Company registration number: 02428393

**Bloc Systems Limited** 

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 January 2018



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## Statement of financial position 31 January 2018

		2018		20	2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	5	33,234		60,184		
			00.004		00.404	
			33,234		60,184	
Current assets						
Stocks		401,025		369,847		
Debtors	6	2,000,956		1,598,609		
Cash at bank and in hand		284,623		452,357		
		2,686,604		2,420,813		
Creditors: amounts falling due				, ,		
within one year	7	(281,945)		(210,370)		
Net current assets			2,404,659		2,210,443	
Total assets less current liabilities			2,437,893		2,270,627	
Provisions for liabilities			22,673		21,703	
			·		·	
Net assets			2,460,566		2,292,330	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			200		200	
Share premium account			39,990		39,990	
Profit and loss account			2,420,376		2,252,140	
Shareholders funds			2,460,566		2,292,330	

For the year ending 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of financial position (continued) 31 January 2018

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 July 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Aldred Director

Company registration number: 02428393

#### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 January 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Buckingham House, Myrtle Lane, Billingshurst, West Sussex, RH14 9SG.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or

substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 January 2018

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
eCommerce Website - 33.33% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 January 2018

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 10 (2017: 10).

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 January 2018

5.	Tangible assets					
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Website costs	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost					
	At 1 February 2017	25,177	14,147	68,947	22,964	131,235
	Additions	1,442	<u> </u>			1,442
	At 31 January 2018	26,619	14,147	68,947	22,964	132,677
	Depreciation					
	At 1 February 2017	16,138	8,130	45,784	999	71,051
	Charge for the year	4,764	3,381	12,592	7,655	28,392
	At 31 January 2018	20,902	11,511	58,376	8,654	99,443
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 January 2018	5,717	2,636	10,571	14,310	33,234
	At 31 January 2017	9,039	6,017	23,163	21,965	60,184
6.	Debtors					
0.	Debtors				2018	2017
		,			3	£
	Trade debtors				581,141	458,148
	Other debtors				1,419,815	1,140,461
					2,000,956	1,598,609
					·	<u> </u>
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one yea	nr			
	_	-	•		2018	2017
					£	£
	Trade creditors				172,461	92,214
	Corporation tax				73,471	105,243
	Social security and other taxes				32,050	9,130
	Other creditors				3,963	3,783
					281,945	210,370

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 January 2018

### 8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2018			
		Balance	Advances	Balance
		brought forward	,	o/standing
		£	£	£
Mr C Pickering	1	160,048	(3,108)	156,940
Mr J Aldred		45,000	(5,000)	40,000
	2	205,048	(8,108)	196,940
	=			
	2017			
	E	Balance	Advances	Balance
		brought forward	/(credits) to the directors	o/standing
		£	£	£
Mr C Pickering	1	86,436	(26,388)	160,048
Mr J Aldred	_	50,000	(5,000)	45,000
	2	236,436	(31,388)	205,048

### 9. Controlling party

The company is under the control of C Pickering.