Group Strategic Report,

Report of the Directors and

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

<u>for</u>

Salmon Developments Limited

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# Company Information for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

**DIRECTORS:** 

D Mapp
D J Stewart
R G F Henderson
D F Sheehan
P E Mahoney

**SECRETARY:** 

D F Sheehan

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

2nd Floor

Prince Frederick House 35-39 Maddox Street

London W1S 2PP

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02424275 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Meyer Williams

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Stag House

Old London Road

Hertford Hertfordshire SG13 7LA

#### Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31st December 2015.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Despite current market conditions the directors are satisfied that the company remains in a financially strong and stable position as evidenced by the year end balance sheet.

Throughout the year Salmon Developments Limited as a company was profitable and reported a profit before tax and dividends of £4,143,393, whilst the consolidated results for the group showed an overall profit before tax and dividends of £5,506,206.

The results for the year and financial position of the group are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

#### **Business Risk**

The directors consider that the company's principal business risks are:

- Failing to win new contracts which will generate sufficient profits this is not considered to be a major concern as the company has always had a good record of success from its tendering process.
- Market conditions impacting on project profitability as far as possible the company implements strategies to mitigate market risks from project profitability.

The company also faces the normal risks which exist for property development companies, such as site health and safety. These risks are not judged to be of a material nature as the company has good health and safety procedures and is adequately insured.

#### Liquidity Risk

The company manages its cash and borrowing requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business.

#### Credit Risk

The company places its cash with creditworthy institutions and performs ongoing credit evaluations of its debtors' financial position. New customers who wish to enter into contracts with the company and group are subject to credit verification procedures and relevant guarantees and undertakings are sought where appropriate. Trade debtors are reviewed on a regular basis and provision is made for doubtful debts when necessary.

The carrying amount of cash and debtors represent the maximum credit risk to which the company is exposed.

# **Treasury Operations and Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset in one entity and a financial liability (or equity instrument) in another entity. The company's principal financial instruments include various financial assets and liabilities such as trade debtors and trade creditors arising directly from operations.

Financial instruments are not entered into for speculative purposes.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

DF Sheehan - Director

Date: 26 Dais 2016

# Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31st December 2015.

#### DIVIDENDS

The directors passed a special resolution on 22nd March 2016 declaring final dividends on ordinary shares for the year ended 31st December 2015 of £352,000.

A fixed cumulative preferential dividend totalling £120,000 is proposed to be paid to the holders of participating preferred ordinary shares.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st January 2015 to the date of this report.

D Mapp D J Stewart R G F Henderson D F Sheehan

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

P E Mahoney - appointed 13th February 2015

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

# Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Meyer Williams, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

DF Sheehan'- Director

Date: 26 th April 2016

## Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Salmon Developments Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Salmon Developments Limited for the year ended 31st December 2015 on pages seven to twenty seven. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31st December 2015 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Salmon Developments Limited

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ralph Sears (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Meyer Williams

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Stag House
Old London Road

Hertford Hertfordshire SG13 7LA

Date 28 APRIL 2016

# Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

	Notes		31.12.15 £		31.12.14 £
TURNOVER Group and share of associate Less:			17,591,557		11,476,245
Share of associate's turnover		-	(9,361,145)		(11,476,245)
GROUP TURNOVER			8,230,412		<del>-</del>
Cost of sales		-	5,256,783		
GROSS PROFIT			2,973,629		-
Administrative expenses		-	1,406,239		1,795,312
			1,567,390		(1,795,312)
Other operating income		-	1,382,182		1,750,141
GROUP OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	3		2,949,572		(45,171)
Share of operating profit in Associate			2,482,300		982,210
Interest receivable and similar income Group Associate		48,765 30,127		57,485 29,249	0.5 70.4
			78,892		86,734
		-	5,510,764		1,023,773
			5,510,764		1,023,773
Interest payable and similar charges Group Associate	4		(4,553) (5)		(24,991)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			5,506,206		998,782
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	1,277,368		295,368
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR FOR THE GROUP			4,228,838		703,414
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		=	4,228,838		703,414

# Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

Notes	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	4,228,838	703,414
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	4,228,838	703,414

# Salmon Developments Limited (Registered number: 02424275)

# Consolidated Balance Sheet 31st December 2015

		31.1	2.15	31.12	2.14
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8		20,581		17,334
Investments	9				
Interest in joint venture					51.4
Share of gross assets					514
					514
Interest in associate			3,143,072		2,813,889
interest in associate			3,143,072		2,015,005
			3,163,653		2,831,737
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	10	_		432,417	
Debtors	11	1,779,198		916,271	
Cash at bank		8,660,412		4,472,446	
		10,439,610		5,821,134	
CREDITORS .					
Amounts falling due within one year	12	2,043,391		1,201,837	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			8,396,219	•	4,619,297
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			11,559,872		7,451,034
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		11,833		11,833
Capital redemption reserve	15		41,980		41,980
Retained earnings	15		11,506,059		7,397,221
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			11,559,872		<u>7,451,034</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26th Dail 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

R G F Henderson - Director

D J Stewart - Director

# Salmon Developments Limited (Registered number: 02424275)

# Company Balance Sheet 31st December 2015

•		31.1	2.15	31.13	2.14
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8		20,581		17,334
Investments	9		2,000,052		2,353,052
			2,020,633		2,370,386
		•			
CURRENT ASSETS		1 550 205		1 004 805	
Debtors	11	1,778,385		1,094,895	
Cash at bank		7,354,735		4,432,904	
		9,133,120		5,527,799	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	12	1,031,836		1,454,917	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			8,101,284		4,072,882
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			10 101 01		6 442 060
LIABILITIES			10,121,917		6,443,268
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		11,833		11,833
Capital redemption reserve	15		41,980		41,980
Retained earnings	15		10,068,104		6,389,455
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			10,121,917		6,443,268

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on its behalf by:

R G F Henderson - Director

D J Stewart - Director

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1st January 2014	15,583	6,928,377	38,230	6,982,190
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income  Balance at 31st December 2014	(3,750)	(114,570) (120,000) 703,414	3,750	(114,570) (120,000) 703,414 7,451,034
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	-	(120,000) 4,228,838		(120,000) 4,228,838
Balance at 31st December 2015	11,833	11,506,059	41,980	11,559,872

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Capital redemption reserve	Total equity
Balance at 1st January 2014	15,583	6,249,944	38,230	6,303,757
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Dividends Total comprehensive income	(3,750)	(114,570) (120,000) 374,081	3,750	(114,570) (120,000) 374,081
Balance at 31st December 2014	11,833	6,389,455	41,980	6,443,268
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	- 	(120,000) 3,798,649	· 	(120,000) 3,798,649
Balance at 31st December 2015	11,833	10,068,104	41,980	10,121,917

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

		31.12.15	31.12.14
N	otes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	4,044,584	(485,453)
Interest paid		(5)	<u>-</u>
Tax paid		(147,460)	(79,320)
Net cash from operating activities		3,897,119	(564,773)
			*
Cash flows from investing activities		(13,376)	(1,134)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest received		40,599	64,858
Amounts received from associate		863,624	193,936
Amounts received from associate		803,024	
Net cash from investing activities		890,847	257,660
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repurchase of own shares		-	(114,570)
Preference dividends paid		(600,000)	(598,685)
Net cash from financing activities	•	(600,000)	(713,255)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equive	alents	4,187,966	(1,020,368)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	4,472,446	5,492,814
•		·.	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	8,660,412	4,472,446
•			

# Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# 1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
Profit before taxation	5,506,206	998,782
Depreciation charges	10,129	6,229
Share of profit in associates	(2,482,300)	(982,210)
Disposal of fixed asset investments	514	-
Finance costs	4,558	24,991
Finance income	(78,892)	(86,734)
	2,960,215	(38,942)
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	432,417	(273,746)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	132,785	(63,375)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	519,167	(109,390)
Cash generated from operations	4,044,584	(485,453)

# 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

## Year ended 31st December 2015

Cash and cash equivalents	31.12.15 £ <u>8,660,412</u>	1.1.15 £ 4,472,446
Year ended 31st December 2014	31.12.14	1.1.14
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 4,472,446	£ 5,492,814

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Company information

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Salmon Developments Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Prince Frederick House, 35-39 Maddox Street, London, W1S 2PP.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and with the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The financial statements are prepared in Pound Sterling which is the functional currency of the company.

This is the first year the in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS 102. An explanation of how the transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and performance is given in the notes to the financial statements. The date of the transition is 1st January 2014.

#### Going concern

After reviewing the company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has the adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. The nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements have had a significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

The directors have made key assumptions regarding the valuation of investments for which the revalued amount remains in an undistributable reserve.

The directors make estimates of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing the impairment of trade and other debtors, the factors considered include the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience.

#### Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services in the year including the value of long-term contract work completed, and is stated net of discounts and value added tax.

The company recognises revenue when the risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on the completion of a contract, when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits associated to the transaction will flow to the entity.

Rental income is charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which it relates. Rent free periods granted as individual lease incentives are spread evenly over the period of the lease on a straight-line basis from the rent commencement date to the lease end.

Revenue received in respect of management fees is recognised annually when conditions outlined in an asset management agreement have been met.

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#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Office equipment - 25% on reducing balance
Computer equipment - 33% on reducing balance
Improvements to property - 12.5% on reducing balance

#### Investments

Investments in group undertakings, associates and participating interests are recognised at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

#### Stocks

Work in progress is valued at direct cost less amounts transferred to the profit and loss account in respect of work carried out, less foreseeable losses and payments on account. Where the outcome of a long term contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion. Where the outcome of a long term contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. When it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

#### Taxation

Taxation expense for the period compromises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Current tax

Current tax is the amount of corporation tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

The directors periodically evaluate the position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. They establish provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in the periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing differences.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings up to 31 December each year.

Associated undertakings and joint ventures are included in the group financial statements on the equity accounting basis. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation

#### Operating leased assets

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade debtors, trade creditors and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method; Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk to changes in value.

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

2.	STAFF COSTS		
		31.12.15	31.12.14
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	779,730	755,489
	Social security costs	97,837	91,337
	Other pension costs	80,000	380,000
		957,567	1,226,826
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	24 42 45	01.10.14
		31.12.15	31.12.14
	Directors	4	5
	Administration	5	5
	•	9	10
3	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		31.12.15	31.12.14
		£	£
	Depreciation - owned assets	10,129	6,229
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	500	
	Auditors' remuneration	19,650	18,950
	Hire of equipment	6,128	9,135
	Other operating lease costs	183,713	<u>144,761</u>
	Directors' remuneration	638,816	497,429
	Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	80,000	380,000
	, F, F, F, F		
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	21 12 15	21.10.14
		31.12.15	31.12.14
	Producesto	£	£
	Emoluments etc	209,118	145,232
	Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	<u>40,000</u>	190,000
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		31.12.15	31.12.14
	V	£	£
	Interest on late payment of dividend	<u>4,553</u>	<u>24,991</u>
		_	<del></del>

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

## 5. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the yea	was as follows:	
	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
Current tax:	1 255 442	205.269

Current tax: UK corporation tax Adjustments to previous year	1,277,443 (75)	295,368
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,277,368	295,368

# Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	31.12.15 £ 5,506,206	31.12.14 £ 998,782
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.247% (2014 - 21.349%)	1,114,842	213,230
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Adjustment in respect of associated undertaking Differences in group tax rates	7,838 (43,714) 309 (11,126) 209,256 (37)	13,077 (10,351) 587 79,494 (669)
Total tax charge	1,277,368	295,368

# 6. PROFIT OF PARENT COMPANY

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's profit for the financial year was £3,798,649 (2014 - £374,081).

# 7. **DIVIDENDS**

	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£
Participating preference shares of £1 each		
Final dividend	120,000	120,000

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Improvements			
	to property £	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST				
At 1st January 2015	8,123	67,667	84,440	160,230
Additions	7,830	1,520	4,026	13,376
Disposals	(8,123)	(5,581)	(69,707)	(83,411)
At 31st December 2015	7,830	63,606	18,759	90,195
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st January 2015	5,032	59,709	78,155	142,896
Charge for year	4,515	2,180	3,434	10,129
Eliminated on disposal	<u>(8,123</u> )	(5,581)	(69,707)	(83,411)
At 31st December 2015	1,424	56,308	11,882	69,614
NETEROOFFICE				
NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2015	6,406	7,298	6,877	20,581
At 31st December 2013			<u> </u>	
At 31st December 2014	3,091	7,958	6,285	<u>17,334</u>
Company				
Company	Improvements			
Company	to	Office	Computer	T ( )
Company	to property	Office equipment	equipment	Totals
	to	Office		Totals £
COST	to property £	Office equipment £	equipment £	£
	to property £	Office equipment £ 67,667	equipment	£ 160,230
COST At 1st January 2015	to property £	Office equipment £	equipment £ 84,440	£
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions	to property £ 8,123 7,830	Office equipment £ 67,667 1,520	equipment £  84,440 4,026	£ 160,230 13,376
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123)	Office equipment £ 67,667 1,520 (5,581)	equipment £ 84,440 4,026 (69,707)	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411)
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015 DEPRECIATION	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830	Office equipment £ 67,667 1,520 (5,581) 63,606	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411) 90,195
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015  DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2015	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830	Office equipment £  67,667 1,520 (5,581)  63,606	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411) 90,195
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015  DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2015 Charge for year	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830 5,032 4,515	Office equipment £  67,667 1,520 (5,581)  63,606  59,709 2,180	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759  78,155 3,434	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411) 90,195 142,896 10,129
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015  DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2015	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830	Office equipment £  67,667 1,520 (5,581)  63,606	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411) 90,195
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015  DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2015 Charge for year	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830 5,032 4,515	Office equipment £  67,667 1,520 (5,581)  63,606  59,709 2,180	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759  78,155 3,434	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411) 90,195 142,896 10,129
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015  DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2015 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830 5,032 4,515 (8,123)	Office equipment £  67,667 1,520 (5,581)  63,606  59,709 2,180 (5,581)	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759  78,155 3,434 (69,707)	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411)  90,195  142,896 10,129 (83,411)
COST At 1st January 2015 Additions Disposals At 31st December 2015  DEPRECIATION At 1st January 2015 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal At 31st December 2015	to property £ 8,123 7,830 (8,123) 7,830 5,032 4,515 (8,123)	Office equipment £  67,667 1,520 (5,581)  63,606  59,709 2,180 (5,581)	equipment £  84,440 4,026 (69,707)  18,759  78,155 3,434 (69,707)	£ 160,230 13,376 (83,411)  90,195  142,896 10,129 (83,411)

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# 9. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Gr	oup	Cor	npany
	31.12.15	31.12.14	31.12.15	31.12.14
Shares in group undertakings	£	£	£ 52	£ 52
Loans to group undertakings	-	-	-	352,500
Participating interests	3,143,072	2,814,403	2,000,000	2,000,500
	3,143,072	2,814,403	2,000,052	2,353,052
		<del></del>		
Additional information is as follows:				
Group				
5.04p		Interest	Interest	
		in joint venture	in associate	Totals
		£	£	£
COST		e-1.4	2 012 000	. 2.014.402
At 1st January 2015 Disposals		514 (514)	2,813,889	2,814,403 (514)
Share of profit/(loss)			329,183	329,183
At 31st December 2015			3,143,072	3,143,072
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st December 2015			3,143,072	3,143,072
At 31st December 2014		514	2 912 990	2,814,403
At 31st December 2014			2,813,889	2,014,403
Interest in associate				
The group's aggregate share of the associate at	the year end is a	s follows:		
			31.12.15	31.12.14
D. C.I. C.			£	£ 687,599
Profit before tax Taxation			1,694,789 (332,069)	(147,834)
Profit after tax			1,362,720	539,765
Share of assets				
Fixed assets			750,172	750,172
Current assets			22,485,359	22,876,541
Share of liabilities				
Share of liabilities due within one year			(20,637,550)	(19,559,287)
Share of liabilities due after one year or more			-	(1,469,617)
				0.40-60-
Share of net assets			2,597,981	2,597,809

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# 9. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Company				
	Shares in group undertakings	Interest in joint venture £	Interest in associate £	Totals £
COST				
At 1st January 2015	52	500	2,000,000	2,000,552
Disposals	<del></del>	<u>(500</u> )		(500)
At 31st December 2015	52		2,000,000	2,000,052
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st December 2015	52	-	2,000,000	2,000,052
At 31st December 2014	52	500	2,000,000	2,000,552

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

## Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries			
Salmon Properties Ltd Nature of business: Property development			
reacute of business. I toperty development	%		
Class of shares:	holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
Cramary	100.00	31.12.15	31.12.14
		£	£
Aggregate capital and reserves		294,935	226,412
Profit for the year		2,365,750	161,909
•			
Salcim Limited			
Nature of business: Dormant			
Nature of business: Dormant	%		
Class of shares:	holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
Ordinary	100.00	31.12.15	31.12.14
		51.12.15 £	51.12.14 £
Aggregate capital and reserves		<b></b>	(32,498)
Profit for the year		32,498	(32,490)
Tront for the year		<u> </u>	

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

## 9. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

## Associated company

Salmon	Harvester	<b>Properties</b>	Limited
N.T. /	CI .	n . 1	1

Nature of business: Property development

Class of shares: % holding 'B' Ordinary 50.00

 Aggregate capital and reserves
 31.12.15 £
 £ £

 Profit for the year
 5,195,618 5,195,618 5,195,618 

 2,725,440 1,079,530 

'B' Ordinary shares entitle the company to 50% of the associated undertaking's voting rights and 20% of the distributable profits.

# Company

	Loans to
•	group
	undertakings
	£
At 1st January 2015	352,500
Other movement	(352,500)
At 31st December 2015	<u>-</u>

## 10. STOCKS

	Gro	oup
	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£.	£
Work-in-progress	<del>-</del>	432,417

# 11. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

•	Group		Con	npany
•	31.12.15	31.12.14	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	450	32,467	450	28,900
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	-	365,719
Amounts owed by associates	1,635,264	647,718	1,635,264	647,718
Other debtors	4,520	144,165	3,707	3,616
Prepayments and accrued income	138,964	91,921	138,964	48,942
•	1,779,198	916,271	1,778,385	1,094,895

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# 12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	31.12.15	31.12.14	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	412,219	28,045	9,465	18,670
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	_	320,002
Amounts owed to joint ventures	-	1,028	_	1,028
Corporation tax	945,374	147,535	344,798	104,063
Social security and other taxes	85,601	80,280	80,951	80,280
Dividends payable	120,000	600,000	120,000	600,000
Other creditors	-	10,500	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	480,197	334,449	476,622	330,874
	2,043,391	1,201,837	1,031,836	1,454,917

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

# 13. LEASING AGREEMENTS

At 31st December 2015 the company had commitments to pay the following amounts under non-cancellable operating leases for the following periods:

Group	Operating leases	
Within one year Between one and five years	31.12.15 £ 174,391 211,023	31.12.14 £ 72,641 2,051
	385.414	74,692
Company	31.12.15	31.12.14
Within one year Between one and five years	£ 174,391 211,023	£ 72,641 2,051
	385.414	74,692

At 31st December 2015 the company had commitments to receive the following amounts under non-cancellable operating leases for the following periods:

Group	oup Operating	
Within one year Between one and five years	31.12.15 £ 166,118 162,613	31.12.14 £ 56,250
	328,731	56,250
Company  Within one year Between one and five years	31.12.15 £ 166,118 162,613	31.12.14 £ 56,250
	328,731	56,250

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

## 14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Number:	ued and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
270	Participating preference shares	£1	<u> 270</u>	<u>270</u>
Allotted and	issued:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
50,000	Ordinary shares	£1	11,563	11,563

The rights of the participating preferred shareholders include the entitlement to receive a dividend of £120,000 in respect of each financial year to be distributed amongst the shareholders. The dividend is payable in priority to any payment of a dividend to the holders of all other shares in the capital of the company and is subject to the approval of the directors.

On a return of capital on a winding up or otherwise the assets of the company available for distribution to its members shall be applied in making payments to the holders of participating preferred shares, in priority to any payment to the holders of all other shares in the capital of the company, of firstly, a sum equal to all arrears of the preferred dividend and secondly, the sum of £2,000,000. The participating preferred shares do not carry an entitlement to vote at a general meeting.

#### 15. RESERVES

#### Group

Group	Retained earnings	Capital redemption reserve	Totals £
At 1st January 2015 Profit for the year Dividends	7,397,221 4,228,838 (120,000)	41,980	7,439,201 4,228,838 (120,000)
At 31st December 2015	11,506,059	41,980	11,548,039
Company	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve	Totals £
At 1st January 2015 Profit for the year Dividends	6,389,455 3,798,649 (120,000)	41,980	6,431,435 3,798,649 (120,000)
At 31st December 2015	10,068,104	41,980	10,110,084

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31st December 2015

## 16. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The dividend in the year of £120,000 is payable to the holders of the participating preferred shares who are R F Henderson and D J Stewart, both directors of the company. £22,222 is payable to R F Henderson and £97,778 is payable to D J Stewart.

At the year end, interest included in accruals on the dividends outstanding amounts to £172,971 (2014: £169,261) owed to D J Stewart and £39,312 (2014: £38,468) owed to R F Henderson.

During the year D Mapp, a director, provided consultancy services to the company to the value of £32,808 (2014: £21,450).

## 17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£
Salmon Harvester Properties Limited, an associated company		
Included in the profit and loss account		
Management fee	1,635,264	647,718
Contribution to management costs	1,189,548	1,189,548
Dividend receivable	215,906	48,484
Salary contributions receivable	37,760	40,067
Rental income	35,000	35,000
Included within debtors		•
Amounts owed from associated undertaking	1,635,264	647,718

# 18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

No single party had ultimate control throughout the current or previous year.

## 19. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

The company has adopted the provisions of FRS 102 for the first time in it's financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2015. The comparative disclosures have been updated to reflect the change in the requirements of UK GAAP, however this has had no material effect on the net assets in the financial statements. As such, no reconciliation for the effect of the transition to FRS 102 has been provided.