report. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue its operational existence for the foreseeable future.

3. TURNOVER

Turnover is derived wholly from the United Kingdom and is attributable to one activity, which is considered the company's only operating segment.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

EIN TO LETS WIRD DIVIDIONS	2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries	1.644,047	1,685,878
Social security costs Other pension costs	200,652 206,571	201,120 208,575
	2,051,270	2,095,573
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	2022	2021
Technical	24	25
Administration	5	5
		30
	2022	2021
Directors' remuneration	£	£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - confinued For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	•		
5.	PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		
	The profit is stated after charging:		
	Hire of plant and machinery Other operating leases Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	2022 £ 2,624 77,724 27,840 8,400 2,100	2021 £ 2,587 77,463 36,570 8,000 2,000
6.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2022 £	2021 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax	112,396	272,291
	Deferred tax	(1,435)	(439)
	Tax on profit	110,961	271,852
	Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation is explained below:	n tax in the UK. 1	The difference
	•	2022	2021
	Profit before tax	£ 589,588	£ 1,428,098
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	112,022	271,339
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Deferred tax – origination/reversal of temporary differences respect of previous periods	374 (1,435)	513 439 (439)
	Total tax charge	110,961	271,852

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
•		Improvements to property £	Computer equipment	Totals £
	COST	~	•	
	At 1 April 2021	2,467	417,080	419,547
	Additions Disposals	-	18,570 _(13,523)	18,570 _(13,5 <u>23</u>)
			110,020	110,020
	At 31 March 2022	2,467	422,127	424,594
	DEPRECIATION		•	
	At 1 April 2021	2,467	360,934	363,401
	Charge for year	-	27,840	27,840
	Eliminated on disposal	 .	(13,523)	<u>(13,523</u>)
	At 31 March 2022	2,467	375,251	377,718
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2022	-	46,876	46,876
	At 31 March 2021	<u>-</u>	56,146	56,146
8.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			•
			2022	2021
	Trade debtors		£ 367,605	£ 642,125
	Prepayments and accrued income		339,936	347,546
			707,541	<u>989,671</u>
9.	CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS			
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Money market deposits		3,150,744	2,900,704
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2022	2021
	Trade creditors		£ 112,889	£ 80,439
	Corporation tax		112,396	272,291
	VAT		83,304	153,920
	Other creditors		681	572
	Accruals and deferred income	,	1,365,913	1,304,520
		:	1,675,183	1,811,742

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

11.	LEASING AGE	REEMENTS				
	Within one ye	ear	non-cancellable ope	erating leases fall due	2022 £ 29,046	2021 £ 41,880
	Between one	and five years			<u>4,898</u> <u>33,944</u>	14.694 56,574
12.	PROVISIONS I	FOR LIABILITIES			2022	2021
	Deferred tax				£ <u>7,420</u>	£ 8,855
		•				Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 Origination / temporary di	reversal of				8,855 (1,435)
	Balance at 3	1 March 2022				7,420
13.	CALLED UP SH	IARE CAPITAL				
	Number:	ed and fully paid: Class:		Nominal value:	2022 £	2021 £
	40	Ordinary		1	40	40
14.	RESERVES			Retained eamings £	Special reserve	Totals £
	At 1 April 202 Profit for the y Transfer			4,049,803 478,627 (11,006)	177,523 11,006	4,227,326 478,627
	At 31 March 2	2022		4.517,424	188,529	4,705,953

The Special reserve was created as a result of capital contributions by the shareholders. There was a transfer to the Special reserve in the year to increase it in line with CPI movement during the year.

15. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company makes contributions to defined contribution pension schemes for all employees. Liability is limited to the premiums paid which are charged against profits in the year of payment. Funds are held separately from the company. Contributions paid for the year ending 31 March 2022 were £206,571 (2021: £208,575). There were no outstanding contributions at the year end (2020: £nil) that had not been paid over to the scheme.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - confinued For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

16.	RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES		
	Entitles with control, joint control or significant influence over the entity		
	Elimes will conto, join contor of signate and unfocuted over the climy	2022	2021
		£	£
	Sales	1,360,350	1,359,260
	Amount due from related party	82,324	176,044
	Key management personnel of the entity or its parent (in the aggregate)		
		2022	2021
	Barrage P	£	£
	Remuneration	517,431	462,506
17.	ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY		
•	There is no ultimate controlling party.		
18.	RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM	OPERATIONS	
10.	:	2022	2021
		£	£
	Profit before taxation	589,588	1,428,098
	Depreciation charges	27,839	36,570
	Finance income	(1,327)	(9,345)
		616,100	1,455,323
	Decrease in trade and other debtors	282,131	83,993
	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	23,336	(156,841)
	Cash generated from operations	921,567	1,382,475
19,	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:	and cash equ	uivalents are in
	Year ended 31 March 2022		
	real ended of march 2022	31.3.22 £	1. 4 .21
	Cash and cash equivalents	2,483,435	2,101,442
	Year ended 31 March 2021		
		31.3.21	1.4.20
	Cach and each equivalents	£	£
	Cash and cash equivalents	2,101,442	1,692,027

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

20.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS			
		At 1.4.21 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.22 £
	Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	2,101,442	381,993	2,483,435
		2,101,442	381,993	2,483,435
	Liquid resources			
	Current asset investments	2,900,704	250,040	3,150,744
		2,900,704	250,040	3,150,744
	Total	5,002,146	632,033	5,634,179