Company Registration Number 02388396

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The Construction Industry Council

Company Limited by Guarantee

Annual report 31 December 2014

Annual report

Year ended 31 December 2014

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Company information

The board of directors

J Pringle

The Rt Hon. N Raynsford MP G C Watts OBE

G C Watts OBI S Hornagold Ms R M Reed Mr T D Burton J E Nolan G D Stallwood

Company secretary

G C Watts OBE

Registered office

26 Store Street London WC1E 7BT

Auditor

Moore Stephens LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Russell Square House 10-12 Russell Square

London WC1B 5LF

Directors' report

Year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Incorporation

The Construction Industry Council (CIC) is governed by a Council which meets three times per year. The Executive Board, which includes the company directors, reports directly to the Council.

The Council is chaired by CIC's Chairman and comprises Representatives from each of the Council's full members. These include: the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Treasurer. In addition the Council may co-opt up to five Representatives who may attend Council meetings but have no voting rights.

The following are members of the Council:

Association of Consultant Architects Association of Consultant Approved Inspectors Association for Consultancy and Engineering Association for Project Management Association for Project Safety British Institute of Facilities Management British Institute of Interior Design

Building Research Establishment Building Services Research and Information Association

Chartered Association of Building Engineers Chartered Institute of Architectural Technologists

Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers

Chartered Institute of Building Chartered Institute of Housing

Chartered Institution of Highways & Transportation Chartered Institute of Plumbing and Heating Engineering

Construction Industry Research and Information Association

Consultant Quantity Surveyors Association

Ground Forum

Institution of Civil Engineers

Chartered Institution of Civil Engineering Surveyors

Institute of Clerks of Works and Construction Inspectorate

Institute of Demolition Engineers

Institute of Specialist Surveyors and Engineers

Institution of Structural Engineers

Local Authority Building Control

Landscape Institute

National House-Building Council

Royal Institute of British Architects

Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors

Royal Town Planning Institute

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is to co-ordinate and promote joint action on areas of common interest among organisations within the construction industry. A summary of the results of the period's trading is given on page 7 of the financial statements.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as directors' forecasts indicate that the company will have sufficient resources to continue to trade for the foreseeable future.

Directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2014

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

P Everall CBE
J Pringle
The Rt Hon. N Raynsford MP
A Skippers
G C Watts OBE
S Hornagold
Ms R M Reed
Mr T D Burton
J E Nolan
G D Stallwood

J E Nolan was appointed as a director on 12 June 2014.

G D Stallwood was appointed as a director on 12 June 2014.

P Everall CBE resigned as a director on 12 June 2014.

A Skippers resigned as a director on 12 June 2014.

The liability of each member in respect of the undertaking to contribute to the assets of the company is limited to an amount not exceeding £1.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Moore Stephens LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Chantrey Vellacott DFK LLP has merged its practice with Moore Stephens LLP and now practices under the name of Moore Stephens LLP.

Directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2014

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

Signed by order of the directors

G C Watts OBE Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 28 May 2015

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of The Construction Industry Council

Year ended 31 December 2014

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements ("the financial statements") of The Construction Industry Council for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, group balance sheet and company balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of The Construction Industry Council (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2014

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemptions from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

RICHARD WILLIS (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of MOORE STEPHENS LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London

28 May 2015

Profit and loss account

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Year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Group turnover		2,660,081	3,686,418
Cost of sales		1,607,211	2,643,725
Gross profit		1,052,870	1,042,693
Administrative expenses Other operating income	2	1,355,635 (336,741)	1,543,298 (532,590)
Operating profit	3	33,976	31,985
Interest receivable		1,086	6,709
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		35,062	38,694
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	15,073	10,896
Profit for the financial year	6	19,989	27,798

The company has taken advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to publish its own profit and loss account.

There is no difference between the results shown above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Group balance sheet

As at 31 December 2014

	2014	2013
Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets	-	~
Tangible assets 7	758	1,738
Current assets		
Stocks	1,359	1,179
Debtors 8	428,956	391,000
Cash at bank and in hand	30,203	577,787
	460,518	969,966
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 9	396,872	927,289
Net current assets	63,646	42,677
Total assets less current liabilities	64,404	44,415
Reserves 12		
Profit and loss account 12	64,404	44,415
Members' funds	64,404	44,415

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 28 May 2015, and are signed on their behalf by:

G C Watts OBE

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets	Hole	L	L
Tangible assets	7	758	1,738
Current assets			
Stocks		1,359	1,179
Debtors	8	428,956	391,000
Cash at bank and in hand		30,203	577,787
		460,518	969,966
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	363,648	927,289
Net current assets		96,870	42,677
Total assets less current liabilities		97,628	44,415
Reserves	12		
Profit and loss account	13	97,628	44,415
Members' funds		97,628	44,415

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 28 May 2015, and are signed on their behalf by:

G C Watts OBE

Company Registration Number: 02388396

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

1. Accounting policies

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Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as directors' forecasts indicate that the company will have sufficient resources to continue to trade for the foreseeable future.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method and goodwill on consolidation is capitalised and written off over five years from the year of acquisition. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the profit and loss account after or up to the date that control passes respectively. As a consolidated profit and loss account is published, a separate profit and loss account for the parent company is omitted from the group financial statements by virtue of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

Turnover

Turnover represents income generated by the company from membership fees receivable, sales of electronic media and publications, the provision of information services and conferences, and project income.

All income is derived from the United Kingdom.

Other income

All other income is credited to the profit and loss account on a receivable basis.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets tangible fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

All assets costing more than £1,000 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

15% straight line per annum

Equipment

33.3% straight line per annum

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets such as cash and debtors are measured at the present value of the amounts receivable, less an allowance for the expected level of doubtful receivables. Financial liabilities such as trade creditors, loans and finance leases are measured at the present value of the obligation. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Other operating income

	cancer operating income		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Management charges receivable	336,741	532,590
3.	Operating profit		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Staff pension contributions Depreciation of owned fixed assets Auditor's fees	12,392 980 9,500	12,492 6,722 9,000
4.	Directors' remuneration		
	The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Aggregate remuneration	171,300	171,299

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

5. Taxation on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2014 £	2013 £
Current tax:		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year (Over)/under provision in prior year	15,073	8,586 2,310
Total current tax	15,073	10,896
(b) Factors affecting current tax charge		
	2014 £	2013 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	35,062	38,694
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Unrelieved tax losses Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	7,012 2,822 10 5,229	7,739 - 847 - 2,310
Total current tax (note 5(a))	15,073	10,896

6. Profit attributable to members of the parent company

The profit dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company was £53,213 (2013 - £27,798).

7. Tangible fixed assets

Group	Fixtures & Fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014	14,761	34,704	49,465
Depreciation At 1 January 2014 Charge for the year	14,761	32,966 980	47,727 980
At 31 December 2014	14,761	33,946	48,707
Net book value At 31 December 2014	-	758	758
At 31 December 2013	_	1,738	1,738

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

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	Company		Fixtures & Fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014		14,761	34,704	49,465
	Depreciation At 1 January 2014 Charge for the year		14,761 -	32,966 980	47,727 980
	At 31 December 2014		14,761	33,946	48,707
	Net book value At 31 December 2014			758	758
	At 31 December 2013			1,738	1,738
8.	Debtors				
		2014 £	Group 2013 €	2014 £	Company 2013 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	351,357 33,225 44,374	384,917 - 6,083	351,357 33,225 44,374	384,917 - 6,083
		428,956	391,000	428,956	391,000
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
		2014 £	Group 2013 £	2014 £	Company 2013 £
	Overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors including taxation and social s		176,924 -	34,909 149,481 -	176,924 -
	Corporation tax PAYE and social security VAT Accruals and deferred income	15,073 25,737 6,152 132,296	8,586 31,574 15,182 695,023	15,073 25,737 6,152 132,296	8,586 31,574 15,182 695,023
	. ISS. Salo and dolored moone	396,872	927,289	363,648	927,289

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

10. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2014 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

	2014 £	2013 £
Operating leases which expire:		•
Within 1 year Within 2 to 5 years	- 5,302	21,903 5,302
	5,302	27,205
At 31 December 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cand set out below.	cellable operatir 2014 £	ng leases as 2013 £
Operating leases which expire:		
Within 1 year Within 2 to 5 years	- 5,302	21,903 5,302
·	5,302	27,205

11. Related party transactions

The Construction Industry Council received £360,772 (2013: £360,117) in annual subscription fees from the Council Members listed on page 1 to the accounts. These transactions were conducted on an arms length basis and any amounts outstanding at the year end are cleared in the normal course of business.

The Construction Industry Council received £30,250 in fee payments (2013: £37,200) from the Considerate Constructors Scheme Limited (CCS Ltd), via its parent company, Construction Umbrella Bodies (Holdings) Ltd, which is partly owned by the Construction Industry Council, for services rendered by Construction Industry Council staff in 2014 to assist the governance and strategic development of the CCS Ltd in the year.

12. Company limited by guarantee

The liability of each member in respect of the undertaking is to contribute to the assets of the company is limited to an amount not exceeding £1.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2014

13.	Reserves
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Group	Profit and loss account £
Balance brought forward Profit for the year	44,415 19,989
Balance carried forward	64,404
Company	Profit and loss account £
Balance brought forward Profit for the year	44,415 53,213
Balance carried forward	97,628