The Companies Act 1985

Private Company Limited by Shares

Company Number: 2441302

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MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

ST HILDA'S WHARF (WAPPING) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Indity Grated the 9th November, 1989



Jordan & Sons Limited
Company Formation and Information Specialists
Legal Stationers and Publishers
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THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

ST HILDA'S WHARF (WAPPING) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

- 1. The Company's name is "ST HILDA'S WHARF (WAPPING) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED".
- 2. The Company's registered office is to be situated in England & Wales.
- 3. The Company's objects are :-
- (a) To carry on the businesses of property management in all its branches, to manage flats, houses, shops, offices, factories, estates, land, farms and all other property, to collect rents and income, to undertake the preparation of estate accounts and audits and the financial management of estates; and to supervise and undertake all necessary repairs. alterations and improvements to the property managed by the Company; to supply to tenants and occupiers, catering and other services and all conveniences and amenities commonly required therewith; to acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise for development, investment or resale and to traffic in land and house and other property of any tenure or any interest therein, and to create reserve, sell and deal in freehold and leasehold ground rents and to make advances upon the security of land or house or other property or any interest therein, whether erected or in course of erection, and whether on first mortgage or subject to a prior mortgage or mortgages; and generally to deal in, traffic by way of sale, lease, exchange or otherwise land, house property and any other property (whether real or personal) and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, to acquire and take over businesses or undertakings of all kinds, and to carry on, or dispose of, remove or put an end to the same or otherwise deal with the same as may seem expedient; and to carry on all or any of the businesses of building and civil engineering contractors, land, estate and property developers, repairers and jobbers, estate agents and managers, mortgage and insurance brokers and agents, surveyors, valuers and auctioneers, builders' merchants, plant hire specialists and contractors, merchants of, and dealers in plant, machinery, vehicles and appliances of all kinds, painters, decorators and plumbers, haulage and transport contractors, electricians and general engineers.

The carry callary other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the the control of the carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the company

To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property what her and any sights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property.

- the To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means accuire and protect, professed and renew whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any patents, patent rights, brounts of invention, licenses, secret processes, trade marks, designs, protections and concessons and to disclaim, after, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant feences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in the concesson, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any parson. Item, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person turn or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aloresaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received.
- (b) To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or atherwise, mortgage charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges and rights of the Construction of the
- (g) To invest a season the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may be set time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made
- (h) To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid).
- To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, clandard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on
- In To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue a wayses. Bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and with negotiable or transferable instruments.

- In apply for promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Popartment of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its constitution, or for other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem carrylated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (ii) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, impropriate legal or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think destable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, with privileges and concessions.
- Im) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bends obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world.
- (a) To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies.
- part of the business converted or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking and the company or to each of the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (p) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (q) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company. and to undertake and perform sub-contracts.
- To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company eather by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient
- (S) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, self-or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company
- To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and cubtombe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the

The first temployees or may be connected with any lown or place where 🜙 ।, CAT एक एक विश्वकारक 🐧 give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and The Circle allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide The facilities and services for any persons who are or have been Directors of, or ് ് ് ് വഹ നെന്നെ നറിയുടർ by or who are serving or have served the Company, or any ... AT This a supsidary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a ື່ວວ່າການປະຕິເຄດ Company of the predecessors in business of the Company of of any ് 🗼 ് ആ ha്ഷ്ന് or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children ് പ്രവാധ പാരു മേരൾ അളങ്ങൾ വിട്ടാവിട്ടാവിട്ടു to make payments towards insurance; ാ ് സ് റ്റ് റ്റ് റാർപ്രിക് വെള്ളൻ and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes कार विकास का का see a see gentributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of ം പറട പേരും children and other relatives and dependants; and to set up, The ruppert and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit াল র লোগের নামান্ত্রিক বা the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow ্বের বিষয়ে জেন্ত্রির রেপ বর্গর to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf the chapter any then purchase schemes to be established or maintained.

- (U. Stopect to and in accordance with a due compliance with the provisions of (Charis 156 to 158 (inclusive) of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be the cable to give whether directly or indirectly, any kind of financial assistance (as Chard in Section 152(1)(a) of the Act) for any such purpose as is specified in Section 151(1) and or Section 151(2) of the Act.
- ্ৰে To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature.
- (4)) To produce the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the $\cos \pi \theta$
- the To do all or any matters aforesaid in any part of the world and effect as principals entractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, twise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (y) To do all such that things as may by seemed incidental or conducive to the attangent of the Company subjects or any of them.

AND so that -

- (1) None of the objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause shall be reclinately construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such object, and name of such objects shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or a context set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this Clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.
- (2) None of the sub-clauses of this Clause and none of the objects therein the field shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to any of the objects specified in any the clause and the Company shall have as full a power to exercise each and the company shall have as full a power to exercise each and the company of the objects specified in each sub-clause of this Clause as though each such that contained the objects of a separate Company.

িল্ড word "Company" in this Clause, except where used in reference to the স্থান স্থানিত উত্তর্গাতেই to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether স্থানি কা নালাহত্যাভূতাৱালd and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or

- (b) To carry on any other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the Board of Directors be advantageously carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the businesses of the Company.
- (c) To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property.
- (d) To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licences, secret processes, trade marks, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- (e) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received.
- (f) To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (g) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made.
- (h) To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid).
- (i) To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it.
- (j) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.

- (k) To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (i) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (m) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world.
- (n) To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies.
- (o) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (p) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (q) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts.
- (r) To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient.
- (s) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company.
- (t) To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the

Company or its Directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been Directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants; and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such purchase schemes to be established or maintained.

- (u) Subject to and in accordance with a due compliance with the provisions of Sections 155 to 158 (inclusive) of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable), to give, whether directly or indirectly, any kind of financial assistance (as defined in Section 152(1)(a) of the Act) for any such purpose as is specified in Section 151(1) and/or Section 151(2) of the Act.
- (v) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature.
- (w) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world.
- (x) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (y) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them.

AND so that:-

- (1) None of the objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such object, and none of such objects shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this Clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company.
- (2) None of the sub-clauses of this Clause and none of the objects therein specified shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to any of the objects specified in any other such sub-clause, and the Company shall have as full a power to exercise each and every one of the objects specified in each sub-clause of this Clause as though each such sub-clause contained the objects of a separate Company.
- (3) The word "Company" in this Clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

(4) In this Clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1935, but so that any reference in this Clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force. 4. The liability of the Members is limited. 5. The Company's share capital is £390 divided into 39 shares of £10 each.			
		We, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum; and we agree to take the number of shares shown opposite our respective names.	
		Names and addresses of Subscribers	Number of shares taken by each Subscriber
1. Instant Companies Limited, 2, Baches Street, London N1 6UB	- One		
Swift Incorporations Limited Reches Street London N1 6UB	- One		
Total shares taken	- Two		
Dated the 31st day of October, 1989.			
Witness to the above Signatures:- Terry Jayne, 2, Baches Street London N1 6UB			

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

ST HILDA'S WHARF (WAPPING) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

- 1. (a) The Regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 as amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such Regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the regulations of the Company.
- (b) In these Articles the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.

ALLOTMENT OF SHARES

- 2. (a) Shares which are comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated shall be under the control of the Directors who may (subject to Section 80 of the Act and to paragraph (d) below) allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same, to such persons, on such terms and in such manner as they think (it.
- (b) All shares which are not comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated and which the Directors propose to issue shall first be offered to

the Members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of the existing shares held by them respectively unless the Company in General Meeting shall by Special Resolution otherwise direct. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a period (not being less than fourteen days) within which the offer. if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined. After the expiration of that period, those shares so deemed to be declined shall be offered in the proportion aforesaid to the persons who have, within the said period, accepted all the shares offered to them: such further offer shall be made in like terms in the same manner and limited by a like period as the original offer. Any shares not accepted pursuant to such offer or further offer as aforesaid or not capable of being offered as aforesaid except by way of fractions and any shares released from the provisions of this Article by any such Special Resolution as aforesaid shall be under the control of the Directors, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms, and in such manner as they think fit, provided that, in the case of shares not accepted as aforesaid, such shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable to the subscribers therefor than the terms on which they were offered to the Members. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph (b) shall have effect subject to Section 80 of the Act.

- (c) In accordance with Section 91(1) of the Act Sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
- (d) The Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of Section 80 of the Act, to exercise any power of the Company to allot and grant rights to subscibe for or convert securities into shares of the Company up to the amount of the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated at any time or times during the period of five years from the date of incorporation and the Directors may, after that period, allot any shares or grant any such rights under this authority in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the Company within that period. The authority hereby given may at any time (subject to the said Section 80) be renewed, revoked or varied by Ordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

SHARES

- 3. The lien conferred by Clause 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company. Clause 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- 4. The liability of any Member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of Clause 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment".

GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

5. (a) A notice convening a General Meeting shall be required to specify the general nature of the business to be transacted only in the case of special business and Clause 38 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.

All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and also all that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the

reports of the Directors and Auditors, and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of, the Auditors.

- (b) Every notice convening a General Meeting shall comply with the provisions of Section 372(3) of the Act as to giving information to Members in regard to their right to appoint proxies; and notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any Member is entitled to receive shall be sent to the Directors and to the Auditors for the time being of the Company.
- 6. (a) Clause 40 in Table A shall be read and construed as if the words "at the time when the Meeting proceeds to business" were added at the end of the first sentence.
- (b) If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a General Meeting the General Meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Directors may determine; and if at the adjourned General Meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned General Meeting shall be dissolved.
 - (c) Clause 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 7. (a) Clause 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- (b) The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the Directors may be determined from time to time by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting of the Company. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of Directors and the minimum number of Directors shall be one. Whensoever the minimum number of the Directors shall be one, a sole Director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the Directors generally, and Clause 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- (c) The Directors shall not be required to retire by rotation and Clauses 73 to 80 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
 - (d) No person shall be appointed a Director at any General Meeting unless either:-
 - (i) he is recommended by the Directors; or
- (ii) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the General Meeting, notice executed by a Member qualified to vote at the General Meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment, together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed.
- (e) Subject to paragraph (d) above, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting appoint any person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- (f) The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with paragraph (b) above as the maximum number of Directors and for the time being in force.

BORROWING POWERS

8. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to Section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 9. (a) An alternate Director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of Clause 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- (b) A Director, or any such other person as is mentioned in Clause 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate Director to represent more than one Director, and an alternate Director shall be entitled at any meeting of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors to one vote for every Director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a Director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

10. The office of a Director shall be vacated if he becomes incapable by reason of illness or injury of managing and administering his property and affairs, and Clause 81 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.

GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

- 11. (a) The Directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by Clause 3(t) of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers.
 - (b) Clause 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 12. (a) A Director may vote, at any meeting of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution as aforesaid his vote shall be counted; and in relation to any such resolution as aforesaid he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting.
 - (b) Clauses 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

INDEMNITY

- 13. (a) Every Director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his tayour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 144 or Section 727 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto. But this Article shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by Section 310 of the Act.
 - (b) Clause 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

14. The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, decline to register the transfer of a share, whether or not it is a fully paid share, and the first sentence of Clause 24 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.

Names and addresses of Subscribers

- Instant Companies Limited
 Baches Street
 London N1 6UB
- 2. Swift Incorporations Limited 2 Baches Street London N1 6UB

Dated this 31st day of October, 1989.

Witness to the above signatures, Terry Jayne
2 Baches Street
London N1 6UB

The regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so largesthey are not excluded or varied by its Articles of Association.

Table A as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 805), amended by the Companles (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S.I. 1985 No. 1052), is reprinted below.

Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

Regulations for Management of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

INTERPRETATION

1. In these regulations

The Act means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory medification or re-enactment incrent for the time being in force

the articles means the articles of the company.

Clear days' in relation to the pend of a notice means that pend excluding the day when the neuro is given or deemed to be given and the day for which dis given or on which it is to take effect.

executed includes any mode of execution

office means the registered effice of the company

'the holder in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of incomborn as the holder of its shares

'the seat' means the remmen soal of the company

'socretary' means the secretary of the company including a joint assistant or deputy secretary.

to remain your means Great Britain and Northern fretand Or deputy secretary

'the United Kingdom means Great Britain and Northern fretand
United the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in these regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutery mindification thereof not in force when these regulations become briding any statutery

SHARE CAPITAL

SHARE CAPITAL

2. Subject to the provisions of the Act and without projudice to any mathematical to any existing chares are share may he issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by crainary resolution determine

3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, chares may be paused which are to be redeered or are to be liable to be becomed at the option of the company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the previously the Act any such eleministion may be suisted by the payment of cash or by the allottement of liably or partly paid shares or partly in she way and positivin the other.

5. Except as required by law in approximation for exemples by the company as holding any state upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles "histary) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interesting any state except an absolute right to the criticity thereof in the heider.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

SHARE CERTIFICATES

6. Every 4 tembor upon becoming the higher of any chains, shell be critified without payment to one certificate for the shares of each class thrid by him and upon transferring a part of hich holding of shares of any class, for one emisse of hich shallowed for the balance of such holding for overal certificates on, his rince emisse of hich shallowed payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every certificate the first of such his sonable sand on all specify the number stass and distinguishing numbers in any of the size is to which treates and the amounter inspective amounts and with the size is to which treates and the amounter inspective amounts and with the care in the company shall not be bound his issue more than one certificate for chares in the only a safe for a sufficient delivery of all of them.

7. If a charecerthicate is defaced worn out lost or destroyed it may be in executing and payment of the expression and determine and indemnity and payment of the expression may determine but otherwise free of charge, and unlike case of defacement or wearung-out on delivery up of the old certificate.

LIEN

8 The company shallhave a list and paramount lieu on every share in at being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this sequent. In the company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a ben if a sum in respect of which the lion exist is presently pay able and a not paid within four teen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to time ensure of the death or bankrupicy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.

15 To give effect to a safe the directors may authouse some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to or in accordance with the directors of, the purchaser. The tiffe of the transfere to the shares shall not be effected by any irregulanty in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the

affected by any irregulanty in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the

sate

11. The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares said and subject to a like ten for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

12 Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nemnat value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least four teen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be madely pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be pestpained in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remainfiable for calls made upon him notwith standing the subsequent transfer of

the states in respect wheren't he call was made.

13. A call state bedoemed to have been made althours when there is in unoil the directors authorising the call was passed.

14. They in the screen tackabe shall be jurish and severally stated by a your also missing a state to a your also missing a state to a your also missing a state to a passed thereof.

15. If a call remains unpassed to state becomes also analyse about passed in the state of the call of the call of the analyse and payed be stated at the formation of the state of the call o

cases and tyme ACT, he direction on the may was or payments. The contents of the analysis of the contents of t

manys papers in special the first of times differ by the status.

28 Subject the prosessor of the Art times and many differ by the contemporary of the contemporary of the contemporary of the prosessor of the art of the papers of the contemporary of the property of the contemporary of the provided of the contemporary of the provided of the contemporary of the conte

TRANSFER OF SHARES
23. The instrument of transfer of a share may be many urgal form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and unless the share is fully paid, by or on to half of the

behalf of the transferor and unless the share is fully paid by or on to half of the transferce.

24. The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share who his real fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may nutser to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a con. They may nutser refuse the register a transfer unless.

(a) It is fodged at the office or at south other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it refates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

(b) It is in respect of only one class of short and the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transfere notice of the refusal.

26. The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods fnot exceeding theirly days in any year) as the directors may determine.

27. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer er other document relating to or affecting the title to any shar.

28. The company shall be critifed to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

19 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or line only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest, but nothing here in contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him. 20. A person becoming entitled to a letter in consequence of the death of bankupitry of a member may, upon bush evidence being produced as the direction may properly require elect error to become the higher for stone or to have come person notecrated by him registered as the transferror. If he elects to become the higher he that give induce to the company of that client if the directs to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of that person to that person. All the attributes releasing to the unsoler of stands shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as did were an instrument of transfer and occurred by the member and the death or bankuptry of the member had occurred to a share in consequence of the death or bankuptry of a member chall have the rights to which he would be entitled in he work the holder of the share occept that he shall not before being registered as the holder of the chare be orbited in respect of its attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the helders of any class of entired in the company.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

The company may by cromary resolution -(a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes.

(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger

(b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger (c) subject to the provisions of the Act sub-divide its shares or any of them into chares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that as between the sharer regulating from the sub-division any of them may have any preference as a wantage as compared with the others and (b) cancer, shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and dim help the amount of its sharer capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

33. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shable on equilibrium and the compensy and destribute the directors may considers would become entitled to fractions of a sharer the directors to the powerisons of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sate in due proportion among those members and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the direction of the purchaser money not shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregulantly in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale. Subject to the processor of the Act the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way.

PLIRCHASE OF OWN SHARES

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

35 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and, if it is a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares

GENERAL MEETINGS

36 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings. 37 The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition if there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS
38. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed.

agreed—

(a) In the case of an annual general meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and

(b) In the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety-live per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that

not less than ninety-five per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted find. In the case of an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as *u.n.*

Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors.

39 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

PROCEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

40. No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.

41. If such a quorum is not present within half an flour from the time appointed for the meeting or if during a meeting such a quorum cases to be present, the meeting shall stand edjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine.

42. The chairman if any of the board of directors in his absence some other director commanded by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within filteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman and, if where is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman and, if where is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman and, if the director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

45. The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adji, med meeting other than business which might proporty have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least soven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time axid place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall no

bends unless before or or the occurrence of the ACL a political be demanded. Subject to the ground of the ACL a political be demanded.

The meeting being shares on which as a single part of on all the shares contemply to on less than one-tend of the total sharing the right O with a time meeting of all the members having sharing southern as the meeting of the members of members having shares contemply at the meeting of the a member of meeting sharing shares contemply at the meeting of the animals of all the members having sharing shares contemply at the meeting of the animals of the meeting of the animals at the meeting of the sharing of the sha

inatinght, and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member and demand by the charmes that a resistion has been carried or carried unarrantisty or by a perbutar majority or issue or or carried by a particular majority and an actify to that ethick in the member or properties of the underly defined by a particular majority and an actify to that ethick in the member or properties of the underly defined in the underly of the against the reschiber.

resolution.

18 The demand for a poll may before the poll is taken, be withdrawn butlonly with the consent of the chauman and a domand so withdrawn shall had be taken to have invalidated the result of a short of hands declared before the demand was made.

19 A poll shall be taken as the chauman duests and he may appears sorutineers (who need not be members) and his a time and place ha declaring the result of the poll shall be deemed to be no resolution of the meeting at which the poll was domanded.

50 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hards or on a poll the charman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote the

may have shall be entired to a cast light and detailed on the year light and the decision of a charman or on a charton of adjoint ment shall be taken for this that he paid demanded on any other question in the laken either for this thin he and place as the charman threats not being more than that years after the poil is demanded. The demand for a poil shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any other hand him question on which the poll was demanded if it poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made. been made

been made

52. No notice need be given of a political taken fortwitch if the time and prace at which it is to be taken are anneunced at the meeting at which it is dimanded in any other case at teast seven clear days notice shall be given spelifying the time and place at which the politis to be taken.

53. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if if had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or migre members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

54. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall be determined by the order in which the other joint holders, and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.

55. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or classwhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curation bonis or other person authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the lime appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

exercisable.

7 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid.

58. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and overy vote rist disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and constitution.

On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

30. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve).

PLC/Limited

, being a of member/members of the above-named company, hereby appoint

member/mempers of the above-name to be up of as of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual extraordinary general meeting of the company to be held on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof, 19

on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.

If the directors may approve or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve) ... PLC/Limited

, being a t/We, of member/members of the above-named company, hereby appoint , or failing him.

name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the company, to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof. This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follower. lolfows:

Resolution No. 1 *for *against Resolution No. 2 *for *against *Strike out whichever is not desired

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks lit or abstain from

Unless unerwise modern voting.

Signed this

62. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way

approved by the directors may—

(a) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convering the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the coxpany in relation to the meeting not local than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded to deposited an alcressia after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, or (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

permitted shall be invalid.

63. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poil demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

84 Unless, alterwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum. but shall be not less than two

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate

director or any other pestor approved by resolution on modificate and whing to act to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a mamber, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be necessary 13 give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary 13 give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.

67. An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a director, but, if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment 68. Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking hie appointment or any other manner approved by the director.

69. Save as otherwise provided in the articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him.

director appointing him.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

70 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may expresse all powers exercisable by the directors.

71 The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS
72 The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee
consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing
director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers
as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be
made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either
collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or
altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with
two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the
proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS
73. At the lirst annual general meeting all the directors shall retire from office, and at every subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall rotire from office, but, if there is only one director who is subject to retirement by rotation, he shall retire.
74. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment, but as between persons who became or were last reappointed directors on the same day those to retire shalf (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.
75. If the company, at the meeting at which a director retires by rotation, does not fill the vacancy the retiring director shalf, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and tost

unioss a resolution for the reappointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost.

76. No person other than a director retiring by rotation shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless.—

(a) he is recommended by the directors; or

(b) not less than fourtiern nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the company's register of directors logether with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed.

77 Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are retiling by rotation at the meeting of any person (other than a director retiling by rotation at the meeting) who is recommended by the directors for appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors.

78. Subject as alloresaid, the company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is writing to but to be a director other to tulia a vacancy or as an additional director and may also deliamine the rotation in which any adaptional directors are to retire

directors are to retire
79. The directors mail impoint a person who is wilting to act to be a director
either to fill a vacaffey or as an additional director provided that the
appendment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number
thed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of
directors. A director so appeared shall haid office only until the next tationing
annual general meeting and shall haid office only until the next tationing
annual general meeting and shall haid office only until the next tationing the
directors who are to retire by retaron at the meeting if not reappointed if such
annual general meeting. He shall vacate office at the conductor thereof.

80. Subject as aforesaid a director who retires at an annual general meeting
may, if writing to act be reappointed if he is not reappointed in be shall retain
office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or dilt does hat do so
until the end of the meeting.

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS
81 The effice of a director shall be vacated it —
(a) he ceases to be a director by votice of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director or
(b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally or composition with his creditors generally or containing from mental disorder and either—
(i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission under the Mental Health Act 1983 or, in Scotland an application for admission under the Mental Health Act 1983 or, in Scotland an application for admission under the Mental Health Scotland) Act 1960 or
(ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver curator boxis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or allairs, or
(d) he resigns his office by notice to the company or
(d) he shall for infrire than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

82 The directors shall be entitled to such remuncration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and unless the resolution provides otherwise the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.

DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

83 The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other exponses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

84 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director ray such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.

85 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office.

(a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested:

arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested;

(b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested; and

(c) shall nut, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arranger. And shall be fiable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit

86. For this purposes of regulation 85 —

(a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified, and

(b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS
87. The tirectors may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any director who has held but no longer fiolds any executive office or employment with the company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor in business of the company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hard such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the nurchase or provision of any such benefit. the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

BS. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think (it. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a sprignd or sating vote a director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own.

vote.

89. The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be tive. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointer is not present, be counted in the quorum.

90. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director.

may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of cating a general meeting 91. The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director heating that office or if the director heating it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

92. All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that if be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from helding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote be as valid as it every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitles to vote.

apognited and was qualified and had confinued to be a director and had been entitled to vote

33. A resolution in winting signed by all the directors entitled to receive route of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors or last he case may be) a committee of directors or dat had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors or dat had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors of directors or directors but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by this appointor and if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director, it need not be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.

94. Save as otherwise provided by the articles, a director shall not vote at meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matternal and which conflicts or may conflict with the interest or duty which is maternal and which conflicts or may conflict with the interest of duty which is maternal and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company unless hig interest or duty arises only bocause the cause falls within one or more of the following paragraphs.

(a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee security, or indemnity in respect of money fent to or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of the company or any of its subsidiances for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and which relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee security of indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiances for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and which relates to the giving of a first participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares debentures or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries or by virtue of his being or intending to become, a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwritin

Heyenue for taxation purposes For the purposes of this regulation, an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Act texcluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and in relation to an atternate director an interest of his appointer shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has been different.

mentate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate directer has checker without prejudice to any interest which the alternate directer has checker shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in retaining to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.

So The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the artistes promoting a directors or of a committee of directors.

Where proposals are under consideration concorning the appointment of two or mare directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and provided he is not for another reason procluded from voting teach of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

So If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to the Charman of the meeting and his ruling in relative to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

SECRETARY

9 Subject to the provious of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the director for such form, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may trank fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

MINUTES

100 The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose

purpose:

(a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors, and
the of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any
class of shares in the company and of the directors, and of committees of
directors, including the names of the directors present at each such meeting

101 The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

DIVIDENDS

132 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the

directors

103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deterred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferred rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred wights. If, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good failtr they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the fawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

rights 104 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be doclared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the chares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a

particular date, that share shall rank to dividend accordingly. 105. A general meeting declaring a shipper may upon the recommendation of the directors, direct that it shall be calculed wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular may settle the same and in particular may restribution of any assets and may determine that each shall be paid to any member upon the treining of my assets and may be upon the forces of the value of the rights of members and may west any assets in trustees.

trustees.

106 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sont by gost to the registered address of the person entitled or if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or barkupicy of the holder to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every chaque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as alressed may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

107. No dividend or ether meneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached

to the share 108. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so reselve, be forlested and cease to remain owing by the company.

ACCOUNTS

t(3) No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting r(3) right or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

110 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the

The directors may with the admenty of an drawary resolution of the company —

fall subject as hereinafter provided resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required to Joying any preferential dividand whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to the fit were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in cr. Lowards paying up the amounts, if any for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively or in paying up in full unassed shares or debentures of the capital amount equal to that sum and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members or as they may direct in those proportions or partity in one way and partly in the other but the share premium account the capital redemption reserve and any profits which are not available for distribution may for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.

applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.

(c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions, and (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members conceived into an agreement with the company providing for the alliament to them respectively credited as fully paid of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under ouch authority being binding on all such members.

111 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors need not be six

In writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the directors noted not be in writing.

112 The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first the register of members in respect of the joint holders whose name stands first be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

113 A member present either in person or by proxy at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of chares in the company shall be deemed to have received natice of the meeting and, where requisite of the purposes for which it was called.

114 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notine in respect of that share which before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.

115 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was propelly addressed prepaid and posited shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted.

notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted.

116 A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending of including it, in any manner authorised by the articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled Units such an address has been supplied a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankrupicy had not occurred.

WINDING UP

WINDING UP

17. If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extracrdinary resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the thembers or different classes of members. The liquidation may, with the like sanction, yest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the bonefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

INDEMNY I Y

118. Subject to the previsions of the Act but without prejudice to any Indemnity
to which a director may otherwise be initialed, every director or other officer or
auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company
against any liability incurred by thim in defending any proceedings, whether civil
or criminal, in which judgment is given in his layour or in which he is acquitted
or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the
court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in
relation to the affairs of the company