Company Registration Number 2415941

Report and Accounts

TR PROPERTY FINANCE LIMITED

31 March 2011

06/12/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

Registered No: 2415941

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors:

C M Turner (resigned 30 June 2011)

J L Elliott

M A Phayre-Mudge

Secretary:

Capita Company Secretarial Services Limited

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP

Registered Office:

51 Berkeley Square, London W1J 5BB

The directors present their report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31 March 2011.

Business Review

The principal activities of the Company are those of an investment holding and finance company.

The Company will continue to act as an investment holding and finance company for the TR Property group.

The company does not currently have sufficient financial resources but has continuing financial support of its ultimate parent company, TR Property Investment Trust Plc ('Group'). The Group has provided a letter of support setting out its financial support to the Company to meet all of its present and future obligations as and when they fall due to the extent the Company is unable to do so As a consequence the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks going forward Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2011 were those listed above. On 30 June 2011 Mr James Wilkinson was appointed as a director of the Company.

No director had any interests in the share capital of the Company. The interests of the directors in the share capital of TR Property Investment Trust plc, the ultimate holding company, at the beginning of the year and at the end of the year are shown below

	Ordinary Shares of 25p		Sigma shares 12.5p	
	1 April 2010	31 March 2011	1 April 2010	31 March 2011
C M Turner	204,526	204,526	200,000	400,000
J L Elliott	0	3,000	10,500	35,500
M A Phayre-Mudge	16,456	16,456	63,676	316,237

Dividend

The Company has no distributable reserves and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend. (2010 nil)

Supplier payment policy and practice

It is the Company's policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms and conditions agreed between the Company and its suppliers, provided that all trading terms and conditions have been complied with

Directors' liabilities

The Company has granted an indemnity to one or more of its directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in force as at the date of approving the directors' report

Directors' Statement as to Disclosure of Information to Auditors

The directors who were members of the Board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1 Having made enquiries of fellow directors and of the Company's auditors, each of these directors confirms that

- a) to the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the Company's auditors are not aware;
- b) each director has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

J Crehan

For and on behalf of Capita Company Secretarial Services Limited

Secretary

28 November 2011

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TR PROPERTY FINANCE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of TR Property Finance Limited for the year ended 31 March 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes 1 to 14 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). These standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF TR PROPERTY FINANCE LIMITED (cont.)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Michael-John Albert (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor London

30 November 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 March 2011

	<u>Note</u>	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Income from fixed asset investments	2	110	110
Administrative expenses OPERATING PROFIT	3	<u>(9)</u> 101	<u>(30)</u> 80
Interest receivable	4	2,281	1,999
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(3,058)	(4,407)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(676)	(2,328)
Taxation	6	<u>179</u>	<u>633</u>
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	11	<u>(497)</u>	(1,695)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those stated above All items in the above statement derive from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these accounts.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS for the year ended 31 March 2011

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
	£'000	£'000
Loss for the financial year Shareholders' deficit b/f	(497) (19,762)	(1,695) (18,067)
Shareholders' deficit at 31 March	(20,259)	(19,762)

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these accounts.

BALANCE SHEET at 31 MARCH 2011

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2011</u> £'000	<u>2010</u> £'000
FIXED ASSETS Investments	7	16,210	16,210
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	8	49,110	61,111
Cash at bank		$\frac{4}{49,114}$	$\frac{29}{61,140}$
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year	9	(70,583)	(69,112)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(21,469)	<u>(7,972)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(5,259)	8,238
CREDITORS - amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(15,000)	(28,000)
TOTAL NET LIABILITIES		(20,259)	<u>(19,762)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	10	1	1
Revaluation reserve	11	(12,040)	(12,040)
Accumulated deficit	11	(8,220)	<u>(7,723)</u>
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		(20,259)	<u>(19,762)</u>

These accounts were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on $\!\mathcal{Q}\!$ November 2011

J L Elliott - Director

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting and in accordance with United Kingdom accounting standards. All of the Company's operations are of a continuing nature. The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company's parent undertaking has agreed to continue to provide sufficient financial support for the foreseeable future to enable the Company to discharge its obligations as and when they fall due.

b) <u>Income and Expenses</u>

Income and expenses (including interest receivable and payable) are recognised on an accruals basis

c) Investments

The Company's investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less any provision for permanent diminution in value

d) <u>Deferred Taxation</u>

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred arising from timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences, calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when, on the basis of available evidence, it is more likely than not that there will be taxable profits in the future against which the deferred tax asset can be offset.

e) Cashflow

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS1 (revised), as a wholly owned subsidiary of TR Property Investment Trust plc, not to present a cashflow statement.

f) Loan notes

Loan notes and debentures are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration received, less issue costs where applicable. The debenture issue costs are capitalised and amortised over the life of the debenture

2 Income from Fixed Asset Investments

	<u>2011</u> £'000	<u>2010</u> £'000
Interest from group undertakings	<u>110</u>	<u>110</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

3.	Operating Profit		
	This is stated after charging:	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
		2000	
	Auditors' remuneration Audit fees*	<u>15</u>	<u>24</u>
	No amounts were payable by the Company or any third party directors' services to the Company for the year (2010: £nil).	ın respect	of the
	* Audit fees of £15,000 have been borne (2010 £24,000) on behundertakings	nalf of other	group
4	Interest Receivable		
·		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	2,281	1,999
		2,281	1,999
5.	Interest Payable		
		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Interest payable to group undertakings	1,240	1,077
	Interest payable on loan stock and debentures		
	falling due in more than 5 years. Debenture interest	1,771	1,770
		-,,,,	-,

Falling due in less than 1 year: Loan stock interest (due to parent undertaking)

<u>1,560</u>

<u>4,407</u>

3,058

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

6. Taxation on Net Return on Ordinary Activities

a) Analysis of credit for the year	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
UK Corporation tax		
Group relief surrendered	<u>(179)</u>	<u>(633)</u>
Current and total tax credit for the year	<u>(179)</u>	<u>(633)</u>

b) Factors affecting current tax credit for the year

The tax assessed for the years ended 31 March 2011 is lower than (2010 lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2010 28%) The difference for 2010 is explained below.

	2011 £'000	£'000
Net loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(676)	(2,328)
Corporation tax credit at 28%	(189)	(652)
Effects of		
Short term timing differences	10	-
Group relief surrendered not paid		<u>19</u>
Current and total tax credit for the year	<u>(179)</u>	<u>(633)</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7 Fixed Asset Investments

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		Loan Notes	
	Shares in	<u>In Fellow</u>	
	<u>Subsidiary</u>	Subsidiary	
	Undertakings	<u>Undertakings</u>	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 April 2010 and 31	<u>15,110</u>	<u>1,100</u>	<u>16,210</u>
March 2011			

The historical cost of the Company's investments at 31 March 2011 was £28,250,000 (2010 £28,250,000)

Details of the investments in which the Company holds more than 10% of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows

% of Ordinary	Nature of Business
Shares held	
100	Investment Holding Company
12	Property Investment Company
70	
	Shares held 100

^{# (}held by subsidiary undertaking)

Both of the above companies are registered and operating in England and Wales.

TR Property Finance Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of another UK company (see Note 12) and has dispensed with the requirement to prepare group accounts as permitted by \$400 Companies Act 2006. In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of the Company's shares in, and amounts due from, subsidiary undertakings is not less than the aggregate amounts at which they are included in the balance sheet

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

8.	Debtors – amounts falling due within one year		
0.	<u>Debtors</u> – amounts raining due within one year	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts due from parent undertaking Amounts due from group undertakings Other debtors and prepayments	39,519 9,562 <u>29</u> 49,110	56,189 4,868 <u>54</u> 61,111
9	<u>Creditors</u> – amounts falling due within one year	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Amounts due to group undertakings Amounts due to parent undertaking	70,349	68,886
	- 12% Loan stock 2010	-	13,000
	Other creditors and accruals	$\frac{212}{70,561}$	226 82,112
	Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	2011	2010
		<u>2011</u> £'000	<u>2010</u> £'000
	11.5% Debenture 2016	15,000 15,000	28,000 28,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

10. Called Up Share Capital

	2011 £'000	<u>2010</u> £'000
Authorised. 50,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1

11. Reserves

	Profit and loss account £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
At 1 April 2010	(7,723)	(12,040)	(19,763)
Deficit for the year	<u>(497)</u>	<u> </u>	(497)
At 31 March 2011	(8,220)	<u>(12,040)</u>	<u>(20,260)</u>

12. Parent Undertaking

The parent undertaking of the group undertakings for which group accounts are prepared and of which the Company is a member is TR Property Investment Trust plc, which is registered in England and Wales Copies of the accounts of TR Property Investment Trust plc can be obtained from the Company Secretary, TR Property Investment Trust plc, Capita Company Secretarial Services Limited, Ibex House, 42-47 Minories, London, EC3N 1DX

13 Related Party Transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosure of transactions with group companies given by FRS8

14. Going Concern

As at 31 March 2011, the Company had net liabilities of £20,259,000 and is dependent on the continuing financial support of the TR Property Investment Trust plc group A letter of support has been obtained from the ultimate parent company, TR Property Investment Trust plc, indicating its intention to provide financial support to the Company to meet all of its present and future obligations as and when they fall due to the extent the Company is unable to do so. On this basis the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.