### Cofton Irish Investments Limited

Report and Financial Statements

♦ Year ended 30 September 1997 ♦



Company No: 2398604

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### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors T E Barnsdall

A J Stanton P Postlethwaite

Secretary P Postlethwaite

Registered office Cofton House

Firswood Road Garretts Green Birmingham B33 0ST

Registered number 2398604

Auditors Robson Rhodes

Chartered Accountants
Centre City Tower

7 Hill Street Birmingham B5 4UU

Bankers Industrial Credit Corporation PLC

32-34 Harcourt Street

Dublin 2 Ireland

Bank of Ireland

188-190 Stratford Road

Shirley Solihull

West Midlands B90 3AQ

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 1997.

### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of property investment.

### Business review and future developments

The directors have entered into negotiations with Bumalda Holdings to sell the entire share capital of the company on 21 November 1997. Subject to contract Bumalda Holdings will also repay all monies owed to Cofton Land and Property Limited at 21 November 1997 and the outstanding bank loan with ICC Bank and related interest at that date.

If the sale does not proceed, the directors believe that the company could continue to trade profitably as Cofton Irish Investments Limited within ongoing bank facilities.

#### Results and dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1996 - £Nil).

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company are set out on page 1. All of the directors served throughout the period.

None of the directors have a beneficial interest in the shares of the company as defined by the Companies Act 1985.

The interests of the directors in the shares of the ultimate holding company, Cofton Group Limited, are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

### Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- followed applicable accounting standards; and
- prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS** (Continued)

### **Auditors**

The auditors, Robson Rhodes are willing to continue in office, and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The report of the directors was approved by the Board on 20 November 1997 and signed on its behalf by:

PHILIP POSTLETHWAITE

P. Postelline

Secretary

### AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COFTON IRISH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 12 which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 8.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 September 1997 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Robson Rhodes

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor

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Birmingham

20 November 1997

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 September 1997

	Note	1997 £	1996 £
<b>Turnover - continuing operations</b> Cost of sales	2	180,948	261,423
Gross profit Administrative expenses		180,948 (43,925)	261,423 (18,769)
Operating profit - continuing operations Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable Other income	3 4 5	137,023 61 (434,573) 13,977	242,654 119 (184,861) 488
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(283,512)	58,400 (6,000)
Retained (loss)/profit for the financial year	15	(283,512)	52,400

There is no difference between the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained (loss)/profit for the years stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 30 September 1997

	1997 £	1996 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Foreign currency exchange differences Property revaluation	(283,512) (43,393) 90,171	52,400 74,211
Total recognised (losses)/gains	(236,734)	126,611

# RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS for the period ended 30 September 1997

	1997 £	1996 £
Total recognised (losses)/gains Opening shareholders' funds	(236,734) 241,839	126,611 115,228
Closing shareholders' funds	5,105	241,839

# **BALANCE SHEET** at 30 September 1997

	Note	1997 £	1996 £
Fixed assets			
Investment properties	9	1,893,597	2,049,180
Current assets			
Debtors	10	13,977	23,531
Cash at bank and in hand		5,021	19,038
		18,998	42,569
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,914,430)	(406,601)
Net current liabilities		(1,895,432)	(364,032)
Total assets less current liabilities		(1,835)	1,685,148
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one			(1.440.000)
year	12	-	(1,443,309)
Provisions for liabilites and charges	13	6,940	<del>-</del>
Net assets		5,105	241,839
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	100	100
Investment revaluation reserve	15	339,538	249,367
Profit and loss account	15	(331,560)	(48,048)
Other reserves	15	(2,973)	40,420
		5 10F	241 920
Equity shareholders' funds		5,105	241,839

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 20 November 1997 and signed on its behalf by:

ANDREW JOHN STANTON

Director

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain land and buildings.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The trading results are translated into sterling at the average exchange rate for the period. Exchange differences arising in respect of the revenue transactions in the accounting period are included in the profit and loss account. Other exchange differences are taken to reserves.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover comprises rent and charges to clients and the invoiced value of properties sold, excluding valued added tax.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes.

Provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method only to the extent that it is probable that the liability will become payable in the foreseeable future.

### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are revalued annually and the surplus or deficit is transferred to Revaluation Reserve. In accordance with SSAP 19 no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold properties with over 20 years to run.

The directors consider that this accounting policy results in the accounts giving a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

### 2. TURNOVER

TORTOVER	1997 £	1996 £
Rents receivable	180,948	261,423

### 3. OPERATING PROFIT

	Operating profit is arrived at after charging:	1997 £	1996 £
	Auditors' remuneration	1,500	1,533
4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR IN		1007
		1997 £	1996 £
	Bank interest receivable	61	119
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE	1997 £	1996 £
	Bank loan interest Group loan interest	91,573 343,000	184,861
		434,573	184,861

### 6. EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees during the period other than the directors on page 1.

### 7. DIRECTORS

The directors did not receive any emoluments during the year (1996 - £Nil).

### 8. TAXATION

	1997 £	1996 £
Corporation tax at 22.5% (1996 - 33%)	6,940	-
Group relief payable at 25%	-	6,000
Transfer from deferred taxation	(6,940)	
	NIL	6,000
		<del></del>

### 9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

IIVESIMATI ROLEKTES	1997 ₤	1996 £
At 1 October 1996	2,049,180	2,002,002
Exchange differences	(245,754)	47,178
Revaluation	90,171	-
	<del> </del>	
At 30 September 1997	1,893,597	2,049,180

The company's investment property has been valued by the directors of the company during the year. The directors consider that the carrying value at 30 September 1997 fairly represents its open market value.

### 10. DEBTORS

10.	DEBIORS	1997 £	1996 £
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings Group relief receivable	-	6,477 17,054
	Other debtors	13,977	
		13,977	23,531
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	HIN ONE YEAR 1997 £	1996 £
	Bank loan	1,240,948	-
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary	(07.22/	260,692
	undertakings	605,326	369,682
	Corporation tax	6,940 61,216	30,919
	Accruals and deferred income Group relief payable	-	6,000
		<u> </u>	
		1,914,430	406,601

The bank loan is secured by a fixed charge over the company's freehold investment property and a floating charge over the company's remaining assets.

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MOF	RE THAN ONE	YEAR
		1997	1996
		£	£
	Bank loans repayable otherwise than by instalments and		
	due between one and two years	NIL	1,443,309

### 13. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

As stated in note 1, provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method only to the extent that it is probable that the liability will become payable in the foreseeable future.

			Amounts provided 1997 1996		ot provided 1996
		£	£	£	£
	Revaluation surplus of investment property Short term timing differences	on s (6,94	- 40)	- (39,343)	20,000
		(6,9-	40) NI	L (39,343)	20,000
14.	SHARE CAPITAL	<del></del>		1997	1996
				£	£
	Authorised 250,000 Ordinary shares of £	El each		250,000	250,000
	Allotted and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 ea	ach		100	100
15.	RESERVES	Investment revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Other reserves £	Total £
	At 1 October 1996 Loss for the year	249,367 -	(48,048) (283,512)	40,420 -	241,739 (283,512)
	Other foreign exchange translation differences	_	_	(43,393)	(43,393)
	Investment property revaluation	90,171	-	-	90,171
	At 30 September 1997	339,538	(331,560)	(2,973)	5,005

### 16. BANK LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The group's banking facilities are subject to cross guarantees entered into by the holding company and its subsidiaries. The company has created a fixed and floating charge over all its assets to secure all amounts owing to Bank of Ireland by the holding company and its subsidiaries.

### 17. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

The directors have entered into negotiations with Bumalda Holdings to sell the entire share capital of the company on 21 November 1997. Subject to contract Bumalda Holdings will also repay all monies owed to Cofton Land and Property Limited at 21 November 1997 and the outstanding bank loan with ICC Bank and related interest at that date.

If the sale does not proceed, the directors believe that the company could continue to trade profitably as Cofton Irish Investments Limited within ongoing bank facilities.

#### 18. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The ultimate parent company is Cofton Group Limited, which is registered in England and Wales.

Its group accounts are available to the public on payment of the appropriate fee, from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.