Company number: 02398420

CROWN SPECIALITY PACKAGING UK LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

26/06/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and sale of tinplate based promotional packaging, mainly on behalf of Crown Packaging Europe GmbH.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to be:

- The consolidation of the market for tinplated steel which can have a significant impact on the price of the company's principal raw material;
- The consolidation of the consumer products market, reducing the number of potential customers;
- The resultant increasing comparative strength of these customers in relation to the suppliers in the market, and the trend towards alternative packaging products and materials.

Review of the business and future developments

The results of the company show an operating loss of £797,000 (2013: profit of £1,120,000) and turnover of £56,643,000 (2013: £55,929,000) for the year.

2014 saw the benefit of the relocation of the Aintree facility with the anticipated improvements in performance but generally the global business experienced reducing volumes during 2014. Neither of these had any material impact on the financial performance of the company however, due to the fact that the company continues to act as a limited risk contract manufacturer under the contract manufacturing agreement entered into in 2011 under which the company provides specialist manufacturing with value added returns. This contract manufacturing agreement is expected to remain in place for the foreseeable future.

During quarter 4 2014, the company announced that it was selling its general line tinplate packaging factory in Aintree to Huber Packaging Group. The sale completed in quarter 1 2015. The assets relating to the Aintree factory have therefore been impaired accordingly resulting in the exceptional item shown in the profit and loss account in 2014.

Key Performance Indicators ("KPI's")

The company and wider group is managed on a divisional basis with performance monitored using a number of "World Class Performance" indicators, based around the efficiency of the production cycle. Company management are also rewarded and incentivised with reference to a number of specific financial measures concerning profitability, asset utilisation and cash flow. Management believe all of these KPI's were met in 2014 with a particularly commendable performance on safety.

Financial Risk Management

Under the contract manufacturing agreement, the company has reduced its exposure to price and credit risk as these risks are now borne by the Principal, Crown Packaging Europe GmbH. The company is part of a larger US owned group, the Crown Holdings, Inc. Group, and the risk management programme seeking to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of debt finance and related financial costs, is maintained at Group level.

Liquidity and cash flow risk

The company's liquidity is managed centrally within the Group. The Group maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term financing arrangements that are designed to ensure the Group and company have sufficient funds available for operations.

Details of the company's cash flow forecasts are supplied to Group Treasury to assist with the Group's cash management position and to minimise the risk of uncertain future funding requirements. The company's finance department implements the Group's policies and guidelines as set out in the Group's Financial Accounting Policies manual.

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Credit risk

Under the limited risk contract manufacturing arrangement, the company's principal customer is now Crown Packaging Europe GmbH and credit risk exposure to the company has been significantly reduced as a result.

Exchange rate risk

The company seeks to limit any risk from fluctuating exchange rates on sales and purchases in non-local currency by taking out forward contracts where appropriate, in line with the Group's Financial Accounting Policies manual.

Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk, and the management of this exposure is borne by the Group's European Treasury department on behalf of the company and the rest of the Crown Group.

On behalf of the Board

P W Browett Director

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report together with the financial statements and the independent auditors report for the year ending 31 December 2014.

Results and dividends

The loss for the financial year was £1,154,000 (2013: Profit £808,000) which has been charged to reserves. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2013: £nil). Future developments of the company can be found in the Strategic Report.

Directors

The directors who held office throughout the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise stated, are as follows:

P W Browett J Clinton

J Chillon

D Harrison

P Lockley

J A Parker

Employment policies

It is the company's policy to provide employment terms, which are motivational and equitable, in accordance with national legislation and local market conditions. Training and development opportunities are provided as a function of the needs of the company and of the individuals concerned, with a view to improving every individual's, and thereby the company's, performance.

It is also the company's policy to keep employees aware of the financial and economic factors that may affect the business environment in which the company operates and how these factors may affect the performance of the company.

Throughout the year, the drive for improved quality in all functions has served as an important focus for improved communication with employees. The company's continued commitment to world-class performance in all locations has been the basis for involving employees and enlisting their commitment through training and joint problem solving in a team working environment. It is the company's policy to keep employees fully informed on matters which affect them, through direct communications and established collective procedures for information and consultation.

The company promotes its Health and Safety policy with high profile initiatives and has throughout the year continued vigorously to apply increasing standards of machine and employee safety and has continued to invest heavily in training programs specifically related to this matter.

The company is committed to employment policies, which follow best practice, based on equal opportunities for all employees, on a non-discriminatory basis and offers appropriate training and career development for disabled staff. The company gives full and fair consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. If members of staff become disabled the group continues employment wherever possible and arranges retraining.

Research and development

The directors consider that research and development play a vital role in the company's success. Research and development activities include innovation of new products, and development of materials, technology and engineering processes. The research and technology royalty costs are now borne by Crown Packaging Europe Gmbh following the changeover of the limited risk contract manufacturer concept in 2011.

Branches outside the UK

The company has no branches located outside of the UK.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

So far as they are aware, each of the directors at the date of this report confirm that there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and that the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

P W Browett Director

Independent auditors' report to the members of Crown Speciality Packaging UK Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Crown Speciality Packaging UK Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

Crown Speciality Packaging UK Limited's financial statements comprise:

- the Balance sheet as at 31 December 2014;
- the Profit and loss account and Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year then ended;
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Crown Speciality Packaging UK Limited (continued)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

hipe 2 200 got

Miles Saunders (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Reading

22 June 2015

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

·	Note	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Turnover	2	56,643	55,929
Operating costs			
Excluding exceptional item	3	(55,502)	(54,809)
Exceptional item - impairment	3a	(1,938)	-
Operating costs including exceptional item		(57,440)	(54,809)
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(797)	1,120
Other finance expense		<u> </u>	(8)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(797)	1,112
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	4	(357)	(304)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	14	(1,154)	808

The results for the years shown above are derived entirely from continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the (loss)/profit for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalent.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2014

		31 December 2014	31 December 2013
	Note	£'000	£'000
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(1,154)	808
Actuarial gain on medical plan Movement on deferred tax relating to medical plan		-	14 (3)
Total recognised (losses)/gains for the financial year		(1,154)	819

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2014		31 December 2014	31 December 2013	
	Note	£'000	£'000	
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	6	4,966	14,102	
Current assets				
Assets held for resale	6	6,847	-	
Stocks	7	4,733	3,738	
Debtors (amounts falling due within one year)	8	11,477	12,382	
Debtors (amounts falling due after more than one year)	9	221	110	
Cash at bank and in hand		1		
		23,279	16,230	
Creditors – amounts falling due within one year	10	(9,334)	(10,108)	
Net current assets		13,945	6,122	
Total assets less current liabilities		18,911	20,224	
Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(972)	(1,168)	
Net assets		17,939	19,056	
Capital and reserves				
Called-up share capital	12	48,720	48,720	
Profit and loss account deficit	13	(30,781)	(29,664)	
Equity shareholders' funds		13,719	14,836	
Preference shareholders' funds	12	4,220	4,220	
Total shareholders' funds	14	17,939	19,056	

The financial statements on pages 7 to 23 were approved by the board of directors on 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

18th June

P W Browett Director

Crown Speciality Packaging UK Limited

Company No: 02398420

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies are set out below and have been applied consistently throughout the year.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary company of a group headed by Crown Holdings, Inc., and is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption within FRS 1 (revised 1996), "Cash flow statements" from not presenting a cash flow statement.

Share-based payments

The Company's employees were members of two active stock-based incentive compensation plans – the 2007 and 2013 plans – operated by the ultimate parent company, Crown Holdings, Inc., that currently comprise of fixed stock options.

The Company is applying the transitional arrangements of FRS 20 "Share-based payments" whereby only compensation expense for all non-vested share options at the date of transition granted after 7 November 2002, measured by the grant-date fair value of the awards, will be charged to the profit and loss account prospectively over the remaining vesting period based on the estimated number of awards that are expected to vest.

Similarly, compensation expense for all future awards will be recognised over the vesting period based on the grant-date fair value and the estimated number of awards that are expected to vest. Compensation expense is recognised over the vesting period on a straight-line basis over the total service period for the entire award. Valuation of awards granted prior to the adoption of the standard were calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the Company expects to use the same model for valuing future awards. Details of the share-based payment scheme are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at mid-market rates of exchange at the balance sheet date or if appropriate at a related forward contract rate. Revenue and expenditure items denominated in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at the average rate of exchange ruling in the month in which the transaction took place. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of work in progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, labour and attributable manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity. Provision is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective items where appropriate.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover and other operating income

The company provides specialist manufacturing services under the terms of a contract manufacturing agreement with a fellow group undertaking Crown Packaging Europe GmbH (the Principal). Under the terms of this agreement finished goods manufactured by the company are sold to the Principal at an agreed price which represents a mark up on value added costs. Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents the invoiced value of manufacturing services provided under the terms of the manufacturing agreement with the Principal. Certain territories are not included within the terms of the manufacturing agreement for the year ended 31 December 2014. In addition, certain sales to customers are not covered by the agreement in the current year. For sales outside of the manufacturing agreement, turnover represents the invoiced value of sales of packaging containers in the normal course of business. In all cases, revenue is recognised on delivery of the product or service or once all risks and rewards have passed to the customer.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the historic purchase cost net of accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment in value. Cost includes interest on loans directly related to the funding of construction costs.

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets are reviewed by management in periods where events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be appropriate.

Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis so as to write off the cost of each asset less their estimated residual values, over the term of their estimated useful economic life. The estimated useful economic lives of the assets concerned are as follows:

Plant and machinery 5-18 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 3-12 years
Buildings 10-40 years

Land and assets in the course of construction are not depreciated. Upon completion, assets in the course of construction are depreciated accordingly.

Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are expensed to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account deferred taxation. Provision is made in full for deferred taxation liabilities that arise from timing differences where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more taxation in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable.

Deferred taxation is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Retirement benefits

The company is a member of the Metal Box Pension Scheme ('the pension scheme'), which comprises both a defined benefit and defined contribution scheme. The assets of the pension scheme are held separately from the Group's assets in a Trustee administered fund. Details of the pension scheme are set out in note 17 to the financial statements.

Under FRS 17, "Retirement Benefits", the Pension scheme is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme as the company is unable to identify its shares of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis.

Government grants

Regional development grants and other investment grants received are treated as deferred income and credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful economic life of the relevant fixed asset or in line with the terms and conditions of the grant received.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

2 Turnover

Geographical analysis of turnover by destination, all of which arises from the company's principal activity originating in the UK is set out below:

	31 December 2014	31 December 2013
	£'000	£'000
EU Countries	11,434	9,102
Rest of Europe	45,209	46,827
Rest of the World	-	-
	56,643	55,929

	31 December 2014	31 December 2013
Customer analysis:	£'000	£'000
Sales to external customers	34	504
Sales to fellow group undertakings	11,181	8,654
Sales to the Principal	45,428	46,771
	56,643	55,929

In the opinion of the directors, the company's activity of the manufacture and sale of tinplate based promotional packaging represents one class of business for the purpose of segmental reporting.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

3 Operating (loss)/profit

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):	31 December	31 December
	2014	2013
•	£'000	£'000
Other operating income	(551)	(584)
Change in stocks of finished goods and work in progress	(476)	(554)
Own work capitalised	(554)	(475)
Raw materials and consumables	28,899	27,885
Pension plan amendment (note 17)	-	(485)
Staff costs (see note 5)	15,273	16,053
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (note 6)	1,125	770
Operating lease charges:		
- plant and machinery	848	832
- other	463	451
Auditors remuneration:		
- Audit of company's financial statements pursuant to legislation	37	22
Distribution costs	2,567	2,308
Redundancy and reorganisation	457	642
Net exchange gain	(21)	(25)
Post-retirement medical benefits	•	4
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	121	175

3a Exceptional item – operating cost

	1	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Asset impairment re: Aintree		1,938	<u> </u>

During the year, the company announced that it was selling its general line tinplate packaging factory in Aintree to Huber Packaging Group. The sale completed in quarter 1 2015. The assets relating to the Aintree factory have therefore been impaired accordingly resulting in the exceptional item in 2014.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

4 Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits of the year	468	375
Total current tax	468	375
Deferred tax	•	
Origination and reversal of timing differences – current year	(170)	(200)
Adjustments in respect of previous year	57	1
Change in tax rate	2	19
Post-retirement medical benefits	<u> </u>	109
Total deferred tax (note 9)	(111)	(71)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	357	304

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2013: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.50% (2013: 23.25%). The differences are explained below:

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(797)	1,112
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.50% (2013: 23.25%) Effects of:	. (171)	259
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	55	27
Imputed interest expense	(3)	(2)
Accelerated capital allowances and other timing differences Asset impairment re: Aintree	170 417	91
Current tax charge for the year	468	375

Changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the 2013 Budget and subsequently enacted in July 2013, including a further decrease to 21% from 1 April 2014 and 20% from 1 April 2015.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

5 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year, including executive directors, split by activity was:

	2014 Number	2013 Number
Production	347	363
Administration	63	69
	410	432
Staff costs		
	31 December	31 December
	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	12,323	13,191
Employee share option scheme (note 18)	37	18
Social security costs	1,103	1,216
Other pension costs (note 17)	1,810	1,628
	15,273	16,053

The directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the company (2013: £nil).

Retirement benefits are accruing to two directors (2013: two) under the CarnaudMetalbox Group UK Ltd defined benefit pension scheme and to no directors (2013: none) under the defined contribution pension scheme.

During the year one (2013: two) of the directors exercised share options.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

6 Tangible assets

			Plant and	Fixtures, fittings, tools		
	Land	Buildings	machinery	and	Assets held	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	equipment £'000	for resale £'000	£'000
Cost						
At 1 January 2014	925	4,249	47,455	2,756	-	55,385
Additions	-	163	676	-	-	839
Inter-company transfers	-	-	631	-	-	631
Disposals	-	-	(1,295)	-	•	(1,295)
Assets impaired	-	-	-	-	(1,938)	(1,938)
Reclassification re: Aintree	(925)	(2,984)	(9,057)	(113)	13,079	-
At 31 December 2014	- .	1,428	38,410	2,643	11,141	53,622
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 2014	-	1,477	38,313	1,493	-	41,283
Disposals	-	, <u>-</u>	(1,230)	, <u>.</u>	-	(1,230)
Inter-company transfers	-	-	631	-	-	631
Charge for the year	-	182	849	94	-	1,125
Reclassification re: Aintree	-	(333)	(3,931)	(30)	4,294	, -
At 31 December 2014	-	1,326	34,632	1,557	4,294	41,809
Net book amount						<u></u>
At 31 December 2014		102	3,778	1,086	6,847	11,813
At 31 December 2013	925	2,772	9,142	1,263	-	14,102

Plant and machinery includes the cost of assets in the course of construction of £408,000 (2013: £632,000) which are not depreciated.

7 Stocks

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Raw materials and consumables	1,847	1,328
Work in progress	1,713	1,308
Finished goods and goods for resale	1,173	1,102
	4,733	3,738

In the opinion of the directors the current replacement cost of stocks is not materially different from the amounts stated above.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

8 Debtors (amounts falling due within one year)

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	175	34
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	10,677	11,509
Other debtors	311	425
Prepayments and accrued income	314	414
	11,477	12,382

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are unsecured and have no fixed repayment date. There is no interest charged on loans owed by UK Group undertakings. There are no loans to non UK group undertakings.

9 Debtors (amounts falling due after more than one year)

	Deferred tax	Deferred tax
	asset	asset
	31 December	31 December
	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
At 1 January	110	39
Credited to the profit and loss account	111	71
At 31 December	221	110
The deferred tax debtor balance comprises:		
Short term differences	231	275
Accelerated capital allowances	(10)	(165)
At 31 December	221	110

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

10 Creditors – amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2014	31 December 2013
	£'000	£'000
Trade creditors	5,299	6,111
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	734	439
UK corporation taxation	468	375
Other taxation and social security	1,429	1,478
Accruals and deferred income	1,404	1,705
	9,334	10,108

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are unsecured and have no fixed repayment date. There is no interest charged on loans due to UK Group undertakings. There are no loans from non UK group undertakings.

11 Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
1,000 5% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	1	1
Accruals and deferred income – grant	784	1,006
Accruals and deferred income - other	187	161
	972	1,168

The 5% cumulative preference shareholders have:

the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at a rate of 5% per annum on the capital paid up thereon for the time being;

- no redemption rights;
- the right to receive Notices of General Meetings of the company and to attend and vote thereat;
- the right in a winding up to have the capital paid thereon and all arrears of dividends up to the date of commencement of the winding up, paid off, in priority to any payment of capital on the non-voting ordinary shares but with no further right to participate in the profits or assets of the company.

During 2010 a grant of £515k was received in relation to the relocation of the Mansfield Factory. This is being released over the 15 year lease term of the new building.

During 2012 a grant of £738k was received in relation to the relocation of the Aintree Factory. This is being released over a 5 year period. An additional £205k was received in 2013 which is also being released over a 5 year period.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

12 Called-up share capital

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Authorised:		
44,500,000 (2013: 44,500,000) non-voting ordinary shares of £1 each	44,500	44,500
5,000,000 (2013: 5,000,000) preference shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
	49,500	49,500
Issued, called up and fully paid		
44,500,000 (2013: 44,500,000) non-voting ordinary shares of £1 each	44,500	44,500
4,220,000 (2013: 4,220,000) preference shares of £1 each	4,220	4,220
	48,720	48,720

The non-voting ordinary shareholders have:

- no right to dividends other than those that may be recommended by the directors;
- no redemption rights;
- unlimited right to share in the surplus remaining on a winding up after all liabilities and participation rights of other classes of shares have been satisfied.

The preference shareholders have:

- no right to dividends other than those that may be recommended by the directors;
- no redemption rights;
- the right to receive Notices of General Meetings of the company and to attend and vote thereat;
- the right in a winding up to have the capital paid thereon in priority to any payment of capital on the non-voting ordinary shares, but with no further right to participate in the assets of the company.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

13 Profit and loss account

	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
At 1 January (Loss)/profit for the financial year	(29,664) (1,154)	(30,501) 808
Equity share option charge (note 18) Actuarial gain on medical plan	37	18 14
Movement on deferred tax relating to medical plan		(3)
At 31 December (deficit)	(30,781)	(29,664)

14 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

•	31 December 2014 £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
Opening shareholders' funds	19,056	18,219
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(1,154)	808
Equity share option charge (note 18)	37	18
Actuarial gain on medical plan	-	14
Movement on deferred tax relating to medical plan		(3)
Closing shareholders' funds	17,939	19,056

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

15 Financial commitments

At 31 December the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases expiring as follows:

	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2014	2014	2013	2013
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Within one year	190	137	-	154
Between two and five years	-	326	-	540
Over five years	468	8	836	19
Total	658	471	836	713_

16 Capital Commitments

Capital commitments contracted but not provided for in the financial statements at 31 December 2014 amounted to £70,000 (2013: £72,000).

17 Retirement benefits

Pension scheme

The company participates in the Group's UK pension scheme, the Metal Box Pension Scheme, which is operated by CarnaudMetalbox Group UK Ltd and comprises both a defined benefit and defined contribution scheme providing benefits to certain employees within the Group. The scheme is funded and the assets of the scheme are held separately from the Group's assets in a Trustee administered fund.

The latest actuarial valuation of the UK Group scheme was carried out as at 31 December 2014 by professionally qualified independent actuaries, Aon Consulting. The total deficit of the scheme as at the 31 December 2014 was £145,900,000 (2013: £248,600,000).

The contributions paid by the company for the year ended 31 December 2014 were £1,810,000 (2013: £1,628,000). All amounts due in the year were paid and as such there are no accruals or prepayments in respect of pension scheme contributions at the year end. The contributions are based on pension costs across the Group as a whole.

The deficit of the scheme has no implications for the company, as the deficit is funded by the immediate parent company.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

18 Share-based payments

Share options

At 31 December 2014, the Company's employees were members of two active stock-based incentive compensation plans – the 2007 and 2013 plans – operated by the ultimate parent company, Crown Holdings, Inc.. The plans provide for the granting of awards in the form of stock options, deferred stock, restricted stock or stock appreciation rights ("SARs") and may be subject to the achievement of certain performance goals as determined by the Plan Committee designated by the Board of Directors. There were no issuances of deferred stock or of SARs under any of the plans as of 31 December 2014. As of 31 December 2014, there were no further shares available for awards under the 2007 plan. The 2007 plan expires in February 2017. Shares awarded are generally issued from the ultimate parent Company's treasury shares.

A reconciliation of share option movements over the year to 31 December is shown below:

	31 December 2014		31 December 2013	
·	Number	Weighted average exercise price £	Number	Weighted average exercise price £
Outstanding at start of the year	14,800	14.99	20,500	14.79
Exercised	(1,800)	15.00	(5,700)	14.99
Outstanding at end of the year	13,000	14.99	14,800	14.99
Exercisable at end of the year	13,000	15.00	14,800	14.99

There were nil options granted (2013: none) and none were forfeited (2013: none) in the year ended 31 December 2014.

The deferred shares were issued with \$0.00 grant price. A reconciliation of deferred shares movements over the year to 31 December 2014 is shown below.

	31 December 2014	31 December 2013	
	Number	Number	
Outstanding at start of the year	4,000	-	
Granted	-	4,000	
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,000	4,000	
Exercisable at the end of the year	_	•	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

18 Share-based payments (continued)

For options outstanding at the end of the year, the range of exercise prices and weighted average remaining contractual life are as follows:

		31 December 2014				31 December 2013	
	Exercise	Number of shares	Weighted average remaining contractual	Weighted average exercise	Number of shares	Weighted average remaining contractual	Weighted average exercise
	prices	outstanding	life	price	outstanding	life	price
•	GBP £	(000's)	Years	GBP₤	(000's)	Years	GBP £
	14.79 - 15.00	13.0	2.09	15.00	14.8	3.27	14.99

The share options are granted in US \$ but have been translated into GBP sterling for the purposes of this disclosure.

The weighted average share price during the period for options exercised over the year was £15.00 (2013: £14.99). The total charge for the year relating to employee share based payment plans was £37,000 (2013: £18,000), all of which related to equity-settled share based payment transactions. After deferred tax, the total charge was £29,000 (2013: £14,000).

Outstanding stock options have a contractual term of ten years, are fixed-price and non-qualified, and vest either semi-annually or annually up to six years from the date of grant.

Outstanding stock options were valued at their grant-date fair value using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Valuations incorporate several variables, including expected term, volatility, a risk-free interest rate and employee termination behaviour ("forfeiture rate"). The expected term (which is the time frame under which an award is exercised after grant) is derived from historical data about participant exercise patterns. Volatility is the expected fluctuation of the Company's stock price in the market and is derived from historical data about the Company's stock price. The risk-free interest rate is the U.S. Treasury yield curve rate in effect at the date of the grant which has a contractual life similar to the option's expected term. The forfeiture rate is based on historical data of the forfeiture of non-vested share-based awards through the termination of service by plan participants.

19 Guarantees

There is a fixed charge over the company's fixed assets, and a floating charge over the company's current assets which supports the Group's external funding.

20 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Crown Packaging UK plc, a company registered in the UK. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Crown Holdings, Inc. which is incorporated in the USA.

The largest group for which financial statements are prepared and which include the financial statements of the company is Crown Holdings, Inc..

Copies of the consolidated group Crown Holdings, Inc. are publicly available and may be obtained from the Company Secretary, CarnaudMetalbox Group UK Limited, Downsview Road, Wantage, Oxon OX12 9BP.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

21 Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under paragraph 3 (c) from the provisions of FRS 8, "Related Party Disclosures", which requires the disclosure of the details of material transactions between the reporting entity and any related parties, on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group headed by Crown Holdings, Inc., a company incorporated in the USA whose financial statements are publicly available. Accordingly the company has not therefore disclosed transactions with members of the Crown Holdings, Inc. Group.